FIRST TERM EXAMINATION – 2023
SUBJECT – ENGLISH
SAMPLE PAPER

Class: VII   Max. Marks: 80
                                                                           Time: 3 Hrs

General Instruction: -

➢ Read all the instructions carefully before answering the questions.
➢ Attempt all the questions in each section before going to the next section.
➢ All the answers must be correctly numbered and written neatly.
➢ For Multiple Choice Questions, write only the answers along with the option numbers clearly.
➢ The paper consists of 4 sections:
➢

Section – A – Reading: 16 Marks   Section – B – Writing: 18 Marks
Section – C – Grammar: 16 Marks   Section – D – Literature: 30 Marks

SECTION -A: READING (16 Marks)

A1. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: (08)

A fictional character is an imaginary character created for movies , novels , plays , operas etc. Many fictional characters have been entertaining us for several years. Many of them inspire us a lot. We all have loved to watch Donald Duck , a cartoon character , Byomkesh Bakshy ; an Indian fictional detective etc. And there are many others . Sherlock Holmes was one of such great and interesting characters.

Sherlock Holmes was a fictional detective created in London by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, a Sottish author and physician . Sherlock Holmes gained a huge popularity all over the world.He is always remembered as a very wise detective. He was man of astute logical reasoning and acute wisdom. He could solve any and all kind of criminal cases. He would often get any false appearance or'disguise' to confuse people.

This helped him in solving complex situations . He was very devoted to his work. Sometimes he would not even eat his breakfast until he got the clues he wanted. Sherlock Holmes had above average physical strength . He always carried a stick with him. He was a chemistry student , but had no knowledge of many other subjects too. He was expert at boxing , martial arts etc. He could play violin well.

His friend John Watson describes him as a 'strange' person. He says that Sherlock had a 'cat-like' love for cleanliness because he did not like anybody's company except his friend. But he would be pleased if somebody praised or flattered his skills. Here his friend remark 'strange' is justified.

Sherlock Holmes first appeared in a novel'A study in Scarlet', in 1887. His second novel was 'The Sign of the Four' .But readers actually started loving him since 1891 , when he came in a series of short stories in'The Strand Magazine'.

Most of his stories are in the words of his friend Watson. The Adventure of Blanched Soldier ', The Adventure of the Lion's Mane ', 'His Last Bow',are some of famous stories about Sherlock Holmes.

Questions:

1.   What is fictional character?   (1)
2.   Name any two fictional character?   (1)
3.   Name the fictional detective created by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle?   (1)
4.   What did he do to confuse people?   (1)
5.   How does his friend John Watson describe him?   (1)
6.   When did people actually start loving Sherlock Holmes?   (1)
7.   Give one word from the passage which means, 'to appear in a different manner in order to hide your personality'.   (1)

   a)   Physician
   b)   detective
   c)   wise
   d)   Disguise

8.   Give one word from the passage which is opposite in meaning to 'unskilled' (1)

   a)   popular
   b)   expert
   c)   strange
   d)   interesting

A2. Read the poem carefully and answer the questions that follow: (08)

Freedom is the right to do
Anything that pleases you,
As long as you keep in sight
That others also have a right.
Have you the right to kill a cat?
Oh no! It's wrong, just consider that
The cat has the right to live like you
A right to eating and drinking too!
So remember that it's certainly wrong
To deprive a nightingale its song,
To rob the innocent, as robbers do.
To injure someone to win a race
To despise some and others embrace,
To disobey every order and rule
And drown a swimmer in the pool,
And shout and scream like a fool
Disrespecting the teachers in the school.
So never forget that although you are free,
You should think of others, not only 'ME'.

   1. According to the poem, what is freedom?   (1)
   2. How are the rights of a cat similar to ours?   (1)
   3. Who robs the innocent?   (1)
   4. Mention some undesirable acts as mentioned in the poem?   (1)
   5. How should students conduct themselves in school?   (1)
   6. What should we never forget?   (1)

7. Choose a word from the poem which means the same as' disapprove'   (1)

A) Despise

B) Scream

C) think

D) Consider

8. Find a word from the poem which is opposite of 'calm'   (1)

A) Disrespect

B) Shout

C) Innocent

D) order

SECTION -B WRITING(18 Marks)

B1. the following is a telephonic conversation between Mr Maheshwari and Mr Bansal.MrMaheshwari wants to talk to Mr Gupta , the sweet shop owner . But he is not present at the moment so the shop assistant Mr Bansal takes the message for him. Mr Bansal has to leave the shop early so he decides to leave a message for Mr Gupta. Read the conversation and write the message.   (05)

Mr Maheshwari : Hello ! can I talk to Mr Gupta?

Mr Bansal : he has gone out for some work. Can I help you?

Mr Maheshwari : I am Mr Maheshwari . I wanted to place order for 5 kg sweets. Please tell him that I will collect my order at 6:00 pm sharp in the evening and I'll make the payment in two days time.

Mr Bansal: I will inform him when he returns and ask him to get back to you.

Mr Maheshwari: Thankyou

B2. You went to an orphanage to distribute sweets,colors etc on the occasion of

Holi in your locality. Describe the feelings and experience in form of a diary entry.   (05)

B3. Write a letter to your friend describing how you spent your summer vacation. Also, inviteher to visit your hometown in upcoming winter vacation.   (08)

- I am good-hope you are good too- winter vacation- from 23 December- relaxed and chill- Goa- went to museums- painting exhibitions- fair- crash course in painting- cherished dream- enjoyed my holidays-come here for next vacation-we will -enjoy

OR

Write a short story based on the hints given below in about 120-150 words.Give a suitable title.

Kim and Ray- two best friends- go on voyage- ship is wrecked- they are safe- land on a deserted land- pray for survivaal- Kim prays for himself- all his prayers are answered- god appears-tells Kim it was Ray's prayers- that all his wishes are fulfilled- Kim felt broken and ashameds

SECTION – C GRAMMAR(16 Marks)

For questions C1 to C4 choose the most appropriate answer from the given options:

C1.Fill in the blanks with suitable collective nouns: (2)

a) In the dark night only a .... of stars is visible
i) Crowd ii) bundle iii) clutch iv) constellation
b) The ..... of geese always followed the mother geese.
i) Fleet ii) gaggle iii) herd iv) brood

C2. Complete these sentences using appropriate modals: (2)

a) How..... he speak to me like this?
i) Dare ii) dared iii) dared not iv) dare not
b) You ...... wear a coat to protect yourself from the cold.
i) Should ii) ought to iii) could iv) would

C3. Fill in the blanks with suitable Possessive Pronouns: (2)

a) I knew that the bag is ..... because it had my name on it.
i) My ii) mine iii) I iv) me
b) They have been busy cleaning...house.
i) We ii) ours iii) our iv) their

C4. Fill in the blanks with Past Continuous tense: (2)

a) Yesterday all of us .... the new released movie.
i) Were watching ii) watching iii) was watching iv) have watched
b) While watching the game the audience ....
i) Cheered ii) were cheering iii) is cheering iv) will be cheering

C5. Fill in the appropriate correlative conjunctions in the following sentences: (2)

1) I like .... the brinjals ... capsicum.
2) Tina will take her vacation...in July ... in August..

C6. Underline the verbs in the following sentences and then classify them as transitive or intransitive: (2)

1. I am tired.
2. Nikhil gave me a pen.

C7. Underline the adjectives and state their kind in the following sentences: (2)

1.Child slipped on the wet ground.
2. Today is the last day of the festival.

C8. Write the meaning for the following idioms: (2)

1. to hold one's tongue
2.to fight tooth and nail

SECTION D LITERATURE (30 marks)

D1. Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow:
I-Speak up
Don't talk with your mouth full
Don't stare
Don't point
Don't pick your nose

i)   Why do grown ups say 'speak up'?
        (ii) When a child is stopped talking?
        (iii) What do you think is the purpose of elders behind these scolding?

ii)   II He wore a question mark for tail,
            An overcoat of gray,
            He sat up straight to eat a nut

iii)   (i)What is the shape of squirrel's tail?
        (ii) How does it eat a nut?
        (iii) Name the poem and the poet.

