DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 11.09.2019   **FIRST TERM EXAMINATION, 2019**   Time : 3 Hrs.

Class - VIII   **SUBJECT – ENGLISH**   M.M. 80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS :

➢ Attempt all the questions in each section before going to the next section in the same order.
➢ All the answers must be correctly numbered and written neatly.
➢ Do not copy the questions.
➢ For multiple choice questions, option numbers should be clearly specified along with the answers.
➢ The paper consists of 4 Sections.

Section A – Reading (16 Marks)   Section B – Writing (18 Marks)
Section C – Grammar (16 Marks)   Section D – Literature (30 Marks)

SECTION : A (READING) – 16 MARKS

A.1 Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow :   **(08)**

(1) As the dreaded examinations crawl to a halt, students look forward to the much awaited "creative outlets", the summer camps, to let off steam and spend their holidays. A summer camp is conducted over a short period of four to five weeks involving interesting and fun-filled activities. The colourful spectrum of summer camps provides a wide variety of activities which include artistic skills, such as painting, origami, art, music, craft, and also spoken English, cookery and computer courses. Not only this, the summer camps keep the child "fit as a fiddle"' by imparting lessons in yoga, cricket, tennis and swimming.

(2) With changing times and trends parents have become productivity oriented. They want their children to learn through productive play unlike in the past when play was just play. Today, the parents want to tap the potential of their children to the fullest. To achieve this aim, the summer camps afford an ideal opening for children to develop their hobbies and talents. The importance of creative play is often underestimated whereas the fact is that art and craft projects can excite even a young child's imagination and promote a sense of great achievement. The little things that children make and take home give them a sense of achievement and pride when they show them to their parents.

(3) Summer camps develop a child's confidence and his ideas. They also encourage children to do things on their own. The camps are beneficial for hyper-active and aggressive children as they help channel their energies fruitfully by drawing out the best in them. They also promote mutual understanding not only among teachers and children but also bring about interaction between the taught. This provides a good experience for a better future – a future of confidence.

A.1 Answer the following questions :

(a) How long is a summer camp conducted?   (01)
(b) What are the kinds of activities that are provided in a summer camp?   (01)
(c) How do summer camps keep the child 'fit as a fiddle'?   (01)
(d) Why do you think parents have become productivity oriented with changing times and trends?   (01)
(e) How do summer camps encourage children?   (01)
(f) How do art and craft projects benefit students who join summer camps?   (01)
(g) How do summer camps help these children who are hyper active and aggressive?   (01)
(h) Find a word in the passage which means 'advantageous'. (Paragraph – 3)   (01)

A.2 Read the poem carefully and answer the questions that follow :   **(08)**

The Spider

(1) "Oh, look at that great ugly spider!" said Ann;
    And screaming, she brush'd it away with her fan;
    "It is a frightful black creature as ever can be,
    I wish that it would not come crawling on me."

(2) "Indeed," said her mother, "I'll venture to say,
    The poor thing will try to keep out of your way'
    For after the fright, and the fall, and the pain,
    It has much more occasion than you to complain.

(3) But why should you dread the poor insect, my dear?
    If it hurt you, there'd be some excuse for your fear;
    But its little black legs, as it hurried away,
    Did but tickle your arm, as they went, I dare say.

(4) For them to fear us we must grant to be just,
    Who in less than a moment can tread them to dust;
    But certainly we have no cause for alarms;
    For, were they to try, they could do us no harm.

(5) Now look! it has got to its home; do you see
    What a delicate web it has spun in the tree?
    Why here, my dear Ann, is a lesson for you:
    Come learn from this spider what patience can do!

(6) And when at your business you're tempted to play,
    Recollect what you see in this insect today,
    Or else, to your shame, it may seem to be true,
    That a poor little spider is wiser than you."

A.2 Answer the following questions :

(a) Why did the little child, Ann, scream?	(01)
(b) Why does the child's mother thinks that the spider has a better reason to be afraid of Ann?	(01)
(c) What did the spider do while hurrying away from the child?	(01)
(d) What has the spider spun in the tree?	(01)
(e) What lesson does the spider teach us?	(01)
(f) What is the message conveyed in the last line of the poem?	(01)
(g) Find words in the poem which mean :	(02)

   (i) move quickly (Stanza – 3)
   (ii) fragile (Stanza – 5)

SECTION : B (WRITING) – 18 MARKS

B.1 You are Namit/Namita, Sports Secretary of Bal Bharti School, New Delhi. The school has decided to hold an Inter-School Chess Competition. Draft a notice with necessary details in about 50 words informing the students about the same and inviting them to participate in it. **(05)**

B.2 Read the following telephonic conversation between Akhil and Manish. Manish has to go out for his music class, so he writes the message for his brother Sunil. Write the message in about 50 words. **(05)**

Akhil : Hello! Is this 6814280 ?

Manish : Yes, May I know who is calling?

Akhil : This is Akhil here. I would like to speak to Sunil.

Manish : Sunil has gone to Lajpat Nagar for shopping. He'll be back around 1:30 p.m. Can I take
        the message for him?

Akhil : Please tell him that I am going to see the Art Exhibition at Lalit Kala Academy today in the
        evening and I wanted to know if he could accompany me. If he wants to come he can call me
        up.

Manish : I'll give him your message. Anything else?

Akhil : No, thanks, Bye!

Manish : Bye!

B.3 Your friend who lives in Bangalore is fond of reading books. Write a letter to your friend inviting him/her to come and stay with you and visit the International Book Fair which is going to be held in your city in October. You are Nishit/Nishita of A-405, Vijay Laxmi Apartment, Lajpat Nagar, New Delhi. Take the help of the value points given below : (120 words). **(08)**

Value Points : Our city holding an International Book Fair—would like to invite you – variety of books—many stalls -- major publishers of the country and abroad taking part in it—can have the feel of latest editions—met few eminent authors/writers -- Pultizer prize winners too-great opportunity for book lovers.

