

Date : 06.09.2018  
CLASS -VI

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI  
FIRST TERM EXAMINATION 2018  
SUBJECT : INFORMATION AND  
COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (ICT)

Time : 1½ Hours  
Max. Marks : 30

**Q.1: Fill in the blanks**

(1\*3=03)

- (a) \_\_\_\_\_ is used to process bank cheques.
- (b) Rearranging the data in a specified order is called \_\_\_\_\_.
- (c) To fill a cell with color, click \_\_\_\_\_ color button on the formatting toolbar.

**Q.2: Answer the following**

- (a) Differentiate between a compiler and an interpreter.
- (b) How is Standard filter different from Advanced filter ?
- (c) Write steps to format text CH4 as CH<sub>4</sub>.

**Q.3: Answer the following**

(3\*3=09)

- (a) Name all the available horizontal and vertical alignments of data in Calc cells.
- (b) What is the purpose of conditional formatting feature ?
- (c) What is a software ? Name its two main categories.

**Q.4 : Answer the following**

- (a) How is a low-level language different from a high-level language ? (4\*3=12)  
Give one example of each.
- (b) What is a filter ? What are its three types ?
- (c) Name any four font formatting features.





General Instructions

- Attempt all the questions in each section before going to the next section in the same order.
- All the answers must be correctly numbered and neatly written down.
- Do not copy the questions.

The paper consists of 4 sections:

Section A	-	Reading	: 16 marks
Section B	-	Writing	: 18 marks
Section C	-	Grammar	: 16 marks
Section D	-	Literature	: 30 marks

SECTION A (READING)

A1. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:

UMBRELLA

1. The umbrella is an old idea. It has not changed much over time. Old sculpture from the Middle East shows the king with an umbrella. The sculpture is over 1,000 years old. At that time, common people did not have umbrellas. Only royalty had them. More than 2,000 years ago, fashionable women carried umbrellas in ancient Greece.
2. In China, only royalty used umbrellas. In old Chinese books, there are illustrations of umbrellas. These pictures were made with paint, blood and special drawing tools. The umbrellas in old Chinese books look a lot like today's umbrellas.
3. There is not much information about umbrellas in Europe in the Middle Ages. People probably used their coats to protect themselves from the rain. People in the South Pacific used umbrellas made of palm leaves to protect themselves from the sun and rain.
4. Now, modern umbrellas are better than the old umbrellas. The old umbrellas were often made of oiled silk. Modern umbrellas are made of cotton or plastic. Old umbrellas had ribbing made of wood. Modern umbrellas have steel ribs. Also, the trunk of modern umbrella extends like a telescope. It can collapse and become shorter or extend and become longer.

- (a) Who carried umbrellas in ancient Greece? (1)
- (b) How were the pictures made in old Chinese books? (1)
- (c) How did the people protect themselves in Europe in the Middle Ages? (1)
- (d) What were the old umbrellas made of? (1)
- (e) (i) Find the word from the passage which means the same as 'drawings'. (Para 2) (1)
- (ii) Find the word from the passage which is opposite of 'harm'. (Para 3) (1)
- (f) Give any two characteristics of modern umbrellas. (2)

A2. Read the given poem carefully and answer the questions that follow:

The Trees

1. *At seven, when dusk slips over the mountains,  
The trees start whispering among themselves.  
They have been standing still all day,  
But now they stretch their limbs in the dark,  
Shifting a little, flexing their fingers.*
2. *Remembering a time when  
They too walked the earth with men.  
They know me well, these trees:  
Oak and walnut, spruce and pine,  
They know me for a dreamer of dreams,  
A world-loser, one of them.*
3. *I listen to their whisperings,  
Their own mysterious diction:  
And bow my head before their arm  
And ask for benediction.*

- (a) What do the trees do when dusk slips over the mountains? (1)
- (b) What have the trees been doing whole day? (1)
- (c) What do the trees do to relax? (1)

- (d) Who knows the poet well? (1)
- (e) What does the poet do before the trees? (1)
- (f) Find the word from the poem which is opposite of 'shouting'. (stanza-1) (1)
- (g) Find words from the poem which mean the same as (2)
- (i) blessing (stanza-3) (ii) unknown / peculiar / strange (stanza-3)

### SECTION B ( WRITING )

**B1.** Read the following telephonic conversation between Sachin and Kapil. Sachin is about to leave home and will not be able to meet Madan. He leaves a message for him. Write the message in about 50 words. (5)

Sachin : Hello!

Kapil : Hello, could I speak to Madan ?

Sachin : At this moment, he is not at home. I am Sachin, Madan's younger brother. Can I take a message for him?

Kapil : I am his friend Kapil speaking. Tomorrow a group of friends is going to Pinjore Gardens for picnic. We wish Madan to accompany us. We have decided to assemble near Westside, Sector 22 at 9.30 a.m. We will bring snacks with us. Please tell Madan to bring his camera.

Sachin : I shall convey your message to my brother.

Kapil : Thank you.

