



# DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 20.09.2023  
Class : VIII

MIDTERM EXAMINATION - 2023  
Subject : English

Time : 3 Hrs.  
Max. Marks : 80

### General Instructions :

- Read the instructions carefully before answering the questions.
- Attempt all the questions in each section before going to the next section.
- All the answers must be correctly numbered and written neatly.
- For multiple choice questions, option numbers must be clearly specified, along with the answers.
- The paper consists of 4 sections :
  - Section A : Reading (16 Marks)
  - Section B : Writing (18 Marks)
  - Section C : Grammar (16 Marks)
  - Section D : Literature (30 Marks)

### Section A : Reading (16 Marks)

**A.1 Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow : (1x8=8)**

1. From ancient civilization to modern society, sports have remained a peaceful medium for both entertainment and personal growth. They offer a unique blend of competition, camaraderie and life lessons that continue to resonate with people of all ages.
2. At the heart of sports lies the concept of sportsmanship. It's not just about winning or losing, it's about how the game is played. The vital aspect of it emphasises on fair play, respect for opponents and integrity throughout the competition.
3. Team sports such as soccer, basket ball and hockey underscore the significance of working together as a unit. Players learn to communicate, collaborate and coordinate their efforts to achieve a common goal.
4. Individual sports including tennis, swimming and athletics focus on personal achievements and self discipline. Athletes set their own standards and work relentlessly to surpass them. This journey of self-improvement, often characterised by intense training and determination, teaches individuals the value of pushing boundaries and never giving up.
5. Beyond physical prowess, sports promote mental ability and well being. Engaging in regular physical activity is not only good for the body but also sharpens the mind and relieves stress.
6. Sports are also invaluable in developing life skills. Time management, leadership and adaptability are sharpened as athletes train. The resilience they learn is reflected in their academic and professional lives.
  - (a) Why are sports popular with people of all ages? (1)
  - (b) What is the central concept at the heart of all sports? (1)
  - (c) What values are emphasised by sportsmanship? (1)
  - (d) What do players learn through team games? (1)
  - (e) What are the benefits of sports for mental well being? (1)
  - (f) Which quality do players exhibit in their academic and professional lives? (1)
  - (g) Sports develop
 

(1) indiscipline	(2) leadership	(3) time management	(4) lethargy
(i) 1 and 2	(ii) 2 and 3	(iii) only 3	(iv) all the above
  - (h) The word from the passage which is the antonym of 'dislike' is (1)
 

(i) vital	(ii) camaraderie	(iii) collaborate	(d) relentless
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**A.2 Read the given poem and answer the questions that follow : (1x8=8)**

1. In a meadow bathed in gold so bright,  
where flowers danced in soft sunlight,  
A tale of nature's wonders unfolds,  
As a gentle breeze through stories rolled.
2. Butterflies painted the air with grace,  
Each one a vibrant, delicate embrace.  
Bees hummed a melody, sweet and clear,  
Nature's symphony for all to hear.
3. The trees whispered secrets to sky,  
Their branches reaching, soaring high.  
A symphony of life in every hue,  
In this meadow, dreams come true.

4. With every word, the world came alive,  
In this tapestry where wonders thrive.  
A lesson learned, as nature's art,  
Life's beauty captured in every heart.
5. Amidst the meadow's vibrant embrace,  
Nature's wonders painted with grace.  
Curious minds delve into the scene,  
Unlocking its mysteries, pure and keen.
- (a) The poem is set in (1)  
 (a) a city (ii) a beach at sunset (iii) a meadow in sunlight (iv) a deep forest (1)
- (b) The breeze (1)  
 (i) creates chaos and destruction  
 (ii) carries stories and adds movement  
 (iii) scares away butterflies and bees  
 (iv) hides in trees and whispers secrets (1)
- (c) How has the poet described the butterflies? (1)  
 (d) What did the bees do? (1)  
 (e) What role did the trees play? (1)  
 (f) Who understands the mysteries of nature? (1)  
 (g) Find the word from the poem which means the same as 'colour' (stanza 3) (1)  
 (h) Find the word from the poem which is the antonym of 'dull'. (stanza 2) (1)

**Section B : Writing (18 Marks)**

- B.1 You are Namit/Namita, Sports Secretary of Bal Bharti School, New Delhi. The school has decided to hold an Inter-School Debate Competition on the occasion of Gandhi Jayanti. Draft a notice, with necessary details, informing the students and inviting them to participate in it. (50 words) (5)
- B.2 Write an article for your school magazine on 'The Dangers of Social Media'. (5)
- B.3 You are Vinit/Vinita residing at H-5, Park Road Colony, Lucknow. Write a letter to your friend telling him about the surprise birthday party you organized for your father. You can use the given hints (120 words) (8)

had to keep everything secret – thought about his likes and dislikes – made a guest list of family and friends – informed them – asked to keep it secret – hired a cook to prepare favourite dishes – mother booked a Disc Jockey – guests arrived early – was-heartwarming to see happiness on his face – he thanked all of us – said was best birthday ever

**OR**

Using the given hints, write a story in about 120 words. Give a suitable title to it.

two geese, a tortoise lived beside lake – great friends – lake drying – decide to migrate – tortoise can't fly – geese held stick with beaks – asked tortoise to hold stick – warned tortoise not to open mouth – children shouted on seeing – tortoise opened mouth – fell and died

**SECTION C : Grammar ( 16 Marks)**

- C.1 Fill in the blanks with suitable adjectives: (2)  
 (a) I would like ..... coffee, please.  
 (a) many (ii) much (iii) some (iv) few
- (b) There is not ..... water in the glass.  
 (a) some (ii) much (iii) many (iv) few
- C.2 Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions: (2)  
 (a) She has lived in Bhilai ..... three years.  
 (a) for (ii) since (iii) from (iv) by
- (b) I do not like to argue ..... my friends.  
 (a) against (ii) by (iii) with (iv) to
- C.3 Fill in the blanks with the suitable form of verbs : (2)  
 (a) Rice ..... well in alluvial soil.  
 (i) grown (ii) grew (iii) growed (iv) grows
- (b) The children ..... the song earlier.  
 (a) had learnt (ii) has learnt (iii) learned (iv) learnt
- C.4 (a) Fill in the blank with a suitable 'Gerund': (1)  
 (i) I like .....  
 (a) to read (ii) reading (iii) read (iv) reads
- (b) Fill in the blank with the correct form of 'infinitive': (1)  
 (i) I like .....  
 (i) reading (ii) reads (iii) to read (iv) reads

- C.5 Identify the verb and state whether 'Transitive' or 'Intransitive': (2)  
(a) My father is buying a new car.  
(b) The doctor is a kind man.
- C.6 Convert the following sentences into Passive Voice: (2)  
(a) Michael is baking a brownie.  
(b) The boy ate an ice-cream.
- C.7 Identify the error and rewrite the following sentences correctly: (2)  
(a) I live by my parents in Hazari Bagh.  
(b) Physics are a difficult subject.
- C.8 Give an idiom for the following : (2)  
(a) to have a written proof of something  
(b) to look unwell or sick

**Section D : Literature (30 Marks)**

- D.1 Read the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow : (3x3=9)
- 1 He wished only to borrow;  
He'd repay it tomorrow  
If not, he must die of starvation and sorrow
- (a) Who did 'he' wish to borrow from ? (1)  
(b) What did 'he' want to borrow? (1)  
(c) What would happen to him if he did not borrow? (1)
2. The logic of geography –  
That land and water attracted man –  
Was clearly delineated  
When the jet reached ten thousand feet.
- (a) The logic of geography is that ..... attract man. (1)  
(i) land and wind (ii) land and water  
(iii) only land (iv) only water
- (b) The above lines are from (1)  
(i) A Geography Lesson (ii) The Geography Lesson  
(iii) Geography Lesson (iv) Geography Lessons
- (c) The word 'delineate' means to (1)  
(i) describe (ii) conceal (iii) avoid (iv) display
3. Sword in hand the King came in his chariot.  
He held my hand and said, 'I will hire you with my power,'  
But his power counted for naught, and he went away in his chariot.
- (a) What did the King offer? (1)  
(b) Did the man accept the offer? Why? (1)  
(c) Name the poet. (1)
- D.2 Answer **any three** of the following questions in about 30 to 40 words each : (2x3=6)  
(a) What is your opinion of the ant's principle? What was the principle?  
(b) Why did the man turn down the old man's offer of money?  
(c) What do people say about the elephants of Yala National Park?  
(d) Why did Tilly's family come to Thailand?
- D.3 Answer **any one** of the following questions in about 75 words: (5)  
Why did Bepin Babu change his mind about meeting Chunilal? What was the result of this meeting?  
**OR**  
What is Connie's Christmas present? Why is it 'The best Christmas present in the world'?
- D.4 Answer **any three** of the following questions in about 30 to 40 words each. (2x3=6)  
(a) What happened when Cesario visited Olivia?  
(b) How was the murder of Duncan arranged?  
(c) What plan did Viola make to earn her living?  
(d) What bad news did Antonio's letter to Bassanio contain?
- D.5 Answer **any one** of the following questions in about 75 words. (4)  
How did Portia as doctor Balthazar help Antonio?  
**OR**  
What happened at the banquet which Macbeth had held for the lords?

