

SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER.

Class : 10

Marks : 20

Subject : Economics

Q.1 Assertion (A) : Besides income, health and education are important indicators of Development. (1)

Reason: (R) : Human Development Report is better than World Development Report as it shows the holistic development of a country.

- (a) A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (b) A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (c) A is true, R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.

Q.2. Arrange the following in a chronological order: (1)

- I. Interest Rate of loan is 8.5% per annum.
- II. Shyam applies for a credit.
- III Bank agrees to keep cold storage receipt as collateral.
- IV Terms of credit is signed, by Shyam.

Codes:

- (a) IV, III, I, II
- (c) III, IV, I, II

- (b) II, I, III, IV
- (d) II, IV, III, I

Q.3. What is the primary reason for the Indian government to impose trade barriers after Independence? (1)

- (a) To reduce the cost of imported goods.
- (b) To protect domestic producers from foreign competition
- (c) To encourage foreign investment.
- (d) To promote the import of essential items.

Q.4. What is the impact of imposing a tax on imported electronic gadgets? (1)

- (a) Imported electronic gadgets become more expensive in domestic markets, reducing their demand.
- (b) Domestic electronic manufacturers benefit as their products become relatively cheaper compared to imported gadgets.
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) None of the above.

Q.5. Identify the incorrect matched pair: (1)

- (a) Disguised unemployment - more people employed than actually needed
- (b) Unemployed - not getting jobs at a particular time of the year.
- (c) Underemployed - not employed according to skill or education.
- (d) Labour effort - The hard work done by a labour to earn income

Q.6. What do you mean by collateral? Why do lenders ask for collateral while lending? (1+2 = 3)

OR
How do banks mediate between those who have surplus money and those who need money? How do banks generate income? (2+1 = 3)

Q.7. What is the basic idea behind Self Help Groups? Explain in your own words. (3)

Q.8. Read the source given below and answer the questions that follow: (4)

Money, or material things that one can buy with it, is one factor on which our life depends. But the quality of our life also depends on non material things. If it is not obvious to you, then just think of the role of your friends in your life. You may desire their friendship. Similarly, there are many

Things that are not easily measured but they mean a lot to our lives. These are often ignored. However, it will be wrong to conclude that what cannot be measured is not important.

- (i) Why income is considered as an important goal? (1)
- (ii) Besides income, which are the other important goals? (1)
- (iii) "For development, people look at mix of goals." Explain (2)

Q.9. Compare the working conditions in organised and unorganised sectors. Mention few ways in which the workers in unorganised sector may be protected. (3+2=5)

OR

Distinguish between public sector and private sector. Explain how public sector contributes to the economic development of the country. (2+3=5).

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DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, RISALI, BHILAI.

SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER

SUBJECT- ECONOMICS

CLASS-10

M.M-20

Q.1. What do the banks do with the major deposits that they accept from the customers? [1]

- A. Banks use these deposits for their infrastructure.
- B. Banks use major portion of deposits to extend loans.
- C. Banks use deposits to buy shares in the share market.
- D. Banks use deposits to set up more branches in the country.

Q.2. Sita owns a fishing boat and catches fish from the nearby river. She sells the fish directly to the local market, where they are purchased by consumers for their consumption.

In which sector does Meena's fishing activities fall? [1]

- A. Primary sector
- B. Secondary sector
- C. Tertiary Sector
- D. Quaternary Sector

Q.3. Read the given data and answer the questions that follows:

States	Per Capita Income for 2018–19 (in Rs)	Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births (2018)	Literacy Rate %	Net Attendance Ratio (per 100 persons) secondary stage (age 14 and 15 years) 2017–18
Haryana	2,36,147	30	82	61
Kerala	2,04,105	7	94	83
Bihar	40,982	32	62	43

Sources: Economic Survey 2020–21, P.A 157, National Sample Survey Organisation (Report No. 585), National Statistical Office, Government of India.

Based on the table provided above, which of the following statements are correct? [1]

Statement-I: Bihar has the lowest per capita income among the three states.

Statement-II: Kerala has the highest literacy rate among the three states.

Statement-III: Haryana has the lowest infant mortality rate among the three states.

Statement-IV: Bihar has the highest net attendance ratio at the secondary stage among the three states.

A. Statement-I, II, III only

B. Statement- I and II only

C. Statement- II and IV only

D. Statement- I, III and IV only

Q.4. How have Indian companies benefitted from globalisation? [1]

- i. Indian companies have expanded into new sectors like mining and agriculture.
- ii. Indian companies have invested less in technology due to globalisation.
- iii. Indian companies have gained from collaborations with foreign firms and emerged as multi-nationals.
- iv. Indian companies have focused solely on the domestic market.