OR

Write an advertisement for the sale of your old car. (50 words)

**B2.** You are Rohit. Write a dialogue between you and your friend Samir inviting him to visit the Book Fair at Pragati Maidan with you. Using the information given below, construct five more exchanges. One has been done for you. (5)

**Example:**

Rohit : What are you doing this afternoon?  
 Samir : I haven't planned anything till now.  
 : let visit Book Fair Pragati Maidan  
 : would love to but far  
 : take a taxi, heard a lot  
 : any books on science  
 : books on all subjects  
 : interested only in science  
 : several books of science fiction  
 : when last date  
 : ends tomorrow  
 : go today; will come to your house

**B3.** Today when you reached home, you saw a new bicycle, which you had been wanting for a long time, standing at the gate. Using the given inputs, write a diary entry expressing your feelings. (100 words) (8)

saw it last week-wanted it desperately-father said to get good marks-told grandmother- saw it at gate today-was rakhi gift from grandmother-showed to all my friends-took many rounds of the colony

OR

On 5th September, Teachers' Day was celebrated in your school. Write a paragraph on it. Include the following points.

- students took classes instead of teachers-special assembly-cards made by us given to teachers
- cake cut by Principal Sir-games for teachers-cultural programme by students

### SECTION C (GRAMMAR)

- C.1.** Identify the kinds of sentences: (2)
- (a) Hurray ! Tomorrow is a holiday.  
 (i) interrogative (ii) exclamatory (iii) imperative (iv) assertive
- (b) My aunt is a trained dancer.  
 (i) interrogative (ii) exclamatory (iii) imperative (iv) assertive

- C.2. Fill in the blanks with appropriate tenses: (2)
- (a) Ankur went to school in \_\_\_\_\_ morning.  
 (i) the (ii) an (iii) a (iv) no article needed
- (b) I saw \_\_\_\_\_ black car on the road.  
 (i) an (ii) the (iii) a (iv) all of these
- C.3. Fill in the blanks with suitable adjectives: (2)
- (a) Rini ate the \_\_\_\_\_ cake.  
 (i) some (ii) any (iii) whole (iv) many
- (b) I have \_\_\_\_\_ faith in politicians.  
 (i) most (ii) little (iii) many (iv) whole
- C.4. Identify the type of underlined Noun in the following sentences: (2)
- (a) Honesty is the best policy.  
 (i) Collective (ii) Proper (iii) Abstract (iv) Common
- (b) River Nile flows through Egypt.  
 (i) Proper (ii) Collective (iii) Common (iv) Abstract
- C.5. Identify and write the 'Subject' and 'Predicate' in the following sentences: (2)
- (a) I like chocolate fudge.
- (b) Kohli is the captain of Indian cricket team.
- C. 6. Fill in the blanks with the correct degree of adjectives given in the brackets. (2)
- (a) India is not as \_\_\_\_\_ as Africa. (big)
- (b) Gaurav is the \_\_\_\_\_ boy in the class. (tall)
- C.7: Fill in the blanks with suitable collective nouns. (2)
- (a) I have a \_\_\_\_\_ of books.
- (b) The \_\_\_\_\_ listened to the sitar recital silently.
- C.8. Write the opposite gender of the following: (2)
- (a) bachelor \_\_\_\_\_ (b) vixen \_\_\_\_\_

#### SECTION D (LITERATURE)

D.1. Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow:

(A) *As over tides*

*Of wind it rides,*

*Climbs to the crest*

*Of a gust and pulls,*

*Then seems to rest*

*As wind falls.*

- (a) What is 'it' here? (1)
- (b) When does 'it' take rest? (1)
- (c) Give the meaning of the word 'crest'? (1)

(B) *"Oh, come along !*

*We can't go on all night---*

*I was in the wrong"*

*So he was in the right.*

- (a) Who is the speaker talking to? (1)
- (b) What is the speaker talking about? (1)
- (c) Name the poet. (1)

(C) "How do I earn more money?" he asked himself.

- (a) Who is the speaker? (1)
- (b) Why does he want to earn more money? (1)
- (c) What did he decide to do? (1)

**D.2. Answer any three of the following questions in about 30 to 40 words each: (2x3=6)**

- (a) Explain 'the afternoon turned black.'
- (b) What does a 'home' have?
- (c) Why did Taro run in the direction of the stream?
- (d) What is a 'house' made of?

**D.3. Answer any one of the following questions in about 75 words: (5)**

Who did the dog finally choose as his master and why?

**OR**

How did Patrick help the little man?

**D.4. Answer any three of the following questions in about 30 to 40 words each (2x3=6)**

- (a) What according to the schoolmaster were the contents of the letter?
- (b) Why did the king put an end to the visits between Land Abdulla and Sea Abdulla?
- (c) What was Shahrazad's suggestion to her father?
- (d) Who was Shahriyar? Why did he hate women?

**D.5. Answer any one of the following questions in about 75 words: (4)**

What preparations did the illiterate schoolmaster make before opening the school?

**OR**

Describe the scene that Abdulla of the land saw at the bottom of the sea?

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**General Instructions :**

- 1) Question No. 1-6 carry 1 mark each.
- 2) Question No.7-15 carry 2 marks each.
- 3) Question No. 16-27 carry 3 marks each.
- 4) Question No. 28-31 carry 5 marks each.
- 5) There are internal choices.