III"You have already been answered!"

i. Who is the speaker?   i) The king   ii) Hermit   iii) Courtier   iv) magician

ii. Who is referred as 'you' here?   i) Hermit   ii) Poet   iii) The king   iv) none of these

iii. What are the number of questions that have already been answered?   i) One   ii) Two   iii) Three   iv) Four

D2. Answer <u>any three</u> of the following questions in about 30-40 words each :   (2X3=6)

1-What makes Mridu conclude that the beggar has no money to buy chappals?

2-Is the poet afraid or curious or both?(The shed)

3-Why did the neighbours kill the dog?

4-Why did the king want to know answers to three questions?

D3. Answer any one of the following questions in about 75-80 words each: (1X5=5)
How did the king and the hermit helped the wounded man?

                    OR

How did the spirit of the dog help the farmer first?

D4. Answer <u>any three</u> of the following questions in about 30-40 words each: (2X3=6)

1-What were the two possessions of Jim and Della in which they took great pride?
2-Why did Sam and Bill tell the boy that they would go hunting the next day?
3-Did Maxwell tell pitcher he needed a new stenographer?Then why did he deny it?
4-What did Bill feel about the boy at the end of the story?

D5. Answer any one of the following questions in about 75-80 words each: (1X4=4)

How did the boy treat Bill? Make a list of the things he did to Bill.
                    OR
Describe Harvey Maxwell's busy day at the office?

दिल्ला पब्लिक स्कूल भिलाई (सत्र 2023-24)

(प्रातर्श - प्रश्न - पत्र)

विषय - हिन्दी

कक्षा - सातवीं

समय - 3 घण्टे

पूर्णांक - 80

सामान्य निर्देश :-

* प्रश्न पत्र दो खण्डों में विभक्त है - अ और ब ।
* खण्ड 'अ' में 50 अंको के बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न पूछे गए हैं ।
* खण्ड 'ब' में वर्णनात्मक (30 अंको) प्रश्न पूछे गए हैं ।
* दोनों खण्डों के प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है ।

खण्ड - अ

प्रश्न ① निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर इसके आधार पर सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त उत्तर वाले विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए - (1×5=5)

रवीन्द्र नाथ टेगोर जब 22 वर्ष के थे तो उनका विवाह एक सुशिक्षित महिला मृणालिनी देवी के साथ सन् 1883 ई. में सम्पन्न हुआ । मृणालिनी देवी एक सुसंस्कृत तथा अध्ययनशील महिला थीं । विवाह के तीन वर्ष पश्चात् उनके घर एक कन्या का जन्म हुआ, जिसका नाम माधुरी लता रखा गया । इस पुत्री के जन्म के दो वर्ष पश्चात् उनके घर एक पुत्र का जन्म हुआ, और पुत्र के जन्म के दो वर्ष बाद वे इंग्लैंड चले गए । इंग्लैंड में रहकर उन्होंने अपने प्रिय विषयों का तल्लीनता से अध्ययन किया । उन्होंने एक कविता बनाकर स्वयं ही उसे भारतीय राष्ट्रीय कांग्रेस के अधिवेशन में गाया था ।

-1-

① रवीन्द्र नाथ टैगोर की पत्नी का क्या नाम था?

A- सुलक्षणा देवी   B- पद्मा देवी   C- मृणालिनी देवी   D- सीता जी

② रवीन्द्र नाथ की पुत्री का क्या नाम था?

A- कविता   B- पद्मा   C- माधुरीलता   D- मृणालिनी

③ रवीन्द्रनाथ का विवाह किस वर्ष में हुआ?

A- २४   B- २२   C- २5   D- २5

④ रवीन्द्र नाथ के विवाह के तीन वर्ष बाद इनके घर जन्म हुआ-

A- कन्या का   B- पुत्र का   C- पुत्री का   D- A,C दोनो

⑤ निम्नलिखित कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर दिए
गए विकल्पों में से कोई एक सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए-

कथन -(A) रवीन्द्र नाथ टैगोर ने स्वयं एक कविता लिखकर उसे
भारतीय राष्ट्रीय कांग्रेस के अधिवेशन में गाया था।

कारण (R) उनकी पत्नी मृणालिनी देवी एक सुशिक्षित व अध्ययनशील महिला थी।

(A) कथन A सही है तथा कारण (R) गलत है।
(B) कथन A गलत है तथा कारण (R) सही है।
(C) कथन A सही है तथा कारण (R) उसकी गलत व्याख्या करता है।
(D) कथन A सही है तथा कारण (R) उसकी सही व्याख्या
करता है।

प्रश्न② निर्देशानुसार 'भाषा, बोली, लिपि और व्याकरण' पर आधारित
इन बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं (पांच) प्रश्नों के
उत्तर दीजिए - (1×5=5)

① भाषा के कितने रूप हैं?

A- २   B- 4   C- ३   D- 5

② घर-परिवार में माता-पिता के साथ बोलकर सीखी जाने
वाली भाषा कहलाती है -

A- राष्ट्रभाषा   B मातृभाषा   C राजभाषा   D इनमें से कोई नहीं

(3) सीमित क्षेत्र में बोली जाती है।

   A भाषा   B लिपि   C बोली   D व्याकरण

(4) व्याकरण हमें सिखाना है -

   A शुद्ध बोलना   B शुद्ध पढ़ना   C A,B दोनों   D इनमें से कोई नहीं

(5) हिन्दी दिवस मनाया जाता है -

   A 14 फरवरी   B 14 सितम्बर   C 14 अगस्त   D 14 जुलाई

(6) निम्नलिखित युग्मों (जोड़ों) पर विचार कीजिए -

	भाषा		लिपि
i	हिन्दी	i	देवनागरी
ii	अरबी	ii	रोमन
iii	अंग्रेजी	iii	फारसी
iv	संस्कृत	iv	देवनागरी

उपर्युक्त युग्मों (जोड़ों) में से कौन से सही सुमेलित हैं?

   A- i और ii   B ii और iii   C i और iv   D i और iii

प्रश्न -

(8) निर्देशानुसार 'पर्यायवाची' पर आधारित छह बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए - (1×5=5)

(1) 'अंधकार' शब्द का पर्यायवाची शब्द नहीं है -

   A तिमिर   B तम   C अँधेरा   D पावक

(2) 'इच्छा' शब्द का पर्यायवाची शब्द है -

   A हर्ष   B उल्लास   C व्योम   D आकांक्षा

(3) 'असुर' शब्द का पर्यायवाची शब्द नहीं है -

   A राक्षस   B दैत्य   C दानव   D अद्रि

(4) इनमें से अतिथि शब्द का पर्यायवाची शब्द हैं-

A दर्प   B आमोद   C अभ्युदय   D पाहुना

(5) अमृत शब्द का पर्यायवाची शब्द नहीं हैं-

A सुधा   B सोम   C अमिय   D सैंधव

(6) ईश्वर शब्द का पर्यायवाची हैं-

A जगदीश   B उत्थान   C व्योम   D अभिलाषा

प्रश्न (4) निर्देशानुसार 'वर्ण विचार' एवं 'शब्द विचार' पर आधारित छह बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए- (1×5=5)

(1) श, ष, स, ह कौन से व्यंजन हैं?

A संयुक्त व्यंजन   B उष्म व्यंजन   C सहित व्यंजन   D अंतःस्थ व्यंजन

(2) 'संयुक्त व्यंजन' का उदाहरण हैं-

A च, र   B श, ष   C क, ख   D ज्ञ, श्र

(3) 'वर्ण' के भेद होते हैं-

A 1   B 2   C 3   D 4

(4) 'रूढ़' शब्द का उदाहरण हैं-

A हिमालय   B राष्ट्रपति   C पाठशाला   D घर

(5) 'गृह' शब्द का तद्भव होगा -

A ग्रह   B घर   C खोखला   D साँप

(6) 'रसोईघर' शब्द किसका उदाहरण हैं?