दिल्ली पब्लिक स्कूल, भिलाई  
अर्धवार्षिक परीक्षा, 2023  
विषय: हिन्दी

कक्षा: आठवीं  
दिनांक: 27.09.2023  
सामान्य निर्देश:

समय: तीन घण्टे  
पूर्णांक: 80

1. इस प्रश्न पत्र में दो खण्ड हैं – खण्ड 'अ' और खण्ड 'ब' ।
2. निर्देशों को बहुत सावधानी से पढ़िए और उनका पालन कीजिए ।
3. प्रश्नों की कुल संख्या 16 है । दोनों खण्डों के प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है ।
4. यथासंभव दोनों खण्डों के प्रश्नों के उत्तर क्रमशः लिखिए ।

खण्ड – 'अ' (वस्तुपरक प्रश्न)

प्र.1. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर इसके आधार पर सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त उत्तर वाले विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए – (1x5=5)

निरक्षरता किसी भी राष्ट्र, समाज एवं स्वयं व्यक्ति के लिए कलंक है। निरक्षर व्यक्ति के पास सोचने-समझने की स्वतंत्र शक्ति नहीं होती। न तो वह सामाजिक विकास के बारे में सोच सकता है, न तो व्यक्तिगत विकास के बारे में। निरक्षर व्यक्ति अच्छे-बुरे, उचित-अनुचित, कर्तव्यों-अकर्तव्यों के बीच में अंतर नहीं कर पाता। निरक्षरता के कारण देश को अच्छे नागरिक नहीं मिल पाते। उन्हें अपने अधिकारों और कर्तव्यों का ज्ञान नहीं हो पाता। उन्हें अपने कीमती वोटों का ज्ञान नहीं होता । थोड़े से पैसों के लालच में आकर वे अपने अमूल्य वोट अयोग्य नेताओं को दे देते हैं और इस प्रकार देश का भविष्य गलत हाथों में पड़ जाता है। नेता निर्धारित समय तक अपनी मनमानी करते हैं। उन्हें यह ज्ञात होता है कि इन लोगों को किस प्रकार मूर्ख बनाया जा सकता है। अतः देश में अज्ञानता तथा निरक्षरता को जड़ से हटाने के लिए सामूहिक प्रयत्न आवश्यक है। इसके लिए शिक्षा-व्यवस्था में परिवर्तन कर घर-घर शिक्षा का दीप जलाना होगा। उन्हें साक्षरता के लाभों से अवगत कराना होगा। शिक्षण संस्थानों में भेदभाव एवं भ्रष्टाचार समाप्त करना होगा तथा आर्थिक रूप से कमज़ोर लोगों को मुफ्त शिक्षा देनी होगी। हमारे भारत देश का भविष्य तभी उज्ज्वल होगा जब हर नागरिक साक्षर होगा।

1. किसके कारण देश को अच्छे नागरिक नहीं मिल पाते हैं?  
(क) गरीबी (ख) निरक्षरता (ग) अमीरी (घ) मुफ्तखोरी
2. हमारे देश का भविष्य कब उज्ज्वल होगा?  
(क) जब हर नागरिक साक्षर होगा (ख) जब सभी अमीर होंगे  
(ग) जब लोगों में लालच खत्म हो जाएगा (घ) जब सबको मुफ्त शिक्षा मिलेगी ।
3. किस लालच में आकर लोग अपना अमूल्य वोट अयोग्य नेताओं को दे देते हैं?  
(क) पैसों के (ख) कपड़ों के (ग) मुफ्त शिक्षा के (घ) उपर्युक्त सभी
4. निरक्षर व्यक्ति किस-किसमें अंतर नहीं कर पाता है?  
(क) अच्छे-बुरे (ख) उचित-अनुचित (ग) कर्तव्य-अकर्तव्य (घ) उपर्युक्त सभी
5. निम्नलिखित कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए । उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्पों में से कोई एक सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए –  
कथन (A) हमें शिक्षा-व्यवस्था में परिवर्तन कर घर-घर शिक्षा का दीप जलाना होगा ।  
कारण (R) देश में अज्ञानता तथा निरक्षरता को जड़ से हटाने के लिए प्रयास आवश्यक है ।  
(क) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों गलत हैं ।  
(ख) कथन (A) गलत है लेकिन कारण (R) सही है ।  
(ग) कथन (A) सही है लेकिन कारण (R) उसकी गलत व्याख्या है ।  
(घ) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं तथा कारण (R) उसकी सही व्याख्या करता है ।

प्र.2. निर्देशानुसार 'संधि' पर आधारित छह बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए – (1x5=5)

1. स्वर संधि के कितने भेद होते हैं?  
(क) चार (ख) तीन (ग) पाँच (घ) दो
2. 'पराधीन' का संधि-विच्छेद है –  
(क) पर+अधीन (ख) परा+धीन (ग) प+राधीन (घ) पर+आधीन
3. 'गणेश' शब्द का संधि-विच्छेद है –  
(क) गण+एश (ख) गण+ईश (ग) गन+एश (घ) गन+ऐश
4. 'रामायण' का संधि-विच्छेद है –  
(क) राम+अयण (ख) रामा+अयण (ग) राम+अयन (घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं
5. 'वि+सम' संधि-विच्छेद शब्द का सही संधि है –  
(क) विसम (ख) वीसम (ग) विशम (घ) विषम
6. 'नीरस' शब्द का सही संधि-विच्छेद है –  
(क) नि+रस (ख) नी+रस (ग) निर+स (घ) नीर+स

प्र.3. निर्देशानुसार छह बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए – (1x5=5)

1. निम्नलिखित वाक्यों के रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति उचित समुच्चयबोधक/विस्मयादिबोधक विकल्प से चुनकर कीजिए ।  
(i) तुमने मना किया था ..... मैं नहीं आया ।  
(क) ताकि (ख) क्योंकि (ग) इसलिए (घ) किंतु

- (ii) मन लगाकर अभ्यास करो ..... प्रथम आ सको ।  
 (क) ताकि (ख) इसलिए (ग) क्योंकि (घ) यदि
- (iii) कैलाश ईमानदार ..... परिश्रमी लड़का है ।  
 (क) बल्कि (ख) और (ग) क्योंकि (घ) इसलिए
- (iv) ..... तुमने तो कमाल कर दिया ।  
 (क) हाय! (ख) हाँ-हाँ! (ग) उफ़! (घ) वाह!
- (v) ..... कितनी बदबू आ रही है ।  
 (क) छि: छि:! (ख) होशियार! (ग) अहा! (घ) हाय!
- (vi) ..... पेट में दर्द है ।  
 (क) वाह! (ख) उफ़! (ग) शाबाश! (घ) सावधान!

प्र.4. 'उपसर्ग-प्रत्यय' पर आधारित बहुविकल्पी छह प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए - (1x5=5)

- कौन-से शब्द में 'प्र' उपसर्ग नहीं है?  
 (क) प्रकाश (ख) प्रगति (ग) प्रश्न (घ) प्रयोग
- 'अध्यक्ष' शब्द में कौन-सा उपसर्ग लगा है?  
 (क) अधि (ख) अ (ग) अध (घ) अध्यक्ष
- कौन-सा शब्द 'अव' उपसर्ग लगाकर नहीं बना है?  
 (क) अवधेश (ख) अवकाश (ग) अवगुण (घ) अवनति
- 'कृत्' प्रत्ययों के योग से बने शब्दों को क्या कहते हैं?  
 (क) तद्धित (ख) कृदंत (ग) उपसर्ग (घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं
- 'जादूगर' शब्द में कौन-सा प्रत्यय लगा है?  
 (क) गर (ख) र (ग) जादू (घ) ग्र
- 'चमकीला' शब्द में प्रत्यय है -  
 (क) ला (ख) कीला (ग) इला (घ) ईला

प्र.5. निम्नलिखित सात प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं छह प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने के लिए उचित विकल्प का चयन कीजिए - (1x6=6)

- 'पक्षी' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है-  
 (क) पखेरू (ख) खग (ग) मारूत (घ) विहग
- 'भँवरा' का पर्यायवाची शब्द है-  
 (क) भृंग (ख) मीन (ग) दविज (घ) अश्म
- 'पृथ्वी' का पर्यायवाची शब्द है-  
 (क) द्रुम (ख) वसुंधरा (ग) उपल (घ) आत्मजा
- 'कनक' का सही अर्थ है -  
 (क) कान (ख) कार्य (ग) धतूरा (घ) किरण
- 'काल' का गलत अर्थ है-  
 (क) भँवरा (ख) समय (ग) मृत्यु (घ) यमराज
- 'अक्षर' का सही अर्थ है -  
 (क) सूर्य (ख) वर्ण (ग) बकरा (घ) गोद
- 'अमृत' का सही अर्थ है -  
 (क) सुधा (ख) लाल (ग) रस (घ) सोना