**SECTION- A**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. Name two plants which are used as a vegetable.  | 1 |
| 2. How will you obtain common salt from a mixture of salts ?   | 1 |
| 3. Which kind of climate and soil does a cotton plant require to get a yield?  | 1 |
| 4. Why do some metals often lose their shine?  | 1 |
| 5. A drawing sheet changes when you draw a picture on it. Can you reverse this change?                                   | 1 |
| 6. Name two parts of the plant which are the sources of our food.  | 1 |
| 7. What are herbivores? Give two examples.   | 2 |
| 8. What are deficiency diseases? How deficiency diseases can be prevented?   | 2 |
| 9. Highlight important role of roughage in the process of digestion in human beings.                                     | 2 |
| 10. Name two sources of carbohydrates and two sources of proteins which are needed by our body.                          | 2 |
| 11. Why do we need to group materials (write 2 points)?  | 2 |
| 12. How will you separate husk or dirt particles from a given sample of pulses before cooking?                           | 2 |
| 13. What is the difference between evaporation and condensation?   | 2 |
| 14. What is sieving? Write two uses of sieving in our daily life.  | 2 |
| 15. Name two sources of food which are rich in vitamin B and two sources rich in vitamin C.                              | 2 |
| 16. How can you prepare sprouted moong or chana?   | 3 |
| 17. How do aquatic plants and animals survive in water?  | 3 |
| 18. What do various nutrients do for our body? (one line description is required for each nutrient)                      | 3 |
| 19. Define the following : a) weaving b) knitting c) spinning  | 3 |
| 20. How will you test the presence of fats in oils (write in an activity form) ?   | 3 |
| 21. What are transparent, translucent and opaque objects? Give one example of each.                                      | 3 |
| 22. How will you separate grass, pebbles and sand ?  | 3 |
| 23. How are iron blades of the tools used for digging the soil, fixed to a wooden handle?                                | 3 |
| 24. Explain the process of making yarn from fibre.   | 3 |
| 25. What are the changes that occur in the incense stick when it is burnt ? Can this be reversed ?                       | 3 |
| 26. If we take a small quantity of wax in a pan and heat it and pull it. What will happen and what kind of change is it? | 3 |
| 27. Why do we need to separate different components of a mixture? (mention three points)                                 | 3 |
| 28. (a) What role does water play in the functioning of our body? (mention three points).                                | 5 |
| (b) What is the difference between hard and soft materials? Give two examples of each.                                   |   |

**(OR)**

- (a) How can you make a paper translucent? Write in an activity form.
- (b) Name two liquids and two gases that can be dissolved in water.

29. (a) How will you obtain clear water from a sample of muddy water? Write in an activity form. 5  
(b) Draw the labeled diagram for the above experiment.

(OR)

- (a) How can you prepare a saturated solution of salt and water? Write in an activity form.  
(b) Draw the labeled diagram for the above activity.
30. (a) What are reversible changes? Give two examples. 5  
(b) How is the iron rim fixed on a wooden wheel of a cart? What kind of change is it?

(OR)

- (a) What are irreversible changes? Give two examples.  
(b) A thick coat of Plaster of Paris (POP) is applied over the bandage on a fractured bone. It becomes hard on drying to keep the fractured bone immobilized? Can the change in POP be reversed? Explain.

31. (a) How is jute obtained from jute plant? 5  
(b) How did early human beings cover their bodies before fibres were discovered? (Mention any four).

(OR)

- (a) What are natural and artificial fibres? Give two examples of each.  
(b) Name two devices used for spinning threads.

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DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI  
FIRST TERM EXAMINATION 2018

Date : 04.09.2018  
CLASS -VI

SUBJECT : GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

Time : 50 Minutes  
Max. Marks : 50

Name : ..... Roll No. : ..... Class/Sec. : .....

INVIGILATOR'S SIGNATURE

General Instructions :

**There are 50 Questions in this paper.  
Each Question carries one mark.**

(I) **Answer the following in one word** **06 Marks**

- (1) Name the capital city of Greece.....
- (2) Name of capital city of Syria .....
- (3) Name the capital of Italy .....
- (4) Name the oldest city in Western Europe .....
- (5) Name of the oldest inhabited city of India situated along river Ganga .....
- (6) Name the oldest Walled city of the world .....

(II) **Name the rivers in the following States** **09 Marks**

- (1) Gujarat .....
- (2) Andhra Pradesh .....
- (3) Uttar Pradesh .....
- (4) Tamil Nadu .....
- (5) Madhya Pradesh .....
- (6) Uttarakhand .....
- (7) West Bengal .....
- (8) New Delhi .....
- (9) Maharashtra .....

(III) **Write the names of the States where the following institutes are located.** **08 Marks**

- (1) Airforce training Centre .....
- (2) Hindustan aeronautics Limited .....
- (3) Bharat Heavy Electricals Limited .....
- (4) Tata Iron and Steel Company .....
- (5) Central Institute of Fisheries Technology .....
- (6) Institute of Paper Technology .....
- (7) Film and TV Institute of India .....
- (8) Institute of Jute Technology .....



(IV) Given below is the list of Plants and their Parts which are used as remedy for various diseases.

Name the disease.