A रूढ़ शब्द   B यौगिक शब्द   C योगरूढ़ शब्द   D इनमें से कोई नहीं

प्रश्न (5) निर्देशानुसार 'श्रुतिसम भिन्नार्थक शब्द' एवं 'अनेक शब्दों के लिए एक शब्द' पर आधारित छह बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच के उत्तर दीजिए- (1×5=5)

(1) ग्रह/गृह इन दोनों शब्दों के सही अर्थ वाले विकल्प को चुनिए-

A घर = नक्षत्र   B गृह = घर   C नक्षत्र = घर   D घर = गृह

(2) 'आदि / आदी' शब्दों के सही अर्थ वाले विकल्प को चुनिए-

A वगैरह = आदत होना   B आदत होना = वगैरह   C आदी = आदि

D इनमें से कोई नहीं

(3) 'अभय / उभय' शब्दों के सही अर्थ वाले विकल्प को चुनिए-

A दोनों = निडर   B निडर = उभय   C उभय = अभय   D इनमें से कोई नहीं

(4) 'जो कानून के विरुद्ध हो' वाक्य के लिए एक शब्द है -

A अवैतानिक   B अकानून   C अवैध   D अवधि

(5) 'जहाँ पहुँचा न जा सके' वाक्य के लिए एक शब्द है-

A अमूल्य   B अगम्य   C अगंगा   D अलौकिक

(6) 'अवश्यंभावी' शब्द किस वाक्य के लिए एक शब्द है -

A जो कम खाता हो   B जो कम जानता हो

C जो होकर ही रहे   D जो बिना वेतन के काम करे

प्रश्न (6) निर्देशानुसार 'विलोम शब्द' एवं 'मुहावरे' पर आधारित छह बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए - (1×5=5)

(1) 'अनुज' का विलोम शब्द होगा -

A अनुजा   B अग्रज   C यथार्थ   D उन्नति

(2) 'अनाथ' का विलोम शब्द होगा

A सनाथ   B पतन   C सचेत   D गत

(3) 'गहरा' शब्द का विलोम शब्द होगा-

A कृतघ्न   B शीत   C नकद   D उथला

(4) 'आँख लगना' मुहावरे का सही अर्थ है-

A थकान न होना   B नींद आना   C बुद्धि भ्रष्ट होना   D इनमें से कोई नहीं

⑤ 'अपनी खिचड़ी अलग पकाना' मुहावरे का सही अर्थ है-

A स्वाद न आना   B अलग रहना   C शोर करना   D स्वावलंबी बनना

⑥ 'असंभव काम करना' के लिए उपयुक्त मुहावरा है-

A अकल का अंधा   B आँख लगना

C आसमान सिर पर उठाना   D आकाश के तारे तोड़ना

प्रश्न ⑦ निम्नलिखित पठित पद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों
के उत्तर के लिए सही विकल्प का चयन कीजिए (1×5=5)

कठपुतली
गुस्से से उबली
बोली - ये धागे
क्यों हैं मेरे पीछे-आगे?
इन्हें तोड़ दो;
मुझे मेरे पाँवों पर छोड़ दो।

सुनकर बोलीं और -और
कठपुतलियाँ
कि हाँ
बहुत दिन हुए
हमें अपने मन के द्वंद हुए।

① प्रस्तुत पद्यांश के कवि हैं-

A नागार्जुन   B शिव-प्रसाद सिंह   C भवानी प्रसाद मिश्र   D इनमें से कोई नहीं

② कठपुतली किस प्रकार बोल रही है?

A प्यार से   B गुस्से से   C खुशी से   D इनमें से कोई नहीं

③ 'पीछे-आगे' शब्द हैं-

A पर्यायवाची शब्द   B विलोम शब्द   C रूढ़ार्थी शब्द   D इनमें से कोई नहीं

④ कठपुतली किसे तोड़ने की बात कर रही है?

A धागों को   B पत्थर   C मकान   D नाराज़गी

⑤ 'गुस्से से उबली' का अर्थ है-

A क्रोध में बात कहना   B प्यार से कहना   C प्यार आना   D इनमें से कोई नहीं

प्रश्न (8) निम्नलिखित पठित गद्यांश को पढ़कर दिये गए (1×5=5) प्रश्नों के उत्तर के लिए सही विकल्प का चयन कीजिए-

मैं बच्चे उठाने वाला हूँ। दूसरा कोई काम करने की मेरी इच्छा नहीं होती। अभी थोड़ी देर पहले एक घर से यह लड़की उठाई है मैंने। गहरी नींद से रही थी। अब तक उठी नहीं है। उठेगी भी नहीं। मैंने इसे थोड़ी बेहोशी की दवा जो दी है। अब मुझे लगी है भूख। दिन भर कुछ खाने का वक्त ही नहीं मिला। पेट में जैसे चूहे दौड़ रहे हों!... तो ऐसा किया जाए... इसे यहीं लेटाकर अपने ज़रा कुछ खाने की तलाश करें... देखें कुछ मिल जाए तो!

(1) प्रस्तुत गद्यांश कौन से पाठ से लिया गया है ?
(A) पापा खो गए   B ऐसे-ऐसे   C हिमालय की बेटियाँ   D मिठाईवाला

(2) 'बच्चा उठाने वाला' किसे उठा लाया था ?
A बच्ची को   B बच्चा को   C महिला को   D पुरुष को

(3) बच्ची उठ क्यों नहीं रही थी?
A वह गहरी नींद में थी   B उसे थोड़ी बेहोशी की दवा दी गई थी
C A और B दोनों   D इनमें से कोई नहीं

(4) 'पेट में चूहे दौड़ रहे हों' वाक्य का अर्थ है-
A घबराना   B थक जाना   C भूखा होना   D इनमें से कोई नहीं

(5) लड़की को कहां से उठाया गया था ?
A मैदान से   B पार्क से   C घर से   D सड़क से

-7-

प्रश्न : 9 निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दिए गए विकल्पों से चुनकर लिखें-

(i) पक्षी क्यों व्यथित है? (संदर्भ पाठ: हम पंछी उन्मुक्त गगन के) ①

(A) क्योंकि वे बंधन में हैं।

(B) क्योंकि वे आसमान की ऊँचाइयों को छूने में असमर्थ हैं।

(C) क्योंकि वे अनार के दानों रूपी तारों को चुगने में असमर्थ हैं।

(D) (A), (B), (C) ये तीनों विकल्प सही हैं।

(ii) 'कठपुतली' कविता के आधार पर बताइये कि अपने मन के 'द्वंद दूर' का क्या अर्थ है? ①

(A) मन से कविता लिखना

(B) मन में गीत गुनगुनाना

(C) अपने मन की बात सुनना

(D) दूसरों का मन पढ़ना

प्रश्न 10. दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही विकल्प चुनकर उत्तर लिखिए-

1×2 = ②

(i) गद्यांश के पाठ और लेखक का नाम इनमें से सही मेल कौन-सा है?

(A) हिमालय की बेटियाँ – नागार्जुन

(B) मिठाईवाला – भगवती प्रसाद मिश्र

(C) पापा खो गए – काका कालेलकर

(D) इनमें से कोई नहीं

(ii) बच्चे किसको देखकर पुलकित हो उठे?

(A) फेरीवाले को

(B) खिलौनेवाले को

(C) रोहिणी को

(D) दादी माँ को

क्रमशः

प्रश्न 11: निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर दिए गए विकल्पों में से चुनकर लिखिए – (कोई 6) 1×6 = 6

(i) कौन-सी घटना को याद करके पेड़ काँपने लगते हैं?

(A) लड़की को उठाने वाली

(B) बिजली गिरने वाली

(C) तूफ़ान आने वाली

(D) खेल खेलने वाली

(ii) 'पापा खो गए' पाठ में किस पात्र का नाम लालताऊ है?

