

**DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI**

Date : 01.09.2025
Class – VII

MIDTERM EXAMINATION 2025
SUBJECT : GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

Time : 50 Minutes
Max. Marks : 50

Name of the student: _____ Class/Sec. _____ Roll No. _____
Invigilator's Signature _____ Marks Obtained : ____/50

General Instructions:

- All questions are compulsory.
- There are 50 questions of 1 mark each.
- The question paper consists of 2 pages.

I. Answer all the questions by writing the correct option number in the space provided in capital letter only. (1x5=5)

Sl. No.	Questions	Option
1.	The capital of Bangladesh (A) Rome (B) Dhaka (C) Berne (D) Moscow	
2.	The currency of Russia (A) Euro (B) Yen (C) Rouble (D) Dollar	
3.	Isabella "Bella" Swan is the famous character of (A) The Twilight Series (B) Faust (C) Treasure Island (D) Paradise Lost	
4.	Speed of ship and aircraft is measured in (A) Nautical Mile (B) Knot (C) Mole (D) Coulomb	
5.	The unit of Electric charge is (A) Coulomb (B) Hertz (C) Volt (D) Ampere	

II. Answer the following: (1x5=5)

- Who is the current President of India? _____
- Who is the present Governor of Chhattisgarh? _____
- Who is the Health Minister of India? _____
- Who is the youngest ever World Chess Champion? _____
- Who is the current CEO of Steel Authority of India Limited? _____

III. Answer the following questions: (1x10=10)

- The largest island of Andaman which is a perfect place for scuba diving and snorkeling is _____.
- The largest city of South Korea is _____.
- The world's highest mountain peak which is 8,848 metres high above the sea level is _____.
- The rare genetic disease in which the child shows premature ageing is _____.
- This AI application software uses human language to interact and answer all queries of the customers is _____.
- The capital of Japan is _____.
- The currency of Thailand is _____.
- The author of Treasure Island is _____.
- Alexander Fleming identified the blue-green fungus as _____.
- The method of tying and dyeing cotton and silk cloths is known as _____.

IV. Fill in the blanks:

1. The world's longest street of 1,896 km in Canada is _____.
2. _____ leaves are used to cure skin ulcer.
3. Chikankari is a traditional embroidery style from the city _____.
4. World's most poisonous lizard is _____.
5. _____ helps us to lead a healthy life.
6. Mustard plant leaves are used to cure _____ disease.
7. _____ asana cures gastric problems and indigestion and is also beneficial in diabetes.
8. The author of the famous book 'Kayakalp' is _____.
9. _____ is the unique hotel of Canada which is entirely made of ice.
10. World's most venomous fish is _____.

V. State TRUE / FALSE for the following:

(1x10=10)

1. Vasco da Gama was a Portuguese Sea Captain. _____
2. Marigold leaves are used to cure Asthma. _____
3. Jeff Bezos is the founder and former CEO of Amazon. _____
4. Shanghai is the largest city of Australia. _____
5. Earth Day is celebrated on April 22 every year. _____
6. The city Chichen Itza in Mexico was destroyed by Spanish Invaders. _____
7. The author of the famous book 'Train to Pakistan' is Anita Desai. _____
8. Alexander Fleming discovered Penicillin. _____
9. Planting a tree helps in making the Earth green. _____
10. Neeraj Chopra won gold medal in Javelin Throw in Tokyo Olympics 2020. _____

(1x10=10)

VI. Match the following inventions with their inventors:

<u>Column 'A'</u>	<u>Column 'B'</u>	<u>Correct answer of Column 'A'</u>
1. Atomic Bomb	(a) Luigi Brugnatelli	(1) _____
2. Dynamo	(b) IBM	(2) _____
3. Electro plating	(c) Peter L. Jensen	(3) _____
4. Floppy Disk	(d) J. Robert Oppenheimer	(4) _____
5. Safety Elevator	(e) Emile Berliner	(5) _____
6. Loud Speaker	(f) Michael Faraday	(6) _____
7. Microphone	(g) Henry Bessemer	(7) _____
8. Printing Press	(h) James Watt	(8) _____
9. Steam Engine	(i) Elisha G. Otis	(9) _____
10. Steel	(j) Johannes Gutenberg	(10) _____



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 03.09.2025

MIDTERM EXAMINATION 2025

Time : 1 ½ Hrs.

Class : VII

SUBJECT : ICT

M.M. : 50

Name : _____

Roll No. : _____

General Instructions: All the questions are compulsory.

Q.1 Select the best suitable option : (1x10=10)

- (i) The _____ tool is used to create a blend of two or more colours :
(A) Gradient (B) Selection (C) Clone
- (ii) Which of the following tool is used to select a specific area you want to focus on :
(A) Similar Selection (B) Crop (C) Smart patch
- (iii) Which key is used to group multiple worksheets:
(A) Shift (B) Ctrl (C) Enter
- (iv) Which chart type displays data in the form of a circle:
(A) Line (B) Bar (C) Pie
- (v) The titles given to X axis and Y axis are known as :
(A) Data Series (B) Axis Titles (C) Legend
- (vi) The mini charts that fit into a single worksheet cell to provide visual representation of the data are known as :
(A) Thumb nail charts (B) Combo chart (C) Sparklines
- (vii) Which function is used to add words and delimiters to a string :
(A) TEXTJOIN() (B) CONCAT() (C) MAXIFS()
- (viii) Which of the following is a relative reference :
(A) \$D6 (B) A3 (C) A\$1
- (ix) A _____ is a legal right granted by law to the creator for his original work:
(A) Copyright (B) Patent (C) Trademark
- (x) _____ is the process of transforming into an unreadable code:
(A) Decoding (B) Encryption (C) Decryption

Q.2 Fill in the blanks : (1x5=5)

- (i) _____ refers to a set of procedures, moral principles, and ethical practices that regulates the use of a computer and the internet.
- (ii) The simplest way to prevent plagiarism is through proper _____.
- (iii) A formula always begins with an _____ symbol.
- (iv) A _____ is an effective way to display data in a pictorial form.
- (v) The _____ tools are used to select a section or portion of an image.

Q.3 State True/False : (1x5=5)

- (i) A digital footprint is also known as a digital dossier.
- (ii) The Today() function displays the current date.
- (iii) A range can be used in a formula.
- (iv) A chart is updated automatically when the data is changed.
- (v) The clone tool in Krita is available in the Brush Presets Panel.

Q.4 Answer the following in one sentence (very short answer type): (2x4=8)

- (i) How can you prevent software piracy?
- (ii) What is a formula ? Give an example.
- (iii) What is a chart?
- (iv) What is the use of clone tool?

Q.5 Answer the following in short : (3x4=12)

- (i) What are digital footprints? Name their two types.
- (ii) Distinguish between column chart and bar chart.
- (iii) What is the difference between the crop tool and smart patch tool?
- (iv) What do you know about absolute reference explain with the help of example.

Q.6 Long answer type questions (any two) – (2x5=10)

- (i) What is the significance of Selection tools in Krita?
- (ii) What is the difference between chart area and plot area?
- (iii) Define Spamming. Write any two ways to prevent it.



दिल्ली पब्लिक स्कूल, भिलाई

दिनांक - 12.09.2025

मध्यावधि परीक्षा - 2025

समय - 3 घंटे

कक्षा - सातवीं

विषय - हिंदी

पूर्णांक - 80

नाम -

अनुक्रमांक

सामान्य निर्देश -

- इस प्रश्न-पत्र में दो खंड हैं - खंड 'अ' और 'ब'।
- खंड 'अ' में 50 वस्तुपरक (बहुविकल्पीय) प्रश्न पूछे गए हैं।
- खंड 'ब' में वर्णनात्मक प्रश्न पूछे गए हैं, आंतरिक विकल्प भी दिए गए हैं।
- इस प्रश्न-पत्र में कुल 16 प्रश्न हैं।
- निर्देशों का पालन करते हुए दोनों खंडों के प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।

खंड - अ (वस्तुपरक)

प्रश्न 1 निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़कर इसके आधार पर सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त उत्तर वाले विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए -

(1x5=5)

उन्नीसवीं शताब्दी में यह राष्ट्रीय जागरण संपूर्ण भारत में किसी-न-किसी रूप में अभिव्यक्त हो रहा था, जिसमें भारतीयता के साथ आधुनिकता का संगम था। स्वामी विवेकानंद ने तो अमेरिका, इंग्लैंड आदि देशों से भारत लौटकर पूर्व और पश्चिम के श्रेष्ठ तत्वों के सम्मिलन से भारत को आधुनिक बनाने का स्वप्न देखा था। उन्होंने माना कि भारत और पश्चिम की मूल गति एवं उद्देश्य भिन्न हैं, परंतु भारत को जागना होगा, कुसंस्कारों एवं जाति-विद्वेष को त्यागना होगा, शिक्षित होकर देश की अशिक्षित, गरीब जनता को ही 'दरिद्रनारायण' मानकर उनकी सेवा करनी होगी, उनका उत्थान करना होगा। विवेकानंद का मत था कि भारत में जो जितना दरिद्र है, वह उतना ही साधु है। यहाँ गरीबी अपराध एवं पाप नहीं है तथा दरिद्रों की अपेक्षा धनिकों को अधिक प्रकाश की जरूरत है। वे चाहते थे कि हम नीच, अज्ञानी, दरिद्र-सभी को भाई मानें और गर्व से कहें - हम सब भाई भारतवासी हैं। मनुष्य को मानव बनाना, आदमी को इंसान बनाना आवश्यक है। हमें ऐसी शिक्षा चाहिए जो हमें संस्कारी मानव, हमदर्द इंसान बना सके। विचारों में विवेकानंद, गांधी से अधिक दूर नहीं थे और ऐसे ही विचारकों का चिंतन उन्नीसवीं सदी में भारत को उद्वेलित कर रहा था।