प्र.6. निर्देशानुसार 'लोकोक्तियों' पर आधारित पाँच बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए - (1x4=4)

- अकेला आदमी बड़ा काम नहीं कर सकता । वाक्य के लिए उपयुक्त लोकोक्ति है-  
 (i) जैसा देश वैसा भेष (ii) दूध का दूध, पानी का पानी  
 (iii) अकेला चना भाड़ नहीं फोड़ सकता (iv) इनमें से कोई नहीं
- 'अपनी-अपनी ढपली अपना-अपना राग' का अर्थ है-  
 (i) स्पष्ट और सही न्याय (ii) किसी काम से दोहरा लाभ होना  
 (iii) ज़्यादा बोलने वाले कुछ काम नहीं करते (iv) सबका भिन्न-भिन्न मत
- निम्नलिखित रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति उचित लोकोक्ति से कीजिए-  
 अब जब यह किताब बुरी तरह फट गई है तो इसके लिए कवर लेकर आए हो । .....  
 (i) का बरखा जब कृषि सुखाने (ii) जैसा देश वैसा भेष  
 (iii) अपना हाथ जगन्नाथ (iv) न रहेगा बाँस न बजेगी बाँसुरी
- कॉलम 1 कॉलम 2 के साथ सुमेलित कीजिए और सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए -

	कॉलम 1		कॉलम 2
1.	खोदा पहाड़ निकली चुहिया	(i)	ओछा आदमी बहुत दिखावा करता है ।
2.	अधजल गगरी छलकत जाए	(ii)	अधिक परिश्रम करने के बाद भी परिणाम नगण्य होना
3.	जैसा देश वैसा भेष	(iii)	देश-काल के अनुरूप स्वयं को ढालना

विकल्प -

- (क) 1 - (ii), 2 (i), 3 (iii) (ख) 1 - (i), 2 (ii), 3 (iii)  
 (ग) 1 - (iii), 2 (ii), 3 (i) (घ) 1 - (iii), 2 (i), 3 (ii)

5. 'कहाँ राजा भोज, कहाँ गंगू तेली' लोकोक्ति का सही अर्थ है -

- (i) बलशाली की ही चलती है (ii) देश-काल के अनुरूप स्वयं को ढालना  
(iii) दो असमान व्यक्तियों की तुलना (iv) प्रत्यक्ष को प्रमाण की आवश्यकता नहीं होती

प्र.7. निम्नलिखित पद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर के लिए सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त विकल्प का चयन कीजिए- (1x5=5)

हम तो केवल यह आँकते हैं  
कि एक देश की धरती  
दूसरे को सुगंध भेजती है ।  
और वह सौरभ हवा में तैरते हुए  
पक्षियों की पाँखों पर तिरता है ।  
और एक देश का भाप  
दूसरे देश में पानी  
बनकर गिरता है ।

1. उपर्युक्त पद्यांश के कवि हैं -

- (क) सूर्यकांत त्रिपाठी 'निराला' (ख) भगवतीचरण वर्मा (ग) रामधारी सिंह 'दिनकर' (घ) जया जादवानी

2. कवित्त का नाम है -

- (क) ध्वनि (ख) भगवान के डाकिए (ग) यह सबसे कठिन समय नहीं (घ) दीवानों की हस्ती

3. कवि कविता के माध्यम से क्या संदेश देना चाहता है?

- (क) अतिथि देवभवः (ख) विश्वबंधुत्व की भावना (ग) इंटरनेट का महत्त्व (घ) डाकिया का महत्त्व

4. 'आँकते' का अर्थ है -

- (क) अनुमान लगाना (ख) पढ़ना (ग) सिर्फ (घ) आकाश

5. 'सौरभ' का अर्थ है-

- (क) हवा (ख) पंख (ग) खुशबू (घ) भाप

प्र.8. निम्नलिखित पद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर के लिए सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त विकल्प का चयन कीजिए- (1x5=5)

दोषों का पर्दाफाश करना बुरी बात नहीं है । बुराई यह मालूम होती है कि किसी के आचरण के गलत पक्ष को उद्घाटित करके उसमें रस लिया जाता है और दोषोद्घाटन को एक मात्र कर्तव्य मान लिया जाता है । बुराई में रस लेना बुरी बात है, अच्छाई में उतना ही रस लेकर उजागर न करना और भी बुरी बात है । सैकड़ों घटनाएँ ऐसी घटती हैं जिन्हें उजागर करने से लोकचित्त में अच्छाई के प्रति अच्छी भावना जगती है ।

1. पाठ का नाम है -

- (क) बस की यात्रा (ख) लाख की चूड़ियाँ (ग) क्या निराश हुआ जाए (घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं

2. लेखक का नाम है -

- (क) कामतानाथ (ख) हरिशंकर परसाई (ग) प्रदीप तिवारी (घ) हजारी प्रसाद द्विवेदी

3. दोषों का पर्दाफाश करना कब बुरा रूप ले सकता है?

- (क) जब दोषों का पर्दाफाश किया जाता है  
(ख) जब किसी के आचरण के गलत पक्ष को उभार कर उसमें रस लिया जाता है  
(ग) जब किसी के सही पक्ष को उद्घाटित किया जाता है  
(घ) जग दोषी को दंड दिया जाता है

4. अच्छी घटनाएँ उजागर करने से लोकचित्त में क्या भावना जगती हैं?

- (क) बुरी (ख) धृणा (ग) अच्छी (घ) विश्वासघात

5. 'आचरण' का अर्थ है-

- (क) व्यवहार (ख) अनोखा (ग) शक (घ) क्रोध

प्र.9. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने के लिए उचित विकल्प का चयन कीजिए- (1x2=2)

1. 'जाति महत्त्वपूर्ण नहीं है, ज्ञान का महत्त्व है ।' इसके लिए कबीर ने दोहे में किसका उदाहरण दिया है -

- (क) दिया और बाती (ख) तलवार और म्यान (ग) मोती और माला (घ) घास और आँख

2. 'यह सबसे कठिन समय नहीं' कविता में कवयित्री अपना कौन-सा दृष्टिकोण प्रस्तुत कर रही हैं-

- (क) आशावादी (ख) निराशावादी (ग) स्वार्थी (घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं

प्र.10. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने के लिए उचित विकल्प का चयन कीजिए- (1x2=2)

1. लेखक पेड़ों को दुश्मन क्यों समझ रहा था?

- (क) उसे पेड़ पसंद नहीं थे  
(ख) उसे सड़क के किनारे लगे पेड़ अच्छे नहीं लगते थे  
(ग) उसे डर था कि बस पेड़ों से टकराकर दुर्घटनाग्रस्त हो सकती थी  
(घ) वह पेड़ों पर चढ़ नहीं पाता था

2. बचपन में बदलू लेखक को क्या दिया करता था?

- (क) मिट्टी के घड़े (ख) लाख की गोलियाँ (ग) लाख की चूड़ियाँ (घ) खिलौने

प्र.11. निम्नलिखित सात प्रश्नों से किन्हीं छह प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए— (1x6=6)

1. 'लाख की चूड़ियाँ' कहानी में बदलू 'वक्त' को क्या कहता था?  
(क) समय (ख) बखत (ग) वक्त (घ) वय
2. 'बस की यात्रा' कौन-सी विधा है?  
(क) कहानी (ख) कविता (ग) जीवनी (घ) व्यंग्य
3. 'लाख की चूड़ियाँ' कहानी के लेखक हैं —  
(क) हरिशंकर परसाई (ख) हजारी प्रसाद द्विवेदी (ग) कामतानाथ (घ) रामदरश मिश्र
4. 'महान आदमी' में 'महान' विशेषण के अन्तर्गत किस भेद में आता है?  
(क) संख्यावाची (ख) गुणवाचक (ग) परिमाणवाचक (घ) निजवाचक
5. कवि ने किसे भगवान के डाकिए कहा है?  
(क) पेड़ और पौधे (ख) इन्टरनेट और मोबाइल (ग) पक्षी और बादल (घ) पहाड़ और सागर
6. 'भीरू' शब्द का अर्थ होता है—  
(क) धोखा (ख) ऋषि (ग) सबूत (घ) डरपोक
7. निम्नलिखित वाक्य के संभावित परिणाम क्या हो सकते हैं?  
"इमानदारी को मूर्खता का पर्याय समझा जाने लगा है।"  
(क) भ्रष्टाचार बढ़ेगा (ख) सच्चाई बढ़ेगी (ग) लोग फलेगें फूलेगें (घ) विश्वास बढ़ेगा

खण्ड - 'ब' (वर्णनात्मक प्रश्न)

प्र.12. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 60 शब्दों में दीजिए — (4x2=8)

1. बदलू के मन में ऐसी कौन-सी व्यथा थी जो लेखक से छिपी न रह सकी।
2. लेखक ने स्वीकार किया है कि लोगों ने उन्हें भी धोखा दिया है फिर भी वह निराश नहीं है। आपे विचार से इस बात का क्या कारण हो सकता है?
3. सविनय अवज्ञा का उपयोग व्यंग्यकार ने किस रूप में किया है? लिखिए।