(A) खंभा

(B) चोर

(C) पेड़

(D) लेटरबॉक्स

(iii) कॉलम 1 को कॉलम 2 के साथ सुमेलित कीजिए और सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए –

कॉलम 1 (विशेषण)   कॉलम 2 (विशेष्य)

(1) मूसलधार   (i) महिला

(2) संभ्रांत   (ii) वर्षा

(3) घना   (iii) जंगल

विकल्प

(A) 1-(ii), 2-(iii), 3-(ii)

(B) 1-(iii), 2-(i), 3-(ii)

(C) 1-(ii), 2-(i), 3-(iii)

(D) 1-(i), 2-(ii), 3-(iii)

(iv) 'मिठाईवाला' पाठ गद्य की कौन-सी विधा है?

(A) व्यंग्य

(B) नाटक

(C) रिपोर्ताज

(D) कहानी

(V) मिठाई बेचने वाले ने अपनी पूरी कहानी किसको सुना दी ?

(A) लेखक को

(B) विजयबाबू को

(C) फेरीवाले को

(D) रोहिणी और दादी माँ को

(Vi) लेखक ने हिमालय से निकलने वाली नदियों को ममताभरी आँखों से देखते हुए उन्हें कौन-सी संज्ञा दी है ?

(A) लोकमाता

(B) हिमालय की बेटियाँ

(C) सतलज की रानी

(D) सँभ्रांत महिला

(Vii) कठपुतली किसे देखकर गुस्से में आ जाती है ?

(A) धागों को

(B) रस्सी को

(C) मनुष्य को

(D) संसार को

खण्ड-'ख' (वर्णनात्मक)

प्रश्न 12: निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग ४०-५० शब्दों में दीजिए- २×४=⑧

(i) मिठाईवाले में वे कौन-से गुण थे जिनकी वजह से बच्चे तो बच्चे, बड़े भी उसकी ओर खिंचे चले आते थे ?

(ii) काका कालेलकर ने नदियों को लोकमाता क्यों कहा है ?

(iii) पेड़ और खंभे में दोस्ती कैसे हुई ?

प्रश्न 13: निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग ४०-५० शब्दों में दीजिए- २×३=⑥

(i) भावस्पष्ट कीजिए-

या तो क्षितिज मिलन बन जाता / या तनती साँसों की डोरी

क्रमशः

(ii) पहली कठपुतली को दूसरी कठपुतलियों को क्यों अच्छी लगी?

(iii) 'हम पंछी उन्मुक्त गगन के' कविता के कवि पक्षियों के माध्यम से क्या संदेश देना चाहते हैं?

प्रश्न।५ : 'अनुमान और कल्पना' से संबंधित निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-   २×३=⑥

(क) क्या आपको लगता है कि मानव की वर्तमान जीवन-शैली और शहरीकरण से जुड़ी योजनाएँ पक्षियों के लिए घातक है? पक्षियों से रहित वातावरण में कौन-कौन सी समस्याएँ उत्पन्न हो सकती हैं?

(ख) लेखक ने हिमालय से निकलनेवाली नदियों को ममता भरी आँखों से देखते हुए उन्हें हिमालय की बेटियाँ कहा है। आप उन्हें क्या कहना चाहेंगे? नदियों की सुरक्षा के लिए कौन-कौन से कार्य हो रहे हैं?

(ग) हाट, मेले, शादी आदि आयोजनों में कौन-कौन सी चीज़ें आपको सबसे ज़्यादा आकर्षित करती हैं? उनको सजाने बनाने में किनका हाथ होगा?

प्रश्न।६ : (i) राष्ट्रीय प्रतिभा खोज परीक्षा में प्रथम आने पर अपने मित्र/सहेली को बधाई-पत्र लिखिए।   1×५=⑤

अथवा

अपने स्कूल के प्राचार्य महोदय को संबोधित करते हुए तीन दिनों के अवकाश के लिए प्रार्थना-पत्र लिखिए।

प्रश्न 16: निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक विषय पर
संकेत बिंदुओं के आधार पर लगभग 100 शब्दों
में अनुच्छेद-लेखन कीजिए -   1×5=⑤

(1) देश-प्रेम
   ★ भूमिका
   ★ मातृभूमि के प्रति कर्त्तव्य
   ★ मातृभूमि का महत्त्व
   ★ निष्कर्ष

(2) वन-महोत्सव
   ★ भूमिका
   ★ वनों की उपयोगिता
   ★ वन : प्रकृति का उपहार
   ★ वनों के प्रति हमारे कर्त्तव्य
   ★ निष्कर्ष

(3) जीतो मन को
   ★ 'मन' की वजह से मनुष्य
   ★ मन का स्वभाव
   ★ दृढ़ इच्छा-शक्ति
   ★ सकारात्मक सोच

—— ✗ ——

Time Allowed: 3 Hours   **Maximum Marks: 80**

General Instructions:
1. This Question Paper has 5 Sections A, B, C, D, and E.
2. Section A has 20 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) carrying 1 mark each.
3. Section B has 5 questions carrying 2 marks each.
4. Section C has 6 questions carrying 3 marks each.
5. Section D has 4 questions carrying 5 marks each.
6. Section E has 3 Case Based integrated units of assessment (4 marks each) with sub-parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.
7. All Questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 Questions of 2 marks, 2 Questions of 3 marks and 2 Questions of 5 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2 marks questions of Section E.

$$\boxed{\text{SECTION: - A}}$$

Q.1 Additive identity for integers is:

(a) 0   (b) 1   (c) -1   (d) 2

Q.2 $\frac{1}{2}$ of 24 is:

(a) 10   (b) 8   (c) 12   (d) 16

Q.3 A batsman scored the following number of runs in six innings: 36, 35, 50, 46, 60, 55, then the range of runs scored by the batsman is:
(a) 25   (b) 20   (c) 10   (d) 30

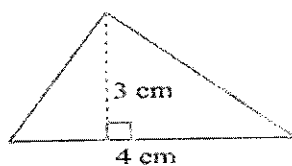Q.4 If $5p + 2 = 17$, then the value of p is:
(a) 15   (b) 3   (c) 5   (d) 10

Q.5 If the sum of the measures of two angles is 90°, the angles are called_____
(a) Complementary angles (b) Supplementary angles   (c) Linear pair   (d) None of these

Q.6 Out of 25 students, 8 are absent. What per cent of the students are absent?
(a) 30%   (b) 32%   (c) 40%   (d) 20%

Q.7

The area of the triangle in the given figure is:
(a) $12cm^2$ (b) $6cm^2$ (c) $10cm^2$ (d) $24cm^2$

Q.8 $(-30) \div 10 = $ _____
(a) -5   (b) -3   (c) 3   (d) 5

Q.9 $12 \div \frac{3}{4}$ is:
(a) 16   (b) 10   (c) 12   (d) 26

1

Q.10 The mode of the numbers: 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 5, 5, 5, 6, 6, 8 is:
a) 2   (b) 5   (c) 2 & 5   (d) 3

Q.11 Equation for the following statement: The sum of numbers x and 4 is 9 is:
a) x+9=4   (b) x+4=9   (c) x-4=9   (d) x-9=4

Q.12 The supplement of 110^0 is
a) 90^0 (b) 70^0 (c) 60^0 (d) 50^0

Q.13 The cost of 3 envelopes is ₹ 15. Find the cost of 5 envelopes.
a) Rs25   (b) Rs30   (c) Rs15   (d) Rs35

Q.14 The circumference of a circular disc of radius 14 cm is:
a) 86cm   (b) 78cm   (c) 88cm   (d) 98cm

Q.15 (–5) + (– 8) = (– 8) + (............)
a) -8   (b) -5   (c) 3   (d) -3

Q.16 The number in the box$\square$, such that $\frac{2}{3} \times \square = \frac{10}{30}$.
a) $\frac{5}{10}$ (b) $\frac{3}{6}$ (c) $\frac{6}{12}$ (d) $\frac{4}{8}$

Q.17 The improper fraction $\frac{33}{4}$ in the form of a mixed fraction is
a) $8\frac{5}{4}$ (b) $8\frac{3}{4}$ (c) $8\frac{1}{4}$ (d) $1\frac{4}{8}$

Q.18 The solution of the equation 10p = 10 is
a) 1   (b) 0   (c) 10   (d) 100

DIRECTION: In the question number 19 and 20, a statement of assertion (A) is followed by a statement of reason (R). Choose the correct option
a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A)
b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A)
c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.