- (1) किस सदी में संपूर्ण भारत में राष्ट्रीय जागरण अभिव्यक्त हो रहा था ?
(क) उन्नीसवीं सदी में (ख) अठारहवीं सदी में (ग) बीसवीं सदी में (घ) इक्कीसवीं सदी में
- (2) विवेकानंद ने क्या सपना देखा था ?
(क) विदेशी तर्ज पर भारत का विकास (ख) पूर्व व पश्चिम के तत्वों का मिलन
(ग) भारत को आधुनिक बनाना (घ) (ख) व (ग) दोनों
- (3) विवेकानंद के अनुसार भारतीयों को कैसी शिक्षा की जरूरत है ?
(क) आदमी को आदमी बनाने वाली (ख) अंग्रेजी पढ़ाने वाली
(ग) भारतीय भाषाओं को बढ़ावा देने वाली (घ) उपर्युक्त में से कोई नहीं
- (4) विवेकानंद के अनुसार किसे अधिक प्रकाश की जरूरत है ?
(क) दरिद्र (ख) धनिकों (ग) सामंतों (घ) उपर्युक्त में से कोई नहीं
- (5) निम्नलिखित कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए। उसके आधार पर दिए गए विकल्पों में से कोई एक सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए -
कथन (A) : मनुष्य को मानव बनाना, आदमी को इंसान बनाना आवश्यक है।
कारण (R) : इसके लिए ऐसी शिक्षा चाहिए जो हमें संस्कारी मानव, हमदर्द इंसान बना सके।
(क) कथन (A) और कारण (R) दोनों गलत हैं।
(ख) कथन (A) गलत है और कारण (R) सही है।
(ग) कथन (A) सही है और कारण (R) उसकी गलत व्याख्या करता है।
(घ) कथन (A) और कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं, तथा कारण (R) कथन (A) की सही व्याख्या करता है।

प्रश्न 2 निर्देशानुसार भाषा, बोली, लिपि और व्याकरण पर आधारित छह बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए -

(1x5=5)

- (1) हिंदी भारत संघ की मान्यता प्राप्त है।
(क) राजभाषा (ख) राष्ट्रभाषा (ग) बोली (घ) लिपि
- (2) संस्कृत की लिपि है -
(क) देवनागरी (ख) प्रवाही नागरी (ग) गुरुमुखी (घ) फ़ारसी

- (3) फ़ारसी लिपि ————— भाषा की लिपि है।
 (क) तमिल (ख) उर्दू (ग) मलयालम (4) गुजराती
 (4) स्तंभ 1 को स्तंभ 2 के साथ सुमेलित कीजिए और सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए -

स्तंभ - 1 (भाषा)	स्तंभ - 2 (लिपि)
1. हिंदी	(i) रोमन लिपि
2. मलयालम	(ii) शलाका लिपि
3. अंग्रेजी	(iii) देवनागरी लिपि

विकल्प -

- (क) 1 - (iii) , 2 - (i) , 3 - (ii) (ख) 1 - (ii) , 2 - (iii) , 3 - (i)
 (ग) 1 - (i) , 2 - (ii) , 3 - (iii) (घ) 1 - (iii) , 2 - (ii) , 3 - (i)
 (5) उचित शब्द द्वारा रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए -
 भाषा के शुद्ध प्रयोग के नियम बताने वाले शास्त्र को ————— कहते हैं।
 (क) भाषाशास्त्र (ख) व्याकरण (ग) मानक भाषा (घ) लिखित भाषा
 (6) हिंदी दिवस कब मनाया जाता है ?
 (क) 14 नवंबर (ख) 15 सितंबर (ग) 14 सितंबर (घ) 14 दिसंबर

प्रश्न 3 निर्देशानुसार 'वर्ण-विचार' पर आधारित छह बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों में से **किन्हीं पाँच** प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए -
 (1x5=5)

- (1) उष्म व्यंजन हैं -
 (क) प, फ, ब, भ (ख) य, र, ल, व (ग) श, ष, स, ह (घ) क्ष, त्र, झ, श्र
 (2) अ, इ, उ, ऋ स्वर हैं -
 (क) ह्रस्व (ख) दीर्घ (ग) संयुक्त (घ) प्लुत
 (3) निम्नलिखित में से संयुक्त व्यंजन के उदाहरण हैं -
 (क) च, छ, ज, झ (ख) क्ष, त्र, झ, श्र (ग) क, ख, ग, घ (घ) श, ष, स, ह
 (4) किसी भाषा में क्रमिक व्यवस्थित वर्ण-समूह हो कहते हैं -
 (क) वर्णमाला (ख) व्याकरण (ग) साहित्य (घ) पुस्तक
 (5) सभी व्यंजन किसकी सहायता से बोले जाते हैं ?
 (क) व्यंजनों (ख) स्वरों (ग) वाक्यों (घ) अनुस्वार
 (6) गृहीत व्यंजन है -
 (क) श्र (ख) ड (ग) ढ (घ) (ख) व (ग) दोनों

प्रश्न 4 निर्देशानुसार 'पर्यायवाची' और 'विलोम' शब्दों पर आधारित छह बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों में से **किन्हीं पाँच** प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए -
 (1x5=5)

- (1) 'ईश्वर' शब्द का पर्यायवाची नहीं है -
 (क) भगवान (ख) परमात्मा (ग) प्रभु (घ) दानव
 (2) 'अहंकार' शब्द का पर्यायवाची है -
 (क) तिमिर (ख) घमंड (ग) इच्छा (घ) लालसा
 (3) 'आँख' शब्द का पर्यायवाची है -
 (क) अक्षि (ख) चक्षु (ग) लोचन (घ) (क), (ख) और (ग) तीनों
 (4) स्तंभ 1 को स्तंभ 2 के साथ सुमेलित कीजिए और सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए -

स्तंभ - 1 (शब्द)	स्तंभ - 2 (पर्यायवाची)
1. तुरंग	(i) गहना
2. अलंकार	(ii) अतिथि
3. अभ्यागत	(iii) घोड़ा

विकल्प - (क) 1 - (iii) , 2 - (i) , 3 - (ii) (ख) 1 - (ii) , 2 - (iii) , 3 - (i)
 (ग) 1 - (i) , 2 - (ii) , 3 - (iii) (घ) 1 - (iii) , 2 - (ii) , 3 - (i)

- (5) दिए गए वाक्य में रेखांकित शब्द के उचित विलोम शब्द द्वारा रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए -
 वाक्य - जीवन में सदैव उन्नति ही प्राप्त हो आवश्यक नहीं कभी का भी सामना करना पड़ता है।
 (क) अवनति (ख) प्रतिकूल (ग) पराजय (घ) उपेक्षा

- (6) दिए गए वाक्य में रेखांकित शब्द के उचित विलोम शब्द द्वारा रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए -
 वाक्य - आज नकद कल।
 (क) उदार (ख) उधार (ग) बंटाधार (घ) आर - पार

प्रश्न 5 निर्देशानुसार 'वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द', 'मुहावरे' और 'श्रुतिसम भिन्नार्थक' शब्दों पर आधारित छह बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए – (1x5=5)

- (1) 'जो इस लोक का न हो' – वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द है –
(क) लौकिक (ख) अलौकिक (ग) अद्वितीय (घ) ईश्वर
- (2) 'जिसे क्षमा न किया जा सके' – वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द है –
(क) शत्रु (ख) क्षम्य (ग) अक्षम्य (घ) सुगम्य
- (3) उचित मुहावरे के द्वारा रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए –

वाक्य – चालाक लोग दूसरों की आँखों में अपना काम निकाल लेते हैं।
(क) फूँक मारकर (ख) धूल झाँककर (ग) आँखें डालकर (घ) तिनका उड़ाकर

- (4) स्तंभ 1 को स्तंभ 2 के साथ सुमेलित कीजिए और सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए –

स्तंभ – 1 (मुहावरे)	स्तंभ – 2 (अर्थ)
1. आँख लगना	(i) गलती का अहसास होना
2. आँखें खुलना	(ii) बेवकूफ होना
3. अकल का अंधा	(iii) नींद आना

विकल्प –

- (क) 1 – (iii) , 2 – (i) , 3 – (ii) (ख) 1 – (ii) , 2 – (iii) , 3 – (i)
(ग) 1 – (i) , 2 – (ii) , 3 – (iii) (घ) 1 – (iii) , 2 – (ii) , 3 – (i)

- (5) नीचे दिए गए श्रुतिसम भिन्नार्थक शब्दों में से किसका अर्थ सही नहीं है ?
(क) आदि – वगैरह , आदी – आदत होना (ख) अपेक्षा – आशा , उपेक्षा – अनादर
(ग) कृपण – छोटी तलवार , कृपाण – कंजूस (घ) कर्म – काम , क्रम – सिलसिला
- (6) अवलंब – अविलंब शब्द युग्म का क्रमानुसार सही अर्थ है –
(क) सहारा – बिना देर किए (ख) बिना देर किए – सहारा
(ग) अनोखा – अनदेखा (घ) अनदेखा – अनोखा

प्रश्न 6 निर्देशानुसार 'शब्द विचार' और 'वाक्य रचना की सामान्य अशुद्धियाँ' पर आधारित छह बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए – (1x5=5)

