



GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- Read the instructions carefully before answering the questions.
- Attempt all the questions in each section before going to the next section.
- All the answers must be correctly numbered and written neatly.
- Do not copy the questions.
- For multiple choice questions, option numbers should clearly be specified along with the answers.
- The paper consists of 4 sections
 - Section A - Reading: 16 marks
 - Section B - Writing: 18 marks
 - Section C - Grammar: 16 marks
 - Section D - Literature: 30 marks.

SECTION - A [READING] 16 MARKS

A-1. Read the following passages carefully and answer the questions that follow: (8)

ART OF LISTENING *sleeps*

1. We all need to sleep, even though no one knows why. There are no guidelines for how much sleep is required but an average adult sleeps for about seven hours and twenty minutes. About eight percent of adults are happy with five hours or less of sleep and four percent want ten hours or more of it. Babies need between fourteen to eighteen hours, on the contrary the elderly people need less than they did when young but often take a nap during the day.

2. Everyone at some time has difficulty in sleeping but if you miss a couple of hours of sleep, no harm is done. You may feel tired and irritable the next day but the body soon makes up for the loss. However, if you try to stay awake night after night, you soon begin to behave strangely. You lose the ability to concentrate and your judgement is impaired. You begin to imagine strange things and your behaviour becomes abnormal.

3. A lot of people have serious problems related to sleep. Some people find that they cannot sleep easily. Some wakeup in the middle of the night or too early in the morning. There are a number of causes responsible for this, out of them depression and worry are the most common. The major environmental factors which affect sleep are noise, light, heat and cold. Pain during an illness can also keep people awake. Most of us accept temporary sleeplessness without seeking help but one and a half million people in Britain take drugs to help them sleep. Many people become addicted to their sleeping pills but these pills do not deal with the cause of insomnia and it is better to avoid them if you can. It is more preferable to identify and eliminate the problem.

- A-1. (a) According to the passage why do we need to sleep? (1)
- (b) How long does an average adult sleep for? (1)
- (c) What happens if you stay awake night-after-night? (Write any two effects) (1)
- (d) What happens if you miss a couple of hours of sleep? (1)
- (e) Choose the factors that affect sleep - (1)
- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| (i) relations | (ii) friends |
| (iii) noise, light, heat and cold | (iv) work |
- (f) In Britain what do some people consume to help them sleep? (1)
- | | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| (i) tea | (ii) milk |
| (iii) drugs | (iv) chocolates |

Contd... 2

- (g) Find a word in the passage which means the same as 'sleeplessness' (para-3)? (1)
 (h) Find a word in a passage which is the opposite of 'gain'. (para-2) (1)

A-2 Read the poem carefully and answer the following questions:

Books

1. Books are not a lie but true,
 they give you knowledge
 of honesty and cruelty.
 2. They tell you about history,
 In which there is always a mystery.)
2. They can make your career,
 which will not lead to any failure.
 They give you a right way and never say to go away!
 They are the oceans of wisdom,
 3. (which will make you one day the master of kingdom.)
3. Knowledge is big, like the sky,
 which always goes high and high.
 4. (So books always lead to a right way,
 and will never take you on a wrong way.)
 'Coz they are your true friends.

- (a) What do books provide us? 1
 (b) In the poem in which subject there is always a mystery? 1
 (c) What will the books make you one day? 1
 (d) Where do books lead us to? 1
 (e) Books are the vast oceans of- 1
 (i) evil (ii) wisdom (iii) wrong deeds (iv) cruelty 1
 (f) Books are our _____ 1
 (i) true enemies (ii) false enemies (iii) true friends (iv) false friends
 (g) Find out a word from the poem which means 'to guide' (stanza-3) 1
 (h) Find out a word from the poem which is opposite of foolishness (stanza-2) 1

SECTION - B [WRITING] - 18 MARKS

B-1. You are Smriti. You receive a phone call from your mother's friend, Mrs. Rakhi, in her absence and had the following conversation with the speaker. Write a message, for your mother as you have to go for your tuitions. Put the message in a box. Write the message within 50 words using the information given below. Do not add any new information. (5)

Mrs. Rakhi - Hello! Is this 25258654?

Smriti - Yes, may I know who's calling?

Mrs. Rakhi - I am Mrs. Rakhi. Can I talk to Devika?

Smriti - I am afraid, mother is not at home. Do you have any message for her?

Mrs. Rakhi - Yes, please tell her that the party fixed for tomorrow i.e., 17th September has been postponed.

Smriti - It has been postponed?

Mrs. Rakhi - That's right. Also tell her that I shall let her know as and when the next date for the party is fixed.

Smriti - Ok aunty, I will tell her.

B-2. You received the First Prize in the Intersection Debate Competition held in your school, from the Principal, in the morning assembly. Make a diary entry in about 100 words expressing your happiness while sharing your achievement with your family and friends. (5)

B-3. You are Amit/Amita living at 42, Nehru Nagar, Delhi. Write a letter to your friend telling him/her about your interests and hobbies using the inputs given below in about (150-200 words) (8)

Contd... 3

I am an active person – with many hobbies and interests – fond of listening to light music – got a wonderful collection of CD's at home – pleasure to enjoy different musical compositions – wish to go to music school – busy with my studies – still like to spend some time with friends – go to the park – have fun playing basketball – good for health too – often play for the school team – how about you.

OR

Develop a short story from the given outline in about 150-200 words.

A crow finds a piece of cheese..... flies to a tree..... a hungry fox sees the crow..... thinks of a game..... praises him..... requests him to sing..... the crow very pleased..... open its beak..... the cheese falls down..... fox picks up..... runs away..... moral.....

SECTION - C [GRAMMAR] - 16 MARKS

Choose the correct option and fill in the blanks:

(1x2=2)

C-1. Fill in the blanks with correct verb forms:

- (a) Ronita _____ classical dance every Sunday.
 (i) learns (ii) learn (iii) learnt (iv) learned
- (b) The train had _____ before we reached the station.
 (i) leave (ii) left (iii) leaving (iv) leaved

C-2. Fill in the blanks choosing suitable modals:

(1x2=2)

- (a) As a child my grandpa _____ climb a tree.
 (i) can (ii) could (iii) shall (iv) should
- (b) _____ the best team win!
 (i) may (ii) might (iii) can (iv) could

C-3. Fill in the blanks with suitable adjectives:

(1x2=2)

- (a) India has the _____ population in the world.
 (i) large (ii) larger (iii) largest (iv) largely
- (b) Rita has not given _____ reply to her neighbour's query regarding her stay there.
 (i) some (ii) much (iii) many (iv) any

C-4. Fill in the blanks with suitable adverbs:

(1x2=2)

- (a) My younger brother _____ gets up before seven.
 (i) very (ii) never (iii) only (iv) early
- (b) Swati sings _____ than the other singers.
 (i) loud (ii) loudest (iii) louder (iv) loudly

C-5. Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions:

(1x2=2)

- (a) Mother divided the chocolate _____ her children.
 (b) The storm is moving _____ the Indian Ocean.

C-6. Fill in the blanks with the suitable pronouns:

(1x2=2)

- (a) Her kitten is not as old as _____.
 (b) They can move the wardrobe _____.

C-7. (a) Fill in the blanks with a suitable gerund form of the verb given in bracket:

(1x2=2)

- The poet finally finished _____ the poem. (write)

(b) Fill in the blank with a suitable determiner.

- Its raining! Get _____ umbrella or else you will get wet.

C-8. (a) Write an idiom connected with the following part of the human body – 'face'

(1x2=2)

(b) Write the meaning of the proverb – 'All's well that ends well.'

SECTION - D [LITERATURE] (30 Marks)

D-1. Read the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow:

(3x3 =9)

1. 'He liked to tease and play,
 And if we ran around his tree,
 He went the other way."
 (a) Who does 'He' refer to?
 (b) Why did he go the other way?
 (c) Name the poet.

Contd... 4

2. (There's a dusty old window around at the side,

With three cracked panes of glass,

(I often think there's someone staring at me
Each time that I pass)

(a) Where is the dusty old window?

(b) Why does the poet want to peep through the window?

(c) Does the poet get scared at the thought of peeping through the window? What makes you think so?

3. "I wished to kill you, and you have saved my life. Now, if I live, I will serve you....."

(a) Who is the speaker?

(i) the king

(ii) wounded man

(iii) hermit

(iv) none of them

(b) Whom does he wish to kill?

(i) hermit

(ii) the king

(iii) a stranger

(iv) an old man

(c) Name the chapter?

(i) The Squirrel

(ii) Chivvy

(iii) Three Questions

(iv) A Gift of Chappals

D-2. Answer any three of the following questions in 30 to 40 words each:

(2x3=6)

(a) Why is it not good to be a rebel oneself?

(b) The king forgave the bearded man. What did he do to show his forgiveness?

(c) Why do you think grown-ups say the kind of things mentioned in the poem 'Chivvy'. Is it important that they teach children good manners, and how to behave in public?