OR

Write a short story on the basis of the given outline in 120-150 words.

Hints : A slave — true and hard working—master treated him badly — one day the slave runs away— comes to a forest—finds a lion in trouble—holds up his paw—removes the thorn—after a few days the slave is caught—thrown before the same lion—the lion doesn't eat—people are surprised—the slave is set free.

SECTION : C (GRAMMAR) – 16 MARKS

C.1 Fill in the blanks with suitable determiners : (1x2=02)

(a) I have read .... book you are talking of.
    (i) a   (ii) the   (iii) an   (iv) few

(b) They would also need ....olive oil for making the pancakes.
    (i) many   (ii) any   (lli) a few   (iv) some

C.2 Fill in the blanks with appropriate Modal verbs : (1x2=02)

(a) When I was young, I .... swim across the Ganga.
    (i) could   (ii) may   (iii) should   (iv) can

(b) We .... keep our surroundings clean .
    (i) might   (ii) ought to   (iii) can   (iv) may

C.3 Fill in the blanks with suitable Adjectives : (1x2=02)

(a) .... time will the meeting be held?
    (i) How   (ii) Where   (iii) Whose   (iv) What

(b) There is not ....juice left in the bottle.
    (i) many   (ii) much   (iii) several   (iv) all

C.4 Fill in the blanks with correct form of the Verb : (1x2=02)

(a) Rice .... well in alluvial soil.
    (i) grew   (ii) growed   (iii) grows   (iv) grow

(b) Fifty percent of the students .... submitted the assignment.
    (i) have   (ii) has   (iii) are   (iv) is

C.5 Fill in the blanks with the abstract noun forms of the words in brackets : (1x2=02)

(a) The .... of a child attracts me. (innocent)

(b) A good road network is essential for the .... of the country. (develop)

C.6 Pick out and identify the Infinitives, Gerunds and Participles in the following sentences : (1x2=02)

(a) Rohan impressed people with his singing.
(b) Nobody could enter the burning house.

C.7 Fill in the blanks with suitable pronouns in the following sentences : (1x2=02)

(a) They were blaming .... for the defeat.
(b) This is the room in .... I study.

C.8 Change the following sentences into 'reported speech' : (1x2=02)

(a) Shyam said, " Anuj worked independently."
(b) Teacher said to me, "Why are you late for the class?"

SECTION : D (LITERATURE) – 16 MARKS

D.1 Read the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow : (3x3=09)

1. 'When the jet rose six miles high,
   It was clear the earth was round
   And that it had more sea than land
   But it was difficult to understand
   that the men on the earth found
   causes to hate each other, to build
   walls across cities and to kill.'

    (a) What was the clear when the jet rose six miles high? (01)
    (b) What was difficult to understand from that height? (01)
    (c) Name the poem. (01)

2. "Come and hire me", I cried, while in the morning
   I was walking on the stone-paved road.
   Sword in hand the king came in his chariot.
   He held my hand and said, "I will hire you with my power,"
   But his power counted for naught, and he went away in his chariot.

       (a) Who is the speaker of these lines? (01)
       (b) What was the King's offer? (01)
       (c) Why did the man not accept the king's offer? (01)

3. 'How can the bird that is born for joy,
   Sit in a cage and sing.
   How can a child when fears annoy,
   But droop his tender wing,
   And forget his youthful spring.'

       (a) What is the mood of the speaker in these lines ? (01)
       (b) Who is being compared to a caged bird ? (01)
       (c) Name the poet. (01)

D.2 Answer any three of the following questions in about 30 to 40 words each : (2x3=06)

   (a) What types of laws did Macavity break?
   (b) How are Meghna and Almas's stories similar?
   (c) What jobs did Hans Wolf and Jim Macpherson have when they were not soldiers?
   (d) The cricket says, "Oh! What will become of me?" When does he say it and why?

D.3 Answer any one of the following questions in about 75 words : (05)

   Why is adventure, which is risky also pleasurable?
   OR
   Why did Bepin Babu first hesitate to visit Mr. Mukherjee? Why did he finally decide to phone him?

D.4 Answer any three of the following questions in about 30 to 40 words each : (2x3=06)

   (a) In what way did Bassanio seek Antonio's help any why?
   (b) What happened when Cesario visited Olivia?
   (c) What plan did Viola make to earn her living?
   (d) What did the witches tell Macbeth and Banquo when they first met them in the forest?

D.5 Answer any one of the following questions in about 75 words : (04)

   How did Portia as doctor Balthazar help Antonio?
   OR
   How was the murder of Duncan arranged?

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DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 03.09.2019   **FIRST TERM EXAMINATION, 2019**   Time : 50 min.

Class - VIII   **SUBJECT – GENERAL KNOWLEDGE**   M.M. 50

Name : _____   Roll No. : _____   Class & Section _____

Invigilator's Signature _____

General Instructions :

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Each question carries 1 mark.

Q.1 (a) Name the Hollywood movie that depicts the inspiring life of the Nobel Prize winning economist, John Nash . _____

(b) Name of the building in Ontario which symbolizes the earthquake of 1812 . _____

(c) Name the first American to orbit the Earth. _____

(d) Name the tree which grows up to 98 feet in height & 36 feet in diameter. _____

(e) Name the British Scientist who discovered the helical structure of DNA. _____

(f) Name the first and only woman President of India. _____

(g) Name the 'Nightingale of India.' _____

(h) Name the Indian Woman freedom fighter who started an underground radio station known as 'Secret Congress Radio'. _____

(i) Name the lines that join places where an earthquake shock is of the same intensity. _____

(j) Name the place where Mahatma Gandhi was assassinated. _____

Q.2 (a) What is sunlight therapy called? _____

(b) Name the most splendid sight of Amber Fort . _____

(c) Who invented Parachute? _____

(d) Name the artist who created three dimensional sculptures by cutting & folding a single sheet of paper. _____