10 Marks

- (1) Bark of Chincona Plant .....
- (2) Leaves of Neem tree .....
- (3) Roots of Rauwolfia .....
- (4) Leaves of Vasaka .....
- (5) Fruits of Amla .....
- (6) Seeds of Isbgol .....
- (7) Leaves of Tulsi .....
- (8) Leaves of Eucalyptus .....
- (9) Stems of Ephedra .....
- (10) Seeds of Poppy .....

(V) Name the following Superlatives of the World.

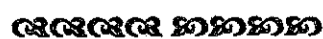
12 Marks

- (1) The highest Mountain Peak .....
- (2) The coldest Continent .....
- (3) The lowest river .....
- (4) The largest fresh water lake .....
- (5) The biggest ocean .....
- (6) The biggest river .....
- (7) The biggest lake .....
- (8) The deepest point .....
- (9) The longest river .....
- (10) The highest water falls .....
- (11) The largest Island .....
- (12) The largest Desert .....

(VI) Answer the Following:

05 Marks

- (1) Who is the CEO of Bhilai Steel Plant? .....
- (2) Who is the President of India? .....
- (3) Who is the Chief Minister of Chhattisgarh State? .....
- (4) Who is the president of Congress Party? .....
- (5) When is Ambedkar Jayanti celebrated every year? .....



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI (C.G.)

Time: 3 hrs.

FIRST TERM EXAMINATION, 2018

10.09.18

Class: VI

SOCIAL SCIENCE

M.M.:80

**General Instructions:**

- 1) There are 32 questions and all are compulsory.
- 2) Marks for each question are indicated against the question.
- 3) Questions from serial number 1 to 14 are very short questions of 1 mark each.
- 4) Questions from serial number 15 to 26 are short questions of 3 marks each.
- 5) Questions 27 to 30 are very long questions of 5 marks each.
- 6) Questions 31 (diagram question) and 32 is a map question of 5 marks each. Please tie the maps in your main answer script.

1. What are manuscripts? (1)
2. Name the Palaeolithic site from which the evidence of fire has been found. (1)
3. Name the Neolithic site from which the pit-houses have been found. (1)
4. Which city of the Harappan Civilization was divided into three parts? (1)
5. Which metal was brought by the Harappans from the present day Karnataka? (1)
6. Who wrote the book 'The Discovery of India'? (1)
7. What do you mean by term 'Prejudice'? (1)
8. What is 'Universal Adult Franchise'? (1)
9. Who is called the father of the 'The Indian Constitution'? (1)
10. Which planet is known as the "Earth's Twin"? (1)
11. Which longitude in India is treated as the standard meridian? (1)
12. How many days are there in a leap year? (1)
13. Which celestial body is closest to the earth? (1)
14. What is a galaxy? (1)
15. What is History? Why do we need to study history? (1+2)
16. List any three ways in which the lives of farmers and herders would have been different from that of hunter-gatherers. (3)
17. In what ways did the change of climate during 12000 years ago help man? (3)
18. What are the reasons given by the scholars for the decline of the Harappan cities? (3)
19. How does a planet differ from a star? (3)
20. Why is it 5.30 p.m. in India and at the same time 12.00 noon in London? (3)
21. Differentiate between the summer and winter solstice. (3)
22. How do symbols help in reading maps? (3)
23. Write any three dissimilarities between Kerala and Ladakh. (3)
24. What does the Constitution say with regard to equality? (Any three points) (3)
25. Distinguish between Democracy and Monarchy. (3)
26. Why are election required after a fixed period of time in a democratic country? (3)
27. What were the main features of the Harappan cities? (5)

OR

What were the main features of Mehrgarh?

28. Why did the hunter-gatherers travel from place to place? (5)
29. What do you mean by 'the scale of the map'? Distinguish between a map and a plan. (5)

OR

Which planet is called the 'Blue Planet'? Name all the planets according to their distance from the Sun.

30. What is the Government? Write any four works done by the government. (5)

OR

How does discrimination happen? Give any three situations in which people are discriminated against?

31. Draw a neat and labelled diagram of the earth showing important latitudes and Heat Zones. (5)

32. On the political map of India, mark the following: (5)

(a) Bhimbetka (b) Hunsgi (c) Burzahom (d) Hallur (e) Paiyampalli

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दिल्ली - पब्लिक- स्कूल , भिलाईनगरम्  
अर्द्धवार्षिकी परीक्षा

समय: - 1:30 होरा

संस्कृतम्

कक्षा - षष्ठी

पूर्णाङ्कः 40

दिनांक:- 20.09.2018

नाम \_\_\_\_\_ कक्षा /वर्ग: \_\_\_\_\_ अनुक्रमाङ्क: \_\_\_\_\_  
परीक्षकस्य हस्ताक्षरम् \_\_\_\_\_

प्रासाङ्कः \_\_\_\_\_  
वीक्षकस्य हस्ताक्षरम् \_\_\_\_\_

प्रश्न 1. सः, तौ, ते / सा, ते, ताः इत्येतेभ्यः उचितं सर्वनामपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत ।  $\frac{1}{2} \times 06 = 03$