प्र.13. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो के उत्तर लगभग 60 शब्दों में दीजिए — (3x2=6)

1. कबीर दास निंदा करने से क्यों मना करते हैं? पढ़े हुए दोहे के आधार पर स्पष्ट कीजिए।
2. "यह सबसे कठिन समय नहीं है?" यह बताने के लिए कविता में कौन-कौन से तर्क प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं? स्पष्ट कीजिए।
3. "एक देश की धरती दूसरे देश को सुगंध भेजती है" — कथन का भाव स्पष्ट कीजिए।

प्र.14. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 60 शब्दों में दीजिए — (3x2=6)

1. मशीनीयुग में अनेक परिवर्तन आए दिन होते रहते हैं। आप अपने आस-पास से इस प्रकार के किसी परिवर्तन का उदाहरण चुनिए और उसके बारे में लिखिए।
2. "हमारे महान मनीषियों के सपनों का भारत है और रहेगा।" आपके विचार से हमारे महान विद्वानों ने किस तरह के भारत के सपने देखे थे? लिखिए।
3. अनुमान कीजिए यदि बस जीवित प्राणी होती, बोल सकती तो वह अपनी बुरी हालत और भारी बोझ के कष्ट को किन शब्दों में व्यक्त करती? लिखिए।

प्र.15. बैंक में नया खाता खुलवाने के लिए बैंक प्रबंधक को पत्र लिखिए। (5)

अथवा

अपनी बड़ी बहन के विवाह पर अपने मित्र को पत्र लिखकर निमंत्रित कीजिए।

प्र.16. निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक विषय पर संकेत-बिन्दुओं के आधार पर लगभग 100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए। (5)

1. समय का सदुपयोग  
(क) भूमिका (ख) समय के सदुपयोग की आवश्यकता  
(ग) समय के सदुपयोग का महत्त्व (घ) निष्कर्ष
2. जीतो मन को  
(क) भूमिका (ख) व्यक्तित्व निर्माण में मन की शक्ति  
(ग) मन के जीते-जीत है, मन के हारे-हार (घ) निष्कर्ष
3. भ्रष्टाचार: समस्या और निदान  
(क) भ्रष्टाचार का अर्थ (ख) भ्रष्टाचार के कारण  
(ग) भ्रष्टाचार मिटाने के उपाय (घ) निष्कर्ष

४ २ ४ २ ४ २

SSP-1

दिल्ली-पब्लिक-स्कूल, भिलाईनगरम्



अर्धवार्षिकी परीक्षा 2023-24

कक्षा - अष्टमी

विषय: - संस्कृतम्

पूर्णाङ्कः - 40

समय: - 1:30 होरा

दिनाङ्कः - 25/09/23

परीक्षार्थिनः नाम - \_\_\_\_\_ कक्षा/वर्गः - \_\_\_\_\_ अनुक्रमाङ्कः - \_\_\_\_\_

{1} अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत -

कस्मिंश्चित् वने खरनखरः नाम सिंहः प्रतिवसति स्म । सः कदाचित् इतस्ततः परिभ्रमन् क्षुधार्तः न किञ्चिदपि आहारं प्राप्तवान् । ततः सूर्यास्तसमये एकां महतीं गुहां दृष्ट्वा सः अचिन्तयत्-“नूनम् एतस्यां गुहायां रात्रौ कोऽपि जीवः आगच्छति । अतः अत्रैव निगूढो भूत्वा तिष्ठामि” इति । एतस्मिन् अन्तरे गुहायाः स्वामी दधिपुच्छः नामकः शृगालः समागच्छत् ।

I) एकपदेन उत्तरत - ( केवलं - 2 )

1 x 2 = 2

क) सिंहः कुत्र प्रतिवसति स्म ? \_\_\_\_\_ ( नगरे / वने )

ख) कीदृशः सिंहः आहारं न प्राप्तवान् ? \_\_\_\_\_ (क्षुधार्तः / कदाचित् )

ग) गुहायां कदा जीवः आगच्छति ? \_\_\_\_\_ ( रात्रौ / दिने )

II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत - ( केवलं - 1 )

1 x 1 = 1

क) महतीं गुहां दृष्ट्वा सिंहः किम् अचिन्तयत् ? \_\_\_\_\_

ख) शृगालस्य नाम किम् आसीत् ? \_\_\_\_\_

{2} कोष्ठकात् पदानि चित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत- (केवलं - 4)

1 x 4 = 4

[ पाषाणाः, सङ्गणकयन्त्रेण, विद्याफलम्, ध्येयस्मरणम्, सम्पूर्णविश्वे, सन्तः ]

क) कुत्र “डिजीटल इण्डिया” इत्यस्य चर्चा भवति ?

ख) अद्य सर्वाणि कार्याणि केन साधितानि भवन्ति ?

ग) सततं किं करणीयम् ?

घ) व्यसनिनः किं नश्यति ?

ङ) मधुरसूक्तरसं के सृजन्ति ?

च) पथि के विषमाः प्रखराः ?

{3} कोष्ठकात् चित्वा हिन्दी-शब्दानां कृते संस्कृतपदानि लिखत - (केवलं - 4)

½ x 4 = 2

( लुब्धः, कृपणः, मधुमक्षिका, तृणम्, पुच्छः, कटुकम् )

क) पूँछ \_\_\_\_\_ ख) मधुमक्खी \_\_\_\_\_ ग) तिनका \_\_\_\_\_

घ) कड़वा \_\_\_\_\_ ङ) कंजूस \_\_\_\_\_ च) लोभी \_\_\_\_\_

{4} कोष्ठकात् पदानि चित्वा रेखाङ्कितपदानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कुरुत - ( केवलं - 4 )

1 x 4 = 4

[ कुत्र, का, किमर्थम्, कस्य, कीदृशः ]

क) लुब्धस्य यशः नश्यति । \_\_\_\_\_

ख) वयम् उपचारार्थं चिकित्सालयं गच्छामः । \_\_\_\_\_

ग) विश्रामगृहेषु कक्षं सुनिश्चितं भवति । \_\_\_\_\_

घ) क्षुधार्तः सिंहः कुत्रापि आहारं न प्राप्तवान् । \_\_\_\_\_

ङ) मधुमक्षिका माधुर्यमेव जनयति । \_\_\_\_\_



{5} उचितकथनानां समक्षम् 'आम्' अनुचितकथनानां समक्षं 'न' इति लिखत - (केवलं - 2)  $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$

क) गमनं सुकरम् अस्ति | ----- ख) सदैव अग्रे एव चलनीयम् | -----

ग) निजनिकेतं गिरिशिखरे अस्ति | -----

{6} विलोमपदानि योजयत -

$\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

क	ख	उत्तराणि
पुरतः -	विरक्तिः	-----
भीतिः -	परकीयम्	-----
अनुरक्तिः -	साहसः	-----
स्वकीयम् -	पृष्ठतः	-----

{7} उचित-विभक्तिपदैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - ( केवलं - 4 )

$\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

क) रामः ----- अलम् | ( रावणाय / रावणस्य )

ख) छात्रः ----- प्रति गच्छति | ( विद्यालयस्य / विद्यालयम् )

ग) नागेशः ----- सह पठति | ( मित्रेण / मित्राणि )

घ) ----- स्वाहा | ( अग्नये / अग्निः )

ङ) अलं ----- | ( कलहात् / कलहेन )

{8} कोष्ठकात् चित्वा सङ्ख्यानां कृते संस्कृतपदानि लिखत - ( केवलं - 6 )

$\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 3$

( द्वादश, त्रयोविंशतिः, षोडश, पञ्चचत्वारिंशत्, त्रिंशत्, अष्ट, अष्टात्रिंशत् )

क) 23. ----- ख) 38. ----- ग) 45. -----

घ) 08. ----- ङ) 30. -----

च) 16. ----- छ) 12. -----

{9} कोष्ठकात् चित्वा उचित-अव्ययपदैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - ( केवलं - 6 )

$\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 3$

( अद्य, तथा, सदा, कदा, तदा, कति, च )

क) यदा सूर्यः उदेति ----- कमलं विकसति | ख) त्वं ----- पठसि ?

ग) यथा राजा ----- प्रजा | घ) ----- सत्यं वद |

ङ) ----- मम परीक्षा अस्ति | च) छात्रः छात्रा ----- लिखतः |

छ) ----- जनाः भोजनं कुर्वन्ति ?