(e) Name India's oldest railway station. _____

(f) Name India's most spectacular railway station. _____

(g) Name the bird that covers the largest migration route. _____

(h) Name the American astronaut who performed the longest space walk. _____

(i) Which is the third letter on the left of 'L'? _____

(j) Who wrote the book 'Pride & Prejudice'? _____

Q.3 (a) Name the first 'President of India'. _____

(b) Who is known as the 'Missile Man of India' ? _____

(c) Name the scientist who discovered radium . _____

(d) Name the country (any one) where the natural phenomenon of formation of tall & thin blades of hardened snow (Penitentes) occurs. _____

(e) Name the tree that has prickly leaves with white-green flowers. _____

(f) Who has been officially given the honour of 'Father of Nation'? _____

(g) Who is the author of 'The Angry River' ? _____

(h) Who wrote the book 'The Mysterious Stranger' ? _____

(i) Name the letter which lies in the middle of 'G' and 'O.' _____

(j) Name the letter which lies in the middle of 'C' and 'Q'. _____

Q.4 **Fill in the blanks :**

(a) _____ Street in London is one of the most expensive and popular shopping streets of the world.

(b) _____ is India's highest railway station.

(c) A bird that does not migrate is known as _____ .

(d) _____ invented mobile phones.

(e) The first explorer to reach South Pole was _____ .

(f) Valley of Flowers trek is a world heritage site recognized by _____ .

(g) _____ is a most expensive and popular shopping street in New York (USA).

(h) A person who looks at the bright side of the things is known as _____ .

(i) A person who looks at the dark side of the things is known as _____ .

(j) A cricket team consists of _____ playing members.

Q.5 (a) Who said 'The only thing we have to fear is fear itself'? _____

(b) Who said 'Our sweetest songs are those that tell of saddest thoughts? _____

(c) Name the English explorer who sailed around Australia and mapped much of its Coastline. _____

(d) Name the fairy tale inspired building that houses restaurants and shops in Sopot, Poland. _____

(e) Who invented compound microscope? _____

Q.6 **Current Affaires**

(a) Who is the External affairs minister of India? _____

(b) Who is the Chief Minister of Chhattisgarh? _____

(c) Name the newly formed district of Chhattisgarh which was announced by the Chief Minister on 73rd Independence Day Celebration. _____

(d) Name the Chairman of ISRO. _____

(e) Who is men's single Wimbledon 2019 champion ? _____

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दिल्ली पब्लिक स्कूल, भिलाई

अर्धवार्षिक परीक्षा – 2019

दिनाँक : 18 सितंबर, 2019

कक्षा : आठवीं

विषय – हिन्दी

पूर्णांक : 80

समय : 3 घंटा

निर्देश :

(क) प्रश्नों के सभी उपभागों के उत्तर क्रमशः लिखिए ।
(ख) वर्तनी की शुद्धता एवं प्रभावशाली भाषा अपेक्षित है।
(ग) प्रत्येक प्रश्न – पत्र के साम्ने निर्धारित अंक दिए गए हैं।
(घ) इस प्रश्न- पत्र में प्रश्नों की **कुल संख्या 9** हैं और मुद्रित पृष्ठों की **संख्या 2** है।

खण्ड 'क'

प्रश्न 01. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उपयुक्त उत्तर दीजिए –

भारत को नदियों का देश कहा जाता हैं। इसलिए नहीं कि इस देश में नदियों की अधिकता है, बल्कि इसलिए कि सदियों से इस देश में नदियों का विशेष रूप से सम्मान हुआ है। नदियाँ हमारे जीवन में बहुत महत्त्व रखती रहीं हैं। उनसे हमारा आर्थिक, सामाजिक और आध्यात्मिक जीवन समृद्ध हुआ है, पर आज वे अपना प्राचीन महत्त्व खोती जा रही हैं। नदियों का वनों से गहरा संबंध होता है। वनों के रहते नदियाँ स्वतः फूट पड़ती हैं तथा प्रवाहित होती रहती है। वन नहीं रहेंगे तो नदियाँ नहीं रहेंगी। हमें वनों के संरक्षण का हर संभव प्रयास करना चाहिए। आज भी सारा भारत प्रमुख नदियों के समूह में बँटा हुआ है। मध्यदेश में गंगा–यमुना समूह, पूर्व में ब्रह्मपुत्र–मेघना समूह, पश्चिम में नर्मदा–ताप्ती समूह और दक्षिण पूर्व में महानदी समूह है। दक्षिण भारत में कृष्णा नदी समूह और कावेरी नदी समूह विद्यमान है।

प्रश्न 01.	भारत को नदियों का देश क्यों कहा जाता है?	(01)
प्रश्न 02.	नदियों का हमारे जीवन में क्या महत्त्व है?	(01)
प्रश्न 03.	नदियों का किसके साथ गहरा संबंध है?	(01)
प्रश्न 04.	दक्षिण भारत में नदियों का कौन–सा समूह विद्यमान है?	(01)
प्रश्न 05.	उपर्युक्त गद्यांश का उपयुक्त शीर्षक दीजिए।	(01)

खण्ड 'ख'

प्रश्न 02.(i) निम्नलिखित अनेकार्थक शब्दों के दो–दो अर्थ लिखिए : (03)
कर्ण, अर्क, काल

(ii) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के दो–दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए : (03)
पहाड़, पुत्री, बिजली

(iii) निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में समुच्चयबोधक छाँटकर भेद लिखिए : (03)
(क) सीता और गीता जुड़वाँ बहने हैं।
(ख) मिलने का स्थान तय कर लो ताकि ढूँढने में परेशानी न हो।
(ग) मैं आपको पुस्तक दे सकती हूँ लेकिन शिखर को नहीं।

(iv) निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में विस्मयादिबोधक शब्द भरिए : (03)
(क) .... तुमने तो कमाल कर दिया।
(ख) .... कितनी बदबू आ रही है।
(ग) .... मैं तो गिर गया।