- (1) दिए गए विकल्पों में से कौन-सा शब्द समूह देशज शब्दों का उपयुक्त उदाहरण है –
(क) ऑफिस, स्कूल, डॉक्टर (ख) आज्ञा, खून, आदमी
(ग) लोटा, झोला, डिबिया (घ) कनस्तर, तौलिया, साबुन
- (2) योगरूढ़ शब्द का उपयुक्त उदाहरण नहीं है –
(क) नीलकण्ठ (ख) हिमालय (ग) पाठशाला (घ) जलज
- (3) उत्पत्ति (स्रोत) के आधार पर बताइए कि 'टिकटघर' कौन-सा शब्द है –
(क) तत्सम (ख) तद्भव (ग) देशज (घ) संकर
- (4) स्तंभ 1 को स्तंभ 2 के साथ सुमेलित कीजिए और सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए –

स्तंभ – 1 (तत्सम)	स्तंभ – 2 (तद्भव)
1. वःष्ट	(i) घड़ा
2. कपोत	(ii) काठ
3. घट	(iii) कबूतर

विकल्प –

- (क) 1 – (iii) , 2 – (i) , 3 – (ii) (ख) 1 – (ii) , 2 – (iii) , 3 – (i)
(ग) 1 – (i) , 2 – (ii) , 3 – (iii) (घ) 1 – (iii) , 2 – (ii) , 3 – (i)

- (5) दिए गए विकल्पों में से शुद्ध वाक्य पहचानकर लिखिए –
(क) बाग में आम के अनेकों पेड़ हैं। (ख) मेश तो प्राण निकल गया।
(ग) मुझसे रोटी नहीं खाई जाती। (घ) मेले में हमारा बच्चा लोग खो गए।
- (6) दिए गए विकल्पों में से अशुद्ध वाक्य पहचानकर लिखिए –
(क) माँ छत पर कपड़े सूखा रही है। (ख) एक फूलों की माला ले आना।
(ग) हमारे देश का नाम भारत है। (घ) मुझे वहाँ जाना है।

प्रश्न 7 निम्नलिखित काव्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए – (1x5=5)

हम पंछी उन्मुक्त गगन के, पिंजरबद्ध न गा पाएँगे।
कनक – तीलियों से टकराकर, पुलकित पंख टूट जाएँगे।
हम बहता जल पीने वाले, मर जाएँगे, भूखे – प्यासे।
कहीं भली है कटुक निबौरी, कनक – कटोरी की मैदा से।

- (1) उपर्युक्त काव्य-पंक्तियों के रचयिता हैं –
(क) भवानी प्रसाद मिश्र (ख) शिवमंगल सिंह 'सुमन' (ग) महादेवी वर्मा (घ) केदारनाथ अग्रवाल

- (2) 'कनक' का क्या अर्थ है -
 (क) काँच (ख) सोना (ग) लोहा (घ) चाँदी
- (3) उपर्युक्त काव्यांश किस कविता से है ?
 (क) हम पंछी डाल-डाल के (ख) हम पंछी
 (ग) हम पंछी उन्मुक्त गगन के (घ) हम पंछी नील गगन के
- (4) पंछी कैसा जल पीते हैं ?
 (क) कुँ का जल (ख) बहता जल (ग) बारिश का जल (घ) उपर्युक्त सभी
- (5) 'पिंजरबद्ध' का शाब्दिक अर्थ है -
 (क) स्वतंत्र (ख) पिंजरे से मुक्त (ग) पिंजरे में बंद (घ) पंजे में बंद

प्रश्न 8 सही विकल्प का चयन कर उत्तर दीजिए -

(1x2=2)

- (1) 'हम पंछी उन्मुक्त गगन के' कविता में पक्षी हमें क्या संदेश देते हैं ?
 (क) आज़ाद रहने का (ख) बंधन में रहने का (ग) पिंजरे में रहने का (घ) परिवार के पालन का
- (2) 'हम पंछी उन्मुक्त गगन के' कविता की एक पंक्ति, 'या तो क्षितिज मिलन बन जाता' में क्षितिज का अर्थ है -
 (क) घोंसला या नीड़ (ख) आसमान की ऊँचाई
 (ग) पेड़ों की फुनगी (घ) जहाँ धरती और आसमान मिलते हुए से लगते हैं

प्रश्न 9 निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए -

(1x5=5)

सिंधु और ब्रह्मपुत्र - ये दो ऐसे नाम हैं जिनके सुनते ही रावी, सतलुज, व्यास, चनाब, झेलम, काबुल (कुभा), लपिशा, गंगा, यमुना, सरयू, गंडक, कोसी आदि हिमालय की छोटी-बड़ी सभी बेटियाँ आँखों के सामने नाचने लगती हैं। वास्तव में सिंधु और ब्रह्मपुत्र स्वयं कुछ नहीं हैं। दयालु हिमालय के पिघले हुए दिल की एक-एक बूँद न जाने कब से इकट्ठा हो-होकर इन दो महानदों के रूप में समुद्र की ओर प्रवाहित होती रही हैं। कितना सौभाग्यशाली है वह समुद्र जिसे पर्वतराज हिमालय की इन दो बेटियों का हाथ पकड़ने का श्रेय मिला।

काका कल्लेलकर ने नदियों को लोकमाता कहा है। किंतु माता बनने से पहले यदि हम इन्हें बेटियों के रूप में देख लें तो क्या हर्ज है ? और थोड़ा आगे चलिए इन्हीं में अगर प्रेयसी की भावना करें तो कैसे रहेगा ? मुमता का एक और भी धागा है, जिसे हम इनके साथ जोड़ सकते हैं। बहन का स्थान कितने कवियों ने इन नदियों को दिया है।

- (1) रचनाकार ने नदियों को किस रूप / किन-किन रूपों में देखा है ?
 (क) माता (ख) प्रेयसी (ग) बहन (घ) विकल्प (क), (ख), (ग) तीनों
- (2) सौभाग्यशाली किसे कहा गया है ?
 (क) नदी (ख) पहाड़ (ग) समुद्र (घ) हिमालय
- (3) दयालु हिमालय के पिघले हुए दिल की एक-एक बूँद न जाने कब से इकट्ठा हो-होकर इन दो महानदों के रूप में समुद्र की ओर प्रवाहित होती रही हैं, किसके विषय में कहा गया है ?
 (क) सिंधु नदी के (ख) सिंधु और ब्रह्मपुत्र नदी के (ग) समुद्र के (घ) हिमालय के
- (4) निम्नलिखित कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए। उसके आधार पर दिए गए विकल्पों में से कोई एक सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए -
 कथन (A) : काका कल्लेलकर ने नदियों को लोकमाता कहा है।
 कारण (R) : नदियाँ माता की तरह पूरे समाज का भरण-पोषण करती हैं।
 (क) कथन (A) और कारण (R) दोनों गलत हैं।
 (ख) कथन (A) गलत है और कारण (R) सही है।
 (ग) कथन (A) सही है और कारण (R) उसकी गलत व्याख्या करता है।
 (घ) कथन (A) और कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं तथा कारण (R) कथन (A) की सही व्याख्या करता है।
- (5) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश किस पाठ से है ?
 (क) बेटियाँ (ख) हिमालय की बेटियाँ (ग) पर्वतराज हिमालय (घ) नदियाँ

प्रश्न 10 सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त विकल्प का चयन कर उत्तर दीजिए -

(1x2=2)

- (1) मिठाईवाला पाठ में मुरलीवाले की उम्र कितनी होगी ?
 (क) पच्चीस - तीस वर्ष (ख) तीस - बत्तीस वर्ष
 (ग) चालीस - बयालीस वर्ष (घ) पचास - पचपन वर्ष
- (2) मुरलीवाला, मुरली का दाम कितना लगाता था ?
 (क) एक-एक पैसा (ख) दो-दो पैसे (ग) चार आने (घ) दो-दो रुपये

प्रश्न 11 निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर दिए गए विकल्पों में से चुनकर लिखिए - (कोई 6)

(1x6=6)

- (1) मिठाईवाला पाठ में चुन्नू-मुन्नू के पिता का क्या नाम है ?
 (क) चुन्नी बाबू (ख) मुन्नी बाबू (ग) विजय बाबू (घ) जय बाबू
- (2) हिमालय की बेटियाँ, पाठ के आधार पर कौन सी नदी हिमालय से निकलती है ?
 (क) सतलुज (ख) सिंधु (ग) ब्रह्मपुत्र (घ) विकल्प (क), (ख), (ग) तीनों

- (3) 'कठपुतली' नामक पाठ में कौन स्वतंत्र होना चाहती हैं ?
 (क) पहली कठपुतली (ख) अन्य कठपुतलियाँ
 (ग) सभी कठपुतलियाँ (घ) कोई भी स्वतंत्रता नहीं चाहती हैं
- (4) 'हम पंछी उन्मुक्त गगन के' कविता में 'कटुक निंबौरी' कहा गया है -
 (क) काँटों वाले फल को (ख) कड़वे नीम के फल को
 (ग) नींबू को (घ) कच्चे आम को
- (5) रहीम ने अपने दोहे में क्वार के बादलों को क्या कहा है ?
 (क) काले बादल (ख) मतवाले बादल (ग) थोथे बादल (घ) बरसने वाले बादल
- (6) रहीम के दोहे के आधार पर, देह (शरीर) की रीत किसके समान होनी चाहिए ?
 (क) धरती (ख) आकाश (ग) बादल (घ) पानी
- (7) रचनाकार ने 'हिमालय की बेटियाँ' पाठ में समुद्र को क्या कहा है ?
 (क) ससुर (ख) बेटा (ग) दामाद (घ) समधी

खंड - 'ख' (वर्णनात्मक)

