

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI (C.G.)

DATE : 15-09-2016

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT I, 2016

Time : 3 Hours

CLASS : VI

ENGLISH

M.M : 80

No. of Printed Pages : 4

General Instructions :

- Attempt all the questions in each section before going to the next section in the same order.
- All the answers must be correctly numbered and written neatly.
- Do not copy the questions.
- For multiple choice questions, option numbers should be clearly specified along with the answers.
- The paper consists of 4 sections:
 - Section A – Reading : 16 marks; Section B – Writing : 18 marks;
 - Section C – Grammar : 16 marks; Section D – Literature : 30 marks

SECTION A (READING)

16 MARKS

A 1) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:

THE MAGIC OF HARRY POTTER

8 Marks

He is called Hari Puttar in Punjabi, Harri Potter in Welsh and Harrius Potter in Latin. The universal appeal of the Harry Potter books has created publishing history. On the day, 'Harry Potter and the Half Blood Prince' was released, ten million copies were sold worldwide, of which more than one lakh were sold in India. You do not need a crystal ball to predict that the seventh book 'Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows' even surpassed the previous issue. The most obvious reason why children and grown-ups love a Potter book is that it is a great reading. J.K.Rowling is a wonderful storyteller and the books are simply engrossing. The idea of readers watching Harry grow up before their eyes with each book is itself startlingly original. Fantasy and magic always fascinate and these books are all about them. Moreover, Rowling's crisp language and humour make for an interesting reading.

- A.1. a. How many copies of Harry Potter and the Half Blood Prince were sold worldwide? (1)
- b. Identify the meaning of the word 'predict' (1)
- (i) wonder (ii) funny (iii) glad (iv) guess
- c. _____ fascinate/s the readers. (1)
- (i) beauty (ii) language (iii) author (iv) fantasy and magic
- d. What make/s for an interesting reading in J.K. Rowling's works? (1)
- (i) illustration (ii) the hero (iii) language and humour (iv) the author
- e. What is Harry Potter called in Latin and Welsh? (2)
- f. Why do children and grown-ups love 'a Potter book'? (2)

A.2) Read the given poem carefully and then answer the questions that follow:

(8marks)

BRAVE SOLDIERS

Brave soldiers are we,
Not afraid of anyone.
Always ready are we,
To fight for our country free.
Honour to our tricolour,
Honour to our country dear.
We are always ready to fight,
To defend our country with
All our might. In times of war,
And in times of rest,
We are there, to do our best.

- A.2.a. The poem is about _____ (1)
- (i) nature (ii) India (iii) brave soldiers (iv) human relations
- b. Soldiers are always ready to fight for their _____ (1)
- country (ii) mother (iii) future (iv) wish
- c. They _____ their country with all their might. (1)
- love (ii) defend (iii) celebrate (iv) honour

- d. The soldiers are ready to do their best in times of _____ . (1)
(i) peace (ii) war (iii) happiness (iv) sorrow
- e. What does 'Our Tricolour' mean here? (1)
- f. What do our soldiers honour? (1)
(i) feelings (ii) national leaders (iii) tricolour flag (iv) might
- g. Who are not afraid of anyone? Why? (2)

SECTION B (WRITING)

(18 marks)

B.1. You received a telephone call from your brother's coaching institute when he was not at home. You have the following conversation with the speaker. As you have to go for swimming classes, leave a message for your brother. Write the message within 50 words using the information given below. Do not add any new information. (5)

Rohan : Hello!

Mr Dixit : Hello! May I speak to Mohan, please? I am Mr Dixit from his coaching institute

Rohan : Mohan is not at home right now.

Mr Dixit : In that case can you give him a message? It's urgent. Please tell him that tomorrow's Maths class has been cancelled due to certain unavoidable circumstances. Inform him that in the next class we are conducting a test. The syllabus has been put up in our notice board.

Rohan : Don't worry. I will surely convey your message as soon as he returns.

Mr Dixit : Rohan, I almost forgot! Can you also ask him to bring his own geometry box?

Rohan : Sure.

Mr Dixit : Thanks a lot! Bye.