Options:

A. Statements i and ii are appropriate.

B. Statements i and iii are appropriate

C. All the statements are appropriate.

D. Statement iv is appropriate

Q.5. Removing barriers or restrictions on business and trade set by the government is called _____. [1]

A. Disinvestment

B. Special Economic Zones

C. Liberalisation

D. Foreign Direct Investment

Q.6. Workers are exploited in the unorganised sector. Do you agree with this? Give reasons in support of your answer. [3]

OR

Explain reasons for the rising importance of tertiary sector in India.

Q.7. Imagine that you are the village head. In that capacity suggest some activities that you think should be taken up under the MGNREGA Act that would increase the income of people? [3]

Q.8. Case-Study Based Question:

Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow:

Suppose for the present that a particular country is quite developed. We would certainly like this level of development to go up further or at least be maintained for future generations. This is obviously desirable. However, since the second half of the twentieth century, a number of scientists have been warning that the present type, and levels, of development are not sustainable. Groundwater is an example of renewable resources. These resources are replenished by nature as in the case of crops and plants. However, even these resources may be overused. For example, in the case of groundwater, if we use more than what is being replenished by rain then we would be overusing this resource.

Non-renewable resources are those which will get exhausted after a few years of use. We have a fixed stock on earth which cannot be replenished. We do discover new resources that we did not know of earlier. New sources in this way add to the stock. However, over time, even this will get exhausted.

Consequences of environmental degradation do not respect national or state boundaries; this issue is no longer region or nation specific. Our future is linked together. Sustainability of development is comparatively a new area of knowledge in which scientists, economists, philosophers and other social scientists are working together.

1. Give one example each of renewable and non-renewable resources. [1]
2. What are non-renewable resources? [1]
3. What do you mean by sustainability of development? [2]

Q.9. "Self-Help Groups (SHGs) empower women and eradicate poverty." Support this statement with examples. [5]

OR

What is credit? How can it be both an asset as well as a debt trap? [1+4]

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CBSE SAMPLE PAPER - 2024-25

CLASS - 8 [ECONOMICS]

M.M.20

1. Read the data given below and answer the question: ①

State	Infant Mortality rate Per 1000 live birth (2018)	Literacy rate % (2017-18)
A	30	82
B	7	84

As per the data given above, why State B has a low infant-mortality rate?

- a) It has high per capita income.
- b) It has better infrastructure than state A
- c) It has good teachers and schools.
- d) It has health care and education for all.

2. Mr X has taken credit to make candles during the festive season. Choose the correct option that defines the importance of credit from the given options: ①

- i) it plays a vital and positive role in meeting his target and accelerating ~~the~~ his income.
- ii) the credit helps him to meet the ongoing expenses of production.
- iii) the credit helps him complete the production on time.
- iv) it helps him in exercising restraint and get

- a) Only (IV)
- b) Only (III) and (IV)
- c) (I), (II) and (III)
- d) Only (II)

3. Read the information given below and select the correct option: (1)

If in a family all 10 members are working in a shop or small family business when 5 are enough to work efficiently then these extra 5 members are actually unemployed. Which situation is being referred to:

- a) Disguised Unemployment
- b) Seasonal Unemployment
- c) Structural Unemployment
- d) Educated Unemployment.

4. Assertion (A): Foreign trade creates an opportunity for the producers to reach beyond the domestic markets. (1)

Reason (R): Foreign trade expands the choice of goods beyond what is domestically produced.

5. Which one of the following organizations laid stress on liberalization of foreign trade and foreign investment? (1)

- International Monetary Fund
- International Labour Organization
- World Health Organization
- World Trade Organization.

6. Why is working in an Unorganized Sector not considered secure? (1+1+1=3)

OR

Explain the role of implementing the NERGA 2005.

7. Why does only final goods and services are included while calculating National Income. (3)

8. What is debt-trap? Why is it more rampant in rural areas? Give reason to support your answer. (1+1+3)

OR

Why do you think that the formal sources of credit provide loans at reasonable interest rates? (1+1+1+1)

9. Read the source given below and answer the questions that follows: (1+2+1=4)

Human Development Report once it is realised that even though the level of income is important, yet it is an inadequate measure of the level of development, we begin to think of other criteria. There could be

a long list of such criteria but then it would not be so useful. What we need is a small number of the most important things. Health and Education indicators, such as the ones we used in comparison of Punjab and Kerala are among them. Over the past decade or so, health and education indicators have come to be widely used along with income as a measure of development. For instance, Human Development Report published by UNDP compares countries based on the educational levels of the people, their health status and per capita income. It would be interesting to look at certain relevant data regarding India and its neighbours from Human Development Report 2006.

- i) On what basis the UNDP compares countries on Human Development?
- ii) Explain Human Development briefly.
- iii) Mention other aspects that should be considered in measuring human development.