- प्रश्न 12** निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 40-50 शब्दों में लिखिए - (2x4=8)
 (1) खिलौनेवाले के आने पर बच्चों की क्या प्रतिक्रिया होती थी ?
 (2) मिठाईवाला अलग-अलग चीजें क्यों बेचता था और वह महीनों बाद क्यों आता था ?
 (3) काका कालेलकर ने नदियों को लोकमाता क्यों कहा है ?
- प्रश्न 13** निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 30-40 शब्दों में लिखिए - (2x3=6)
 (1) हर तरह की सुख-सुविधाएँ पाकर भी पक्षी पिंजरे में बंद क्यों नहीं रहना चाहते ?
 (2) रहीम ने क्वार के मास में गरजने वाले बादलों की तुलना ऐसे निर्धन व्यक्तियों से क्यों की है जो पहले कभी धनी थे और बीती बातों को बताकर दूसरों को प्रभावित करना चाहते हैं ?
 (3) पहली कठपुतली की बात दूसरी कठपुतलियों को क्यों अच्छी लगी ?
- प्रश्न 14** 'अनुमान और कल्पना' से संबंधित निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए - (2x3=6)
 शब्द सीमा - (30-40 शब्द)
 (1) लेखक ने हिमालय से निकलने वाली नदियों को ममता भरी आँखों से देखते हुए उन्हें हिमालय की बेटियाँ कहा है। आप उन्हें क्या कहना चाहेंगे ? नदियों की सुरक्षा के लिए कौन-कौन से कार्य हो रहे हैं ? अपनी जानकारी के अनुसार लिखिए।
 (2) क्या आपको लगता है कि - वक्त के साथ फेरी के स्वर कम हुए हैं ? कारण सहित लिखिए।
 (3) क्या आपको लगता है कि मानव की वर्तमान जीवन-शैली और शहरीकरण से जुड़ी योजनाएँ पक्षियों के लिए घातक हैं ? पक्षियों से रहित वातावरण में अनेक समस्याएँ उत्पन्न हो सकती हैं। इन समस्याओं से बचने के लिए हमें क्या करना चाहिए।
- प्रश्न 15** (अ) दैनिक पत्र के संपादक को अपने क्षेत्र में बिजली संकट की ओर ध्यान आकर्षित कराने हेतु पत्र लिखिए। (1x5=5)

अथवा

(ब) अपने मित्र को कक्षा में प्रथम स्थान प्राप्त करने के लिए बधाई देते हुए पत्र लिखिए।

- प्रश्न 16** निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक विषय पर संकेत बिंदुओं के आधार पर लगभग 100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए - (1x5=5)

1. देश-प्रेम	2. जीतो मन को
- भूमिका - मातृभूमि के प्रति कर्तव्य - मातृभूमि का महत्त्व - निष्कर्ष	- भूमिका - मन का स्वभाव - दृढ़ स्वभाव - सकारात्मक सोच - निष्कर्ष
3. रेलवे प्लेटफॉर्म का दृश्य	4. वन-महोत्सव
- यात्रा की जानकारी - दृश्य वर्णन - लोगों के द्वारा सार्वजनिक स्थानों पर किए जा रहे व्यवहार पर अपने विचार - संदेश	- आयोजन का उद्देश्य - वनों का महत्त्व - हमारा कर्तव्य - संदेश



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 15.09.2025

MIDTERM EXAMINATION 2025

Time : 3 Hrs.

Class : VII

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

M.M. : 80

Name : _____

Roll No. : _____

General Instructions:

01. This question paper has 5 sections : A, B, C, D and E.
02. Section A has 20 MCQs carrying 01 mark each.
03. Section B has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each.
04. Section C has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.
05. Section D has 4 questions carrying 05 marks each.
06. Section E has 3 Case Based questions (04 marks each) with sub-parts of values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each.
07. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 questions of 5 marks each, 2 questions of 3 marks each and 2 questions of 2 marks each has been provided.
In the 2 marks questions of Section E internal choice has been provided.

SECTION - A

01. The product of $(-1) \times (-2) \times (-3)$ is
(A) +6 (B) -6 (C) 0 (D) None of these
02. The additive inverse of -7 is
(A) -7 (B) $\frac{-1}{7}$ (C) 7 (D) $\frac{1}{7}$
03. If $x \div 15 = 0$, then x is
(A) 15 (B) 0 (C) -15 (D) None of these
04. The reciprocal of $\frac{5}{11}$ is
(A) $1\frac{1}{5}$ (B) $2\frac{1}{5}$ (C) $1\frac{2}{5}$ (D) $5\frac{1}{2}$
05. The value of 0.42×0.2 is
(A) 8.4 (B) 0.84 (C) 84 (D) 0.084
06. The value of $128.9 \div 100$
(A) 1.289 (B) 0.1289 (C) 1289 (D) 12.89
07. If $8m + 8 = 56$, then m is equal to
(A) -4 (B) -6 (C) -14 (D) 6
08. Choose the equation for which $x = 1$ is a solution
(A) $x + 3 = 5$ (B) $x + 4 = 5$ (C) $x + 5 = 5$ (D) None of these
09. The equation for the statement Ten times a is 70 is
(A) $10 + a = 70$ (B) $\frac{a}{10} = 70$ (C) $10a = 70$ (D) None of these
10. Which pairs of angles are supplementary?
(A) 102° and 78° (B) 12° and 78°
(C) 100° and 90° (D) None of these
11. If two lines are intersected by a transversal then the number of pairs of corresponding angles are
(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4
12. An angle is 45° , its complementary angle will be _____
(A) 45° (B) 135° (C) 55° (D) 145°
13. Which of the following pairs of terms are like terms?
(A) $8x, 7z$ (B) $12yz, -9y$ (C) $10xy^2, 10x^2y$ (D) $pq, 12qp$
14. Number of terms in the expression $4x^2y - 2y^2z - z^2x + 5$ are
(A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 4 (D) 5
15. The algebraic expression for the case, the number x and y both squared and added.
(A) $(x + y)^2$ (B) $x^2 + y^2$ (C) $2x + 2y$ (D) $2x + y$
16. Number of lines of symmetry in a square is _____.
(A) 4 (B) 2 (C) 0 (D) 1

:: 2 ::

17. Line of symmetry of a circle is its
(A) Radius (B) Centre (C) Diameter (D) None of these
18. Which of these shapes have no line of symmetry?
(A) Circle (B) Square (C) rectangle (D) Parallelogram

Direction : In the question 19 and 20, a statement of Assertion (A) is followed by a statement of Reason (R). Choose the correct answer.

19. **Assertion (A) :** For any two integers 8 and -6 , $8 \times -6 = -6 \times 8$

Reason (R) : Multiplication of integers is associative.

- (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
(D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

20. **Assertion (A) :** $7.5 \times 10 = 750$

Reason (R) : To multiply a decimal number by 10, 100 or 1,000 shift the decimal point in the decimal number to the right by as many places as there are zeros over 1, to get the product.

- (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
(D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

Section – B (consists of 5 questions of 2 marks each)

21. Evaluate :

$$[(-6) + (5)] \div [(-2) + 1]$$

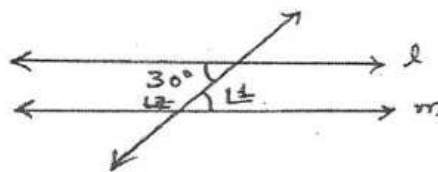
22. Find : $\frac{1}{2}$ of $9\frac{2}{3}$

23. Write the following equation in statement form and find the value of p.
 $3p + 4 = 25$

OR

Set up an equation and solve it. Laxmi's father is 45 years old. He is 3 years older than three times Laxmi's age.

24. In the given figure, $l \parallel m$. Find the value of $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$. (Give reason)



OR

Find the angle which is equal to its supplement.

25. If $a = 2, b = -2$, find the value of $a^2 + b^2 + ab$

Section – C (consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each)

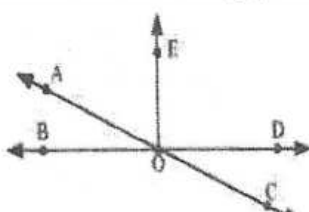
26. A car covers a distance of 89.1 km in 2.2 hours. What is the average distance covered by it in 1 hour?

OR

Which is greater? (Show the method)

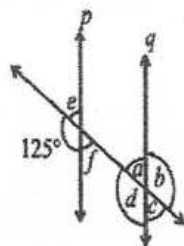
$$\frac{2}{7} \text{ of } \frac{3}{4} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{3}{5} \text{ of } \frac{5}{8}$$

27. Name the following pairs of angles, from the given figure.



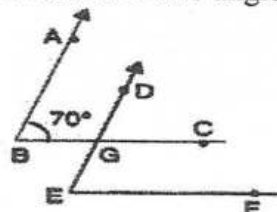
- (i) Obtuse vertically opposite angles.
(ii) Adjacent complementary angles.
(iii) Equal supplementary angles.

28. In the given figure, $p \parallel q$. Find the unknown angles.



OR

In the given figure, the arms of two angles are parallel. If $\angle ABC = 70^\circ$, then find



- (i) $\angle DGC$ (ii) $\angle DEF$

29. When $a = 1, b = -1$, Find the value of the given expression
 $2a^2b + 2ab^2 + ab$

30. Simplify the expression and find the value if x is equal to 2.

$$6x + 5(x - 2)$$

31. Write the centre of Rotation, order of Rotation and Angle of rotation for
 (a) Square (b) Circle

Section – D (consists of 4 questions of 5 marks each)

32. Verify the following and name the property
 $18 \times [7 + (-3)] = [18 \times 7] + [18 \times (-3)]$

OR

In a test + 5 marks are given for every correct answer and (-2) marks are given for every incorrect answer.

- (i) Radhika answered all the questions and scored 30 marks though, she got 10 correct answers.
 (ii) Jay also answered all the questions and scored (-12) marks though, he got 4 correct answers.
 How many incorrect answers had they attempted ?

33. Solve the following:

- (a) $30.94 \div 0.7$
 (b) $2\frac{1}{5} \div 1\frac{1}{5}$
 (c) 100.01×0.01

34. (a) $\frac{20p}{3} = 40$

- (b) Sachin scored twice as many runs as Rahul. Together, their runs fell two short of a double century.
 How many runs did each one score?