Rohan : You're welcome. Bye

OR

Draft an advertisement for the sale of your old tablet/mobile phone. (50 words)

B.2. You are Anil/ Anu. Write a conversation with your uncle about a new garden that you have made. Using the information given below, construct five more exchanges. One has been done for you. (5)

Example : Anil/Anu : Good morning uncle. How are you ?

Uncle : I am fine, thank you.

- good morning, how are you
- fine, thank you
- with the help of gardener, made a new garden
- surprised, where have you made
- in our balcony
- which plants planted
- different flowering plants, beautiful coloured flowers
- how to take care
- water them, provide necessary fertilizers
- happy to see this, take care of the plants
- sure, I will
- maintain the garden properly, will see again in next visit

B.3. You had arranged a surprise party for your mother on MOTHER'S DAY. Make a diary entry in about 80 to 100 words of your experience. (8)

Include the points given below:

(started preparations well in advance-was a day of surprise for mother-prepared breakfast in the morning-gave beautiful gifts and handmade cards-daddy cooked her favourite dishes for lunch-surprised her by inviting all her friends for evening tea party-mother couldn't hold back her tears-said it was the most extraordinary day in her life)

SECTION C (GRAMMAR)

16 MARKS

- C 1) Identify the 'subject' in the following sentence:** (1)
New Delhi is the capital of India.
(i) New (ii) New Delhi (iii) Capital (iv) India
- C 2) Find out the predicate in the following sentence:** (1)
Tom danced the whole night at the party.
- C 3) Fill in the blanks with the correct determiners:** (1×2=2)
(a) There are _____ children in the park.
(i) a (ii) the (iii) any (iv) some
(b) She showed me _____ book gifted by her father.
(i) many (ii) the (iii) a few (iv) few
- C 4) Identify the type of adverbs that are underlined in the following sentences :** (1×2=2)
(a) He slammed the door angrily.
(i) Adverb of Time (ii) Adverb of Place (iii) Adverb of Manner
(b) My friend lives here.
(i) Adverb of Place (ii) Adverb of Manner (iii) Adverb of Time
- C 5) Complete the following with participle forms of the given VERBS:** (1×2=2)
Verb Present Participle Past Participle
(a) speak _____
(b) buy _____
- C 6) (a) The idiom that means 'to intend to do something but not to be sure about it' is-** (1)
(i) zero hour (ii) donkey's years (iii) half a mind (iv) icing on the cake
(b) The idiom that means 'accept no responsibility' is- (1)
(i) jack of all trades (ii) wash your hands off something (iii) Achilles heel (iv) rags to riches
- C 7) Fill in the blanks with the correct tense of the verbs given in brackets :** (½×4=2)
(a) Last night my friends _____ (run) out of the room quickly when they _____ (see) a lizard.
(b) I _____ (invite) all my classmates to my birthday party every year.
(c) He _____ (write) a letter to the principal last week.
- C 8) Choose the most appropriate option to complete the following sentences:** (1×2=2)
(a) Where were you _____ night? (last/yesterday)
(b) It is _____ and we haven't finished our work. (half past three/ 3.30pm)
- C 9) Choose the odd word from the following:** (1×2=2)
(a) amazed, spirited, surprised, bewildered
(b) parched, marshy, moist, wet

SECTION D (LITERATURE)

30 MARKS

- D 1) Read the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow :** (3×3=9)
- 1) 'They said the house was haunted but
He laughed at them....'
- a) Whom does 'they' stand for ?
(i) friends (ii) guests (iii) teachers (iv) parents
- b) Whom does 'he' indicate in the above lines ?
(i) friend (ii) neighbour (iii) the boy (iv) the ghost
- c) Why did 'He' laugh at them?

- 2) 'Things are now not so arranged,
That crowd of sporting folks would come,
And keep the hare awake:'
- a) Who are watching the race ?
(i) grandparents (ii) spectators (iii) children (iv) monkeys
- b) Things are now different because...
(i) crowd won't let the hare sleep (ii) it is raining
(iii) the snail is tired (iv) the crowd is happy
- c) Name the poem from which these lines are taken.
- 3) ' Now my state will surely prosper. We are all young and energetic, and have no aged folk to hinder and trouble.'
- a) Who is the speaker ?
(i) the farmer (ii) the overlord (iii) the feudal lord (iv) the mother
- b) Who is the author of the story from which the above lines are taken?
(i) Hema Pandey (ii) Hugh Lofting (iii) R.K. Laxman (iv) Eleanore M. Jewett
- c) The word 'hinder' means-
(i) confused (ii) upset (iii) obstruct (iv) impress

D 2) Answer any three of the following questions in about 30 to 40 words each: (2×3=6)

- a) What was Dr. Dolittle's attitude towards money?
b) Why did Kim feel that his wife would have been tired and not the other woman?
c) How did the narrator's friends react to his suggestions in the poem 'TWO'S COMPANY'?
d) How did the mountain that ate people get its name?