(d) What is the poet planning to do soon in the poem 'The Shed'?

D-3. Answer any one of the following questions in about 75 words:

(5)

Describe the music teacher, as seen from the window.

OR

Why did the daimio reward the farmer but punish his neighbor for the same act?

D-4. Answer any three of the following questions in about 30 to 40 words each

(2x3=6)

(a) Was the boy troubled by the kidnapping? Give reasons from the story to support your answer.

(b) Miss. Leslie was beautiful in a quiet and dignified way. Explain.

(c) What were the two possessions of Jim and Della in which they took great pride?

(d) Did Miss. Leslie agree to marry Maxwell? What did she say?

D-5. Answer any one of the following questions in about 75-80 words:

(4)

What did Della pray for when she heard Jim coming up the stairs? Why did she do such a thing?

OR

How did Ebenezer Dorset react to the kidnapping of his son?

**सामान्य निर्देश-**

- ❖ इस प्रश्न-पत्र में दो खंड हैं - खंड 'अ' और 'ब'।
- ❖ निर्देशों को बड़ी सावधानी से पढ़िए और उनका पालन कीजिए।
- ❖ इस प्रश्न-पत्र में कुल 16 प्रश्न हैं।
- ❖ दोनों खण्डों के प्रश्नों का उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।
- ❖ भाषागत एवं वर्तनीगत शुद्धियों पर विशेष ध्यान दें।

खण्ड-अ (वस्तुपरक)

प्रश्न 1: निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़कर इसके आधार पर सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त उत्तर वाले विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए—
बढ़ती जनसंख्या ने अनेक प्रकार की समस्याओं को जन्म दिया है—रोटी, कपड़ा, मकान की कमी, बेरोजगारी, निरक्षरता, कृषि एवं उत्पादनों में कमी इत्यादि। हम जितना अधिक उन्नति करते हैं या विकास करते हैं, जनसंख्या उनके अनुपात में कहीं अधिक बढ़ जाती है। बढ़ती जनसंख्या के समक्ष सभी सरकारी प्रयास असफल दिखाई देते हैं। कृषि उत्पादन और औद्योगिक विकास बढ़ती जनसंख्या के सामने नगण्य सिद्ध हो रहे हैं। इन सभी बातों को ध्यान में रखते हुए जनसंख्या वृद्धि पर नियंत्रण की नितान्त आवश्यकता है। इसके बिना विकास के लिए किए गए सभी प्रकार के प्रयत्न अधूरे रह जाएंगे।

1x5=5

(I) बढ़ती जनसंख्या ने किसे जन्म दिया है?

- (A) दुर्गुणों को (B) अनेक प्रकार की समस्याओं को (C) दुर्भावनाओं को (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं

(II) निम्नलिखित कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए। उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्पों में से कोई एक सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए—

कथन (A) बढ़ती जनसंख्या के समक्ष सभी प्रयास असफल दिखाई देते हैं।

कथन (R) हम जितना अधिक उन्नति करते हैं या विकास करते हैं जनसंख्या उनके अनुपात में कहीं अधिक बढ़ जाती है।

- (A) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों गलत हैं।
(B) कथन (A) गलत है लेकिन कारण (R) सही है।
(C) कथन (A) सही है लेकिन कारण (R) उनकी गलत व्याख्या करता है।
(D) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं। तथा कारण (R) कथन (A) की सही व्याख्या करता है।

(III) बढ़ती जनसंख्या ने इनमें से किस समस्या का जन्म नहीं दिया है?

- (A) रोटी, कपड़े की समस्या (B) बेरोजगारी की समस्या
(C) निरक्षरता की समस्या (D) छुआछूत की समस्या

(IV) गद्यांश में मुख्य रूप से किस समस्या का वर्णन किया गया है?

- (A) निरक्षरता की समस्या (B) बढ़ती जनसंख्या की समस्या
(C) औद्योगिक एवं शहरी समस्या (D) बेरोजगारी की समस्या

प्रश्न 2 : दिए गए निर्देशों के अनुसार उत्तर दीजिए (कोई पाँच)

1X5=5

(i) भारत की संविधान सभा ने हिन्दी को भारत संघ की राजभाषा के रूप में कब स्वीकार किया?

- (A) 26 सितम्बर, 1974 (B) 26 सितम्बर, 1949 (C) 14 सितम्बर, 1949 (D) 14 सितम्बर, 1947

(ii) कालम 1 को कालम 2 के साथ सुमेलित कीजिए और सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए—

कालम 1	कालम 2
1. पश्चिमी हिन्दी	(I) मेवाती, मारवाड़ी, हाड़ोती
2. पूर्वी हिन्दी	(II) ब्रज भाषा, खड़ी बोली, हरियाणवी
3. राजस्थानी	(III) अवधी, बघेली, छत्तीसगढ़ी

विकल्प

- (A) 1 - (iii), 2 - (i), 3 - (ii) (B) 1 - (ii), 2 - (iii), 3 - (i)
(C) 1 - (i), 2 - (ii), 3 - (iii) (D) 1 - (ii), 2 - (i), 3 - (iii)

(iii) निम्नलिखित में से रोमन किस भाषा की लिपि है?

- (A) अंग्रेजी (B) उर्दू (C) नेपाली (D) हिन्दी

(iv) हिन्दी की लिपि क्या है?

- (A) फ़ारसी (B) रोमन (C) देवनागरी (D) गुरुमुखी

(v) दिए गए वाक्य में उचित विलोम शब्द से रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए—

वाक्य— मैं सामान उधार न खरीदकर..... खरीदती हूँ।

- (A) तुरंत (B) जल्दी (C) नगद (D) हड़बड़ी में

(vi) उचित विलोम शब्द से रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए—

वाक्य— परीक्षा के लिए अंग्रेजी और गणित अनिवार्य विषय हैं, बाकी दो.....विषय हैं।

- (A) औदार्य (B) ऐच्छिक (C) परोक्ष (D) निकृष्ट

प्रश्न 3 : निर्देशानुसार उत्तर दीजिए (कोई पाँच)

1X5=5

(i) अहंकार शब्द का पर्यायवाची नहीं है—

- (A) दर्प (B) घमंड (C) दंभ (D) स्वाभिमान

(ii) कालम 1 को कालम 2 के साथ सुमेलित कीजिए और सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए—

कालम 1	कालम 2
1. अतिथि	(i) राक्षस, निशाचर, दनुज
2. आँख	(ii) अभ्यागत, आगंतुक, पाहुना
3. असुर	(iii) नयन, नेत्र, चक्षु

विकल्प

(A) 1 - (iii), 2 - (i), 3 - (ii)

(B) 1 - (ii), 2 - (iii), 3 - (i)

(C) 1 - (i), 2 - (ii), 3 - (iii)

(D) 1 - (ii), 2 - (i), 3 - (iii)

(iii) 'उन्नति' शब्द का पर्याय है—

- (A) अनोखा, अपूर्व, अदभुत (B) चाह, कामना, लालसा (C) उत्थान, विकास, प्रगति (D) तिमिर, तम, तमिय

(iv) 'अपना उल्लू सीधा करना', मुहावरे का अर्थ है—

- (A) अपना नुकसान करना (B) गलती का अहसास होना (C) अपना मतलब निकालना (D) बुद्धि भ्रष्ट होना

(v) दिए गए मुहावरों में से उचित मुहावरे चुनकर वाक्य पूर्ण कीजिए—

वाक्य—कारोबार में धोखा होने से पिताजी जैसे ही गुस्से में थे, भाई ने बँटवारे की बात करके दिया।

- (A) आसमान सिर पर उठाना (B) उँगली उठाना (C) आग में घी डालना (D) आँख लगना

(vi) 'स्वावलम्बी बनना' किसी मुहावरे का अर्थ है—

- (A) अपनी खिचड़ी अलग पकाना (B) अपने पैरों पर खड़ा होना

- (C) अंगूठा दिखाना (D) आँखों में धूल झाँकना

प्रश्न 4 : निर्देशानुसार उत्तर दीजिए (कोई पाँच)

1X5=5

(i) हिन्दी व्याकरण में स्वरों की कुल संख्या कितनी हैं?

- (A) नौ (B) ग्यारह (C) छब्बीस (D) तैंतीस

(ii) अंतःस्थ व्यंजन है—

- (A) प, फ, ब, भ (B) य, र, ल, व (C) श, ष, स, ह (D) क्ष, त्र, ज्ञ, श्र

(iii) निम्नलिखित में से संयुक्त व्यंजन के उदाहरण हैं—

- (A) च, छ, ज, झ (B) क, ख, ग, घ (C) क्ष, त्र, ज्ञ, श्र (D) श, ष, स, ह

(iv) हिन्दी वर्णमाला में मुख्यतः कितने प्रकार के वर्ण हैं?