{10} कोष्ठकात् उचितसंस्कृतपदं चित्वा लिखत - ( केवलं - 4 )

$\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

( चिकित्सकः, तन्तुवायः, शाटिका, कृषकः, रजकः )

क) धोबी ----- ख) साडी -----

ग) जुलाहा ----- घ) डॉक्टर -----

ङ) किसान -----

{11} कोष्ठकात् प्रकृति-प्रत्ययौ संयोज्य विभज्य वा लिखत -

$\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

क) छात्रः हस् + तुमुन् ----- इच्छति | ( हसितुम् / हसतुम् )

ख) बालकाः पठित्वा ----- + ----- वदन्ति | ( पठि + त्वा / पठ् + क्त्वा )

ग) बालकः खेल + क्त्वा ----- गृहं गच्छति | ( खेलत्वा / खेलित्वा )

{12} कोष्ठकात् उचितं सन्धिपदं विच्छेदपदं वा चित्वा लिखत - ( केवलं - 2 )

1 x 2 = 2

क) छात्रा पठित्वा विद्या + आलयं ----- गच्छति | ( विद्यालयस्य / विद्यालयम् )

ख) सदैव पर + उपकारः ----- कर्तव्यः | ( परोपकारः / परैपकारः )

ग) मम नाम देव + ईशः ----- अस्ति | ( देवीशः / देवेशः )

{13} उचित-शब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - ( केवलं - 8 )

½ x 8 = 4

विभक्तिः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमा	अहम्	-----	-----
द्वितीया	-----	युवाम्	युष्मान्
तृतीया	येन	याभ्याम्	-----
चतुर्थी	पित्रे	पितृभ्याम्	-----
पञ्चमी	-----	-----	लताभ्यः
षष्ठी	फलस्य	-----	फलानाम्
सप्तमी	-----	रामयोः	रामेषु
सम्बोधनम्	हे राम !	-----	हे रामाः !

{14} उचितधातुरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - ( केवलं - 8 )

½ x 8 = 4

पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमः	वदेत्	वदेताम्	-----
मध्यमः	-----	पठेतम्	-----
उत्तमः	चलेयम्	-----	चलेम
प्रथमः	-----	पिबेताम्	-----
मध्यमः	-----	-----	यच्छेत
उत्तमः	-----	पचेव	-----

{15} संस्कृते अनुवादं कुरुत - ( केवलं - 2 )

1 x 2 = 2

क) छात्र पढ़ता है | -----

ख) वे सब चलते हैं | -----

ग) मैं खेलूँगा | -----

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DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

DATE : 03.10.2023  
CLASS : VIII

MIDTERM EXAMINATION – 2023  
Subject – Mathematics

Time : 3 Hrs.  
Max. Marks : 80

**General Instructions :**

1. This question paper has 5 sections A, B, C, D and E.
2. **Section A** has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each.
3. **Section B** has 5 questions carrying 2 marks each.
4. **Section C** has 6 questions carrying 3 marks each.
5. **Section D** has 4 questions carrying 5 marks each.
6. **Section E** has Case based integrated units of assessment (4 marks each) with sub-parts of the values 1, 2 and 1 mark each respectively.
7. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 questions of 5 marks, 2 questions of 3 marks and 2 questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2 marks questions of Section E.
8. Draw neat figures wherever required. Take  $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$  wherever required if not stated.

**Section – A**

(Consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each)

(1x20=20)

01. Which of the following is the multiplicative identity for Rational numbers?  
(a) 0 (b) 1 (c) -1 (d) None of these
02. Rational numbers are closed under the operations of  
(a) Addition (b) Subtraction (c) Multiplication (d) All of these
03. In the equation  $4z + 3 = 6 + 2z$ , the value of z is  
(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 5 (d) None of these
04. How many sides does a regular polygon have if the measure of an exterior angle is  $24^\circ$ ?  
(a) 15 (b) 10 (c) 20 (d) None of these
05. In which of the following figure, diagonals are equal:  
(a) Rectangle (b) Rhombus (c) Trapezium (d) Kite
06. The maximum number of obtuse angles that a quadrilateral can have is:  
(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4
07. What is the measure of each exterior angle of a regular polygon of 9 sides  
(a)  $20^\circ$  (b)  $40^\circ$  (c)  $60^\circ$  (d) None of these
08. When a dice is thrown, find the probability of getting a number not greater than 5.  
(a)  $\frac{1}{6}$  (b)  $\frac{3}{6}$  (c)  $\frac{5}{6}$  (d) None of these
09. If you have a spinning wheel with 3 green sectors, 1 blue sector and 1 red sector, what is the probability of getting a non-blue sector.  
(a)  $\frac{1}{5}$  (b)  $\frac{3}{5}$  (c)  $\frac{4}{5}$  (d) None of these
10. Numbers 1 to 10 are written on ten separate slips kept in a box and mixed well. What is the probability of getting a number greater than 6?  
(a)  $\frac{1}{5}$  (b)  $\frac{2}{5}$  (c)  $\frac{4}{5}$  (d) None of these
11. What will be the unit digit of the Square of 799?  
(a) 1 (b) 3 (c) 9 (d) None of these
12. How many numbers lie between the squares of 99 and 100?  
(a) 100 (b) 198 (c) 200 (d) None of these
13. Which of the following number is not a perfect cube?  
(a) 216 (b) 128 (c) 1000 (d) 729
14. The smallest number by which 192 must be divided to obtain a perfect cube is  
(a) 3 (b) 6 (c) 9 (d) None of these
15. The cube root of 8000 is  
(a) 20 (b) 200 (c) 2000 (d) 4000
16. The ratio of 5 m to 20 km is  
(a) 1 : 2000 (b) 1 : 4 (c) 1 : 4000 (d) 4000 : 1
17. The ratio 2 : 3 when converted into percentage is:  
(a) 20 (b) 40 (c) 60 (d) None of these
18. An item marked at Rs 840 is sold for Rs 714. What is the discount percent?  
(a) 5% (b) 10% (c) 15% (d) None of these

**Direction :** In the questions 19 and 20, a statement of Assertion (A) is followed by a statement of Reason (R). Choose the correct option.

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

19. **Assertion (A) :** One angle of a parallelogram is a right angle. The name of the quadrilateral is rectangle.  
**Reason (R) :** A rectangle is a quadrilateral with four right angles.

20. **Assertion (A) :** The simple interest for Rs 500 at the rate of 5% is Rs 100 for a time period 2 years.  
**Reason (R) :** Interest Rate =  $(S.I \times 100) / (\text{Principal} \times \text{Time})$ .

**Section – B**

**(Consists of 5 questions of 2 marks each)**

**(2x5=10)**

21. Subtract  $\frac{2}{3}$  from  $\frac{5}{4}$ .

22. Solve the equation and check your result  $8x + 4 = 3(x - 1) + 7$

**OR**

Solve the equation :  $5x + \frac{7}{2} = \frac{3}{2}x - 14$

23. A group of 360 people were asked to vote for their favourite season from the 3 seasons:

- (i) Which season got the most votes?
- (ii) Find the central angle of each season.

Season	No. of Votes
Summer	90
Rainy	120
Winter	150

24. Find the smallest number by which 675 must be multiplied to obtain a perfect cube.

25. I purchased a hair-dryer for Rs 5,400 including 8% VAT. Find the price before VAT was added.

**OR**

The price of a TV is Rs 13,000. The Sales tax charged on it is at the rate of 12%. Find the amount Vimla will have to pay if she buys it.

**Section – C**

**(Consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each)**

**(3x6=18)**

26. Find using distributive property  $\left\{ \frac{9}{16} \times \frac{4}{12} \right\} + \left\{ \frac{9}{16} \times \frac{-3}{9} \right\}$

27. Solve the linear equation  $\frac{3t-2}{4} - \frac{2t+3}{3} = \frac{2}{3} - t$

28. In a parallelogram RING if  $m\angle R = 70^\circ$ . Find all the other angles.



**OR**

(a) Two adjacent angles of a parallelogram have equal measure. Find the measure of each of the angles of the parallelogram.

(b) Can a quadrilateral ABCD be a parallelogram if  $\angle A = 70^\circ$  and  $\angle C = 65^\circ$ . Give reasons.

29. The number of students in a hostel speaking different languages is given below. Display the data in a Pie-Chart.

Language	Hindi	English	Marathi	Tamil	Bengali	Total
No. of Students	40	12	9	7	4	72

30. Find the square root of 9604 by Prime factorisation method.

31. Find compound interest on Rs 12,600 for 2 years at 10% p.a. compounded annually.

**OR**

The population of a place increased to 54,000 in 2003 at a rate of 5% p.a.

- (i) Find the population in 2001.
- (ii) What would be its population in 2005?

**Section – D**

**(Consists of 4 questions of 5 marks each)**

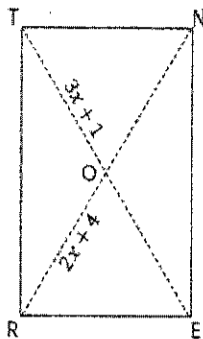
**(5x4=20)**

32. Find the value of  $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{7} - \frac{1}{14} - \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{3}{5}$

33. Identify any two quadrilaterals that have  
 (a) Four sides of equal length.  
 (b) Four right angles.  
 (c) Diagonals of equal length.

**OR**

- (a) The measures of 2 adjacent angles of a parallelogram are in the ratio 3:2. Find the measure of each of the angles of the parallelogram.  
 (b) RENT is a rectangle. Its diagonals meet at O.  
 Find  $x$  if  $OR = (2x + 4)$  and  $OT = (3x + 1)$



34. Find the least number that must be subtracted from 5607 to get a Perfect Square. Also find the square root of the perfect square.