35. (a) Simplify the expression and find its value when $a = 5$ and $b = -3$
 $2(a^2 + ab) + 3 - ab$

- (b) Write the coefficient of y^2 in the given Algebraic expression $2x^2y - 15xy^2 + 7y^2$

OR

- (i) If $z = 10$, find the value of $z^3 - 3(z - 10)$
 (ii) What should be the value of a if the value of $2x^2 + x - a$ equals to 5, when $x = 0$?

Section – E (Case Based Questions)

36. Students of Delhi Public School planted trees in the school garden during Van Mahotsav. Some of the trees were fruit trees and other were non-fruit trees. Solve the questions on the basis of given information.

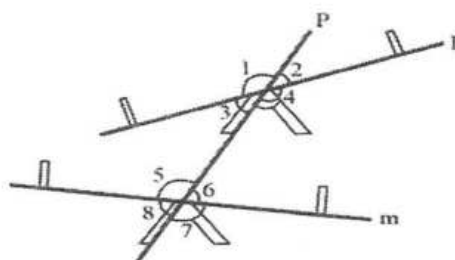


- (a) Set up an equation if the number of fruit trees are equal to the number of non-fruit trees and total number of trees planted are 180.
- (b) Find the number of non fruit trees, if fruit trees are equal to twice the non fruit trees. The fruit trees are 80.
- (c) What is the number of fruit trees planted, if the number of non fruit trees are 62, and number of non fruit trees were two more than three times the number of fruit trees?

OR

What should be the number of non fruit trees, if the total trees planted are 200, out of which fruit trees planted are equal to 120?

37. Children of a primary school went for a school picnic to Maitri Garden. They enjoyed various swings and see-saw. A diagram of see-saw in given below. Answer the following questions based on the given figure.

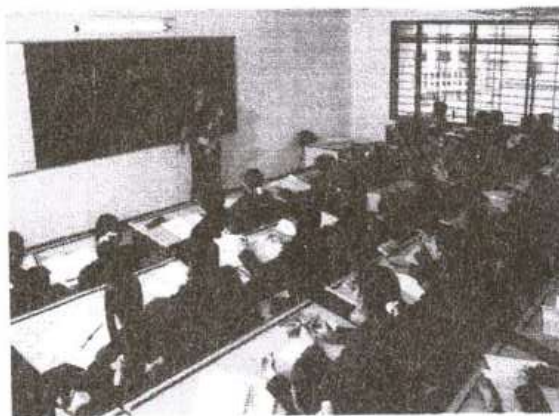


- (a) State a pair of alternate interior angles.
- (b) State a pair of corresponding angles.
- (c) Write 2 pairs of vertically opposite angles.

OR

If $\angle 6 = 80^\circ$, what will be the measure of $\angle 8$? Give your answer with reason.

38. Teacher gave a word MATHS during a period and gave following questions. Answer the following questions asked by the teacher.



- (a) Which of the letters in MATHS, have a line of Symmetry.
- (b) In the word MATHS, which of the letters shows rotational symmetry of order more than 1.
- (c) Which letters of the word MATHS have reflectional symmetry about a horizontal mirror? Show the line of symmetry.

OR

What is the angle of Rotation and order of Rotation for the Alphabet N?



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 10.09.2025

MIDTERM EXAMINATION 2025

Time : 3 Hrs.

Class : VII

SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE

M.M. : 80

Name : _____

Roll No. : _____

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- The question paper comprises Six Sections – A, B, C, D, E, and F.
There are 38 questions in the question-paper. All questions are compulsory.
- Section A** – Questions 1 to 20 are objective questions of 1 mark each.
- Section B** – Question no. 21 to 26 are very short answer type questions, carrying 2 marks each.
- Section C** – Question no. 27 to 31 are short answer type questions, carrying 3 marks each.
- Section D** – Question no. 32 to 34 are very long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each.
- Section E** – Question no. 35 and 36 are case based questions with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each.
- Section F** – Question no. 37 is a diagram-based question carrying 5 marks.
Question no. 38 is a map-based question, carrying 5 marks.
Secure the maps tightly in-between the pages of the answer-script.

SECTION-A

- Q.1 A person who makes a map is called a _____. (1)
(A) philosopher (B) calligrapher (C) photographer (D) cartographer
- Q.2 British historians divided the history of India into three periods. (True/False) (1)
- Q.3 Rajaraja I, is considered the most powerful _____ ruler. (1)
(A) Pandya (B) Chola (C) Rashtrakuta (D) Chera
- Q.4 Match the following: (1)
- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Gurjara-Pratiharas | (a) Western Deccan |
| 2. Rashtrakutas | (b) Bengal |
| 3. Palas | (c) Tamil Nadu |
| 4. Cholas | (d) Gujarat and Rajasthan |
- (A) 1 – c, 2 – a, 3 – d, 4 – b (B) 1 – d, 2 – c, 3 – b, 4 – a
(C) 1 – d, 2 – a, 3 – b, 4 – c (D) 1 – c, 2 – b, 3 – a, 4 – d
- Q.5 In _____ Sultan Iltutmish's daughter, Raziyya, became sultan. (1)
(A) 1236 (B) 1263 (C) 1326 (D) 1362
- Q.6 Privileges claimed on account of birth is known as – (1)
(A) Gender Distinction (B) Birthright (C) Tawarikh (D) Bandagan
- Q.7 **Assertion (A):** Chola temples often became the nuclei of settlements which grew around them.
Reason(R): Temples were not only places of worship; they were the centres of economic, social and cultural life. (1)

Choose the correct option among the following:

- (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
(D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

- Q.8 On _____ every year the World Environment Day is celebrated. (1)
(A) 5th June (B) 15th June (C) 22nd March (D) 12th April
- Q.9 Human beings interact with the environment, but do not modify it according to their need. (True/False) (1)
- Q.10 The remains of the dead plants and animals trapped in the layers of rocks are called _____. (1)
(A) Minerals (B) Magma (C) Fossils (D) Lava
- Q.11 The innermost layer of the earth is (1)
(A) Crust (B) Core (C) Mantle (D) Floor

Contd...2

- Q.12 What scale is used to measure the magnitude of the earthquake? (1)
(A) Richard (B) Richer (C) Richter (D) Rictor
- Q.13 The depositional feature of a glacier is: (1)
(A) Flood plain (B) Beach (C) Moraine (D) Arches
- Q.14 **Assertion(A)** : In deserts you can see rocks in the shape of a mushroom, commonly called mushroom rocks.
Reason(R) : Winds erode the lower section of the rock more than the upper part. Therefore, such rocks have narrower top and wider base. (1)
- Choose the correct option from among the following:**
(A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
(D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.
- Q.15 In US, the Civil Rights Act of _____ prohibited discrimination on the basis of race, religion or national origin. (1)
(A) 1946 (B) 1864 (C) 1846 (D) 1964
- Q.16 The full form of PHC is: (1)
(A) Public Health Centre (B) Primary Health Centre
(C) Private Health Centre (D) Public Health Care
- Q.17 After the elections, the MLAs belonging to the majority party will elect their leader who becomes the (1)
(A) Prime Minister (B) Governor (C) Home Minister (D) Chief Minister
- Q.18 The Samoan Islands are part of a large group of small islands in the southern part of the _____. (1)
(A) Atlantic Ocean (B) Pacific Ocean (C) Indian Ocean (D) Arctic Ocean
- Q.19 According to our Constitution, it is the primary duty of the government to ensure the welfare of the people and provide health care facilities to all. (True/False) (1)
- Q.20 **Assertion(A)** : Article 21 of the Constitution prohibits discrimination on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth.
Reason(R) : The State shall not discriminate against any citizen on grounds only of religion, race, caste, sex, place of birth or any of them. (1)
- Choose the correct option from among the following:**
(A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
(D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

SECTION-B

- Q.21 What were the two major cities under the control of the Chahamanas? Name a famous Chahamanas ruler who defeated a Turk ruler named Sultan Muhammad Ghori in 1191. (1+1)=(2)
- Q.22 Name any two types of taxes collected by the Delhi Sultans. (2)
- Q.23 How are extrusive and intrusive rocks formed? (2)
- Q.24 What are ox-bow lakes? (2)
- Q.25 Why do you think men and boys generally do not do household works? (any two points) (2)
- Q.26 Use the terms 'constituency' and 'represent' to explain who an MLA is and how the person is elected. (2)

SECTION - C

- Q.27 What kind of irrigation works were developed in the Tamil region? (3)
OR
What did the new dynasties in the medieval period do, to gain acceptance?