- (A) दो (B) सात (C) चार (D) पाँच

(v) भाषा की सबसे छोटी इकाई कहलाती है—

- (A) शब्द (B) वर्ण (C) वाक्य (D) पद

(vi) हिन्दी के दो प्रमुख गृहीत व्यंजन हैं—

- (A) प, फ (B) ड, ढ (C) च, छ (D) क्ष, त्र

प्रश्न 5 : निर्देशानुसार उत्तर दीजिए (कोई पाँच)

1X5=5

(i) जिसके समान कोई दूसरा न हो—वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द है—

- (A) अकथनीय (B) अलौकिक (C) अद्वितीय (D) अपूर्व

(ii) 'जहाँ पहुँचा न जा सके'—वाक्यांश के लिए उपयुक्त शब्द है—

- (A) अगम्य (B) अपहुँच (C) अवैध (D) अनुकरणीय

(iii) कालम 1 को कालम 2 के साथ सुमेलित कीजिए और सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए—

कालम 1	कालम 2
1. जिसे क्षमा न किया जा सके	(i) अपूर्व
2. जो पहले न हुआ हो	(ii) अदृश्य
3. जो दिखाई न दे	(iii) अक्षम्य

विकल्प

(A) 1 - (iii), 2 - (i), 3 - (ii)

(B) 1 - (ii), 2 - (iii), 3 - (i)

(C) 1 - (i), 2 - (ii), 3 - (iii)

(D) 1 - (ii), 2 - (i), 3 - (iii)

(iv) नीचे दिये गये श्रुतिसम भिन्नार्थक शब्दों में से किसका अर्थ सही नहीं है?

- (A) अनल—आग, अनिल—हवा (B) उदार—मुक्त हृदय, उधार— बिना पैसे दिए

- (C) अभय—समय सीमा, उभय—एक बोली (D) अवलंब—सहारा, अविलंब—बिना देर किए

(v) उचित शब्द चुनकर रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए—

तुलसीदास जी ने 'रामचरितमानस' की रचनाभाषा में की है।

- (A) अवधि (B) अवधी (C) अन्य (D) अन्न

(vi) आदि—आदी शब्द युग्म का सही अर्थ है—

- (A) सहारा, बिना देर किए (B) दूसरा, अनाज (C) कंजूस, छोटी तलवार (D) वगैरह, आदत होना

प्रश्न 6 : निर्देशानुसार उत्तर दीजिए— (कोई पाँच)

1X5=5

(i) 'मुष्टि' शब्द का तद्भव रूप है—वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द है—

- (A) मोर (B) मुट्ठी (C) चाँदनी (D) मूषक

Contd...3

(ii) सुमेलित कीजिए—(सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए) —

कालम 1 (तत्सम)	कालम 2 (तद्भव)
1. पक्षी	(i) चाम
2. चर्म	(ii) ग्राहक
3. ग्राहक	(iii) पक्षी

विकल्प

(A) 1 - (ii), 2 - (i), 3 - (iii)

(B) 1 - (ii), 2 - (iii), 3 - (i)

(C) 1 - (i), 2 - (ii), 3 - (iii)

(D) 1 - (iii), 2 - (i), 3 - (ii)

(iii) दिए गए विकल्पों में से कौन-सा शब्द समूह देशज शब्दों का उपयुक्त उदाहरण है—

(A) कॉलेज, डॉक्टर, टेलीफोन (B) कनस्तर, तौलिया, साबुन (C) आज़ाद, औरत, मरीज (D) लोटा, झोला, डिबिया

(iv) व्युत्पत्ति (रचना) के आधार पर 'रसोईघर' कौन-सा शब्द है? उचित विकल्प छाँटकर लिखिए—

(A) रुढ़ शब्द (B) यौगिक शब्द (C) योगरूढ़ शब्द (D) विदेशी शब्द

(v) योगरूढ़ शब्द का उपयुक्त उदाहरण है—

(A) हिमालय (B) घर (C) पाठशाला (D) पुस्तक

(vi) उत्पत्ति (स्रोत) के आधार पर बताइए कि 'रेलयात्रा' कौन सा शब्द है?

(A) तत्सम (B) तद्भव (C) देशज (D) संकर

प्रश्न 7. निम्नलिखित वाक्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों उत्तर के लिए सही विकल्प का चयन कीजिए—

1X5=5

हम पंछी उन्मुक्त गगन के

पिंजरबद्ध न गा पाएँगे,

कनक-तीलियों से टकराकर

पुलकित पंख टूट जाएँगे।

हम बहता जल पीने वाले

मर जाएँगे भूखे-प्यासे,

कहीं भली है कटुक निबोरी

कनक-कटोरी के मैदा से।

(i) उपर्युक्त काव्य -पंक्तियों के रचयिता हैं—

(A) भवानी प्रसाद मिश्र (B) सर्वेश्वर दयाल सक्सेना (C) शिवमंगल सिंह 'सुमन' (D) महादेवी वर्मा

(ii) सोने का पिंजरा भी पक्षियों को नहीं पसंद आता है क्योंकि—

(A) वे खुले आसमान में उड़ना चाहते हैं। (B) उनकी आजादी छिन जाती है।

(C) वे कैदी बनकर नहीं रहना चाहते। (D) (A), (B), (C) तीनों विकल्प सही हैं।

(iii) पिंजरे में रहकर पक्षी क्या नहीं कर पाएँगे?

(A) गा नहीं पाएँगे।

(B) उड़ नहीं पाएँगे।

(C) कड़वी निबोरी खा नहीं पाएँगे।

(D) (A), (B), (C) तीनों विकल्प सही हैं।

(iv) उपर्युक्त वाक्यांश किस कविता से लिया गया है?

(A) वह चिड़िया जो (B) गर्वीली चिड़िया (C) हम पंछी उन्मुक्त गगन के (D) पंछी तुम उन्मुक्त गगन के।

(v) पक्षी हमें क्या संदेश देते हैं?

(A) आज़ाद रहने का

(B) बंधन में रहने का

(C) पिंजरे में रहने का

(D) परिवार के पालन का

प्रश्न 8 : निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर के लिए सही विकल्प का चयन कीजिए—

1X5=5

नगर भर में दो-चार दिनों से एक मुरलीवाले के आने का समाचार फैल गया। लोग कहने लगे—“भाई वाह! मुरली बजाने में वह एक ही उस्ताद है। मुरली बजाकर, गाना सुनाकर वह मुरली बेचता भी है, सो भी दो-दो पैसे में। भला, इसमें उसे क्या मिलता होगा? मेहनत भी तो न आती होगी।”

एक व्यक्ति ने पूछ लिया—“कैसा है वह मुरलीवाला, मैंने तो उसे नहीं देखा।”

उत्तर मिला—“उम्र तो उसकी अभी अधिक न होगी। यही तीस-बत्तीस का होगा। दुबला-पतला गोरा युवक है, बीकानेरी रंगीन साफा बाँधता है।

(i) नगर में क्या समाचार फैल गया था ?

(A) खिलौने वाले के आने का (B) सब्जी वाले के आने का (C) मदारी के आने का (D) मुरलीवाले के आने का

(ii) मुरली का दाम था—

(A) एक-एक पैसा (B) दो-दो पैसे (C) चार आने (D) एक रूपया

(iii) वह आदमी किस प्रकार मुरली बेचता था?

(A) कीर्तन सुनाकर (B) नाचकर (C) ढोलक बजाकर (D) मुरली बजाकर एवं गाना सुनाकर

(iv) मुरलीवाले की कितनी उम्र होगी?

(A) पच्चीस-तीस वर्ष (B) तीस-बत्तीस वर्ष (C) चालीस-बयालीस वर्ष (D) पचास-पचपन वर्ष

(v) मुरलीवाला कैसा साफ़ा बाँधता था?

(A) बीकानेरी सफ़ेद साफ़ा (B) बीकानेरी रंगीन साफ़ा (C) जयपुरी लाल साफ़ा (D) अजमेरी नीला साफ़ा

प्रश्न 9 : सही विकल्प का चयन कर उत्तर दीजिए—

1X2=2

(i) कठपुतली को गुस्सा क्यों आया?

(A) समय पर खाना नहीं मिलने के कारण

(B) अपने चारों ओर लोगों को देखकर

(C) अपने चारों ओर धागों के बंधन को देखकर

(D) अपनी बात न बनती देखकर

(ii) कठपुतली क्या चाहती है?