**OR**

In a right triangle ABC,  $\angle B = 90^\circ$

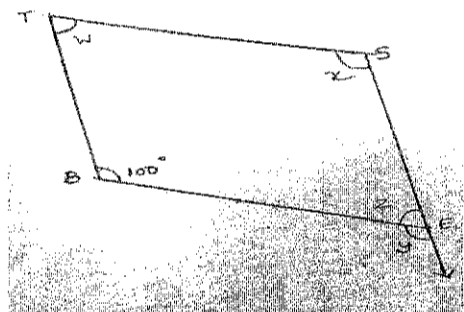
- (a) If  $AB=6$  cm,  $BC=8$  cm, find AC.  
 (b) If  $AC=13$  cm,  $BC = 5$  cm, find AB.
35. Find the cube root of the below numbers by prime factorisation method.  
 (i) 15625      (ii) 175616

**Section – E**

**(Consists of 3 Case Study based questions of 4 marks each)**

**(4x3=12)**

36. Sagar recently bought a plot of land which is in the shape of a parallelogram. He named his plot as BEST. Before constructing a house he wanted to dig a well and plant some trees in the corners. He marked them as  $w, x, y$  and  $z$  as shown in the figure.  
 (i) He wants to plant a Mango tree at  $x$ , what is its angle?  
 (ii) What is the measure of  $y$ , where he erects a light pole.



(1+2+1)

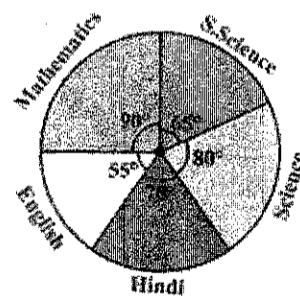
**OR**

What is the measure of  $z$ , where he wanted to plant a Neem tree?

- (iii) He wants to dig a well at  $w$ . What is its angle?

37. The first terminal exams came to an end. Marks scored by Anmol in different subjects like Hindi, English, Mathematics, Social Science and Science are shown in a Pie-Chart.  
 If the total marks were 540, answer the following questions:

- (i) In which subject did he score 105 marks?  
 (ii) How many more marks were obtained by Anmol in Mathematics than in Hindi?



(1+2+1)

**OR**

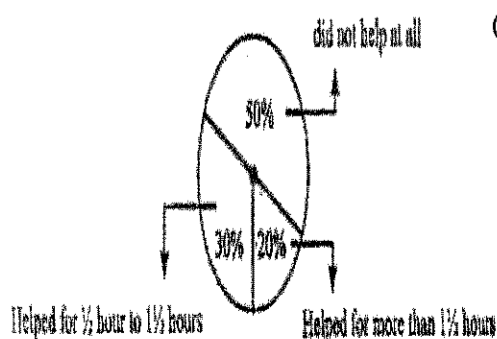
Check whether the sum of the marks obtained in Social Science and Mathematics is more than that in Science and Hindi.

- (iii) In which subject did he score 135 marks?

38. In St. Ann's School, the parents were asked about the number of hours they spend per day in helping their children to do Homework. There were 90 parents who helped for  $\frac{1}{2}$  hour to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  hours. The distribution of parents according to the time for which they said they helped is given in the figure. 20% helped for more than  $1\frac{1}{2}$  hours per day. 30% helped for  $\frac{1}{2}$  hour to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  hours and 50% did not help at all.

Using this answer the following:

- (i) How many parents were surveyed?  
 (ii) How many said that they did not help?



(1+2+1)

**OR**

How many parents helped their children?

- (iii) How many said that they helped for more than  $1\frac{1}{2}$  hours?



# DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 29.09.2023

MIDTERM EXAMINATION - 2023

Time : 3 Hrs.

Class : VIII

Subject : Science

Max. Marks : 80

## General Instructions:

- (a) This question paper consists of 39 questions in 5 sections.
- (b) All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.
- (c) **Section A** consists of 20 objective type questions carrying 1 mark each. Student have to write both correct option and answer.
- (d) **Section B** consists of 6 Very Short questions carrying 02 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 30 to 50 words.
- (e) **Section C** consists of 7 Short Answer type questions carrying 03 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 50 to 80 words.
- (f) **Section D** consists of 3 Long Answer type questions carrying 05 marks each. Answer to these questions should be in the range of 80 to 120 words.
- (g) **Section E** consists of 3 source-based/case-based units of assessment of 04 marks each with sub-parts.
- (h) **Question No. 17 to 20 are Assertion (A) Reason (R) type questions. Choose the correct option from the following :**
- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

- Q.1 The first antibiotic called penicillin was extracted from -- (1)  
(a) a bacterium (b) a protozoan (c) a fungus (d) an algae
- Q.2 Which of the following disease is not caused by bacteria? (1)  
(a) cholera (b) typhoid (c) measles (d) tuberculosis
- Q.3 Which of the following disease is not caused by virus? (1)  
(a) cholera (b) measles (c) polio (d) smallpox
- Q.4 In agriculture broadcasting is used for- (1)  
(a) Ploughing the field (b) rotating the crops  
(c) removing the weeds (d) sowing the seeds
- Q.5 Which of the following can not be provided by a chemical fertiliser to the soil- (1)  
(a) nitrogen (b) humus (c) potassium (d) phosphorus
- Q.6 The Government agency responsible for purchasing grains from the farmers, safe storage and distribution is- (1)  
(a) CBI (b) FBI (c) FCI (d) FDI
- Q.7 Which of the following is not used in matchsticks these days? (1)  
(a) Potassium chlorate (b) red phosphorus (c) antimony trisulphide (d) white phosphorus
- Q.8 Which of the following is main cause of global warming? (1)  
(a) carbon dioxide (b) sulphur dioxide (c) nitrogen (d) ozone
- Q.9 What is necessary for combustion to take place? (1)  
(a) Combustible material (b) air (c) attainment of ignition temperature (d) all of these.
- Q.10 Which one is not an example of inexhaustible natural resource? (1)  
(a) sunlight (b) air (c) water (d) natural gas
- Q.11 Which one of the following can be prepared in a laboratory? (1)  
(a) Hydrogen gas (b) coal (c) natural gas (d) petroleum
- Q.12 Coal gas was used for street lighting for the first time in -- (1)  
(a) India (b) London (c) America (d) Australia

- Q.13 Which of the following is not related with Pachmarhi biosphere reserve? (1)  
(a) Bori Sanctuary (b) Satpura national park (c) Tawa Reservoir (d) Bharatpur sanctuary
- Q.14 Which of the following is the cause of Deforestation? (1)  
(a) Procuring land for cultivation (b) Building houses and factories  
(c) making furnitures (d) all of these
- Q.15 The Production of an exact copy of an animal by asexual reproduction is known as – (1)  
(a) Budding (b) mating (c) cloning (d) none of these
- Q.16 An animal which lays egg of largest size is- (1)  
(a) Hen (b) Crane (c) Ostrich (d) None of these
- Q.17 **Assertion (A)** : Grains are usually dried before storage. (1)  
**Reason (R)** : Without drying grains may get spoiled.
- Q.18 **Assertion (A)** : Ignition temperature is the lowest temperature at which a substance catches fire. (1)  
**Reason (R)** : Inflammable substances have very high ignition temperature.
- Q.19 **Assertion (A)** : Biodiversity refers to the variety of living organism in a specific area. (1)  
**Reason (R)** : Sanctuary is the Areas where animals are protected from any disturbance to them and their habitat.
- Q.20 **Assertion (A)** : Amoeba reproduces by method of asexual reproduction called budding. (1)  
**Reason (R)** : The transformation of the larva into adult through drastic changes is called metamorphosis.
- Q.21 Define (a) Agricultural Practices (b) Animal husbandary (2)  
**OR**  
What are the advantages of adding manure to the soil ( two points).
- Q.22 What are antibiotics ? Name any two antibiotics. (2)  
**OR**  
What precaution we must take while taking antibiotics ?
- Q.23 Write a short note on (a) Coke (b) Coal tar (2)
- Q.24 What is found in the rock shelters of Pachmarhi Biosphere Reserve? (2)
- Q.25 What will happen if the top layer of soil is exposed? (2)
- Q.26 What do you mean by viviparous and oviparous animals? Also give examples. (2)
- Q.27 What is crop rotation ? Why is it so important? (3)
- Q.28 (a)What is Pasteurisation ? Who discovered it ? (3)  
(b) What do you mean by vaccination?
- Q.29 PCRA stands for what ? Write four tips advised by PCRA to conserve petrol and diesel? (3)
- Q.30 Explain the process of formation of coal. (3)  
**OR**  
Write one use of each of the following petroleum products (i) Paraffin wax (ii) Kerosene  
(iii) Bitumin (iv) Diesel (v) Lubricating oil (vi) LPG
- Q.31 Draw well labelled diagram of different Zones of candle flame. (3)
- Q.32 In an Experiment 7 Kg of fuel LPG is burnt completely. Calculate the total heat produced by the LPG if its calorific value is given to be 55000 KJ/Kg. (3)
- Q.33 Why should paper be saved? Make a list of the ways by which you can save papers. (3)
- Q.34 (a) What do you mean by food preservatives ? (5)  
(b) Name the two food materials in each case which are preserved by using the following preservatives –  
(i) sodium metabisulphite (ii) common salt (iii) sugar (iv) oil and vinegar.
- OR**  
What do you mean by Nitrogen Cycle ? Draw neat and labelled **Block Diagram** for Nitrogen Cycle.