यथा - लता अस्ति । - सा अस्ति

क) महिलाः धावन्ति । \_\_\_\_\_ धावन्ति । ख) गजाः चलन्ति । \_\_\_\_\_ चलन्ति ।

ग) जवनिके दोलतः । \_\_\_\_\_ दोलतः । घ) वानराः क्रीडन्ति । \_\_\_\_\_ क्रीडन्ति ।

ङ) चटके कूजतः । \_\_\_\_\_ कूजतः । च) गायकः गायति । \_\_\_\_\_ गायति ।

प्रश्न 2) उचितपदानि संयोज्य वाक्यानि रचयत ।  $\frac{1}{2} \times 06 = 03$

1) कोकिले अ) विकसति \_\_\_\_\_

2) पवनः ब) नृत्यन्ति \_\_\_\_\_

3) पुष्पम् स) उत्पतति \_\_\_\_\_

4) खगः इ) वहति \_\_\_\_\_

5) मयूराः इ) गर्जन्ति \_\_\_\_\_

6) सिंहाः ई) कूजतः \_\_\_\_\_

प्रश्न 3. उचित-पदैः वाक्यनिर्माणं कुरुत ।  $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 03$

यथा - एषा मम पुस्तिका ।

मम, तव, आवयोः, युवयोः, अस्माकं, युष्माकम्

1. एतत् \_\_\_\_\_ गृहम् 2. \_\_\_\_\_ मैत्री ददा । 3. एषः \_\_\_\_\_ विद्यालयः ।

4. एषा \_\_\_\_\_ अध्यापिका । 5. भारतम् \_\_\_\_\_ देशः । 6. एतानि \_\_\_\_\_ पुस्तकानि ।

प्रश्न 4. मञ्जूषातः उचितक्रियापदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत ।  $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 03$

(क) मयूराः \_\_\_\_\_ । (घ) सिंहाः \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(ख) गजाः \_\_\_\_\_ । (ङ) वानरः \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(ग) वृक्षाः \_\_\_\_\_ । (च) अश्वः \_\_\_\_\_ ।

नृत्यन्ति, गर्जतः, धावति, चलतः, फलन्ति, खादति

प्रश्न 5. कोष्ठकात् उचितं शब्दं चित्वा वाक्यं पूरयत ।  $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

यथा - बालिका पठति । ( बालिका / बालिकाः )

क. \_\_\_\_\_ चरतः । (अजाः / अजे ) ख. \_\_\_\_\_ सन्ति । (द्विचक्रिके / द्विचक्रिकाः )

ग. \_\_\_\_\_ चलति । (नौके / नौका ) घ. \_\_\_\_\_ अस्ति । (सूचिके / सूचिका )

प्रश्न 6) मञ्जूषातः कर्तृपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत ।  $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

क) \_\_\_\_\_ सन्ति । ख) \_\_\_\_\_ पश्यति ।

ग) \_\_\_\_\_ लिखति । घ) \_\_\_\_\_ गर्जन्ति ।

प्रश्न 7) कोष्ठकात् उचित विकल्पं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत ।

1 X 04 = 04

क) ----- पठामि । (वयम् / अहम् ) ख) ----- गच्छथः । (युवाम् / यूयम् )

ग) एतत् ----- पुस्तकम् । (माम् / मम ) घ) ----- क्रीडनकानि । (युष्मान् / युष्माकम् )

प्रश्न 8) संख्यानां कृते उचितसंस्कृतपदं मञ्जूषातः चित्वा लिखत ।

½ X 8 = 04

अष्ट, एकः, सप्त, त्रयः, षट्, पञ्च, चत्वारः, दश

क) 03. ----- ख) 01. ----- ग) 07. -----

घ) 04. ----- ड) 06 ----- च) 05 -----

छ) 10. ----- ज) 08 -----

प्रश्न 9) हिन्दीभाषातः संस्कृतभाषायाम् अनुवादं कुरुत । (हिन्दी भाषा से संस्कृत भाषा में अनुवाद करें।) (कोई - 4) 1 X 4 = 04

क) वह पढ़ता है । ----- घ) मैं हँसता हूँ । -----

ख) तुम खेलते हो । ----- ड) सब बालक खेलते हैं । -----

ग) हम सब पढ़ते हैं । ----- च) वे दोनों हँसते हैं । -----

प्रश्न 10) उचित - धातुरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत ।

½ X 12 = 06

पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमपुरुषः	-----	पठतः	पठन्ति
मध्यमपुरुषः	खेलसि	-----	खेलथ
उत्तमपुरुषः	लिखामि	-----	लिखामः
प्रथमपुरुषः	-----	हसतः	-----
मध्यमपुरुषः	धावसि	-----	-----
उत्तमपुरुषः	-----	भ्रमावः	-----
प्रथमपुरुषः	-----	गर्जतः	गर्जन्ति
मध्यमपुरुषः	गच्छसि	-----	गच्छथ
उत्तमपुरुषः	हसामि	हसावः	-----

प्रश्न 11) उचित - शब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत ।

½ X 12 = 06

विभक्तिः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमाविभक्तिः	बालकः	-----	बालकाः
द्वितीयाविभक्तिः	-----	बालिके	-----
तृतीयाविभक्तिः	बालिकया	-----	-----
चतुर्थीविभक्तिः	-----	बालकाभ्याम्	-----
पंचमीविभक्तिः	रामात्	-----	रामेभ्यः
षष्ठीविभक्तिः	फलस्य	-----	फलानाम्
सप्तमीविभक्तिः	-----	पुष्पयोः	-----
संबोधनम्	हे बालक ।	हे ----- ।	हे बालकाः ।

**General Instructions:**

- (i) All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) The question paper consists of 30 questions divided into four sections A,B, C and D.
- (iii) Section A contains 6 questions of one mark each.
- (iv) Section B contains 6 questions of two marks each.
- (v) Section C contains 10 questions of three marks each.
- (vi) Section D contains 8 questions of four marks each.
- (vii) Use of calculator is not permitted.