(A) दूसरी कठपुतलियों पर अपना नियंत्रण

(B) धागों में लिपटे रहना

(C) स्वतंत्र होना चाहती है।

(D) सबसे झगड़ा करना चाहती है।

प्रश्न 10 : सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त विकल्प का चयन कर उत्तर दीजिए—

1X2=2

- (i) लेखक ने हिमालय पर्वत से निकलने वाली नदियों का किस रूप में वर्णन किया है?
 (A) पुत्र के रूप में (B) बेटियों के रूप में (C) पिता के रूप में (D) भाई के रूप में
- (ii) लेखक को नदियाँ किस प्रकार प्रतीत होती थीं?
 (A) ग्रामीण महिला (B) संभ्रांत महिला (C) पिता (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं

प्रश्न 11 : निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर दिए गए विकल्पों में से चुनकर लिखिए— (कोई 6)

1X6=6

- (i) लड़की को उठाकर लाने वाला व्यक्ति उसको पेड़ के नीचे छोड़कर क्यों चला गया? (संदर्भ: पापा खो गए पाठ से)
 (A) वह डर गया था (B) उसे भूख लगी हुई थी
 (C) वह अपने अन्य साथियों को बुलाने गया था। (D) उसे नींद आ रही थी।
- (ii) "पापा खो गए" पाठ गद्य की कौन-सी विधा है?
 (A) कहानी (B) संस्मरण (C) नाटक (D) निबंध
- (iii) कालम 1 को कालम 2 के साथ सुमेलित कीजिए और सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए—

कालम 1	कालम 2
1. सतलुज	(i) वितस्ता
2. झेलम	(ii) विपाशा
3. चिनाब	(iii) शतद्रुम

विकल्प

- (A) 1 - (ii), 2 - (i), 3 - (iii) (B) 1 - (ii), 2 - (iii), 3 - (i)
 (C) 1 - (i), 2 - (ii), 3 - (iii) (D) 1 - (iii), 2 - (i), 3 - (ii)
- (iv) मुरलीवाले के पास कुल कितनी मुरलियाँ थीं?
 (A) बहत्तर (B) इन्क्यावन (C) सत्तावन (D) पचपन
- (v) खंभा, पेड़ लैटरबक्स सभी एक साथ कहाँ खड़े थे?
 (A) विद्यालय के समीप (B) जंगल के पास (C) समुद्र के किनारे (D) झील के किनारे
- (vi) नदियों को लोकमाता किसने कहा है?
 (A) नागार्जुन ने (B) शिवप्रसाद सिंह ने (C) भगवती प्रसाद मिश्र ने (D) काका कालेलकर ने
- (vii) हिमालय की बेटियाँ पाठ के लेखक का मन जब उचट गया था और उनकी तबियत ढीली थी ऐसे समय में वे किस नदी के किनारे बैठ गए थे?
 (A) यमुना (B) ब्रह्मपुत्र (C) तुंगभद्र (D) सतलज

खण्ड - 'ख' (वर्णनात्मक)

प्रश्न 12 : निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 30-40 शब्दों में लिखिए —

2x4=8

- (i) सिन्धु और ब्रह्मपुत्र की क्या विशेषताएँ बताई गई हैं ?
 (ii) विजय बाबू एक ग्राहक थे और मुरलीवाला एक विक्रेता। दोनों अपने-अपने पक्ष के समर्थन में क्या तर्क पेश करते हैं?
 (iii) "पापा खो गए" नाटक में बच्ची को बचाने वाले पात्रों में एक ही सजीव पात्र है। उसकी कौन-कौन सी बातें आपको मजेदार लगीं ? लिखिए।

प्रश्न 13 : निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 30-40 शब्दों में लिखिए —

2x3=6

- (i) पक्षी उन्मुक्त रहकर अपनी कौन-कौन सी इच्छाएँ पूरी करना चाहते हैं ?
 (ii) कठपुतली को अपने पाँवों पर खड़े होने की इच्छा है, लेकिन वह क्यों नहीं खड़ी होती है ?
 (iii) हर तरह की सुख-सुविधाएँ पाकर भी पक्षी पिंजरे में बंद क्यों नहीं रहना चाहते हैं ?

प्रश्न 14 : 'अनुमान और कल्पना' से संबंधित निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए (शब्द सीमा 30-40)

2x3=6

- (क) लेखक ने हिमालय से निकलने वाली नदियों को ममताभरी आँखों से देखते हुए उन्हें हिमालय की बेटियाँ कहा है। आप उन्हें क्या कहना चाहेंगे? नदियों की सुरक्षा के लिए कौन-कौन से कार्य हो रहे हैं ?
 (ख) क्या आपको लगता है कि - वक्त के साथ फेरी के स्वर कम हुए हैं ? कारण लिखिए।
 (ग) अनुमान लगाइए कि जिस समय बच्ची को चोर ने उठाया होगा वह किस स्थिति में होगी ? क्या वह पार्क या मैदान में खेल रही होगी या घर से रूठकर भाग गई होगी या कोई अन्य कारण होगा? अपने शब्दों में वर्णन कीजिए।

प्रश्न 15 : दैनिक समाचार-पत्र के सम्पादक को अपने क्षेत्र में बिजली संकट की ओर ध्यान आकर्षित कराने हेतु पत्र लिखिए।

1x5=5

अथवा

अपने छोटे भाई को विद्यालय में सर्वश्रेष्ठ वक्ता घोषित किए जाने पर बधाई पत्र लिखिए।
 प्रश्न 16 : निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक विषय पर संकेत बिंदुओं के आधार पर लगभग 100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लेखन कीजिए—

1x5=5

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| (1) वन महोत्सव | (2) देश प्रेम | (3) जीतो मन को |
| • भूमिका | • भूमिका | • मन का स्वभाव |
| • वन का महत्त्व | • मातृभूमि के प्रति कर्तव्य | • दृढ़ स्वभाव |
| • वन : प्रकृति का उपहार | • मातृभूमि का महत्त्व | • सकारात्मक सोच |
| • वनों की उपयोगिता | • निष्कर्ष | • मन के हारे हार है, मन के जीते जीत |
| • वनों के प्रति हमारा कर्तव्य | | |
| • निष्कर्ष | | |



दिल्ली-पब्लिक-स्कूल, भिलाईनगरम्

अर्द्धवार्षिकी-परीक्षा (2023-24)

संस्कृतम्

कक्षा - सप्तमी

दिनांकः - 29.09.2023

समयः - 1:30 होरा

पूर्णाङ्कः 40

परीक्षार्थिनः नाम _____ कक्षा / वर्गः _____ अनुक्रमाङ्कः _____

1. अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत -

एवं काष्ठदण्डे लम्बमानं कूर्मं पौराः अपश्यन् । पश्चाद् अधावन् अवदन् च - "अहो ! महदाश्चर्यम् । हंसाभ्यां सह कूर्मोऽपि उड्डीयते ।" कश्चित् वदति - "यदि अयं कूर्मः कथमपि निपतति तदा अत्रैव पक्त्वा खादिष्यामि ।" अपरः अवदत् - "सरस्तीरे दग्ध्वा खादिष्यामि ।" अन्यः अकथयत् - "गृहं नीत्वा भक्षयिष्यामि" इति । तेषां तद् वचनं श्रुत्वा कूर्मः क्रुद्धः जातः । मित्राभ्यां दत्तं वचनं विस्मृत्य सः अवदत् - "यूयं भस्म खादत ।"

I - एकपदेन उत्तरत - (केवलं - 02) 1 x 2 = 2

क. क्रुद्धः कः जातः ? (कूर्मः / हंसः) _____

ख. लम्बमानं कूर्मं के अपश्यन् ? (धीवराः / पौराः) _____

ग. हंसाभ्यां सह कः उड्डीयते ? (सरः / कूर्मः / धीवरः) _____

II - पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत - (केवलं - 02) 1 x 2 = 2

क. अन्यः पौरः किम् अकथयत् ?

ख. कूर्मः काभ्यां सह उड्डीयते ?

ग. वचनं विस्मृत्य कूर्मः किम् अवदत् ?

2. प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत - (केवलं - 4) 1 x 4 = 4

चतुर्विंशतिः, राष्ट्रगौरवस्य, सत्येन, कम्बुगीवः, मृत्युः

क. त्रिवर्णध्वजः कस्य प्रतीकः अस्ति ? _____

ख. कः न प्रतीक्षते ? _____

ग. पृथिवी केन धार्यते ? _____

घ. अशोकचक्रे कति अराः सन्ति ? _____

ङ. कूर्मस्य नाम किम् आसीत् ? _____

3. समुचितमेलनं कृत्वा लिखत - ½ x 4 = 2

क	ख	उत्तराणि
केशरवर्णः	प्रगतेः न्यायस्य च प्रवर्तकम् ।	_____
हरितवर्णः	राष्ट्रगौरवस्य प्रतीकः ।	_____
अशोकचक्रम्	शौर्यस्य त्यागस्य च सूचकः ।	_____
त्रिवर्णः ध्वजः	सुषमायाः उर्वरतायाः च सूचकः ।	_____

4. कोष्ठकात् पदानि चित्वा रेखाङ्कितपदानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कृत्वा लिखत - (केवलं - 4) $1 \times 4 = 4$

का, कदा, कम, केषाम्, कः

क. कलहं कृत्वा नरः दुःखी भवति ।

ख. सर्वदा व्यवहारे ऋजुता विधेया ।

ग. वसुन्धरा बहुरत्ना भवति ।

घ. शत्रूणां समक्षं विजयः सुनिश्चितः भवेत् ।

ङ. अस्माकं त्रिवर्णध्वजः विश्वविजयी भवेत् ।

5. शुद्धकथनस्य समक्षम् 'आम्' अशुद्धकथनस्य समक्षं 'न' इति लिखत - (केवलं - 04) $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

क. प्रातःकाले ईश्वरं स्मरेत् ।

ख. मित्रेण कलहं कृत्वा नरः सुखी भवति ।

ग. ध्वजे केशरवर्णः शक्त्याः सूचकः अस्ति ।

घ. चक्रे त्रिंशत् अराः सन्ति ।

ङ. श्वः कार्यम् अद्य कुर्वीत ।

6. रुचिरा-पाठ्यपुस्तकात् श्लोकद्वयं लिखत - (केवलं - 2)

$1 \times 2 = 2$

7. संख्यानां कृते संस्कृतपदं मञ्जूषातः चित्वा लिखत - (केवलं - 6)

$\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 3$

षोडश, विंशतिः, त्रयः, पञ्चविंशतिः, पञ्च, त्रयोदश, अष्ट

क. 03

ख. 13

ग. 20

घ. 05

ङ. 25

च. 16.