- Q.35 (a) What are the different types of combustion ? Explain each with an example. (5)  
(b) Write Characteristics of an ideal fuel (any four points).

**OR**

Describe an activity to show that air is necessary for combustion under the given heads:

- (i) Material required (ii) procedure (iii) observation and (iv) conclusion (v) diagram.

- Q.36 (a) How is Test Tube Baby born. Name and describe the technique used for the test tube babies. (5)  
(b) Do all the released eggs and sperm fertilize in external fertilisation ? If not then why?  
(c) Draw diagram to show fusion of the egg and the sperm in fertilisation process.

**OR**

- (i) What is asexual reproduction ? Give one example of asexual reproduction in animals.  
(ii) Describe asexual reproduction in case of Hydra.  
(iii) Draw diagram of reproduction in Hydra in three stages.

- Q.37. Read the following paragraph carefully and answer the questions based on in:** (1+1+2=4)

Boojho and Paheli met with a farmer in their locality who told them that all the crop plants need water for their growth. The crop plants need water from the soil. The amount of water in the soil is not constant throughout the year. The farmer also explained as water from the soil is lost constantly by evaporation and percolation to lower depth of the ground. It is therefore, necessary to supply water to the crop plants in the fields, periodically, what will happen if we stop watering the plants? Asked Boojho. If we stop watering plant for a considerable time the plants become pale, wilt and ultimately die. Water is absorbed by the roots of the plants, the farmer replied. Alongwith water, minerals and fertilisers are also absorbed by the crop plants.

- (i) What are the two modern methods of irrigation ?  
(ii) How is water lost in the soil constantly?  
(iii) What changes we may see in the plants if we stop watering plants for long?

**OR**

- (iii) Why is irrigation necessary ? Write any two points.

- Q.38 Read the following paragraph carefully and answer the questions based on in:** (1+1+2=4)

Children while visiting the the Biosphere reserve area with Professor Ahmad and Madhav Ji, came to know that extinct species are those which have died out completely. The extinct species may be of animals or plants. Some of the examples of extinct species of animals are Dinosaur, Dodo Cave Lion and Irish deer etc. Children also knew from Red Data Book that endangered species are animals and plants which are on the verge of vanishing from the earth, they exist in small numbers on the earth, so they might face extinction soon. Madhav ji further explained to the children that the survival of some wild animals is becoming more and more difficult day by day because of the destruction of their natural habitats.

- (i) What do you mean by Extinct species?  
(ii) Give two examples of extinct animals.  
(iii) What does Red Data Book contain? What is its use?

**OR**

- (iii) What do you mean by Biosphere reserve?

- Q.39 Read the following paragraph carefully and answer the questions based on in:** (1+1+2=4)

The Science teacher while explaining sexual reproduction in the class, told that the sex cell of one parent (male) fuses with sex cell of the other parent (female) to form a new cell called 'zygote'. She further told that in this kind of reproduction two parents i.e. male and female are needed to produce a new organism. She also taught the students that the human, fish, frogs, cats and dogs, all reproduce by method of sexual reproduction.

- (i) Name male and female gametes that take part in fertilisation.  
(ii) What do you mean by zygote?  
(iii) Write two differences between embryo and foetus.

**OR**

- (iii) What is sexual reproduction? Give two examples of animals which reproduce by this method.





# DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 22.09.2023

MIDTERM EXAMINATION - 2023

Time : 3 Hrs.

Class : VIII

Subject : Social Science

Max. Marks : 80

## General Instructions :

- (1) The question paper comprises six sections – A, B, C, D, E and F. There are 37 questions in the Question Paper. All questions are compulsory.
- (2) Section – A – Questions (1 – 20) are MCQs of 1 mark each.
- (3) Section – B – Question nos. 21 to 26 are very short Answer Type Question, carrying 2 marks each.
- (4) Section – C – Question no. 27 to 31 are short answer type questions, carrying 3 marks each.
- (5) Section – D – Question no. 32 to 33 are Case Based questions with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each.
- (6) Section – E – Question no. 34 to 36 are very long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each.
- (7) Section – F – Question no. 37 (a) and 37 (b) are diagram and map based questions, carrying 5 marks each.
- (8) Internal choices have been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.

## Section : A (MCQ)

01. Rani Avantibai Lodhi who bravely fought the British was the queen of .....  
(a) Kittoor (b) Jhansi (c) Ramgarh (d) Bareilly (1)
02. Tipu Sultan died defending his capital in the Battle of .....  
(a) Talikota (b) Tarain (c) Pollilur (d) Seringapatam (1)
03. James Mill in his book – A History of British India, divided the Indian History into .....  
(a) Hindu, Muslim and Christian (b) Hindu, Muslim and European  
(c) Hindu, Muslim and British (d) None of these (1)
04. According to Birsa Munda, the Mundas were suffering because of .....  
(a) Land policies of the British  
(b) Exploitation by landlords and money lenders.  
(c) Ruining and criticism of their traditional culture by missionaries.  
(d) All of these. (1)
05. The Champaran Movement was against .....  
(a) Indigo Cultivators (b) Indigo Planters (c) Rajas and Taluqdars (d) None of these (1)
06. Which one of the following does not make substance a resource?  
(a) Utility (b) Value (c) Worth (d) Quantity (1)
07. Living beings are inter-related and interdependent on each other for survival. This life supporting system is known as .....  
(a) Biosphere (b) Ecosystem (c) Food Chain (d) Conservation (1)
08. Mosses and Lichens are found in .....  
(a) Desert Vegetation (b) Taiga Vegetation (c) Tundra Vegetation (d) None of these (1)
09. Which one of the following is a human made resource?  
(a) Medicines to treat cancer (b) Spring water (c) Tropical forests (d) None of these (1)
10. Which of the following birds is a scavenger and considered a vital cleanser of the environment?  
(a) Vulture (b) Parrot (c) Sparrow (d) None of these (1)
11. Which of the following organs is responsible for implementing laws and running the government?  
(a) The Executive (b) The Judiciary (c) The Legislature (d) None of these (1)
12. How many nominated members are there in the Rajya Sabha?  
(a) 10 (b) 2 (c) 12 (d) 8 (1)
13. In which of the following countries were the Jews persecuted and killed in large number?  
(a) Germany (b) Israel (c) India (d) Pakistan (1)
14. The leader of the ruling party in the Lok Sabha is the .....  
(a) Prime Minister (b) Vice President (c) Speaker (d) None of these (1)
15. Aurangzeb was the last Mughal Ruler. (True/False) (1)
16. The government school in India can promote any one religion either in their morning prayers or through religions celebrations. (True/False) (1)
17. Water availability per person in India is declining. (True/False) (1)
18. Reason (R) : The East India company annexed Jhansi by applying the Doctrine of lapse.  
Assertion (A) : As per the Doctrine of Lapse, if an Indian ruler died without a natural male heir, his kingdom would “lapse” and become a part of the company territory. (1)  
(a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).  
(b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).  
(c) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.  
(d) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason is true.

**Assertion (A) :** There are nine fundamental Rights in the Indian Constitution.

**Reason (R) :** The fundamental Rights are also referred to as the conscience of the Indian Constitution. (1)

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason is true.

20. **Assertion (A) :** Land is one among the most important natural resources. (1)

**Reason (R) :** The land covers about seventy per cent of the total area of the earth's surface. (1)

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason is true.

**Section : B (Very Short Answer Type Questions)**

- 21. What is colonization? (2)
- 22. What were the two problems that arose with the Munro system of fixing revenue? (2)
- 23. What is secularism? (2)
- 24. Why does a democratic country need a Constitution? (Any two reasons). (2)
- 25. What is weathering ? (2)
- 26. What is sustainable development? (2)

**Section : C (Short Answer Type Questions)**

- 27. What attracted the European trading companies to India? (3)  
**OR**
- 28. In what ways was the administration of the company different from the Indian rulers? (3)
- 29. What was Birsa's vision of a golden age? (3)
- 29. Name all the Fundamental Rights given in the Indian Constitution. (3)  
**OR**
- 30. What are the three levels of government in India? (3)
- 31. Describe the composition of the Lok Sabha in India. (3)
- 31. Describe any three methods of Soil Conservation. (3)