(v) दिए गए शब्दों से उपसर्ग अलग करके लिखिए : (03)
बाकायदा, अधजला, उपहार

(vi) निम्नलिखित प्रत्यय लगाकर दो–दो शब्द बनाइए : (03)
आई, दार, आवट

(vii) नीचे दिए गए संधि रूपों के सामने उनके भेदों के नाम लिखिए : (03)
निः+चल (निश्चल), जगत्+ईश (जगदीश), इति+आदि (इत्यादि)

(viii) निम्नलिखित में संधि कीजिए : (02)
परम+ईश्वर, निः+आशा

(ix) निम्नलिखित शब्दों का संधि–विच्छेद कीजिए : (02)
सूर्यास्त, वीरोचित

खण्ड 'ग'

प्रश्न 03. निम्नलिखित काव्यांश को ध्यान से पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए :

नहीं, यह सबसे कठिन समय नहीं।
अभी भी दबा है चिड़िया की
चोंच में तिनका
और वह उड़ने की तैयारी में है।

अभी भी झरती हुई पत्ती

थामने को बैठा है हाथ एक
अभी भी भीड़ है स्टेशन पर
अभी भी एक रेलगाड़ी जाती है
गंतव्य तक
जहाँ कोई कर रहा होगा प्रतीक्षा

(i) कविता एवं रचनाकार का नाम बताइए।
(ii) चिड़िया चोंच में तिनका दबाकर उड़ने की तैयारी में क्यों है? (02)
(iii) 'अभी भी झरती हुई पत्ती, थामने को बैठा है हाथ एक' पंक्ति का आशय स्पष्ट कीजिए। (01)
(iv) 'गंतव्य' शब्द का अर्थ स्पष्ट कीजिए। (01)
(01)

प्रश्न 04. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए :

मैं बहुधा हर गर्मी की छुट्टी में अपने मामा के यहाँ चला जाता और एक–आध महीने वहाँ रहकर स्कूल खुलने के समय तक वापस आ जाता। परन्तु दो–तीन बार ही मैं अपने मामा के यहाँ गया होऊँगा तभी मेरे पिताजी की एक दूर के शहर में बदली हो गई और एक लंबी अवधि तक मैं अपने मामा के गाँव न जा सका। तब लगभग आठ–दस वर्षों के बाद जब मैं वहाँ गया तो इतना बड़ा हो चुका था कि लाख की गोलियों में मेरी रूचि नहीं रह गई थी। इस बीच मैंने देखा कि गाँव में लगभग सभी स्त्रियाँ काँच की चूड़ियाँ पहने हैं। विरले ही हाथों में मैंने लाख की चूड़ियाँ देखीं।

(क) लेखक और पाठ का नाम लिखिए। (02)
(ख) लेखक हर गर्मी की छुट्टी में कहाँ जाता था? (01)
(ग) वह एक लंबी अवधि तक अपने मामा के गाँव क्यों नहीं जा सका? (01)
(घ) लेखक की लाख की गोलियों में रूचि क्यों नहीं रह गई थी? (01)

प्रश्न 05. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर 30–40 शब्दों में दीजिए – (5x4=20)
(i) मशीनी युग से बदलू के जीवन में क्या बदलाव आए?
(ii) "मैंने उस कंपनी के हिस्सेदार की तरफ़ पहली बार श्रद्धाभाव से देखा।" लेखक के मन में हिस्सेदार साहब के लिए श्रद्धा क्यों जग गई?
(iii) कवि ने अपने आने को 'उल्लास' और जाने को 'आँसू बनकर बह जाना' क्यों कहा है?
(iv) पक्षी और बादल की चिट्ठियों में पेड़–पौधे, पानी और पहाड़ क्या पढ़ पाते हैं?
(v) लेखक ने स्वीकार किया है कि लोगों ने उन्हें भी धोखा दिया है, फिर भी वह निराश नहीं है। आपके विचार से इस बात का क्या कारण हो सकता है?
(vi) 'यह कठिन समय नहीं है।' यह बताने के लिए कविता में कौन–कौन रो तर्क प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं?
(vii) वस्तु विनिमय क्या है? विनिमय की प्रचलित पद्धति क्या है?

प्रश्न 06. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किसी एक प्रश्न का उत्तर दीजिए – (03)
(i) 'सविनय अवज्ञा आंदोलन' किस के नेतृत्व में, किस उद्देश्य से तथा कब शुरू हुआ?
(ii) घर में मेहमान आने पर आप उनका अतिथि–सत्कार कैसे करेंगे।

प्रश्न 07. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के संक्षिप्त उत्तर दीजिए – (07)
(i) 'बखत' एवं 'उमर' शब्दों के मानक रूप लिखिए।
(ii) 'बस की यात्रा' पाठ के लेखक का नाम लिखिए।
(iii) 'क्या निराश हुआ जाए' पाठ की विधा क्या है?
(iv) लेखक हर पेड़ को अपना दुश्मन क्यों समझ रहा था?
(v) 'ईमानदारी को मूर्खता का पर्याय समझा जाने लगा है।" इसका परिणाम क्या होगा?
(vi) निम्नलिखित संज्ञा शब्दों के भेद बताइए – गाँव, प्रसन्नता
(vii) संसार में केवल नुकसान ही उठाना पड़े, धोखा ही खाना पड़े तो ऐसे अवसरों पर हे प्रभो! मुझे ऐसी शक्ति दो कि मैं तुम्हारे ऊपर संदेह न करूँ' – ये वाक्य किसने कहा था?