छ. 08

8. कोष्ठकात् उचितविभक्तिपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - (केवलं - 3)

$1 \times 3 = 3$

क. बालकाः परितः भ्रमन्ति । (उद्यानम् / उद्यानाः)

ख. अलम् | (क्रोधम् / क्रोधेन)

ग. नमः । (वासुदेवाय / वासुदेवम्)

घ. उभयतः वृक्षाः सन्ति। (गृहस्य / गृहम्)

9. अधोलिखितवाक्यानां संस्कृते अनुवादं कुरुत - (केवलं 03)

$1 \times 3 = 3$

क. वह लिखता है ।

ख. मैं खेलता हूँ ।

ग. तुम हँसोगे ।

घ. वे सब पढ़ेंगे ।

10. कोष्ठकात् उचित-अव्ययपदानि चित्वा लिखत - (केवलं-06) तत्र, कति, अद्य, शनैः, कुत्र, श्वः, तदा ½ x 6 = 3

क. गजाः ----- चलन्ति | ख. ----- मम जन्मदिवसः अस्ति |

ग. कक्षायां ----- छात्राः सन्ति ? घ. त्वं ----- सत्यं वद |

ङ. अहम् अत्र पठामि त्वं ----- पठ | च. जनाः ----- भ्रमन्ति ?

छ. ----- शनिवासरः भविष्यति |

11. कोष्ठकात् धातुं प्रत्ययं च विभज्य संयोज्य वा लिखत - (केवलं - 4) ½ x 4 = 2

क. हस् + क्त्वा ----- |(हसीत्वा / हसित्वा) ख. धाव् + क्त्वा ----- |(धावित्वा / धावत्वा)

ग. ----- + क्त्वा = खेलित्वा | (खेली / खेल्) घ. पठ् + ----- = पठित्वा | (क्त्वा / त्वा)

ङ. गर्ज् + क्त्वा ----- (गर्जित्वा / गर्जीक्त्वा)

12. उचित - धातुरूपाः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - (केवलं - 08) ½ x 8 = 4

पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथम-पुरुषः	पश्यति	-----	-----
मध्यम-पुरुषः	-----	पिबथः	पिबथ
उत्तम-पुरुषः	-----	-----	नमामः
प्रथम-पुरुषः	पास्यति	-----	-----
मध्यम-पुरुषः	-----	करिष्यथः	-----
उत्तम-पुरुषः	भविष्यामि	-----	भविष्यामः

13. उचित - शब्दरूपाः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - (केवलं - 08) ½ x 8 = 4

विभक्तिः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमा	कः	-----	के
द्वितीया	-----	तौ	-----
तृतीया	लतया	-----	लताभिः
चतुर्थी	-----	देवाभ्याम्	देवेभ्यः
पञ्चमी	मुनेः	-----	-----
षष्ठी	-----	फलयोः	फलानाम्
सप्तमी	देवे	-----	देवेषु
सम्बोधनम्	हे मुने !	हे मुनी !	हे ----- !



General Instructions :

1. This Question paper has 5 sections A, B, C, D and E.
2. **Section A** has 20 MCQs carrying 01 mark each.
3. **Section B** has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each.
4. **Section C** has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.
5. **Section D** has 4 questions carrying 05 marks each.
6. **Section E** has 3 case based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with sub-parts of the values of 1, 2 and 1 marks each respectively.
7. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 questions of 5 marks, 2 questions of 3 marks and 2 questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2 marks questions of Section E.
8. Figures are not to scale.
9. Write units, formulae etc. wherever required. Also draw neat figures.

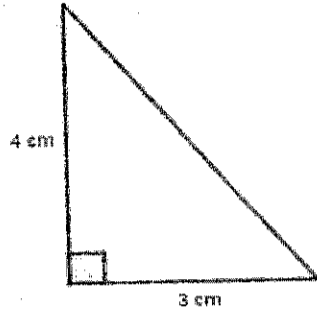
SECTION : A

(Section A consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each)

Choose the correct option:

01. $(-5) + (-8) = (-8) + \dots$
(a) +8 (b) -5 (c) +5 (d) -13
02. $(-316) \times (-1) = \dots$
(a) +316 (b) -316 (c) -1 (d) +1
03. Solve : $-30 \div 10 = \dots$
(a) +3 (b) -3 (c) +10 (d) -10
04. A negative integer and a positive integer whose difference is -3 is
(a) -9, +6 (b) -6, +3 (c) -3 (d) -2, +1
05. Find $\frac{1}{2}$ of 46
(a) 21 (b) 32 (c) 23 (d) 46
06. Simplify : $\frac{3}{7} \div \frac{8}{7}$
(a) $\frac{3}{8}$ (b) $\frac{8}{3}$ (c) $\frac{24}{7}$ (d) $\frac{24}{49}$
07. Find : $26.3 \div 1000$
(a) 0.263 (b) 0.0263 (c) 2.63 (d) 263
08. The mean of the first five whole numbers are
(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5
09. Find the mode of the given set of numbers 1, 1, 2, 4, 3, 2, 1, 2, 2, 4
(a) 3 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) 4
10. Solve the equation $5p+2=17$
(a) $p=2$ (b) $p=3$ (c) $p=4$ (d) $p=5$
11. Equation for the statement \rightarrow Three-fourth of t is 15 will be
(a) $\frac{3}{4}t = 15$ (b) $\frac{4}{3}t = 15$ (c) $\frac{4t}{15} = 3$ (d) $\frac{3}{15}t = 4$
12. If I take three-fourth of a number and add 3 to it, I will get 21. Find the number.
(a) 20 (b) 28 (c) 24 (d) 16
13. An angle is greater than 45° . Its complementary angle will be
(a) equal to 45° (b) greater than 45° (c) less than 45° (d) none of these

14. If two angles are supplementary, then the sum of their measures is
 (a) Equal to 45° (b) Greater than 180° (c) Less than 180° (d) Equal to 180°
15. 15% of 200 is
 (a) $7\frac{1}{2}$ (b) 30 (c) 15 (d) 60
16. In a city, 30% are females, 40% are males and remaining are children. What percent are children?
 (a) 100% (b) 40% (c) 30% (d) 70%
17. Area of the given triangle is



- (a) 12 cm^2
 (b) 11 cm^2
 (c) 13 cm^2
 (d) 6 cm^2

18. Find the area of the circle whose radius is 7 cm
 (a) 154 cm^2 (b) 14 cm^2 (c) 132 cm^2 (d) 144 cm^2

Directions : In the question number 19 and 20, a statement of Assertion (A) is followed by a statement of Reason (R), choose the correct option.

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 (c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
 (d) Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is true.

19. **Assertion (A) :** The cost of the article was Rs 16000. If it is sold for a profit of 15%. The selling price of the article is Rs 18400.

Reason (R) : Selling Price = Cost Price + Profit

20. **Assertion (A) :** Circumference of a circle of radius r is πr^2 .
Reason (R) : 176 cm is the circumference of circle whose radius is 28 cm.

SECTION: B

(Section B consists of 5 questions of 2 marks each)

21. Find : $7.575 \div 0.25$
22. Simplify : $3\frac{1}{5} \div 1\frac{2}{3}$
23. A cricketer scores the following runs in eight innings. Find the mean score:
 58, 76, 40, 35, 46, 45, 0, 100
24. Write statement for the given equation
 (i) $3p + 4 = 25$ (ii) $\frac{m}{5} = 3$

OR

Set up an equation :

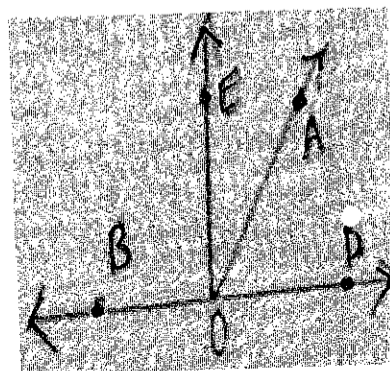
In an isosceles triangle, the vertex angle is twice either base angle. The base angle is b degrees and the sum of angles of a triangle is 180 degrees.