Q.19 Assertion (A): - The percentage of 1:4 is 25%.
        Reason (R): - $2:5 = \frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{5} \times 100\% = 0.4 \times 100\% = 40\%$.

Q.20 Assertion (A): - 20 square cm is the area of the triangle if its height and base are 8cm and 5cm.

Reasons (R): - *Area of the triangle* $= \frac{1}{2} \times b \times h$.

SECTION: - B

Q.21 Multiply and express as a mixed fraction: $3 \times 5\frac{1}{5}$

Q.22 Ashish studies for 4 hours, 5 hours and 3 hours respectively on three consecutive days. How many hours does he study daily on an average?

Q.23 Laxmi's father is 49 years old. He is 4 years older than three times Laxmi's age.
OR
Irfan says that he has 7 marbles more than five times the marbles Parmit has. Irfan has 37 marbles.

2

Q.24 Find the angle which is equal to its complement.

OR

Find the angle which is equal to its supplement.

Q.25 Saili plants 4 saplings, in a row, in her garden. The distance between two adjacent saplings is $\frac{3}{4}$ m. Find the distance between the first and the last sapling.

SECTION: - C

Q.26 Organise the following marks in a class assessment, in a tabular form. 4, 6, 7, 5, 3, 5, 4, 5, 2, 6, 2, 5, 1, 9, 6, 5, 1, 4, 6, 7.
i) Which number is the highest? (ii) Which number is the lowest?

OR

Find the mean of the first five whole numbers.

Q.27 Find a number, such that one-fourth of the number is 3 more than 7.

Q.28 Fill in the blanks:
(i) If two angles are complementary, then the sum of their measures is _____.
(ii) If two angles are supplementary, then the sum of their measures is _____.
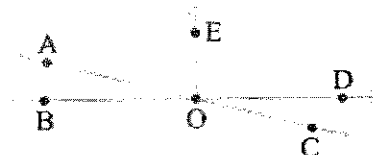iii) If two adjacent angles are supplementary, they form a _____.

OR

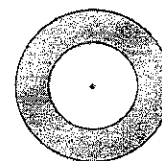In the adjoining figure, name the following pairs of angles.
(i) Obtuse vertically opposite angles
(ii) Adjacent complementary angles
(iii) Equal supplementary angles.

Q.29 Sudhanshu divides a circular disc of radius 7 cm in two equal parts. What is the perimeter of each semicircular shape disc?

Q.30 The adjoining figure shows two circles with the same centre.
The radius of the larger circle is 10 cm and the radius of the smaller circle is 4 cm.
Find the shaded area between the two circles. (Take π = 3.14)

Q.31 A gardener wants to fence a circular garden of diameter 21m. Find the length of the rope he needs to purchase, if he makes 2 rounds of fence. Also find the cost of the rope, if it costs Rs 4 per meter. (Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)

SECTION: - D

Q.32 A car runs 16 km using 1 litre of petrol. How much distance will it cover using $2\frac{3}{4}$ litres of petrol.

OR

A two-wheeler covers a distance of 55.3 km in one litre of petrol. How much distance will it cover in 10 litres of petrol?

Q.33 The heights of 10 girls were measured in cm and the results are as follows: 135, 150, 139, 128, 151, 132, 146, 149, 143, 141.
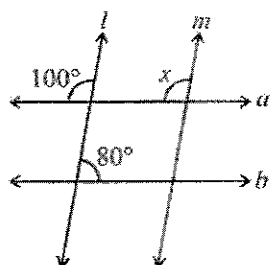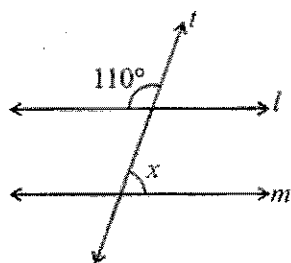i) What is the height of the tallest girl?
ii) What is the height of the shortest girl?
iii) What is the range of the data?
iv) What is the mean height of the girls?
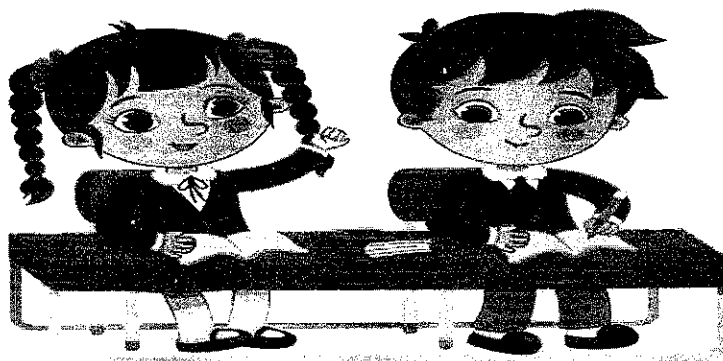v) How many girls have heights more than the mean height.

3

Q.34 Find the value of x in each of the following figures if l || m.

Q.35 (i) Chalk contains calcium, carbon and oxygen in the ratio 10:3:12. Find the percentage of carbon in chalk.
(ii) If in a stick of chalk, carbon is 3g, what is the weight of the chalk stick?

SECTION: - E

Q.36

In a test 5marks are to be given for every correct answer and -2 marks for every wrong answer. Raja answered all the questions and scored 30 marks though he has given 10 correct answers. Radha also answered all the questions and scored -12 marks though she has given 4 correct answers.
i) How many incorrect answers were given by Raja.
ii) How many correct answers did both attempt?
iii) If Raja would have answered 3 correct and 3 incorrect answers then find his total score?

OR

If Radha would have answered 5 correct and 3 incorrect answers then find her total score?

Q.37

A traffic signal board, indicating 'SCHOOL AHEAD', is an isosceles triangle in which its base angles are equal and its vertex angle $= 40^0$.
i) Find the base angle.
ii) If base angles are 50^0 each then find its vertex angle.

4

iii) If the ratio of one of the base angles and its vertex angle is 7:4 then find all the angles.

OR

f vertex angle of the given triangle is 80⁰ then find its base angles.

).38
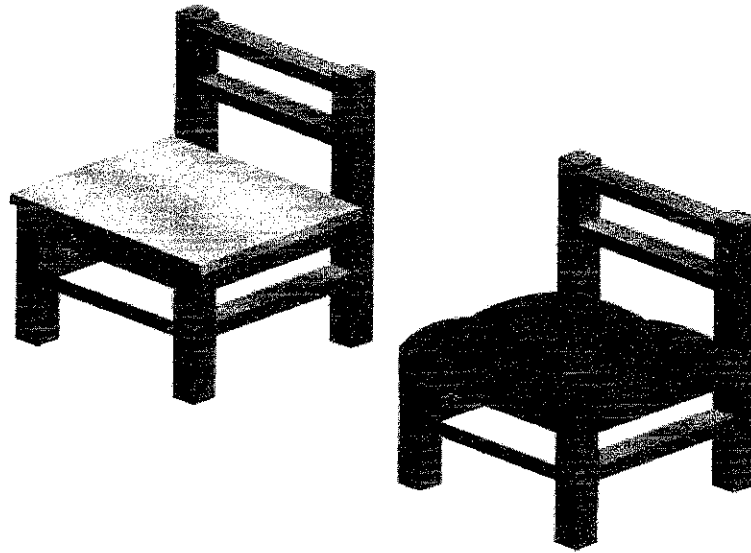
tiya sold 2 chairs at Rs480. The profit made by her on selling the chair is 20%.

i) What is the formula for finding profit%.
ii) Find the cost price of both the chairs.
iii) How much profit did she gained in selling both the chairs.

OR

f the selling price is Rs 600 for both the chairs find the cost price of both the chairs.