**Section – A****(1×6=6)**

1. Least whole number is \_\_\_\_\_.
2.  $0 \div 7$  is \_\_\_\_\_
3. The HCF of co-primes is \_\_\_\_\_.
4. A line has \_\_\_\_\_ end point.
5. The face value of 6 in 3645 is \_\_\_\_\_.
6.  $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

**Section – B****(2×6=12)**

7. How many lakhs make a million?
8. Divide by repeated subtraction :  $64 \div 8$
9. Find the H.C.F by prime factorisation : 21, 106
10. Find n :  $\frac{2}{7} \times n = 14$
11. Through how many degrees does the hour-hand turn in 2 hours?
12. Find the missing number by the inverse operation of multiplication :  $32 \times ? = 128$

**Section – C****(3×10=30)**

13. Draw the number line and illustrate the statement :  $2+4 = 6$
14. Use distributive property to find :  $597 \times 1003$
15. What is the least number which when decreased by 5 is exactly divisible by 36, 48, 21 and 28.

(OR)

If one car covers 24 km per litre of petrol and another car cover 18 km per litre of petrol, What is the smallest number of litres of petrol they should have in their tanks to go exactly the same distance?

16. Divide by division algorithm and verify by multiplication  $29385 \div 121$
17. Show that the given pairs are co-primes : 35, 22
18. Simplify :  $(3\frac{1}{2} - 2\frac{1}{4}) \times 7\frac{1}{8}$

(OR)

From a sheet of tin  $4\frac{3}{4}$  m long, two lengths were cut, one  $2\frac{1}{2}$  m long and the other  $1\frac{1}{3}$  m long. How much of the sheet was left?

19. Mark four points in such a way that, three of them are collinear. How many lines can be drawn through these points, taking atleast two at a time.
20.  $\frac{1}{5}$  of the journey was done by car and  $\frac{3}{5}$  of the journey on motorbike. What fraction of the journey still remains?

(OR)

A girl spent  $\frac{2}{5}$  of her pocket money on sweets. If the sweets were bought for ₹ 4, how much money did she have originally?

21. How many degrees are there in (a) right angle (b) straight angle (c) acute angle

22. Three bells toll at intervals of 9, 12 and 15 minutes. If they start tolling together, after what time will they toll together again?

(OR)

The product of two numbers is 20736. Their H.C.F. is 24. Find their L.C.M.?

**Section - D**

(4×8=32)

23. Write the numbers corresponding to each of the following :

i)  $8 \times 10^5 + 6 \times 10^4 + 5 \times 10^2$

ii)  $9 \times 10^6 + 7 \times 10^4 + 5 \times 10^2$

24. Simplify :  $[(18 \times 2)] \div 4 + \frac{(3 \times 2) - 4}{2}$

25. Find the greatest number less than 10,000 which is exactly divisible by 48, 60 and 64.

(OR)

A man wishes to lay square tiles on the floor of a room 12m by 18 m. What is the largest size of the square tiles, so that a whole number of tiles can be fitted in?

26. A tank that can hold  $43\frac{1}{2}$  litres of petrol is  $\frac{4}{9}$  full. After  $10\frac{1}{2}$  litres are taken from the tank, how many litres does it still have?

(OR)

Mr. Bharat owns  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the Capital of company. His wife owns  $\frac{5}{8}$  as much as he does. What part is owned by the wife?

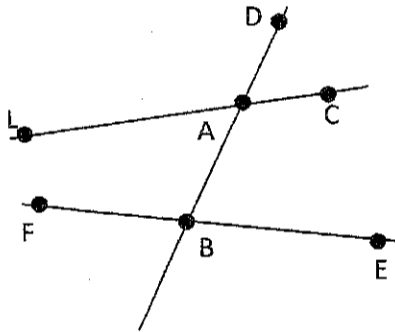
27. Draw segments AB and CD of lengths 3.8 cm, 4.7 cm respectively. Construct segment whose length is a) AB+CD b) 2AB

28. Draw a hexagonal prism and satisfy the formula  $E+2=V+F$ .

(OR)

Draw a cuboid and satisfy the formula :  $E+2 = V+F$ ?

- 29.



a) Name a pair of vertically opposite angles at A.

b) Name a pair of adjacent angles at B

c) Name a linear pair at A.

d) Name a pair of supplementary angles at B.

30. A theatre has 300 balcony seats and 540 ground floor seats. At a show,  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the balcony and  $\frac{4}{9}$  of the ground floor seats are occupied. How many seats are empty?