- Q.28 How are flood plains formed? (3)
- Q.29 What does the Constitution tell about the role of government in health? (3)
- OR
- What problems do poor people face in the private hospitals?
- Q.30 How were the affairs of the jatis regulated? (3)
- Q.31 In a democracy why is Universal Adult Franchise important? (3)

SECTION – D

- Q.32 How do some MLAs become ministers? Write any two functions of the ministers of a state. (3+2)=(5)
- OR
- How do societies create differences between boys and girls? In what ways are the Samoan and Indian children different from each other (two points)?
- Q.33 What were the activities associated with Chola temples? (5)
- OR
- What were the qualifications necessary to become a member of a committee of the 'sabha' in the Chola empire?
- Q.34 Define Sea-Caves. Explain how sea-caves are turned into stacks. (1+4)=(5)
- OR
- Explain the three types of rocks. Write any two uses of rock. (3+2)=(5)

SECTION – E

Case Study Based Questions:

- Q.35 Histories are known as Tarikh (singular)/ Tawarikh(plural), in Persian, the language of administration under the Delhi Sultans. The authors of Tawarikh were learned men: secretaries, administrators, poets and courtiers, who both recounted events and advised rulers on governance, emphasising the importance of just rule.
- Keep the following additional details in mind: (1) the authors lived in cities (mainly Delhi) and hardly ever in villages. (2) They often wrote their histories for Sultans in the hope of rich rewards. (3) These authors advised rulers on the need to preserve an "ideal" social order based on birthright and gender distinctions. Their ideas were not shared by everybody.
- (i) What was the language of administration under the Delhi Sultans? (1)
- (ii) Who were the authors of Tawarikh? (1)
- (iii) Why did the 'Tawarikhs' write history? What did they advise the rulers? (1+1)=(2)
- Q.36 There is a wide range of private health facilities that exist in our country. A large number of doctors run their own private clinics. In the rural areas, one finds Registered Medical Practitioners (RMPs). Urban areas have a large number of doctors, many of them providing specialised services. There are hospitals and nursing homes that are privately owned. There are many laboratories that do tests and offer special facilities such as X-ray, ultrasound, etc. There are also shops from where we buy medicines.
- As the name suggests, private health facilities are not owned or controlled by the government. Unlike the public health services, in private facilities, patients have to pay a lot of money for every service that they use.
- (i) Expand RMP. (1)
- (ii) Where do we generally find privately owned hospitals and nursing homes? (1)
- (ii) State any two differences between the private and public health services. (1+1)=(2)

SECTION – F

- Q.37 Draw a well-labelled diagram to show the interior of the earth. (5)
- Q.38 Locate the following on the political map of India (any5): (5)
- | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| (1) Cholas | (2) Kannauj | (3) Delhi |
| (4) Chahamanas | (5) Kanchipuram | (6) Somnath |



दिल्ली-पब्लिक-स्कूल, भिलाईनगरम्

दिनाङ्कः - 18.09.2025

अर्द्धवार्षिकी परीक्षा, 2025

समयः - 1:30 होरा

कक्षा - सप्तमी

विषयः - संस्कृतम्

पूर्णाङ्कः - 40

परीक्षार्थिनः नाम

कक्षा/वर्गः

अनुक्रमाङ्कः

वीक्षकस्य हस्ताक्षरम्.....

प्रश्न 1. अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत -

अथ एकदा धीवराः तत्र आगच्छन्। ते अकथयन् - "वयं श्वः मत्स्यकूर्मादीन् मारयिष्यामः।" एतत् श्रुत्वा कूर्मः अवदत् - "मित्रे! किं युवाभ्यां धीवराणां वार्ता श्रुता? अधुना किं अहं करोमि?" हंसौ अवदताम् - "प्रातः यद् उचितं तत्कर्तव्यम्।" कूर्मः अवदत् - "मैवम्। तद् यथाऽहम् अन्यं हृदं गच्छामि तथा कुरुतम्।" हंसौ अवदताम् - "आवां किं करवाव?" कूर्मः अवदत् - "अहं युवाभ्यां सह आकाशमार्गेण अन्यत्र गन्तुम् इच्छामि।"

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत - (केवलं द्वौ) (1x2=2)

(क) तत्र के आगच्छन्? (धीवराः / हंसौ)

(ख) कूर्मः केन मार्गेण गन्तुम् इच्छति स्म? (जलमार्गेण/आकाशमार्गेण)

(ग) "अधुना अहं किं करोमि?" कः अवदत् (कूर्मः/हंसः)

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत - (केवलं द्वौ) (1x2=2)

(क) धीवराः किं अकथयन्?

(ख) कूर्मः हंसौ किं अवदत्?

(ग) "आवां किं करवाव?" इति वाक्यं कौ अवदताम्?

प्रश्न 2. कोष्ठकात् पदानि चित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत - (केवलं पञ्च) (1x5=5)

क्षमा, केशर, त्रीणि, सारनाथे, मित्रेण, कम्बुग्रीवः

(क) पृथिव्यां कति रत्नानि?

(ख) लोके वशीकृतिः का?

(ग) कूर्मस्य किं नाम आसीत्?

(घ) केन सह कलहं कृत्वा नरः सुखी न भवेत्?

(ङ) त्रिवर्णं ध्वजे शक्त्याः सूचकः कः वर्णः?

(च) अशोकस्तम्भः कुत्र अस्ति?

प्रश्न 3. कोष्ठकात् पदानि चित्वा रेखाङ्कितपदानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कृत्वा लिखत - (केवलं पञ्च) (1x5=5)

कैः	कम्	कः	कदा	का	केषाम्
-----	-----	----	-----	----	--------

(क) मृत्युः न प्रतीक्षते।

(ख) सर्वदा व्यवहारे ऋजुता विधेया।

(ग) सद्भिः एव सहासीत।

(घ) स्वधर्मात् प्रमादं वयं न कुर्याम।

(ङ) व्यवहारे मृदुता श्रेयसी।

(च) शत्रूणां समक्षं विजयः सुनिश्चितः भवेत्।

प्रश्न 4. उपयुक्तकथनानां समक्षं 'आम्' अनुपयुक्तकथनानां समक्षं 'न' इति लिखत -

(½x4=2)

(क)	प्रातः काले ईश्वरं स्मरेत्।	
(ख)	अनृतं ब्रूयात्।	
(ग)	मनसा श्रेष्ठजनं सेवेत।	
(घ)	चक्रे त्रिंशत् अराः सन्ति।	

प्रश्न 5. मञ्जूषातः क्रियापदं चित्वा वाक्यानि पूरयत - (केवलं चत्वारः)

(½x4=2)

अभिनन्दति ,	उड्डीयते ,	भक्षयिष्यामः ,	प्रतिवसति स्म ,	वदिष्यामि
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- (क) हंसाभ्यां सह कूर्मोऽपि
- (ख) अहं किञ्चिदपि न
- (ग) यः हितकामानां सुहृदां वाक्यं न
- (घ) एकः कूर्मः अपि तत्रैव
- (ङ) वयं गृहं नीत्वा कूर्मं

प्रश्न 6. रुचिरा-पाठ्य-पुस्तकात् श्लोकद्वयं लिखत -

(2)

.....

.....

.....

प्रश्न 7. संख्यानां कृते संस्कृतपदं मञ्जूषातः चित्वा लिखत - (केवलं षट्)

(½x6=3)

द्वादश ,	सप्त ,	विंशतिः	पञ्च	चतुर्विंशतिः	अष्टादश	त्रयः
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- (क) 03 (ख) 05 (ग) 07
- (घ) 12 (ङ) 18 (च) 20
- (छ) 24

प्रश्न 8. कोष्ठकात् उचितविभक्तिपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - (केवलं त्रयः)

(1x3=3)

- (क) विना सर्वं व्यर्थम् (ज्ञानेन / ज्ञानस्य)
- (ख) बालिका सह पठति (बालकाय / बालकेन)
- (ग) उभयतः वृक्षाः सन्ति (नदीम् / नद्यै)
- (घ) ऊँ नमः (शिवाय / शिवात्)

प्रश्न 9. अधोलिखितवाक्यानां संस्कृते अनुवादं कुरुत - (केवलं द्वौ)

(1x2=2)

- (क) बालक पढ़ता है।
- (ख) तुम सब लिखते हो।
- (ग) हम सब चलेंगे।

प्रश्न 10. कोष्ठकात् धातुं प्रत्ययं च विभज्य संयोज्य वा लिखत – (केवलं चत्वारः) (½x4=2)

- (क) हस् + क्त्वा (हसित्वा / हासित्वा)
 (ख) पत् + क्त्वा (पतीत्वा / पतित्वा)
 (ग) चल् + क्त्वा (चलित्वा / चालीत्वा)
 (घ) पठित्वा (पठ् + क्त्वा / पाठ् + क्त्वा)
 (ङ) गर्जित्वा (गर्ज् + क्त्वा / गर्जि + क्त्वा)

प्रश्न 11. मञ्जूषातः अव्ययपदानि चित्वा लिखत – (केवलं चत्वारः) (½x4=2)

पुनः ,	शनैः ,	कुत्र ,	अत्र ,	कति
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- (क) बालकाः प्रतिदिनं क्रीडन्ति ।
 (ख) त्वं गच्छसि ?
 (ग) इदं कार्यं कुरु ।
 (घ) त्वं वादने विद्यालयं गच्छसि ?
 (ङ) कच्छपः चलति ।

प्रश्न 12. उचितधातुरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत – (केवलं अष्ट) (½ x8=4)

पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथम-पुरुषः	भवति	.....	.....
मध्यम-पुरुषः	.....	पश्यथः	.....
उत्तम-पुरुषः	.....	.....	करिष्यामः
प्रथम-पुरुषः	स्थास्यति	स्थास्यतः	.....
मध्यम-पुरुषः	.....	.....	दास्यथ
उत्तम-पुरुषः	.....	पास्यावः	पास्यामः

प्रश्न 13. उचितशब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत – (केवलं अष्ट) (½ x8=4)

विभक्तिः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमा	देवः	.....	.....
द्वितीया	लताम्	.....	लताः
तृतीया	.....	काभ्याम्	कैः
चतुर्थी	नद्यै	.....	.....
पञ्चमी	.....	मुनिभ्याम्	मुनिभ्यः
षष्ठी	भानोः	भान्वोः	.....
सप्तमी	.....	तयोः	तेषु
सम्बोधनम्	हे नदि !	.....	हे नद्यः !



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 22.09.2025

MIDTERM EXAMINATION 2025

Time : 3 Hrs.