=================================⊛=================================

5

Sample Question Paper -2023

SUBJECT – Science   **Class - VII**   **M.M : 80**

SECTION – A

1) Birds glide effortlessly in the air with the help of (1)
   a) Conduction of heat in the air
   b) Radiation of light through the atmosphere
   c) Convection current of air
   d) None of the above

2) Citric acid is present in
   a) Curd b) milk c) lemon d) spinach (1)

3) Which of the following is not scaleif temperature? (1)
   a)Kelvin scale b) Celsius scale c)Kelvin d) Richter scale

4) Acids and bases can be identified in the laboratory by (1)
   a) tasting b) touching c) smelling d) an indicator

5) Mode of nutrition in fungi is mostly (1)
   a) autotrophic b) symbiotic c) saprophytic d) all of these

6) The complete digestion & absorption of food occurs in (1)
   a) large intestine b) small intestine
   c) oesophagus d) stomach

7) which of the following is a physical change (1)
   a) growth of a tree b) photosynthesis
   c) germination of seed d) washing of vegetables

8) The mechanical digestion of food starts in (1)
   b) Oesophagus b) mouth) small intestine d) stomach

9) Lichen is an association between (1)
   a) an algae and fungus
   b) an algae and tree
   c) a fungus and a tree
   d) bacteria and a leguminous tree

10) When magnesium oxide is dissolved in water the solution formed (1)
   a) turns red litmus blue
   b) turns blue litmus red
   c) gives no colour with phenopthalein d) gives back the magnesium ribbon

11) Which secretion does not contain digestive enzymes? (1)
   a) bile b) gastric juice c) intestinal juice d) pancreatic juice

12) Convection of heat takes place in (1)
   a) metals only b) liquids only
   c) gases only d) liquids and gases

13) Gaseous exchange in fish and earthworm occurs respectively (1) through
   a) gills & spiracles
   b) lungs and gills
   c) gills and skin
   d) lungs in both

14) Stainless steel pans are usually provided with copper bottons. The reason for this could be that (1)
   a) copper buttons makes the pan more durable
   b) such pans appear colourfull
   c) copper is a better conductor of heat than the Stainless steel

d)Copper is easier to clean than the Stainless steel

15) Cuscta is an example of

a) autotroph b) parasite c) saprotroph d) host (1)

16) Which is the colour of turmeric indicator in a basic solution? (1)

a) green   b) red   c) yellow d) pink.

17) Assertion: The number of times a person breathes in a minute is termed as the breathing rate. (1)

Reason: During breathing, inhalation and exhalation processes occurs simultaneously.

18) Assertion: Temperature is the measure of the heat energy . (1)

Reason: Energy is the capacity to do work.

19) Assertion: Freezing if water to ice is a physical change.(1)

Reason: A physical change involves the change in state.

20) Assertion: The pain caused due to any sting can be neutralised by baking soda. (1)

Reason: Ant sting is acidic in nature.

SECTION – B

(Question No. 21 to 26 is very short answer questions)

21) Name the respiratory organs in fish and Human being.   (2)

22) Why does a turmeric stain on white shirt is turned to red when it is washed with soap? (2)

23) Suggest two methods to prevent rusting.   (2)

OR

How can you say that ripening of a fruit is a chemical change?

24) Name the green pigment which helps the leaves in the synthesis of food. What is its exact function?   (2)

25) Where is the bile produced? Which component of the food does it help to digest?   (2)

OR

Why do we get instant energy from glucose?

26) Why does not the mercury level fall or rise in a clinical thermometer when taken out from the mouth?   (2)

SECTION – C

(Question No. 27 to 33 is very short answer questions)

27) Distinguish between autotroph and heterotroph.(Any 3 points)   (3)

28) Write about the structure & function of stomach.   (3)

OR

a) Why are vitamins necessary in our diet?

b) Define egestion.

29) a) Why do we often sneeze when we inhale a lot of dust – laden air?   (3)

b) Why do mountaineers carry oxygen cylinders with them?

30) Explain the chemical change that occurs when a ribbon of magnesium is burned in air. What happens when the product of the chemical reaction is mixed with water? Also write the relevant chemical equation.   (3)

31) Write an activity to show conduction in solids.   (3)

32) a)   Is the distilled water acidic/ basic/ neutral? How would you verify it?   (3)

b) Explain why an antacid tablet is taken when you suffer from acidity?

33) a) Draw a well labelled diagram of ruminant.   (3)

b) Draw a well labelled diagram of amoeba.

SECTION – D
(Question No. 34 to 36 is very long answer questions)

34) a) What happens when an iron blade of a knife is dipped in a copper sulphate solution? What kind of change takes place?

b) Distinguish between physical and chemical change. (Any 2 points)   (5)

OR

a) What is stainless steel made up of?

b) Define crystallisation and galvanisation?

35) a) What are the different means by which heat can be transferred?

b) Write an activity to show convection of heat in water or liquids.   (5)

OR

a) In places of hot climate, it is advised that the outer walls of houses be painted white. Explain.

b) Draw a well labelled diagram of clinical thermometer.

36) a) Why do farmers grow many fruits and vegetables crops inside large green leaves? What are the advantages to the farmers?

b) Draw and describe the structure of a cell.   (5)

OR

a) What are insectivorous plants? Explain the mechanism of nutrition of pitcher plant with the help of a diagram.

b) Why is the sun considered as the ultimate source of energy for all living organisms?

37) An iron rod is heated by a burning candle. Iron rod is a good conductor of heat because heat is transferred from one end to other end. The property of the conductor is called conduction .Copper is the conductor of heat because it transfers heat from one end to other. Steel is the conductor of heat, therefore, utensils made of steel are widely used for the preparation of food. Aluminium is also a good conductor of heat and therefore, used as utensils for the food preparation.

a) Why iron rod is a good conductor of heat ? (1)

b) What is conduction ? (1)

c) Why some utensils are made up of steel ? (2)
   OR

How an iron is a good conductor of heat ?

38) Take few petals of China rose in a beaker. Add some water and heat the beaker till the water in it becomes warm. Keep the mixture for some time till the water becomes coloured. Now test the given samples with China rose indicator to find if they are acidic, basic or neutral. The indicator gives different colours in different media. The given samples are lemon juice, soap solution, distilled water, sugar solution, limewater, curd, window cleaner.

a) What is an indicator? (1)

b) Give two examples of indicators other than china rose. (1)

c) How china rose indicator is made ? (2)

OR

Mention the role of indicators.

39) Amoeba is a microscopic single celled organism found in pond water. Amoeba has a cell membrane, rounded dense nucleus and many small bubble-like vacuoles – in its cytoplasm. Amoeba constantly changes its shapes and position. It pushes out one, more finger-like projections, called pseudopodia or false feet for movement and capture of food. Amoeba feeds on some microscopic organisms. When it senses food, it pushes out pseudopodia around the food particle and engulf it The food becomes trapped in a food vacuole .Digestive juices are secreted into the food vacuole. They act on the food and break it down into simpler substances Gradually the digested food is absorbed. The absorbed substances are used for growth, maintenance and multiplication. The undigested residue of the food is expelled outside by the vacuole.

(a) What are the structure found in amoeba ? (1)

(b)Write the two functions of Pseudopodia ? (1)

c) How amoeba feeds on microscopic organisms?(Write 2 sentences). (2)

OR

Mention the role of digestive juices in digestion of food ?

—— ✗ ——

1/9/23

(R. K. DAS

समय: - 1:30 होरा
पूर्णाङ्का: 40
कक्षा - सप्तमी

==

1. अधोलिखितं नाट्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत -

डेविडः - आम् ! कथं न ? ध्वजस्य उपरि स्थितः केशरवर्णः त्यागस्य उत्साहस्य च सूचकः।
मध्ये स्थितः श्वेतवर्णः सात्त्विकतायाः शुचितायाः च द्योतकः। अधः स्थितः हरितवर्णः
वसुन्धरायाः सुषमायाः उर्वरतायाश्च द्योतकः।

तेजिन्दरः - शुचे ! ध्वजस्य मध्ये एकं नीलवर्णं चक्रं वर्तते ?