25. (i) Find the complement of 63°
 (ii) Find the supplement of 105°

OR

In the adjoining figure name the following pairs of

- (i) Equal supplementary angles
 (ii) Adjacent complementary angles



SECTION : C

(Section-C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each)

26. The weight (in kg) of 15 students of a class are 38, 43, 35, 37, 45, 50, 32, 43, 43, 40, 36, 38, 43, 38, 47
Find the mode and median of this data.

OR

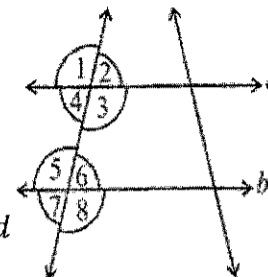
The ages in years of 10 teachers of a school are 32, 41, 28, 54, 35, 26, 23, 33, 38, 40

- (i) What is the age of the oldest teacher and that of the youngest teacher?
(ii) What is the range of the ages of the teachers?
(iii) What is the mean age of the teachers?

27. Laxmi's father is 49 years old. He is 4 years older than three times Laxmi's age. What is Laxmi's age?

28. State the property that is used in each of the following statements?

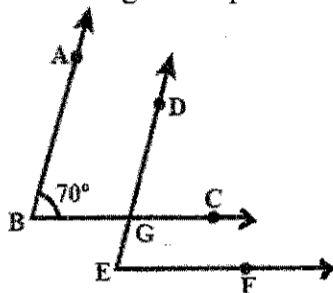
- (i) If $a \parallel b$, then $\angle 1 = \angle 5$
(ii) If $\angle 4 = \angle 6$, then $a \parallel b$
(iii) If $\angle 4 + \angle 5 = 180^\circ$, then $a \parallel b$



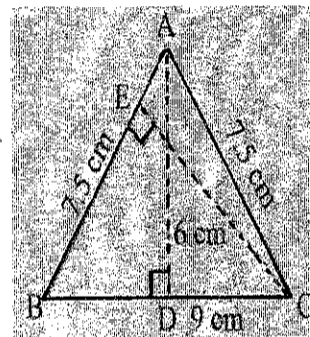
OR

In the given figure, the arms of two angles are parallel. If $\angle ABC = 70^\circ$, then find

- (i) $\angle DGC$ (ii) $\angle DEF$

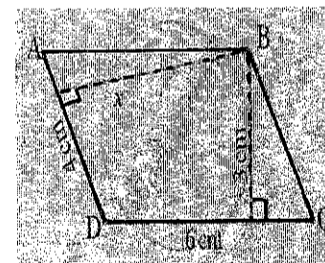


29. ΔABC is isosceles with $AB=AC=7.5$ cm and $BC=9$ cm. The height AD from A to BC is 6 cm. Find the area of ΔABC . What will be the height from C to AB i.e. CE ?



30. The minute hand of a circular clock is 15 cm long. How far does the tip of the minute hand move in 1 hour. (Take $\pi = 3.14$)

31. The two sides of the parallelogram $ABCD$ are 6 cm and 4 cm. The height corresponding to the base CD is 3 cm. Find
(i) area of the parallelogram
(ii) The height corresponding to the base AD .



SECTION: D

(Section D consists of 4 questions of 5 marks each)

32. (i) A vehicle covers a distance of 43.2 km in 2.4 litres of petrol. How much distance will it cover in one litre of petrol?
(ii) 1.07×0.02

OR

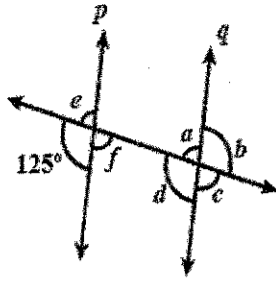
- (i) Find the area of a rectangle whose length is 5.7 cm and breadth is 3 cm.
(ii) $65.4 \div 6$

33. The performance of a student in 1st Term and 2nd Term is given below. Draw a double bar graph choosing appropriate scale and answer the following:

Subject	English	Hindi	Maths	Science	S. Science
1 st Term (M.M. 100)	67	72	88	81	73
2 nd Term (M.M. 100)	70	65	95	85	75

- (i) In which subject, has the student improved his performance the most?
(ii) In which subject the performance has gone down?

34. In the given figure $p \parallel q$. Find all the unknown angles and also give reasons.



35. (i) What rate gives Rs.280 as interest on a sum of Rs. 56000 in 2 years?
 (ii) If Meena gives an interest of Rs.45 for one year at 9% rate p.a. What is the sum she has borrowed?

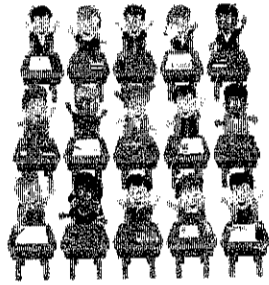
OR

- (i) Meeta saves Rs 4000 from her salary. If this is 10% of her salary, what is her salary?
 (ii) I buy a TV for Rs 10,000 and sell it at a profit of 20%. How much money do I get for it?

SECTION : E

(Section E consists of 3 questions of 4 marks each)

36. A class test was conducted to grade the performance of students in class VII. In that class test conducted in Class VII containing 10 questions, (+3) marks are given for every correct answer and (-2) marks are given for every incorrect answer and no marks for not attempting any question.



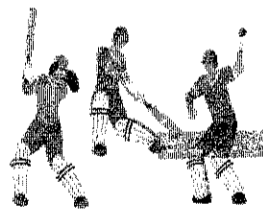
- (i) Gurpreet attempts all questions but only 5 are correct. What is her total score?
 (ii) Radhika scored 12 marks. If she has got 6 correct answers, how many questions she attempted incorrectly?

OR

Mohini scores - 4 marks in this, though she got 2 correct answers. How many questions she attempted incorrectly?

- (iii) Mahendra attempts 5 questions but only 3 are correct. What is his total score?

37. A local sports committee organizes a cricket match. In that cricket match, Sachin scored twice as many runs as Rahul. Together, their runs fell two short of a double century. Their collaboration helps them to win the match.



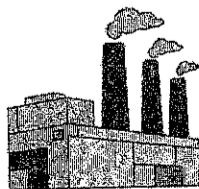
- (i) Write an equation to show the number of runs scored by Rahul and Sachin together.
 (ii) How many runs did Sachin score?

OR

Find the total number of runs scored by Sachin and Rahul?

- (iii) How many more runs Sachin scored than Rahul?

38. The schools of Durg order chalks from a chalk factory. The chalk making factory, make chalks which contains calcium, carbon and oxygen in the ratio 10:3:12, in order to supply the chalks to various schools of Durg.



- (i) Find the percentage of carbon in chalk.
 (ii) If in a stick of chalk, carbon is 3g, what is the weight of the chalk stick?

OR

Find the percentage of calcium in chalk.

- (iii) Find the percentage of oxygen in chalk.



General Instructions :

- This question paper consists of 39 questions in 5 sections.
- All questions are compulsory.
- **Section A** consists of 20 objective type questions carrying 1 mark each. Students have to write correct option and answer both.
- **Section B** consists of 6 very short questions carrying 02 marks each. Answer to these questions should be in range of 30 to 50 words.
- **Section C** consists of 7 short answer type questions carrying 03 marks each.
- **Section D** consists of 3 Long Answer type questions carrying 05 marks each.
- **Section E** consists of 3 source based units of assessment of 04 marks each with sub-parts.

Section – A (Question No. 1 to 20)

1. Heat causes (1)
a) change of state b) change of temperature c) expansion d) all of these
2. Freezing of water is a (1)
a) chemical change b) physical change c) irreversible change d) none of these
3. Fish exchange gases through (1)
a) lungs b) stomata c) gills d) operculum
4. Which of these is not an indicator? (1)
a) Turmeric b) phenolphthalein c) tomato juice d) none of these
5. Pitcher plant traps insects because it (1)
a) is a heterotroph b) grows in soil which lack in nitrogen
c) does not have chlorophyll d) has a digestive system like human beings
6. The word acid comes from the Latin word (1)
a) ace b) acre c) acere d) none of the above
7. Farmers use manure and fertilizer to (1)
a) replenish plant b) replenish soil c) replenish air d) replenish fungi
8. Heat from the sun reaches us by the process of (1)
a) conduction b) convection c) radiation d) all of these
9. The organisms which make their own food are called (1)
a) heterotrophs b) autotrophs c) parasites d) saprophytes
10. Minimum loss of energy takes place while we are (1)
a) sleeping b) walking c) swimming d) running
11. In humans, the type of teeth used to tear the food is (1)
a) molar b) premolar c) incisor d) canine
12. Metal vessels are generally provided with wooden handles because (1)
a) wood is a poor conductor of heat b) wood is a good conductor of heat
c) metal vessels are poor conductors of heat d) all of these
13. When an excess amount of water is added to an acid, it becomes (1)
a) diluted acid b) concentrated acid c) neutral substance d) none of these
14. Plants take in and give out gases from the air through (1)
a) veins b) petiole c) stomata d) leaf blade
15. Which of these is not necessary for photosynthesis? (1)
a) carbon dioxide b) chlorophyll c) sunlight d) nitrogen
16. Sneha's mother made a concentrated sugar syrup by dissolving sugar in hot water. On cooling, crystals of sugar got separated. This indicates a (1)
a) physical change that can be reversed. b) chemical change that can be reversed.
c) physical change that cannot be reversed. d) chemical change that cannot be reversed.