Class : VII

SUBJECT : SCIENCE

M.M. : 80

Name : _____

Roll No. : _____

General Instruction:

- (A) This question paper consists of 39 questions in 5 sections.
- (B) All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.
- (C) Section A consists of 20 objective type questions carrying 1 mark each. Students must write correct option and answer both.
- (D) Section B consists of 6 Very Short questions carrying 02 marks each. Answer of these questions should be in the range of 30 to 50 words.
- (E) Section C consists of 7 Short Answer type questions carrying 03 marks each. Answer of these questions should be in the range of 50 to 80 words.
- (F) Section D consists of 3 Long Answer type questions carrying 05 marks each. Answer of these questions should be in the range of 80 to 120 words.
- (G) Section E consists of 3 source-based/ case-based units of assessment of 04 marks each with sub-parts.

SECTION – A (Multiple Choice Questions)

1. Which of the following is a salt?
(A) Hydrochloric acid (B) Sodium hydroxide (1)
(C) Sulphuric acid (D) Sodium chloride
2. Which of the following is not a method of heat transfer?
(A) Convection (B) Conduction (C) Condensation (D) Radiation (1)
3. In earthworm, the exchange of gases occurs through
(A) lungs (B) moist skin (C) gills (D) tracheae (1)
4. Heat always flows from
(A) cold body to a hot body (B) a hot body to a hot body (1)
(C) a cold body to a cold body (D) a hot body to a cold body
5. The false feet of amoeba are used for
(A) movement only (B) capture of food only (1)
(C) capture of food and movement (D) none of these
6. The process of depositing a layer of zinc on iron is called
(A) galvanization (B) oiling (C) greasing (D) crystallisation (1)
7. The bacterium which provides nitrogen to the leguminous plants is
(A) lichens (B) rhizobium (C) fungi (D) yeast (1)
8. Which of the following is NOT required for the process of photosynthesis?
(A) Oxygen (B) Sunlight (C) Chlorophyll (D) Water (1)
9. James is suffering from indigestion due to acidity. He is advised to take
(A) common salt solution (B) orange juice (C) sugar solution (D) milk of magnesia (1)
10. During the process of exhalation, the ribs move
(A) down and inwards (B) up and inwards (C) down and outwards (D) up and outward (1)
11. Which of the following is not a chemical change?
(A) Burning of leaves (B) Freezing of water (1)
(C) Fermentation of grapes (D) Turning brown of freshly cut apple
12. Which of the following sets of substances contains acids?
(A) Grapes, lime water (B) Curd, milk of magnesia (1)
(C) Curd, vinegar (D) Vinegar, soap

13. The process of digestion taking place in grass – eating animals is called
(A) egestion (B) assimilation (C) rumination (D) absorption (1)
14. Name the term which means 'taking in of air rich in oxygen into the body'.
(A) Exhalation (B) Inhalation (C) Breathing (D) Respiration (1)
15. By dissolving sugar in hot water, Aarohi's mother prepared concentrated sugar syrup. Sugar crystals get separated during cooling. This is a
(A) physical change that is reversible (B) chemical change that is reversible (1)
(C) irreversible physical change (D) irreversible chemical change
16. Woollen clothes are considered as good insulators because
(A) they are made from animal fibres (B) they prevent heat from entering the body (1)
(C) they conduct heat well (D) they trap air, which is a poor conductor of heat

Directions : Question No. 17 to 20 are Assertion ((A) Reason (R) type questions. Choose the correct option from the following:

- (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - (B) Both Assertion ((A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - (C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
 - (D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.
17. **Assertion (A) :** Sugar is a neutral substance.
Reason (R) : Sugar solution turns red litmus blue. (1)
 18. **Assertion (A) :** The small intestine is about 7.5 m long and highly coiled.
Reason (R) : It is smaller as compared to large intestine. (1)
 19. **Assertion (A) :** Yeast is a single celled organism that can respire anaerobically.
Reason (R) : Yeast is not used to produce wine and beer. (1)
 20. **Assertion ((A) –** Burning of paper is a physical change.
Reason (R) – The products formed on burning of paper cannot be converted back to paper. (1)

SECTION – B (Very Short Answer Questions)

21. Setting of curd is a chemical change. Give reasons. (2)
22. Why do farmers grow many fruits and vegetables crops inside large greenhouses? (2)
23. What happens when turmeric is added to acidic and basic solution? (2)
OR
Why great care should be taken while handling laboratory acids and bases?
24. Distinguish between autotrophs and heterotrophs. (Any two points) (2)
25. Write two similarities between aerobic and anaerobic respiration. (2)
OR
Define breathing rate. What is the breathing rate of an adult human being at rest?
26. Why we cannot survive only on raw, leafy vegetables/grass? (2)

SECTION – C (Short Answer Questions)

27. Describe the method how china rose can be used as an indicator? What happens when china rose is added to acidic and basic solution? (3)
28. (a) Why is it comfortable to wear light colour clothes in summer and dark colour clothes in winter?
(b) Write any one similarity between the laboratory thermometer and the clinical thermometer. (3)
OR
Draw the well – labelled diagram of sea breeze and land breeze.
29. Draw and describe the structure of a cell. (3)

30. Write an activity to show that exhaled air contains carbon dioxide. (3)
31. (a) Define temperature.
(b) Write **any two** differences between the laboratory thermometer and the clinical thermometer. (3)
32. Write an activity to show crystals formation of copper sulphate solution. (3)
33. Draw a well labelled diagram showing **feeding and digestion in amoeba**. (3)

SECTION – D (Long Answer Questions)

34. (a) What happens when baking soda is mixed with lemon juice? What type of change it is?
(b) Explain with the help of equation the process of rusting of iron.
(c) What is the chemical formula of calcium hydroxide? (5)
- OR
- (a) What happens when magnesium oxide is dissolved in water? Write the equation also.
(b) Explain why rusting of iron objects are faster in coastal areas than in deserts?
(c) Explain why burning of wood and cutting it into small pieces are considered as two different types of changes.
35. (a) Name the acids present in vinegar, ant's sting and tamarind.
(b) Name the bases present in soap, milk of magnesia and window cleaner.
(c) What is the use of litmus solution? Name the source from which litmus is obtained. (5)
- OR
- (a) Explain why an antacid tablet is taken when you suffer from acidity.
(b) What is acid rain? What are the harmful effects of acid rain? (Any 3 points)
36. (a) What is the percentage of oxygen and carbon dioxide in inhaled and exhaled air?
(b) Explain why do we get muscle cramps after a heavy exercise? How can we get relieved from it? (5)
- OR
- (a) What do you mean by cellular respiration?
(b) Why do we often sneeze when we inhale a lot of dust – laden air?
(c) Write **any three** differences between aerobic and anaerobic respiration.

SECTION – E (Case Based Study)

37. Evan is fond of eating chocolates; his mother always discusses the importance of teeth in our life and taking care of them. Evan is reluctant to follow the instructions given by his mother. He never cleans his teeth after having meals. One day while biting a guava he saw a blood patch on it. His mother took him to a dentist immediately. The doctor observed a tiny hole in one of his molar teeth. The doctor filled the hole with some chemicals and advised him to take a few medicines.
(a) Which foods and drinks results in tooth decay? (1)
(b) Name any two different types of teeth found in the human body, (1)
(c) How can we take care of our teeth? (**any two points**) (2)
- OR
- (c) What causes tooth decay?
38. During a cooking class, students noticed that the metal handle of a frying pan became hot while cooking. Their teacher explained that the heat from the stove travelled through the metal by conduction. She also pointed out that some pans have wooden or plastic handles to prevent burns.
(a) What is conduction? (1)
(b) Why the handle of a pressure cooker is covered with thick plastic? (1)
(c) Write **any one** difference between conductor and insulator. (2)
- OR
- (c) Give **any two** examples showing application of conduction in day-to-day life.
39. During the rainy season, Sneha noticed fungus growing on bread and leather. Her teacher told her that these organisms are fungi and they feed on decaying matter. In the school lab, students observed fungi under the microscope and learned about saprotrophic nutrition.
(a) What is saprotrophic nutrition? (1)
(b) Write one use of fungi. (1)
(c) How do saprotrophs obtain nutrients? (2)
- OR
- (c) State the conditions which help fungi to grow.



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 25.09.2025

MIDTERM EXAMINATION 2025

Time : 3 Hrs.

Class : VII

SUBJECT : ENGLISH

M.M. : 80

Name : _____

Roll No. : _____

General Instructions:

- Read all the instructions carefully before answering the questions.
- Attempt all the questions in each section before going to the next section.
- All the answers must be correctly numbered and written neatly.
- For Multiple Choice Questions, write only the answers along with the option numbers clearly.