खण्ड 'घ'

प्रश्न 08. मित्र के दुर्घटनाग्रस्त हो जाने पर उसे सांत्वना देते हुए पत्र लिखिए ।

अथवा

अपने रूट की बस के चालक की शिकायत करते हुए विद्यालय के प्रधानाचार्य को पत्र लिखिए। (05)

प्रश्न 09. निम्नलिखित विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर लगभग 100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए– (05)

(क) समाचार पत्रों का महत्त्व	(ख) भ्रष्टाचार की समस्या	(ग) स्वतंत्रता दिवस
• भूमिका	• भ्रष्टाचार का अर्थ	• भूमिका
• प्रत्येक व्यक्ति की आवश्यकता	• भ्रष्टाचार के कारण	• पंद्रह अगस्त का महत्त्व
• प्रारम्भ एवं प्रकार	• भ्रष्टाचार मिटाने के उपाय	• मनाने का ढंग व समारोह
• समाचार–पत्रों की उपयोगिता	• उपसंहार	• उपसंहार
• उपसंहार		

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DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 04.09.2019   FIRST TERM EXAMINATION, 2019   Time : 1½ Hrs.

Class - VIII   SUBJECT –   INFORMATION AND   M.M. 30
                               COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

Fill in the blanks. (Question no. 1 to 3 carry 1 mark each)

Q.01   A .... key is a group of one or more columns which is used to identify each record of the table uniquely.

Q.02   If you want that data must be entered in a field, its .... property should be set to 'Yes'.

Q.03   Home page is the first page of a ....

Answer the following questions.
   Question No. 4 to 6 carry 2 marks each.
   Question No. 7 to 9 carry 3 marks each.
   Question No. 10 to 12 carry 4 marks each.

Q.04   What are the characteristics of the primary key?

Q.05   What are the two sections of Design View?

Q.06   Name the two distinct parts of an HTML document.

Q.07   What is database? Mention any two advantages of a database.

Q.08   What are the two ways of creating a query? How can you ran a query.

Q.09   What are empty elements? Give an example.

Q.10   Write steps to delete a record from a table in the Data View.

Q.11   What are the different data types available in Design View?

Q.12   Expand HTML. Explain container elements with example.

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DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 16.09.2019   **FIRST TERM EXAMINATION, 2019**   Time : 3 Hrs.

Class - VIII   **SUBJECT – MATHEMATICS**   M.M. 80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS :

➢ All questions are compulsory.
➢ The question paper consists of 30 questions divide into 4 sections : A, B, C and D.
Section A : comprises of 6 questions of 1 mark each.
Section B : comprises of 6 questions of 2 marks each.
Section C : comprises of 10 questions of 3 marks each.
Section D : comprises of 8 questions of 4 marks each.
➢ There are no over all choices. However, Internal choice has been provided in 2 questions of 2 marks and 4 questions of 3 marks and 3 questions of 4 marks.

SECTION : A (1x6=06)

Q.01 Simplify   : $\sqrt{3\frac{1}{16}}$

Q.02 Find the value of $0.\overline{67} \times 100$

Q.03 Evaluate : $x^7 \times x^{-2}$

Q.04 Find the compound interest on ₹ 4,000 for 2 years at 10% per annum.

Q.05 Find x, if $l \parallel m$
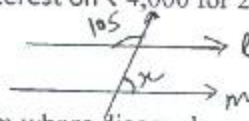
Q.06 Name the parallelogram whose diagonals are unequal and bisect each other at right angles.

SECTION : B (2x6=12)

Q.07 Write two properties of a Parallelogram.

Q.08 State Playfair's axiom with figure.
         OR
Prove that two lines Perpendicular to the same line are Parallel to each other.

Q.09 Find the Compound interest on ₹ 1250 for 1½ years at 8 % per annum interest payable half yearly.

Q.10 Find x, if $3^{2x} = 9^{2x-4}$

Q.11 Simplify : $21\sqrt{384} \div 8\sqrt{98}$
         OR
Find the cube root of 1728.

Q.12 Find the least number by which 3468 should be multiplied so that the resulting number is a perfect square.

SECTION : C (3x10=30)

Q.13 Find the greatest number of 4 digit which is a perfect square.

OR

Find the smallest square number which is exactly divisible by 6, 27, 14.

Q.14 Evaluate : $(32^{\frac{1}{5}})^{-2} + 4$ **OR** Simplify : $4^{-1/2} \times 2^{1/2} \times 2$

Q.15 Represent $\sqrt{5}$ on the number line.

OR

The volume of a box in the shape of a cube is 2.197 cu.cm. Find the length of the edge of the box.

Q.16 Rationalize $\frac{3.\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}-\sqrt{3}}$

Q.17 The difference between S.I and C.I on a sum of money for 2 years at 12½ % per annum is ₹25. Find the sum.

OR

In what time will ₹1600 amount to ₹2116 at 15% per annum interest compounded annually?

Q.18 ABCD is a quadrilateral and P, Q, R, S are the mid point of AB, BC, CD and AD respectively. Show that PQRS is a parallelogram.

Q.19 Draw a line segment and divide it into three parts in the ratio of 1:2:3.

Q.20 Express $0.2\overline{341}$ in the form of p/q where $q \neq o$

Q.21 Draw a rectangle ABCD when AB=5cm, and diagonal AC= 6.2 cm.

Q.22 Define concave polygon and convex polygon with figure.

SECTION : C (4x8=32)

Q.23 Draw a Parallelogram ABCD in which AB=5 cm diagonal AC=8 cm and diagonal BD = 6cm

OR

Construct a quadrilateral ABCD when AB=3.5 cm, BC=4.2 cm, CD =4.5 cm, DA=5 cm and $\angle B = 60^0$

Q.24 In $\triangle ABC$ P,Q and R are the mid point of sides AB, AC and BC respectively, PQ and QR are joined. Prove that BRQP is a parallelogram and $PQ=\frac{1}{2} BC$.