Directions : Question No. 17 to 20 are Assertion (A) Reason (R) type questions. Choose the correct option from the following :

- (a) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
 - (b) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
 - (c) (A) is true but (R) is false.
 - (d) (A) is false but (R) is true.
17. **Assertion (A) :** The breathing rate increases during exercise. (1)
Reason (R) : To allow more oxygen to reach the muscles.
18. **Assertion (A) :** The food is cut by the teeth inside the mouth. (1)
Reason (R) : Our teeth vary in appearance and perform different function.
19. **Assertion (A) :** Burning of any substance is always a chemical change. (1)
Reason (R) : A chemical change is also called a chemical reaction.
20. **Assertion (A) :** To protect tooth decay, we should brush our teeth regularly. (1)
Reason (R) : The acidic ingredient in the paste protects tooth from decay.

SECTION – B (Very Short Answer Questions)

21. What is stainless steel made up of? (2)
22. What is the percentage of oxygen and carbon dioxide in inhaled and exhaled air? (2)
23. Why do we get instant energy from glucose? (2)
- OR**
- Name the main digestive glands present in the human body. (Any four)
24. Some plants have deep red, violet or brown coloured leaves. Can these leaves perform the photosynthesis process? (2)
25. Define indicator. Give one example. (2)
- OR**
- Explain why factory waste is neutralised before disposing it into the water bodies?
26. In places of hot climate, it is advised that the outer walls of houses be painted white. Explain. (2)

SECTION – C (Short Answer Questions)

27. Distinguish between a parasite and a saprotroph. (Any 3 points) (3)
28. Draw a well labelled diagram of Amoeba. (Any four label) (3)
- OR**
- a) How does a starfish consume food?
b) In which part of the human body digestion starts?
- 29 (a) Why does an athlete breathe faster and deeper usually after finishing the race? (3)
(b) List two similarities between aerobic and anaerobic respiration.
30. Write an activity to show how crystals of copper sulphate are formed? (3)
31. Describe the process of neutralisation with the help of an example. (3)
- 32 (a) Describe in brief how land breeze occurs. (3)
(b) Why wearing more layers of clothing during winter keeps us warmer than wearing just one thick piece of clothing?
- 33 (a) Explain when baking soda is mixed with lemon juice, bubbles are formed with the evolution of a gas. (3)
What type of change it is?
(b) What is the chemical name of baking soda?

SECTION – D (Long Answer Questions)

- 34 (a) What is acid rain? How does rain becomes acidic? Also state the damaging effects of acid rain. (5)
(b) Distinguish between acids and bases. (Any two points) (5)
- OR**
- (a) What will happen if turmeric is added to acidic, basic and neutral solutions?
(b) Explain why calamine solution is applied on the skin, when an ant bites?
- 35 (a) Name and write the function of different types of teeth in humans. (5)
(b) What do you mean by oral rehydration solution? (5)
- OR**
- (a) What do you mean by milk teeth and permanent teeth?
(b) Describe the process of digestion in ruminants.
- 36 (a) Why do we often sneeze when we inhale a lot of dust laden air? (5)
(b) Why do we get muscle cramps after a heavy exercise? How can we get relief from cramps? (5)
- OR**
- (a) How does breathing takes place in an earthworm?
(b) How do plants respire?

SECTION – E (Case based Study Questions)

37. Reyansh was a student of class VII. His father purchased a new bicycle for him on his birthday. After few months, he found that the cycle chain and even the handle gets rusted. (1)
a) What do you mean by rust? (1)
b) Why Reyansh's cycle got rusted? (1)
c) How can Reyansh's prevent his cycle from getting rusted? (Any two points) (2)
- OR**
- Write the equation of rusting.
38. Sneha's father was suffering from severe stomach pain. He was also having heartburn and indigestion. He consulted a doctor who told him that he was suffering from acidity and advised him to take an antacid tablet after each meal. Sneha's father followed the advice strictly and was cured. (1)
a) Which acid is secreted in our stomach? (1)
b) Name two antacids. (1)
c) Explain how an antacid tablet gave relief to Sneha's father? (2)
- OR**
- Can a glass of lemon water gives relief in digestion? Explain.
39. On last Monday, Pankaj was dealing immense cough and cold. Besides this, he was suffering from a great headache. So, he decided to take a leave on that day so that he could take some rest at his home. After one hour he thought to check his fever through a clinical thermometer, so before using it, he washed it and started shaking it very fastly in his hand. At the same time, his elder brother Aditya scolded him and suggested him to shake the thermometer slowly. (1)
a) Why a few sharp jerks are given to clinical thermometer before using clinical thermometer? (1)
b) Write the range of clinical thermometer in degree Celsius. (1)
c) Why the mercury does not fall or rise in a clinical thermometer when taken out of the mouth? (2)
- OR**
- Write any two precautions to be taken while reading a clinical thermometer?



GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The question paper comprises Six Sections – A, B, C, D, E, and F. There are 37 questions in the Question paper. All questions are compulsory.
 2. **Section A** : From questions 1 to 20 are MCQs of 1 mark each.
 3. **Section B** : Question no. 21 to 26 are very short answer type questions, carrying 2 marks each.
 4. **Section C** : Question no. 27 to 31 are short answer type questions, carrying 3 marks each.
 5. **Section D** : Question no. 32 to 33 are case based questions with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each.
 6. **Section E** : Question no. 34 to 36 are very long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each.
 7. **Section F** : Question no. 37a and 37b are diagrams and map base questions, carrying 5 marks each.
- There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in questions.

(Section – A : 1 Mark Questions)

01. A person who makes maps is known as _____
(a) photographer (b) cartographer (c) chorographer (d) none of these
02. Who used the term Hindustan in the thirteenth century?
(a) Al-Idrisi (b) Babur (c) Akbar (d) Al-Rasid
03. Assertion (A): Manuscripts were collected by wealthy people, rulers, monasteries and temples.
Reason (R): They were placed in libraries and archives.
(a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
(b) Both A and R are true and R is not a correct explanation of (A)
(c) (A) is correct but (R) is wrong
(d) (A) is wrong but (R) is correct
04. Mahmud of Ghazni was the ruler of _____
(a) Delhi (b) America (c) Iran (d) Afghanistan
05. Tribhuvana-chakravartin means:
(a) Overlord of king (b) Lord of Rashtrakutas (c) Overlord of farmers (d) Lord of the three worlds
06. The transformation of Delhi into a capital that controlled vast areas of the subcontinent started with the foundation of the Delhi Sultanate in the beginning of the
(a) 11th century (b) 12th century (c) 13th century (d) 14th century
07. What was the language of administration under the Delhi Sultans?
(a) Sanskrit (b) Hindi (c) Persian (d) None of these
08. Which is not a natural ecosystem?
(a) Desert (b) Aquarium (c) Forest (d) None of these
09. **Assertion (A)** : Plant and animal kingdom together make biosphere or the living world.
Reason (R) : It is a narrow zone of the earth where land, water and air interact with each other to support life.
(a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
(b) Both A and R are true and R is not a correct explanation of (A)
(c) (A) is correct but (R) is wrong
(d) (A) is wrong but (R) is correct
10. The innermost layer of the earth is _____
(a) Crust (b) Core (c) Mantle (d) All of these
11. The process of transformation of the rock from one to another is known as the rock cycle.
(a) True (b) False
12. Mushroom rocks are found in:
(a) Deserts (b) River valleys (c) Glaciers (d) None of these
13. Flood plains are very _____.
(a) Fertile (b) Unfertile (c) barren (d) none of these
14. _____ and oxygen are two gases which make up the bulk of the atmosphere.
(a) carbon di oxide (b) nitrogen (c) helium (d) none of these
15. The Civil Rights Act of _____ prohibited discrimination on the basis of race, religion or national origin.
(a) 1864 (b) 1964 (c) 1854 (d) 1954
16. A movement that began in USA in 1950s in which African – American people demanded equal rights and an end to racial discrimination.
(a) True (b) False
17. In most societies, including our own, the roles men and women play or the work they do, are not valued _____.
(a) equal (b) unequal (c) both (a) & (b) (d) none of these

18. The provision of _____ helps many women to take up employment outside the home. It also makes it possible for more girls to attend schools.
(a) crèches (b) care centre (c) parks (d) none of these
19. Members of the Legislative Assembly (MLAs) are elected by the _____.
(a) People (b) Governor (c) President (d) Judiciary
20. The political party that has the majority is called the _____ and all other members are called the opposition.
(a) co-alliance party (b) opposition party (c) ruling party (d) none of these

(Section – B : 2 Mark Questions)

21. Who was considered a “foreigner” in the past?
22. Which ruler first established his or her capital at Delhi?
23. What are the major components of the environment?
24. What is weather?
25. Mention any two situations in which inequality exists in society.
26. What are anganwadis?