The paper consists of four sections:

Section : A – Reading (16 Marks)

Section : B – Writing (18 Marks)

Section : C – Grammar (16 Marks)

Section : D – Literature (30 Marks)

Section A Reading (16 marks)

A1. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: (8)

Flower Power

1. When her grandmother's health began to deteriorate in the fall of 1994, Mary would make the drive from Washington, DC to Winchester, VA every few days. She hated highway driving, finding it ugly and monotonous. She preferred to take meandering back roads to her grandmother's hospital. When she drove through the rocky town of Harpers Ferry, the beauty of the rough waters churning at the intersection of the Shenandoah and Potomac rivers always captivated her.
2. Towards the end of her journey, Mary had to get on highway 81. It was here that she discovered a surprising bit of beauty during one of her trips. Along the median of the highway, there was a long stretch of wildflowers. They were thin and delicate and purple, and swayed in the wind as if whispering poems to each other.
3. The first time she saw the flowers, Mary was seized by an uncontrollable urge to pull over on the highway and yank a bunch from the soil. She carried them into her grandmother's hospital room and placed them in a water pitcher by her bed. For a moment her grandmother seemed more lucid than usual. She thanked Mary for the flowers, commented on their beauty and asked where she had gotten them. Mary was overjoyed by the ability of the flowers to wake something up inside her ailing grandmother.
4. Afterwards, Mary began carrying scissors in the car during her trips to visit her grandmother. She would quickly jump out of the car and clip a bunch of flowers. Each time Mary placed the flowers in the pitcher, her grandmother's eyes would light up and they would have a splendid conversation. One morning in late October, Mary got a call that her grandmother had taken a turn for the worse. Mary was in such a hurry to get to her grandmother that she sped past her flower spot. She decided to turn around, head several miles back, and cut a bunch.
5. Mary arrived at the hospital to find her grandmother very weak and unresponsive. She placed the flowers in the pitcher and sat down to hold her grandmother's hand. She felt a squeeze on her fingers. It was the last conversation they had.
 - a. Where did Mary live in the fall of 1994?
 - b. Which rocky town did Mary enjoy passing through on her trips?
 - c. Where did Mary place the flowers in her grandmother's hospital room?
 - d. How did her grandmother react to the flowers, the first time?
 - e. What happened each time Mary placed flowers in the pitcher?
 - f. What physical gesture did Mary's grandmother make at the end?
 - g. Identify the word from **para 5** which means the same as 'not reacting or showing signs of awareness'.
 - i) squeeze
 - ii) conversation
 - iii) unresponsive
 - iv) none of these
 - h. Identify the word from **para 3** which is the antonym of 'unclear'.
 - i) first
 - ii) ailing
 - iii) overjoyed
 - iv) lucid

Contd...2

A2. Read the poem given below and answer the questions that follow:

(8)

The Doll house

1. There in the attic of forgotten shapes
(Old coats in plastic, hat boxes, fur capes
Amongst the smells of mothballs and cigars),
I saw the doll house of our early years,
With which my mother and my aunt had played,
And later where my sister and I made
2. The towering grown-up hours to smile and pass:
The little beds, the tin-foil looking glass,
Bookcases stamped in ink upon the walls,
Mismatched chairs where sat the jointed dolls,
The clock whose face, no larger than a dime,
Had, for all these years, kept the same time.
3. I remembered how we set the resin food
Atop a table of stained balsa wood,
The shiny turkey hollow to the tap,
The cherry pie baked in a bottle cap.
Now it is time to go to sleep, we spoke,
Parroting the talk of older folk,
4. And laid the dolls out fully-clothed in bed
After their teeth were brushed, and prayers were said,
And flipped the switch on the low-wattage sun.
But in the night, we'd have something break in,
Kidnap the baby or purloin the pie-
A tiger, maybe, or a passer-by –
5. Just to make something happen, to move the story.
The dolls awoke, alarmed, took inventory.
If we made something happen every day,
Or night, it was the game we knew to play;
Not realising then how lives accrue,
With interest, the smallest things we do.

By A E Stalling

- a. Where was the doll house found?
- b. Who had played with the doll house before the poet and her sister?
- c. What was stamped in ink upon the walls of doll house ?
- d. What was the table in the doll house made of?
- e. What were the two things included in the bed time routine of the dolls?
- f. Who might break into the doll house at night?
- g. Identify the word from **stanza 5** which means the same as 'feeling frightened or worried'.
i) happen ii) alarmed iii) awoke iv) realising
- h. Identify the word from **stanza 3** which is the closest antonym of 'under'.
i) atop ii) now iii) hollow iv) none of these

Section B Writing (18marks)

B1. Read the following telephonic conversation carefully:

(5)

Jatin : Hello! Is it 0799-807777?

Rahul : Yes, it is.

Jatin : May I talk to Tina? I am Jatin, her classmate.

Rahul: She is not at home. You may leave a message for her.

Jatin : May I know who is speaking?

Rahul : I am Rahul, Tina's brother.

Jatin : Hi Rahul. Please tell Tina to bring two hundred fifty rupees for the trip as tomorrow is the last day to submit the fee.

Rahul : Ok, I will tell her.

Jatin : Thank you!

As Rahul had to leave for his coaching classes, he left this message for Tina. Write the message on his behalf in not more than 50 words.

Contd...3

- B2.** Imagine you forgot to complete your homework for a subject you usually excel in. Your teacher expressed disappointment, and you felt embarrassed in front of your classmates. Write a **diary entry** expressing your feelings. Use the hints given below. (Word limit – 80-100 words) (5)

Hints: tough day – forgot to do science homework – thought will remember – but forgot while helping little brother – teacher said – expected better – some classmates laughed – realized – small distractions can lead to big downsides – decided not to let it happen again – will set reminders now on

- B3.** You are Ramya/Ramesh, living at Qr.No.360, I Block, Sapphire heights, VIP Road, Raipur. Write a **letter** to your cousin telling him/her about the annual exhibition that was held in your school recently. Use the hints given below. (Word limit – 120 words) (8)

Extravagant exhibition – theme ‘Vishwaguru Bharat’ – we all have been preparing – got opportunity to participate – chief guest was impressed seeing innovative and inspiring exhibits – parents were glad to see their wards’ talent – next year should join us

OR

Write a **story** based on the given hints in about 120 words. Give a suitable title.

A hungry dog – finds a bone – picks it up – on the way crosses a bridge – stops in the middle – sees his own reflection in the water – thinks there is another dog in the water with a bone – wants that one too – growls – opens mouth to bark – the bone from his mouth falls into the water – the greedy dog is left with no bone

Section C Grammar (16 marks)

For questions **C1 to C4** choose the correct answer from the given options:

- C1.** Fill in the blanks with the suitable form of **adjectives**. (2)
- a) Ashly is not as _____ as Simon.
i) smartest ii) smarter iii) smart iv) most smart
- b) Summer of 2023 was the _____ so far.
i) hot ii) hottest iii) hotter iv) none of the these
- C2.** Fill in the blanks using the appropriate **non-finite verbs**. (2)
- a) I called him because I wanted _____ his whereabouts.
i) to know ii) know iii) knowing iv) none of these
- b) Leena said, “Mother, I have never read such a _____ book.”
i) confused ii) confusing iii) confuse iv) to confuse
- C3.** Fill in the blanks with the suitable **reflexive pronouns**. (2)
- a) Please help _____ to some snacks.
i) I ii) yourself iii) you iv) myself
- b) He always talks to _____ when he is alone.
i) myself ii) itself iii) himself iv) herself
- C4.** Fill in the blanks with the appropriate **adverbs**. (2)
- a) The sun shone _____.
i) loudly ii) brightly iii) awkwardly iv) luckily
- b) I _____ cleaned up the room.
i) quickly ii) upstairs iii) warmly iv) yesterday
- C5.** Identify the **verb** and mention whether it is **transitive or intransitive**. (2)
- a) Adele dances gracefully.
- b) John built a tree house for his son.
- C6. a)** Fill in the blanks with the **present perfect tense** form of the verbs given in bracket. (2)
- The company _____ significantly in the past five years. (evolve)
- b)** Fill in the blanks with the **past perfect tense** form of the verbs given in bracket.
- She got home and noticed that something _____. (change)
- C7. a)** Complete the following **idiom**: (2)
- To lead _____.
- b)** Complete the following **proverb**:
- Be swift to _____.
- C8.** Fill in the blanks with appropriate **modals** in accordance with the situations given in brackets. (2)
- a) Shane _____ not do well in the exam as he had little time for preparation. (past ability)
- b) You _____ look after your old parents. (moral obligation)

Section D Literature (30 marks)

D1. Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow:

I. "People are always telling us to be kind to animals, but when we are, they scream..." (1x3=3)

- a) Who is the speaker in the above line?
b) Name the lesson.
c) What is the mood of the speaker while speaking the above-mentioned line?
(i) Happy (ii) Annoyed (iii) Sad (iv) None of these

II. "Haven't you got a hankie?
Take your hands out of
your pockets
Pull your socks up
Stand up straight" (1x3=3)

- a) Choose the word from the above extract which is similar to 'a square piece of cloth used for cleaning the nose and drying the eyes'.
b) Who is giving instructions in the above lines?
(i) A child (ii) A friend (iii) An adult (iv) None of these
c) Name the poem.

III. "There's a dusty old window around at the side
With three cracked panes of glass
I often think there's someone staring at me
Each time that I pass
I'll peep through that window one day." (1x3=3)

- a) What is the condition of window as described in the poem?
b) Why does the speaker want to peep through the window?
c) Choose the word from the above extract which means the same as 'looking at somebody or something for a long time'.
(i) peep (ii) cracked (iii) staring (iv) none of these

D2. Answer any three of the following questions in about 30 – 40 words. (2x3=6)

- a) What makes Mridu conclude that the beggar has no money to buy chappals?
b) What does the squirrel do when someone comes close to his tree?
c) Why is it good to have rebels?
d) If a rebel has a dog for a pet, what is everyone else likely to have?

D3. Answer any one of the following questions in about 75 – 80 words: (5)

What were the hermit's answers to the three questions? Which answer do you like the most?

OR

Why did the daimio reward the farmer, but punish his neighbour for the same act?

D4. Choose the correct option. (1x4=4)

- a) The story of an ant's life sounds *almost untrue*.
The italicised phrase means
(i) highly exaggerated. (ii) too remarkable to be true.
(iii) not based on facts. (iv) none of these
b) What amount of twigs did Kari need a day to chew and play with?
(i) Twenty pounds (ii) Thirty pounds (iii) Forty pounds (iv) Fifty pounds
c) Who was blamed the first time when fruits disappeared?
(i) Kari (ii) The narrator (iii) The servants (iv) Kari's friends
d) "Go to the banks of the great grassy Limpopo river and find out." Who is the speaker in the given line?
(i) Python (ii) Mynah (iii) Crocodile (iv) Golu

D5. Answer any three of the following questions in about 30-40 words. (2x3=6)

- a) Why do worker ants carry the grubs about?
b) What did the crocodile do to show that it was real crocodile?
c) Why did Kari push his friend into the stream?
d) Why did Golu go to the river?