OR

In the given figure P is the mid point of side AB of $\triangle ABC$. $QR \parallel AB$ meets AC at Q . and BC at R. Prove that BR=RC
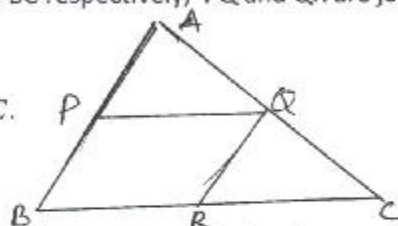
Q.25 The population of a city is 6,24,000. It increases by 5% in one year and due to an epidemic it decreases by 5% in the second year. Find the population at the end of second year.

Q.26 Simplify : $\sqrt[3]{81a^3} + \sqrt[3]{-192a^3} + \sqrt[3]{-375\,a^3}$

Q.27 What least number must be added to 8743 to make it a perfect Square?

Q.28 Prove that $\sqrt{2}$ is an irrational number (by method of indirect reasoning)

OR

Find the square root of 8 (Correct to 3 decimal places)

Q.29 A general wishing to draw up his 16, 160 soldiers in the form of a solid square found that he had 31 men over. Find the number of soldiers in the front row.

Q.30 Find the compound interest on ₹40000 for 1 year at 10% per annum interest bring payable quarterly.

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दिनांक–06.09.2019

अर्द्धवार्षिकी–परीक्षा–2019

समयः–1:30 होरा

कक्षा अष्टमी

विषयः–संस्कृतम्

पूर्णाङ्काः – 40

परीक्षार्थिनः नाम – .... कक्षा/वर्गः .... अनुक्रमाङ्कः ....

वीक्षकस्य हस्ताक्षरम् ....

निर्देशाः – (i) सर्वे प्रश्नाः अनिवार्याः।
(ii) प्रश्नपत्रे 12 प्रश्नाः सन्ति।

प्रश्न 01. अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा उत्तराणि लिखत–

कश्चित् चञ्चलो नाम व्याधः आसीत्।। एकदा सः वने जालं विस्तीर्य गृहम् आगतवान्। अन्यस्मिन् दिवसे प्रातःकाले यदा चञ्चलः वनं गतवान्, तदा सः दृष्टवान्–यत् तेन विस्तारिते जाले दौर्भाग्याद् एकः व्याघ्रः बद्धः आसीत्। सोऽचिन्तयत्–"व्याघ्रः मां खादिष्यति, अतएव पलायनं करणीयम्।"

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत – (½ x2=01)
(i) व्याधस्य नाम किम् आसीत् ?...
(ii) विस्तारिते जाले कः बद्धः आसीत् ? ....

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत – (केचन – 2) (1x2=02)
(i) व्याधः किम् विस्तीर्य गृहम् आगच्छत् ? ....
(ii) व्याधः किम् अचिन्तयत् ?...
(iii) चञ्चलः कदा वनं गतवान्? ....

(III) निर्देशानुसारं उत्तरं लिखत – (½ x2=01)
(i) "व्याघ्रः मां खादिष्यति" अत्र कर्तृपदं (कर्ता) किम् ? (व्याघ्रः / बद्धः / खादिष्यति) ....
(ii) "चञ्चलः वनं गतवान्।" अत्र क्रियापदं किम् (गतवान् / दृष्ट्वा) ....

प्रश्न 02. अधोलिखितानाम् अष्ट प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत – (केचन – 8) (½ x8=04)
(क) स्वकीयं साधनं किम् भवति ? .... (ख) कस्य यशः नश्यति ? ....
(ग) चञ्चलः व्याघ्रं कुत्र दृष्टवान् ? .... (घ) सततं किम् करणीयम् ? ....
(ङ.) मधुमक्षिका किम् जनयति ? .... (च) गुहायाः स्वामी कः आसीत् ? ....
(छ) खरनखरः कस्य नाम आसीत् ? .... (ज) व्याधस्य नाम किम् आसीत् ? ....
(झ) गुहा केन प्रतिध्वनिता ? .... (अ) शृगालः कुत्र पलायितः ? ....

प्रश्न 03. मञ्जूषातः पदानि चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत– | देहि | परमं | एव | कुरू | कृपणस्य | भवन्ति | (½x6=03)
(क) सत्यम् .... जयते । (ख) मह्यम् जलं .... ।
(ग) समुद्रमासाद्य .... अपेयाः । (घ) सततं ध्येयस्मरणं .... ।
(ङ.) तद्भागधेयं .... पशूनाम्। (च) विद्याफलं व्यसनिनः .... सौख्यम्।

प्रश्न 04. रेखाङ्कितपदानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कृत्वा पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत – (½x6=03)
(काः , कस्य , के , कस्मात् , केषाम् , कम्)
(क) गुणाः गुणज्ञेषु गुणाः भवन्ति। ....
(ख) नद्यः सुस्वादुतोयाः भवन्ति । ....
(ग) चञ्चलः वृक्षम् उपगम्य अपृच्छत् । ....
(घ) व्याधः व्याघ्रं जालात् बहिः निरसारयत्। ....
(ङ.) लुब्धस्य यशः नश्यति। ....
(च) जनाः वृक्षाणां छायायां विरमन्ति। ....

प्रश्न 05. विलोमपदानि योजयत – (02)

परकीयम् – अनुरक्तिः ....

साहसः – आगमनम् ....

गमनम् – स्वकीयम् ....

विरक्तिः – भीतिः ....

प्रश्न 06. संस्कृतभाषायां अनुवादं कुरूत – (केचन – 3) (03)

(क) छात्र पाठ पढ़ता है। ....

(ख) तुम कहाँ खेल रहे हो? ....

(ग) मैं फल खाऊँगा / खाऊँगी। ....

(घ) बालिका कलम से लिखती है। ....

प्रश्न 07. रेखाङ्कितपदानां संधि अथवा सन्धि विच्छेदं कुरूत – (केचन – 3) (03)

(क) ग्रामे एकः शिव + आलयः अस्ति। .... (ख) प्रातः सूर्य + उदयः भवति। ....

(ग) छात्राः विद्यालयम् गच्छन्ति । .... + ... (घ) तस्य नाम देवेन्द्रः अस्ति। .... + ...