\*\*\*\*\*

**निर्देश-**

1. प्रश्नों के सभी उपभागों के उत्तर क्रमशः लिखिए।
2. वर्तनी की शुद्धता एवं प्रभावशाली भाषा अपेक्षित है।
3. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के सामने निर्धारित अंक दिए गए हैं।

**1. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर उसके नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-**

अच्छा आचरण या सदाचार मनुष्य की सबसे बड़ी पूँजी है। अपने अच्छे आचरण से मानव न केवल समाज में ऊँचा स्थान पाता है, बल्कि अपने सभी कार्यों में सफलता भी पाता है। सदाचारी व्यक्ति का हृदय सरल और शान्त होता है, जिससे वह अपने कार्य सकुशल कर सकता है।

सत्य, अहिंसा, ईश्वर पर विश्वास, दूसरों के प्रति सम्मान व प्रेम यह सब सदाचार के गुण हैं। श्रीराम एक सदाचारी व्यक्ति थे। वे सभी से प्रेम और आदर से मिलते थे, परन्तु सीता का हरण करके रावण एक दुराचारी के रूप में प्रसिद्ध हुआ। सदाचारी व्यक्ति कभी कोई गलत कार्य नहीं करता, इसलिए उसे किसी बात का भय नहीं होता।

वह स्वयं को अच्छी संगति और अच्छे वातावरण में रखता है। वह अपने कार्यों से अपने वचन सिद्ध करता है। विद्यार्थी जीवन में मैत्री-भाव, मीठे बोल, आदर व स्नेह, कार्य के प्रति लगन आदि सदाचारी गुण हैं। ऐसे गुणों को धारण कर हम अपने आसपास सभी के हृदय में स्थान पाते हैं। हमारा मन प्रसन्न रहता है और हमारी कार्यक्षमता भी बढ़ जाती है।

- |     |   |     |
|-----|---|-----|
| (क) | सदाचार का क्या अर्थ है?   | (1) |
| (ख) | सदाचारी व्यक्ति के क्या-क्या गुण होते हैं?                              | (1) |
| (ग) | जो व्यक्ति सदाचारी होता है, वह भयभीत क्यों नहीं होता?                   | (1) |
| (घ) | विद्यार्थी किन गुणों के कारण अपने आसपास सभी के हृदय में स्थान पाते हैं? | (1) |
| (ङ) | उपर्युक्त गद्यांश का उचित शीर्षक दीजिए।                                 | (1) |

**2. सिल्वर जोन ओलम्पियाड द्वारा आयोजित हिन्दी ओलम्पियाड में तुम्हारे मित्र अथवा सहेली ने संपूर्ण भारतवर्ष में प्रथम स्थान प्राप्त किया है। इस उपलब्धि पर उन्हें एक बधाई-पत्र लिखो।**

अथवा

अपनी पढ़ाई की जानकारी देते हुए माता-पिता को पत्र लिखिए।

**3. निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक विषय पर 100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लेखन कीजिए-**

- |     |                 |     |   |
|-----|-----------------|-----|---|
| (क) | मीठी वाणी बोलिए | (ख) | जैसे ही मैं घर से निकला, वर्षा होने लगी |
| (ग) | स्वदेश-प्रेम    | (घ) | पूर्णिमा का चाँद                        |

4. (i) भाषा की परिभाषा दीजिए। (1)
- (ii) भाषा के कितने रूप होते हैं? (1)
- (iii) व्याकरण भाषा के किन-किन अंगों पर विचार करता है? (1)
- (iv) हिन्दी वर्णमाला में कितने प्रकार के वर्ण हैं? (1)
- (v) भाषा जिन निश्चित चिह्नों में लिखी जाती है, उन्हें क्या कहते हैं? (1)
- (vi) स्वर के कितने भेद होते हैं? प्लुत स्वर का एक उदाहरण लिखिए। (1)
- (vii) हिन्दी व्याकरण में मूल स्वरों की संख्या कितनी है? लिखिए। (1)
- (viii) अयोगवाह किसे कहते हैं? उदाहरण दीजिए। (1)
- (ix) नीचे लिखे शब्दों से भाववाचक संज्ञा बनाइए-  
युवक, अच्छा (1)
- (x) संज्ञा के भेद लिखिए- नदी, सजावट (1)
- (xi) नित्य बहुवचन के दो उदाहरण दीजिए। (1)
- (xii) स्त्रीलिंग बनाइए- कवि, विद्वान (1)
- (xiii) लिंग बताइए- चाँदी, थकान (1)
- (xiv) हिन्दी भाषा की लिपि क्या कहलाती है? (1)
- (xv) भाषा की छोटी-सी-छोटी इकाई (ध्वनि) क्या कहलाती है? (1)
- (xvi) संज्ञा के कितने भेद होते हैं? उनके नाम लिखिए। (1)
- (xvii) व्याकरण पहले सीखा जाता है अथवा भाषा? (1)
- (xviii) जातिवाचक संज्ञा का एक उदाहरण लिखिए। (1)
- (xix) 'आँखों में धूल झोंकना' मुहावरे का वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए। (1)
- (xx) 'दुष्ट से दुष्टता का व्यवहार करना' किस मुहावरे का अर्थ है? (1)
- (xxi) कारगिल युद्ध में भारतीय सैनिकों ने शत्रु के.....दिए। (उपयुक्त मुहावरे से रिक्तस्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए) (1)