**Section : D (Case Based Questions)**

- 32. Read the source given below and answer the questions that follow :  
The life of tribal groups was directly connected to the forest. So changes in forest laws had a considerable effect on tribal lives. The British extended their control over all forests and declared that forests were state property. Some forests were classified as Reserved forests for they produced timber which the British wanted. In these forests people were not allowed to move freely, practice Jhum cultivation, collect fruits, or hunt animals. How were jhum cultivators to survive in such a situation? Many were therefore forced to move to other areas in search to work and livelihood. (1)
  - (1) Which forests were classified as Reserved forests? (1)
  - (2) What type of cultivation was practiced by the tribal groups in the forests? (2)
  - (3) What was the importance of forests in the life of tribal groups? (2)
- 33. Read the source given below and answer the questions that follow :  
The Rajya Sabha functions primarily as the representative of the states of India in the Parliament. The Rajya Sabha can also initiate legislation and a bill is required to pass through the Rajya Sabha to become a law. It, therefore, has an important role of reviewing and altering the laws initiated by the Lok Sabha. The members of the Rajya Sabha are elected by the elected members of the legislative Assemblies of various states. (1)
  - 33 (1) Which House of the Parliament represents the state of India? (1)
  - 33 (2) How are the members of the Rajya Sabha elected? (2)
  - 33 (3) What is the importance of Rajya Sabha in Parliament? (2)

**Section : E (Long Answer type Questions)**

- 34. In what ways did the British change their policies as a result of the rebellion of 1857? (5)  
**OR**
- 35. What impact did Bahadur Shah Zafar's support to the rebellion have on the people and ruling families? (5)
- 35. Write any five principles of Sustainable Development. (5)  
**OR**
- 36. Why are resources distributed unequally over the earth? Write any three differences between Renewable Resources and Non-Renewable resources. (2+3)
- 36. What is Question Hour? How does the Parliament control the executive through it? (2+3)

**Section : F (Diagram/Map based question)**

- 37 (a) Make a diagram (flow chart) of factors affecting the soil formation. (5)
- (b) Locate any five places on the political map of India. (1x5)
  - (1) Meerut (2) Jhansi (3) Malabar Coast
  - (4) Coromandel (5) Madras (6) Plassey



# DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 15.09.2023

MIDTERM EXAMINATION - 2023

Time : 1 ½ Hrs.

Class : VIII

Subject : Information and Communication Technology

Max. Marks : 50

**A. Multiple Choice Questions:**

(1x10=10)

- (i) Describe a computer that is connected to a network.  
(a) Unit (b) Node (c) Attachment (d) Device
- (ii) It can convert the digital signal into Analog Signal and Vice Versa.  
(a) Hub (b) Router (c) Modem (d) Can Card
- (iii) Which of the following is the link that associated a field in one table with the same field in another table?  
(a) Structure (b) Binding (c) Relationship (d) Printing
- (iv) Which feature in Libre Office allows us to retrieve data from a table?  
(a) Form (b) Report (c) Query (d) None of these
- (v) Which of the following is an organized way of creating, editing and displaying data from the table?  
(a) Report (b) Query (c) Form (d) Table
- (vi) Which of the following is not a data type in Libre Office base?  
(a) OLE (b) Number (c) Text (d) Yes/No
- (vii) Which of the following key is used to specify a unique field in a table?  
(a) Primary key (b) Secondary key (c) Composite key (d) None of these
- (viii) Which of the following is a looping statement in Python?  
(a) If statement (b) For statement (c) Input Statement (d) Bank Statement
- (ix) Which of the following is an in-built function in Python?  
(a) If (b) If-else (c) If-else-elif (d) All of these
- (ix) Which of the following is an in-built function in Python?  
(a) Print (b) Multiplication (c) Statement (d) Addition

**B. Fill in the blank:**

(1x5=05)

- (i) The ..... loop never end.
- (ii) In Python the non zero value is interpreted as .....
- (iii) ..... is a protocol used to send e-mail messages over the internet.
- (iv) After creating the query we need to run the query by clicking on the ..... Run query.
- (v) ..... is an expansion card which is used to provide the network access to a computer.

**C. State True/False:**

(1x5=05)

- (i) In Bus topology all the nodes are connected to a single common path.
- (ii) A server is also called as host computer.
- (iii) There is two types of data base.
- (iv) Design view is used to change the appearance of the form.
- (v) You can run the query at once.

**D. Answer the following questions:**

- (i) Write the use of report feature of Libre office base. (2)
- (ii) Why do we need a form in Libre office base? (2)
- (iii) What is a flat file data base? (2)
- (iv) Write the syntax of for loop. (2)
- (v) Draw the flow chart of the nested if statement. (3)
- (vi) Name various components needed for a computer network. (3)
- (vii) What are the advantages of DBMS ? (3)
- (viii) What is Primary key and why it is necessary for a table? (3)
- (ix) Write short notes of the following : (5)
  - (a) Primary key (b) Report
  - (c) Query (d) Form
  - (e) Database
- (x) Define the following terms : (5)
  - (a) LAN (b) MAN
  - (c) Protocol (d) Client
  - (e) Server



**DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI**

**Date : 12.09.2023**  
**Class : VIII**

**FIRST TERMINAL EXAMINATION - 2023**  
**Subject : General Knowledge**

**Time : 50 Minutes**  
**Max. Marks : 50**

Name of the student: \_\_\_\_\_ Class/Sec. \_\_\_\_\_ Roll No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Invigilator's Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Marks obtained : \_\_\_\_\_/50

**General Instructions :**

- All the questions are compulsory.
- There are 50 questions of 1 mark each.

**Q.01 Answer the following questions :**

**(1x10=10)**

- (a) A bird that does not migrate is known as .....
- (b) This bird covers the largest migration route. It flies from the Arctic to the Antarctic, yearly.  
The bird is .....
- (c) Name India's oldest railway station .....
- (d) Which station in India has World's Longest railway platform (1.35 km. long)? .....
- (e) Name the first Woman President of India. ....
- (f) This artist creates three dimensional sculptures by cutting and folding a single sheet of paper. The Remains of cut and folded paper appear as the shadow of the formed structure. Name the artist .....
- (g) The wax statue of Mahatma Gandhi ji is in this world famous museum.  
Name the museum.....
- (h) Name the place where Indian Laws are made .....
- (i) Name the person who knows many languages .....
- (j) A person who holds a post without a salary is known as .....

**02. Answer the following questions :**

**(1x10=10)**

- (a) What is the term used for a migrating bird that is just passing through? .....
- (b) Name India's highest railway station .....
- (c) The Italian artist makes beautiful portraits of famous people (like Dalai Lama, Steve Jobs) on human fingers. Name the artist .....
- (d) It is the line which joins places that have the same atmospheric pressure .....
- (e) The line that joins places which have the same amount of sunlight, is known as .....
- (f) He was an American astronaut who performed the longest spacewalk (8 hours 56 min. long) who is he ? .....
- (g) Name the line which joins places that have same mean annual or monthly temperature. ....
- (h) Which letter is 7<sup>th</sup> to the left of 'Z' and 3<sup>rd</sup> to the right of 'P'? .....
- (i) If five vowels are omitted from the English alphabet which should be the eleventh letter from the beginning? .....
- (j) Who is known as the 'Nightingale of India'? .....

- 03. Name the inventors of the following inventions :** **(1x5=5)**
- (a) Electric motor .....
- (b) Pet bottle .....
- (c) Microwave oven .....
- (d) Pinhole camera .....
- (e) Mobile phone .....

**04. Match the following :** **(1x5=5)**

Column A	Column B	Correct Answer
(a) Bond Street	(a) Movie with a dyslexic kid	.....
(b) Long Off	(b) Leo Tolstoy	.....
(c) Heliotherapy	(c) London (UK)	.....
(d) Taare Zameen Per	(d) A fielding position in cricket	.....
(e) War and Peace	(e) The Sunlight therapy	.....

- 05. Fill in the blanks :** **(1x10=10)**
- (a) He was the first explorer to reach the South Pole. He is also one of the first persons to reach/cross the Arctic Ocean by air. He is .....
- (b) At one time it was regarded as one of the most controversial buildings in Prague. It is .....
- (c) ..... Known as the 'Ice Woman', she was the first woman to fly over the North Pole.
- (d) The quote "The Child is father of the man" was said by .....
- (e) Rodeo Drive is a famous shopping street in .....
- (f) "Arms and the man" is written by .....
- (g) ..... was the first woman to win the Nobel Prize.
- (h) The Agra Fort was built with red stone by .....
- (i) ..... is a movie of a deaf boy making it to the Indian Cricket team with the help of his coach.
- (j) Sun rays improve liver functioning being effective in treating ..... (disease).

- 06.**
- (a) Name the fairy tale inspired building in Sopot, Poland ..... **(1)**
- (b) Who said "Our Sweetest songs are those that tell of saddest thoughts"? **(1)**
- (c) This beautiful tree has become endangered. It is found only in Mauritius. .... **(1)**
- (d) "Jaisalmer Fort" was built in 1156 CE by a Bhati Rajput ruler, named ..... **(1)**
- (e) ..... The 'People's President' is also known as the 'Missile Man of India'. **(1)**

- 07. Current affairs :** **(1x5=5)**
- (a) Who was crowned Femina Miss India 2023? .....
- (b) Who won the T20 international series in West Indies played between India and W.I.? .....
- (c) Name the present Union Minister of Defence.
- (d) Who is the Health, Family Welfare and Medical Education Minister of Chhattigarh state? .....
- (e) When was Chandrayaan-3 launched by ISRO ? .....