प्रश्न 08. उचित धातुरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत – (04)

लृट् लकार

धातु + पुरूषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
दृश – प्रथमः	द्रक्ष्यति	....	....
दा – मध्यमः	....	दास्यथः	....
पा – उत्तमः	....	....	पास्यामः

विधिलिङ् लकार

धातु + पुरूषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
लिख् – प्रथमः	लिखेत्	....	लिखेयुः
वद् – मध्यमः	....	वदेतम्	....
पठ् – उत्तमः	पठेयम्	....	पठेम
नम् – प्रथमः	....	नमेताम्	....

प्रश्न 09. उचितशब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत – (04)

विभक्तिः शब्द	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमा – (भानु)	....	भानू	....
द्वितीया – (राम)	....	....	रामान्
तृतीया – (लता)	लतया	....	....
चतुर्थी – (मातृ)	मात्रे	....	मातृभ्यः
पंचमी – (फल)	....	फलाभ्याम्	....
षष्ठी – (अस्मद्)	मम	आवयोः	....
सप्तमी – (राम)	....	....	रामेषु

प्रश्न 10. निम्नशब्दानां अर्थ चित्वा लिखत –(केचन –3) | साड़ी | डाकिया | कुम्हार | डॉक्टर | किसान | (03)

(क) पत्रवाहकः .... (ख) कृषकः – ....

(ग) शाटिका .... (घ) चिकित्सकः ....

प्रश्न 11. उचित विभक्तिं प्रयुज्य रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत – (½x6=03)

(क) .... परितः भक्ताः सन्ति। (मन्दिरम् / मन्दिरस्य) (ख) बालकः .... सह खेलति। (मित्रं / मित्रेण)

(ग) मृगाः .... प्रति धावन्ति। (वनः / वनम्) (घ) अलम् ....। (विवादेन / विवादः)

(ड.) ....विना शिक्षां न मिलति। (गुरूः / गुरूम्) (च) .... नमः। (सूर्याय / सूर्याः)

प्रश्न 12. मञ्जूषातः अव्ययपदानि चित्वा लिखत – | प्रातः | सदा | च | यथा | (04)

(क) जनाः .... उद्याने भ्रमन्ति। (ख) .... सत्यं कथनीयम्।

(ग) .... अहं कथयामि, तथा त्वं कुरू। (घ) बालकः बालिकाः .... क्रीडन्ति।

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DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI (C.G.)

DATE : 09-09-2019   **FIRST TERM EXAMINATION, 2019**   **Time: 3 Hours**

CLASS : VIII   **SCIENCE**   **M.M : 80**

No. of Pages Printed : 2

<u>General Instructions</u> :

1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Internal choice has been provided in some two marks questions, three marks questions and the entire 5 marks category. Only one option in such questions are to be attempted.
3) Question Nos. 1 to 6 are 1 mark questions. These are to be answered in one word or one sentence each.
4) Question Nos. 7 to 15 are 2 marks questions to be answered in about 30 words each or 2 valid points (sentences).
5) Question nos. 16 to 27 are 3 marks questions to be answered in about 50 words or 3 appropriate points (sentences).
6) Question nos. 28 to 31 are 5 marks questions to be answered in about 70 words (5 sentences).

1.	Define harvesting.	1
2.	Where are microorganisms found?	1
3.	What is an element?	1
4.	What do you mean by petrochemicals?	1
5.	State the unit of calorific value of a fuel?	1
6.	What is Red Data Book?	1
7.	Why are plastic containers favoured for storing food items?	2
8.	How does temperature play an important role in preservation of food against microbes?	2
9.	Mention the characteristics and uses of coke.	2
10.	Explain how the use of CNG in automobiles has reduced pollution in your city?	2
11.	Why do cells have different shapes and sizes?	2
12.	'When a copper vessel is exposed to moist air, it acquires dull green colour'. Explain why?	2

(OR)

Name the gas produced when metals react with dilute hydrochloric acid? How can you test it?

13.	What are weeds? Why is weeding necessary?	2

(OR)

How is organic matter prepared?

14.	Give two examples of displacement reaction. (Show by chemical equation)	2
15.	Write any two differences between wildlife sanctuary and biosphere reserves.	2

(OR)

'Some tribals depend upon the jungle.' Explain. (mention any four reasons)

16.	Write a paragraph on 'Preparation of Soil'.	3
17.	State the differences between thermoplastic and thermosetting plastics (three points).	3

(OR)

Mohan wants to buy shirts for summer. Should he buy cotton shirts or shirts made from synthetic materials? Advise Mohan, giving your reason.

18.	How do metals react with water. Explain with the help of two examples (write chemical equations).	3
19.	Mention any three tips given by Petroleum Conservation Research Association (PCRA) to save petrol or diesel.	3
20.	How do flies spread diseases?	3

(OR)

How does vaccination help in prevention of polio.

21.	What is done to extinguish fire caused by burning oil and petrol?	3
22.	What is found in the rock shelters of Panchmarhi Biosphere Reserve?	3

23. Write any three differences between eukaryotes and prokaryotes. 3

(OR)

Differentiate between unicellular and multicellular organisms. Highlight three points.

24. What is irrigation? How is sprinkler system of irrigation different from drip irrigation? 3

25. What happens when 3
   i) Dilute sulphuric acid is poured on a copper plate.
   ii) Iron nails are placed in copper sulphate solution.

   Write chemical equations involved in above reactions.

26. State one function of each of the following parts of a cell. 3

   (i) Chloroplast (ii) Mitochondria (iii) Chromosome

27. Describe briefly how coal is formed from dead vegetation? 3

28. Give reasons for the following : 5

   (i) Aluminium and Copper are used for making electric wires.

   (ii) Immersion rods are made up of metallic substances.

   (iii) The blue colour of copper sulphate solution disappears when zinc is added to it.

   (iv) Copper cannot displace zinc from its salt solution.

   (v) Aluminium foils are used to wrap food items.