शुचिः - आम् आम् । इदम् अशोकचक्रं कथ्यते। एतत् प्रगतेः न्यायस्य च प्रवर्तकम् ।
सारनाथे अशोकस्तम्भः अस्ति। तस्मात् एव एतत् गृहीतम्।

प्रणवः - अस्मिन् चक्रे चतुर्विंशतिः अराः सन्ति ।

मेरी - भारतस्य संविधानसभायां 22 जुलाई 1947 तमे वर्षे समग्रतया अस्य ध्वजस्य स्वीकरणं जातम् ।

I - एकपदेन उत्तरत । 1 X 2 = 2

क. त्यागस्य सूचक: क: वर्ण: ?(केशरवर्ण:/हरितवर्ण:) ---

ख. कुत्र चतुर्विंशतिः अरा: सन्ति ? (त्रिवर्णध्वजे/अशोकचक्रे)----------------------------------

ग. अशोकचक्रे कति अरा: सन्ति ? ---

II - पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत - 1 X 2 = 2

क. अशोक-चक्रं कुत्र वर्तते ? --

ख. अशोक-चक्रं कस्य प्रवर्तकम् अस्ति ? ---

ग. सारनाथे क: अस्ति ? ---

2. प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत - (केवलं-04) | त्रयः, पौराः, सद्भिः, कम्बुग्रीवः, त्रीणि | 1 x 4 = 4

क. कै: सङ्गतिं कुर्वीत ? --

ख. अस्माकं ध्वजे कति वर्णा: सन्ति ? ---------------------------------------

ग. पृथिव्यां कति रत्नानि ? ---

घ. कूर्मस्य किं नाम आसीत् ? --

ङ. लम्बमानं कूर्मं दृष्ट्वा के अधावन् ? -------------------------------------

3. यथायोग्यं श्लोकांशान् मेलयत - (केवलं - 04) उत्तराणि ½ x 4 = 2

धनधान्यप्रयोगेषु	नासद्भिः किञ्चिदाचरेत् ।	------------------
विस्मयो न हि कर्त्तव्यः	त्यक्तलज्जः सुखी भवेत् ।	------------------
सत्येन धार्यते पृथ्वी	बहुरत्ना वसुन्धरा ।	------------------
सद्भिर्विवादं मैत्रीं च	विद्याया: संग्रहेषु च ।	------------------
आहारे व्यवहारे च	सत्येन तपते रवि: ।	------------------

4. कोष्ठकात् पदानि चित्वा रेखाङ्कितपदानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कृत्वा लिखत - (केवलं-04)   1 x 4 = 4

| कैः, कः, का , कम् , कस्या: |

क. **विद्याया:** संग्रहेषु त्यक्तलज्ज: सुखी भवेत् ।   _____

ख. स्वधर्मात् **प्रमादं** वयं न कुर्याम।   _____

ग. **विद्याया:** संग्रहेषु त्यक्तलज्ज: सुखी भवेत् ।   _____

घ. अस्माकं **त्रिवर्णध्वज:** विश्वविजयी भवेत्।   _____

ङ. **सन्धि:** एव सहासीत।   _____

5. शुद्ध-कथनस्य समक्षं 'आम्' अशुद्धकथनस्य समक्षं 'न' इति लिखत -   ½ x 4 = 2

क. चक्रं प्रगते: द्योतकम् ।   _____

ख. अस्माकं राष्ट्रस्य ध्वजे त्रय: वर्णा: सन्ति ।   _____

ग. ध्वजे हरितवर्ण: शान्ते: प्रतीक: अस्ति ।   _____

घ. चक्रे त्रिंशत् अरा: सन्ति ।   _____

6. रुचिरा-पाठ्य-पुस्तकात् श्लोकद्वयं लिखत - (केवलं - 2)   ½ x 2 = 2

_____

_____

_____

_____

7. संख्यानां कृते संस्कृतपदं मञ्जूषात: चित्वा लिखत -   ½ x 6 = 3

| पञ्चविंशति:, पञ्चदश, त्रय:, दश, अष्ट, त्रयोविंशति: |

क. 15   _____   ख. 10   _____   ग. 23   _____

घ. 03   _____   ङ. 08.   _____   च. 25.   _____

8. कोष्ठकात् उचितपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - (केवलं - 03)   1 x 3 = 3

क. सीता _____ विना न वसति । (रामम्/रामस्य)

ख. _____ स्वाहा । (अग्नये / अग्निम्)

ग. माता _____ विना न गच्छति । (पुत्रस्य / पुत्रम्)

घ. _____ परित: वृक्षा: सन्ति।(ग्रामस्य /ग्रामम्)

09. अधोलिखितवाक्यानां संस्कृते अनुवादं कुरुत - (केवलं - 03)   1 x 3 = 3

क. वह खायेगा ।   _____

ख. हम सब जायेंगे ।   _____

ग. तुम दो चलते हो ।   _____

घ. हम सब दौड़ते हैं ।   _____

10. मञ्जूषात: अव्ययपदानि चित्वा लिखत - | अत्र, श्व:, यदा, पुन:, तत्र, ह्य:, | ½ x 6 = 3

क. इदं कार्यं -------------------- कुरु ।   ख. ------------ सूर्य: उदेति तदा अन्धकार: नश्यति ।

ग. ---------------- मम विद्यालय: अस्ति ।   घ. यत्र देवालय: अस्ति ---------------- भक्ता: सन्ति ।

ङ. --------------- परीक्षा न भविष्यति ।   च) अहं ----------------- नगरम् अगच्छत् ।

11. कोष्ठकात् धातुं प्रत्ययं च विभज्य संयोज्य वा लिखत -   ½ x 4 = 2

क. हसित्वा -------------------- (हस्+क्त्वा / हसि+त्वा)   ख. गर्ज् + क्त्वा --------------- (गर्जित्वा / गर्जक्त्वा)

ग. --------------- + क्त्वा = खादित्वा (खादि / खाद्)   घ. चल् + ----------------- = चलित्वा (क्त्वा / त्वा)

10. उचित - धातुरुपै: रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - (केवलं - 08)   ½ x 8 = 4

पुरुष:	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथम-पुरुष:	खादति	--------------------	--------------------
मध्यम-पुरुष:	--------------------	धावथ:	धावथ
उत्तम-पुरुष:	--------------------	--------------------	गर्जाम:
प्रथम-पुरुष:	दास्यति	--------------------	--------------------
मध्यम-पुरुष:	-----------------	द्रक्ष्यथ:	-----------------
उत्तम-पुरुष:	करिष्यामि	-----------------	करिष्याम:

11. उचित - शब्दरुपै: रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - (केवलं - 08)   ½ x 8 = 4

विभक्ति:	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमा	देव:	--------------------	देवा:
द्वितीया	--------------------	लते	--------------------
तृतीया	फलेन	फलाभ्याम्	--------------------
चतुर्थी	-----------------	मुनिभ्याम्	मुनिभ्य:
पंचमी	कस्या:	--------------------	--------------------
षष्ठी	-----------------	तयो:	तेषाम्
सप्तमी	कस्मिन्	-----------------	केषु
संबोधनम्	-------------------- !	हे भानू !	हे भानव: !

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Delhi public school

Subject - S.Sc
class - VII

M.M- 80
Time - 3hrs

General Instructions: (1) Q No 1 to 20 are 1 mark Questions.

(2) Q No 21 to 26 are 2 mark Questions each.
Q No 27 to 31 are 3 mark Questions each.
Q No 32 and 33 are 4 mark Case base Questions.
Q No 34 to 36 are 5 mark long Questions
Q No 37 is diagram of 5 mark and Q No 38 is Map based question.

Q1 Complete the following statements with correct option ①
    In ___ Sultan Iltutmish's daughter, Raziya became
    Sultan.
    a) 1240   b) 1290   c) 1200   d) 1210.

Q2 The Language of administration under Delhi ①
    Sultans in persian is known as Tawarikh.
    [True / False].