- (xxii) 'चंद्रमा' शब्द के दो पर्यायवाची लिखिए। (1)
- (xxiii) 'सुरसरि', 'भागीरथी', 'मंदाकिनी' किस शब्द के पर्यायवाची हैं? (1)
- (xxiv) विलोम शब्द लिखिए- प्रेम, उचित (1)
- (xxv) हे प्रभु ! हमें.....से प्रकाश की ओर ले चलो। (रिखांकित शब्द का विलोम लिखिए) (1)

5. निम्नलिखित काव्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए -

वह चिड़िया जो  
कंठ खोलकर  
बूढ़े वन बाबा की खातिर  
रस उड़ेलकर गा लेती है  
वह छोटी मुँह बोली चिड़िया  
नीले पंखों वाली मैं हूँ  
मुझे विजन से बहुत प्यार है।

- (i) उपर्युक्त कविता का शीर्षक लिखिए। (1)
- (ii) उपर्युक्त कविता के कवि कौन हैं? (1)
- (iii) चिड़िया को किससे प्यार है? (1)
- (iv) छोटी चिड़िया के पंखों का रंग कैसा है? (1)
- (v) छोटी चिड़िया कहाँ गाना गाती है? (1)

6. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए -

अक्षरो की खोज के साथ एक नए युग की शुरूआत हुई। आदमी अपने विचार और अपने हिसाब-किताब को लिखकर रखने लगा। तब से मानव को 'सभ्य' कहा जाने लगा। आदमी ने जब से लिखना शुरू किया तब से 'इतिहास' आरंभ हुआ। किसी भी कौम या देश का इतिहास तब से शुरू होता है जब से आदमी के लिखे हुए लेख मिलने लग जाते हैं। इस प्रकार, इतिहास को शुरू हुए मुश्किल से छह हजार साल हुए हैं। उसके पहले के काल को 'प्रागैतिहासिक काल' यानी इतिहास के पहले का काल कहते हैं।

- (क) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश किस पाठ से लिया गया है? (1)
- (ख) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश के लेखक कौन हैं? (1)
- (ग) मानव को सभ्य कब कहा जाने लगा? (1)
- (घ) इतिहास को शुरू हुए कितने साल हुए हैं? (1)
- (ङ) 'प्रागैतिहासिक काल' से क्या तात्पर्य है? (1)

7. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के संक्षिप्त उत्तर लिखिए-

- (क) 'नासा' का पूरा नाम क्या है? (1)
- (ख) 'बचपन' (संस्मरण) के रचनाकार कौन हैं? (1)
- (ग) केशव के घर चिड़िया ने कहाँ पर अंडे दिए थे? (1)
- (घ) मंगल की धरती पर कौन-सा अंतरिक्ष यान उतरा हुआ था? (1)
- (ङ) 'वार्ता + आलाप' के योग से कौन-से नवीन शब्द का निर्माण होगा? (1)
- (च) 'नज़रे नीची होना' मुहावरे का वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए। (1)
- (छ) 'प्रेमचंद' के द्वारा लिखी गई कौन-सी कहानी तुम्हारे पाठ्यक्रम में संकलित है? (1)

8. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 50-60 शब्दों में लिखिए- (कोई पाँच) (4×5=20)

- (क) 'तुम्हें बताऊँगी कि हमारे समय और तुम्हारे समय में कितनी दूरी हो चुकी है।' - इस बात के लिए लेखिका क्या-क्या उदाहरण देती है? (1)
- (ख) अंडों के बारे में केशव और श्यामा के मन में किस तरह के सवाल उठते थे? वे आपस ही में सवाल-जवाब करके अपने दिल को तसल्ली क्यों दे दिया करते थे? (1)
- (ग) अक्षरों के ज्ञान से पहले मनुष्य अपनी बात को दूर-दराज के इलाकों तक पहुँचाने के लिए किन-किन माध्यमों का सहारा लेता था? (1)
- (घ) कंट्रोल रूम में जाकर छोटू ने क्या देखा और वहाँ उसने क्या हरकत की? (1)
- (ङ) 'चढ़ी नदी का दिल टटोलकर, जल का मोती ले जाती है' - आशय स्पष्ट कीजिए। (1)
- (च) 'पार नज़र के' कहानी के अनुसार मंगल ग्रह पर कभी आम जन-जीवन था। वह सब नष्ट कैसे हो गया? इस लिखो। (1)

9. 'अनुमान और कल्पना' पर आधारित निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किसी एक प्रश्न का उत्तर दीजिए - (3)

- (क) 'पार नज़र कहानी' ज़मीन के अंदर की ज़िंदगी का पता देती है। ज़मीन के ऊपर मंगल ग्रह पर सब कुछ कैसा होगा, इसकी कल्पना करो और लिखो। (1)
- (ख) पुराने ज़माने में लोग यह क्यों सोचते थे कि अक्षर और भाषा की खोज ईश्वर ने की थी? अनुमान लगाओ और बताओ। (2)

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