(OR)

What happens when

   (i) Dilute hydrochloric acid is poured on iron fillings.

   (ii) Sodium is kept in open air.

   (iii) Charcoal burns in presence of oxygen.

   (iv) Sulphur dioxide is passed in water.

   (v) Sodium reacts with cold water.

29. (i) What are antibiotics? 5

   (ii) What precautions you must take while using antibiotics (4 precautions)?

   (iii) How do antibiotics act on disease causing microbes?

(OR)

   (i) What are preservatives?

   (ii) How does sugar acts as a preservative?

   Name two commonly used preservatives in jams and squashes.

   (iii) Why yeast is used in baking industries?

30. (i) What is ignition temperature? 5

   (ii) Explain how CO_2 is able to control fires.

   (iii) What causes fires on coal mines?

(OR)

   (i) Why LPG is considered as a better domestic fuel than wood?
   (ii) Which zone of a flame does a goldsmith use for melting gold and silver? Explain.
   (iii) In an experiment 4.5 kg of a fuel was completely burnt. The heat produced was measured to be 180,000 KJ. Calculate the calorific value of the fuel.

31. (i) What are the main parts of a cell? 5

   (ii) Write two differences between a plant cell and an animal cell.

   (iii) Draw the structure of a plant cell and label any four (4) parts.

(OR)

   (i) What is a tissue?
   (ii) Draw the structure of a nerve cell and label any four (4) parts.
   (iii) Which is the longest cell in human body
        What is the shape of red blood cells?

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DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

Date : 13.09.2019	FIRST TERM EXAMINATION, 2019	Time : 3 Hrs.
Class - VIII	SUBJECT – SOCIAL SCIENCE	M.M. 80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS :

> There are 31 questions. All are compulsory.
> Marks of each question are indicated against the question.
> Questions from Sl. No. 1 to 14 are very short answer questions. Each question carries 1 mark.
> Questions from Sl. No. 15 to 26 are short answer questions. Each question carries 3 marks.
> Questions from Sl. No. 27 to 30 are long answer questions, that carry 5 marks each.
> Question no. 31 is based on map work. (A) 5 marks from History and (B) 5 marks from Geography.
> Attach the maps inside the answer book.

Answer the following questions :

Q.01 Name the Governor – General who decided that Bahadur Shah Zafer would be the last Mughal king and after his death none of his descendants would be recognised as kings, they would just be called princes. **(01)**

Q.02 Who was the young soldier hanged to death for attacking his officers at Barrackpore on 29 March 1857? **(01)**

Q.03 Who was the last Viceroy of India? **(01)**

Q.04 In which year did the Mughal emperor appoint the company as the Diwan of the provinces of Bengal? **(01)**

Q.05 Name the new system of revenue collection devised by an Englishman Halt Mackenzie in 1822. **(01)**

Q.06 Name the most appropriate method to check the soil erosion on the steep slopes. **(01)**

Q.07 Which factor of soil formation determines the thickness of soil profile? **(01)**

Q.08 What is the term for balancing the need to use the resources and also conserve them for the future? **(01)**

Q.09 Which mineral is known as Buried Sunshine? **(01)**

Q.10 Name the radioactive element which is found in large quantities in the Monozite sands of Kerala? **(01)**

Q.11 The Lok Sabha is usually elected once every how many years? **(01)**

Q.12 How many members are nominated by the President for the Rajya Sabha? **(01)**

Q.13 Name the Act according to which sons, daughters and their mothers can get an equal share of Family property. **(01)**

Q.14 Name the highest law making body of India? **(01)**

Q.15 What was the demand of Rani Lakshmibai of Jhansi that was refused by the British? **(03)**
OR
What did the British do to protect the interests of those who converted to Christianity? **(03)**

Q.16 Describe the main features of the Permanent Settlement. **(03)**

Q.17 Explain the system of "subsidiary alliance". **(03)**

Q.18 How did the last Mughal emperor live the last years of his life? **(03)**
OR
What are the reasons behind the association of History with dates? **(1+1+1=03)**

Q.19 What is an ore? Where are the ores of metallic minerals generally located? (1+2=03)

Q.20 Why are some species of plants and animals on the verge of extinction? (1+1+1=03)

Q.21 Differentiate between Conventional and Nonconventional sources of energy. Give **one** example each. (1+1+1=03)

Q.22 Quarrying can become a major environmental concern. Why? (03)

OR

Write in brief about Actual Resources giving suitable example. (03)

Q.23 Why does a democratic country need a constitution? (1+1+1=03)

Q.24 What is Indian secularism? (1+1+1=03)

Q.25 Write **Six** Fundamental Rights given to the Indian citizens by our Constitution. (½ x6=03)

Q.26 Why is it important to separate Religion from the State? (1+1+1=03)

OR

What do you understand by unpopular and controversial laws? How do people pressurise the Parliament to change such a law? (1+2=03)

Q.27 Why did the British government do surveys in India? What surveys did they do? (05)

OR

How did the assumption of Diwani benefit the East India Company? (05)

Q.28 Why were the ryots reluctant to grow indigo? (05)

OR

In what ways did the British change their policies as a result of the rebellion of 1857? (05)

Q.29 Give **Five** ways in which you can save energy. (05)

OR

Write **Five** principles of Sustainable Development. (05)

Q.30 (a) Define Universal Adult Franchise. (02)

(b) Explain the composition of Lok Sabha. (03)

OR

(a) Define Federalism. (02)

(b) What do you understand by the term 'rule of law'? (03)

Q.31 (A) On the given outline map of India locate and label any **Five** of the following places: (1x5=05)

(a) Gwalior (b) Delhi (c) Madras (d) Malabar Coast (e) Buxar (f) Jhansi

(B) On the given outline map of the world locate any **Five** of the following: (1x5=05)

(a) Gulf coast (b) Libya (c) New South Wales (d) Natal (e) Labrador (f) Chile

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