Q3 which of the following is not a part of the ①
    division of History of India period?

    a) British   c) Hindu
    b) Muslim   d) Jainism

Q4 The meaning of term 'Hiranyagarbha' ①
    is horse sacrifice. [True / False].

Q5 There are two statements given below ④
    marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). choose
    the correct option.

    Assertion (A) - Under the Delhi sultans and
           the Mughals, the hierarchy between
           social classes grew further.

    Reason (R) - The society was divided
           based on caste.

a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
c) A is true but R is false.
d) A is false but R is true.

Q6 complete the sentences with correct option ①
Prashastis were composed by learned ____.
a) Kshatriyas   c) Brahmanas
b) Vaishyas   d) Shudras.

Q7 Cartographer is a person who makes — ①
a) Cartoons   c) Maps
b) Caricatures   d) None of these.

Q8 complete the following sentences with ①
correct option -
Mushroom rocks are found in ____.
a) Desert   c) Glaciers
b) River valley   d) Moraines

Q9 Rocks which contain fossils are called ①
Metamorphic rocks. [True/False].

Q10 The most important layer of the atmosphere
is called ____ ①
a) Troposphere   c) Thermosphere
b) Mesosphere   d) Exosphere.

Q11 The narrow zone of contact where land, water and air interact is called Biosphere. [True / false].

Q12 Assertion (A) — The Lithospheric plates move very slowly which causes changes in the surface of the Earth.

Reason (R) — The Lithospheric plates moves because of the presence of the molten rocks inside the Earth.

a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
c) A is true but R is false.
d) A is false but R is true.

13) Complete the following statement with correct options —

The process of Transformation of rock from one to another is called _____

a) Mineral Cycle   c) Mountain cycle
b) Rock cycle   d) None of these.

14) when the precipitation comes down to the earth in the liquid form it is called.

a) cloud   c) snow
b) Rain   d) None of these

Q15. what is the full form of OPD ?   ①
   a) out patient Department
   b) on patient Department
   c) out patent Department
   d) None of these.

Q16   Assertion (A) — The political party who ①
has won the maximum number of seats is
called the ruling party. while the other
parties are called the opposition party.

Reason (R) — The political party whose
   MLA'S are more after the ruling party
   is called major opposition.

   a) Both A and R are true and R is the
      correct explanation of A.

   b) Both A and R are true but R is not
      the correct explanation of A.

   c) A is true but R is false.
   d) A is false but R is true.

Q17 In kerala 30% of entire budget is ①
     given to panchayats. [True/False].

Q18 According to universal adult franchise
     every adult has —   ①
   a) No vote   c) Multiple votes
   b) One vote   d) All of these.

Q19 Complete the following statements - (1)
It is the responsibility of the —— to provide proper healthcare facilities to all.
a) Democracy   c) Government
b) People   d) None of these.

Q20 The Government has set up Anganwadis or child care Centres in many villages (1) of the country. [True / False].

Q21 Who was considered a foreigner in the past? (2)

Q22 What were the two major cities under the (2) control of chahamanas?

Q23 What is Universal adult franchise? (2)

Q24 Why do you think that men and boys (2) generally do not do household works?

Q25 Define - 1) Lava   2) Sediments   (1+1=2)

Q26 What are Ox- bow lakes? (2)

Q27 What are the difficulties historians (3) faced in using Manuscripts?

Q28 What kind of irrigation works were (3) developed in Tamil region?

OR

What are the three types of taxes collected by Delhi sultans?

Q29 Name the three types of Rainfall. (3)

Q3.0 what are the uses of rocks? (3)

(OR)

why do we study Natural Environment?

Q31 How did some MLA's become ministers (3)
Explain?

(OR)

In what ways do the Samoan children differ from Indian children.

Q32 case base study Questions — (4)

Delhi first became the capital of a Kingdom under the Tomara Rajputs, who were defeated in the middle of the 12th century by the Chauhans (also refered to as chahamanas) of Ajmer. It was under the Tomaras and chauhans that Delhi became an important commercial centre. coins minted here, called dehlimal, had a wide circulation.

1. under which rulers did Delhi first become capital of a kingdom? (1)

2. what was the name given to coins melted (1) here?

3. By whom and when were the Tomara (2) Rajputs defeated?

Q33 case base study Questions — (4)

One of the steps taken by the government includes the midday meal scheme. this refers to the programme introduced in all government elementary schools to provide children with cooked lunch.

Tamil Nadu was the first state in India to introduce this scheme in 2001.

This programme has had many positive effects. These include the fact that more poor children begun enrolling and regularly attending school. The mid-day meal programme helps reduce hunger of poor students.

1. Which state was the first to introduce mid-day meal programme for children? ①

2. In which year was mid-day meal programme introduced? ①

3. Write any two benefits of the mid-day meal scheme introduced by the government. ②

Q34 What were the activities associated with the chola temples? ⑤

(OR)

Describe the Administrative measures of Alauddin Khalji to strengthen his rule over the Sultanate?

Q35 What is a rock? What are the three types of Rocks? (2+3=5)

(OR)

What is Erosion? How are flood plains formed?

Q36 How do societies create differences between boys and girls when they are quite young. ⑤

(OR)

What provisions of equality are given in Indian constitution?

Q37 Draw a neat and labelled diagram (5)
      of Volcano.

Q 38 Locate the following on political Map
      of India.   [any 5]   (1+1+1+1+1=5)

1) chahamanas
2) cholas
3) Delhi
4) Agra
5) Ajmer
6) Madurai

—— X ——

(CS)
chaya Soundarya

Time 1hr 30 mins   **M. M. 50**

A. Multiple Choice Questions.   **1x10=10**

1) When we apply filter feature , small arrow appears near
    a) Row header   b) Sheet tab   c) Column header   d) None of These

2) Sort command is present in which Menu.
    a) File   b) Tool   c) Data   d) Help

3) In the binary number system right most digit before the fractional point
    a) MSD   b) BSD   c) LSD   d) None of these

4) Which of the following two symbols present in the binary number system ?
    a) 1 & 2   b) 8 & 9   c) 0 & 1   d) 5 & 6

5) Which attribute of <table> tag gives the space between the adjacent cells?
    a) cellspacing   b) rowspan   c) cellpadding   d) colspan

6) Which is not the criteria used in conditional formatting ?
    a) Data bar   b) Color scale   c) Ascending   d) Icon set

7) Which of the tag used to draw a horizontal line in browser ?
    a) <body>   b) <html>   c) <sup>   d) <hr>

8) Which tag allow the user to insert a Table in a webpage ?
    a) <IMG>   b) <TABLE>   c) <A>   d) <LI>

9) Which program do you need to view an HTML documents?
    a) text editor   b) A graphics   c) web browser   d) none of these

10) Which of these are not the attribute of <TABLE> tag ?
    a) border   b) background   c) bordercolor   d) type

B. State True/ False   **1x5=5**
1) The START attribute always accept an integer value.
2) The hexadecimal number system contains 16 digits.
3) Calc can arrange the data in ascending order only.
4) The <U> tag is used to underline the text in webpage.
5) The container tag has only the open tag.

C. Fill in the blanks   **1x5=5**
1) The --------tag used to make the text editor appears bold.
2) The <ol> tag is used to create an......
3)........used when data is to be sorted on the basis of more than one criterion.?
4) The TYPE is an attribute of the -------- tag.
5) The HTML is a .... language used to create webpages.

D. Answer the following Questions
1) Write the name of any four attributes of the <TABLE> tag.   2
2) What is the use of Goal Seek feature ?   2
3) What is number system ? Explain   2
4) What is the difference between Sorting & Filtering the data ?   2
5) Add the following binary numbers
        a)   11001 + 1010   b) 110101 + 1010   3
6) Convert the following Decimal numbers into Binary numbers   3
        $(1234)_{10}$ $(573)_{10}$
7) Define Webpage & Website.   3
8) Differentiate between Ordered & Unordered list.   3
9) What are the rules required for writing HTML Tags ?   5
10) Differentiate between Rowspan & Colspan attributes.   5

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%