(Section – C: 3 Mark Questions)

27. List some of the technological changes associated with medieval period.

OR

What does the term pan-regional empire mean?

28. What were three types of taxes collected by the Delhi sultanate?
29. Name three types of rainfall?
30. Name three types of rocks.
31. How did some MLAs become Ministers? Explain.

OR

In a democracy why is universal adult franchise important?

(Section – D : 4 Mark Questions)

Case-Based Questions

32. People use to write holy texts, chronicles of rulers, letters and teachings of saints, petitions and judicial records, and for registers of accounts and taxes.
Manuscripts were collected by wealthy people, rulers, monasteries and temples. They were placed in libraries and archives. These manuscripts and documents provide a lot of detailed information to historians but they are also difficult to use.

- (a) Manuscripts were collected by whom? (1)
- (b) Where does manuscripts can be placed? (1)
- (c) What kind of information we can get from manuscripts? (2)

33. The chief minister and other ministers have the responsibility of running various government departments or ministries. They have separate offices. A Legislative Assembly is a place where all the MLAs, whether from the ruling party or from the opposition meet to discuss various things.

- (a) Who have the responsibility of running various government departments or ministries? (1)
- (b) Who have separate offices? (1)
- (c) Where does all the MLAs, whether from the ruling party or from the opposition meet to discuss various things? (2)

(Section – E: 5 Mark Questions)

34. What were the qualifications necessary to become a member of a committee of the sabha in the Chola empire?

OR

What were the activities associated with Chola temples?

35. What do you mean by natural environment? Why do we study natural environment? Give four examples of human made environment. (1+2+2)

OR

Explain the structure of atmosphere.

36. What is mid-day meal scheme? What are its benefits.

OR

How do society create differences between boys and girls from very early age? Why do you think that boys and men generally do not do house work? (3+2)

(Section – F: Map/diagram Based Questions)

37. (a) Draw a neat and levelled diagram of Volcano.
37. (b) Name and locate following places/regions in a given map of India. (Any 5)
- | | | |
|------------|------------|------------------|
| (i) Delhi | (ii) Ajmer | (iii) Agra |
| (iv) Palas | (v) Cholas | (vi) Rastrakutas |



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 12.09.2023

FIRST TERMINAL EXAMINATION - 2023

Time : 50 Minutes

Class : VII

Subject : General Knowledge

Max. Marks : 50

Name of the student: _____

Class/Sec. _____ Roll No. _____

Invigilator's Signature _____

Marks obtained : _____/50

General Instructions:

- All the questions are compulsory.
- There are 50 questions of 1 mark each.

Q.1 Answer the following questions in the space provided. (1x10=10)

- (a) Which is the largest city of Japan?
- (b) Name the lazy fish that is found in Australia. It looks like a sea-weed.
- (c) Write the name of the disease in which the child shows premature aging, loss of body fat, loss of hair, stiffness of joint etc.
- (d) Who was the chief architect of the Indian Constitution ?
- (e) discovered penicillin that changed the world of medicine.
- (f) Mention the name of heavenly bodies that become luminous by friction and burn on entering Earth's atmosphere.
- (g) It is a luminous, celestial body that goes around the sun, usually with a long shining tail. Mention its name.
- (h) What is the unit of measurement of sound?
- (i) Which disease is cured by consuming Tulsi Leaves?
- (j) Which disease is cured by consuming drumstick leaves?

Q.2 Answer the following questions : (1x10=10)

- (a) Write the name of the Indian painting that is done on various mediums such as clothes, canvas and hand made paper.
- (b) Which is the world's most poisonous fish?
- (c) Which is world's most poisonous frog?
- (d) Which Yoganasa improves the strength of legs and flexibility?
- (e) Who is the author of the book 'Godan'?
- (f) Who is the author of the book 'The Village by the Sea'?
- (g) Where is the 'Library Hotel' situated?
- (h) Who invented steam engine?
- (i) Who invented A.C. electric Motors?
- (j) Mention the largest human made lake in the world.

Q.03 Write the capital of the following countries. (1x5=5)

- (a) Bangladesh
- (b) China
- (c) Italy
- (d) Canada
- (e) Thailand

Q.04 Match the following :

(1x5=5)

Column A	Column B	Correct Answer
(a) Adam	(a) Treasure Island
(b) Pierre Bezukhov	(b) Tess of the D'urbervilles
(c) Antonio	(c) Merchant of Venice
(d) Angel Clare	(d) War and Peace
(e) Jim Hawkins	(e) Paradise Lost

Q.05 Answer the following questions:

(1x10=10)

- (a) When is Earth Day celebrated?
- (b) Which city of Peru was destroyed by Spanish Conquest?
- (c) Who invented Floppy Disk?
- (d) In which country V-8 hotel is located?
- (e) Which disease is cured by Castor leaves?
- (f) What is the unit of measurement of electric current?
- (g) When is Republic day celebrated in our country?
- (h) What is the height of Mt. Everest in metres?
- (i) Which city of Italy was destroyed by volcanic eruption?
- (j) Which is the largest lake in the world?

Q.06 Answer the following questions :

(1x5=5)

- (a) Name the currency of Thailand.
- (b) What is the unit of measurement of speed of ship and aircraft?
- (c) What is the unit of power?
- (d) Alpha Orionis is light years away from the Earth.
- (e) It cures gastric problems and indigestion and is also beneficial in diabetes.
Mention the name.

Q.07 Answer the following questions :

(1x5=05)

- (a) Who is the current Prime Minister of our country?
- (b) When is 'Hindi Diwas' or National Hindi Day' celebrated in India?
- (c) What is the real name of 'The Great Khali'?
- (d) From where was the 'Chandrayaan – 3' Lunar Mission launched ?
- (e) Which footballer has been named as the 'World's Best Player for the year 2022?



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 15.09.2023

MIDTERM EXAMINATION - 2023

Time : 1 ½ Hrs.

Class : VII

Subject : Information and Communication Technology

Max. Marks : 50

Q.01 Multiple Choice Questions: Write the correct answer.

(1x10=10)

- The decimal number $(345)_{10}$ is equivalent to
 (a) $(101011001)_2$ (b) $(111011101)_2$ (c) $(110111001)_2$ (d) $(111110001)_2$
- Which of the following are the two symbols present in the binary number system?
 (a) 1 and 2 (b) 0 and 1 (c) 8 and 9 (d) 5 and 6
- Which of these is not a criteria used in conditional formatting?
 (a) Data bar (b) Color Scale (c) Ascending (d) Icon set
- When we apply filter feature, small arrows appear near
 (a) Row headers (b) Column headers (c) Sheet tab (d) None of these
- Which of the following tags is used to give the title of a web page?
 (a) <TITLE> (b) <HTML> (c) <BODY> (d) <H1>
- Which of the following tags produce a horizontal line in the browser window?
 (a) <SUP> (b) <HTML> (c) <BODY> (d) <HR>
- Which of these is not an attribute of the <TABLE> tag?
 (a) BORDER (b) BORDERCOLOR (c) BACKGROUND (d) TYPE
- Which of the following attribute is used to set the display position of the text in a cell horizontally?
 (a) ALIGN (b) VALIGN (c) ROWSPAN (d) COLSPAN
- Base 2 is another name for the
 (a) Binary number system (b) Decimal number system
 (c) Hexadecimal number system (d) Octal number system
- Numbers are sorted in ascending order from
 (a) 0 to 9 (b) 9 to 0 (c) Both a and b (d) None of these

Q.02 Fill in the Blanks:

(1x5=5)

- Computer system understands numbers.
- feature helps in obtaining a result by recalculating and changing data in a cell.
- The tag represents a paragraph.
- The tag creates subscripted text.
- Thetag creates the table caption in HTML web page.

Q.03 Write 'T' for true and 'F' for False:

(1x5=5)

- The <TR> tag is used to create cells in the table.
- The VALIGN attribute of the <TD> tag is used align the position of text of the cell vertically.
- The <U> tag is used to underline the text in a web page.
- Goal Seek is used to filter required information from the list.
- The hexadecimal number system consists of 16 digits.

Q.04 Long answer questions:

- What is an octal number system? (2)
- How many bits are there in 1 nibble? (2)
- What is the base of a number system? (2)
- What is the use of Goal Seek feature? (2)
- How can filters once applied be removed? (3)
- Why do we need to sort data in Calc? (3)
- What is the Goal Seek feature? (3)
- Add the following binary numbers? (3)

a. 1000	b. 1011	c. 1001
100	101	101
- What is the difference between
 and <HR> tags? (5)
- Differentiate between ROWSPAN and COLSPAN. (5)