D 3) Answer any one of the questions in about 75 words: (5)

What was the question asked by the overlord about a drum? What was the answer suggested by the farmer's mother?

OR

'Now I must thank my friends, for it was their singing that made me better.' Why was Little Feather surprised when she looked out of the window to thank her friends?

D 4) Answer any three of the following questions in about 30 to 40 words each: (2×3=6)

- (a) What was Shahrazad's suggestion to her father?
(b) How did Abdulla of the land meet Abdulla of the sea?
(c) Why did the woman in 'The Illiterate Schoolmaster' stop crying?
(d) What did Abdulla of the sea request Abdulla of the land?

D 5) Answer any one of the following questions in about 75 words: (4)

What preparations did the illiterate schoolmaster make before opening the school?

OR

What advice did the ass give to the ox? What was the result?

दिल्ली पब्लिक स्कूल , भिलाईनगरम्

प्रथम-सत्रीय-परीक्षा

संस्कृतम्

कक्षा - षष्ठी

समय: - सार्धकहोरापर्यन्तम्

पूर्णाङ्काः 45

दिनांक:-19.09.2016

नाम----- कक्षा /वर्गः----- अनुक्रमाङ्कः----- प्राप्ताङ्काः-----

वीक्षकस्य हस्ताक्षरम् _____

परीक्षकस्य हस्ताक्षरम् _____

प्रश्न 1) मञ्जूषातः कर्तृपदं चित्वा लिखत - बालकः , पुष्पमालाः , लेखिका , सिंहाः , नौका ,अश्वौ 06

1) ----- लेखं लिखति । 2) ----- चित्रं पश्यति ।

3) ----- सन्ति । 4) ----- चलति ।

5) ----- गर्जन्ति । 6) ----- धावतः ।

प्रश्न 2) उचितं सर्वनामपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - पुल्लिङ्गे - सः , तौ , ते । स्त्रीलिङ्गे - सा , ते , ताः । 03

यथा - अश्वः धावति ।

सः धावति ।

1) सुधा वदति । ----- वदति । 4) छात्रौ क्रीडतः । ----- क्रीडतः ।

2) गजाः चलन्ति । ----- चलन्ति । 5) महिलाः धावन्ति । ----- धावन्ति ।

3) गायकः गायति । ----- गायति । 6) कोकिले कूजतः । ----- कूजतः ।

प्रश्न 3) मञ्जूषातः चित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत - 05

मेरीनातटः, नारिकेलफलेभ्यः, बालुकागृहं, जुहूतटे, नौकाभिः

1. जनाः काभिः जलविहारं कुर्वन्ति ? ----- ।
2. भारतस्य दीर्घतमः समुद्रतटः कः ? ----- ।
3. जनाः कुत्र स्वैरं विहरन्ति ? ----- ।
4. बालकाः बालुकाभिः किं रचयन्ति ? ----- ।
5. कोच्चितटः केभ्यः जायते ? ----- ।

प्रश्न 4) पदानि संयोज्य वाक्यानि रचयत - 03

क	ख	उत्तराणि
1) सिंहौ	i) पठतः	-----
2) मयूराः	ii) गर्जतः	-----
3) गायकः	iii) नृत्यन्ति	-----
4) बालकौ	iv) चलति	-----
5) पुष्पम्	v) गायति	-----
6) गजः	vi) विकसति	-----

प्रश्न 5) मञ्जूषातः योग्य-शब्दान् चित्वा लिखत - प्रायद्वीपः , क्रीडा , बंगोपसागरः , पर्यटनाय 04

1. बालेभ्यः ----- रोचते ।
2. भारतस्य पूर्वदिशायां ----- अस्ति ।
3. जनाः समुद्रतटं ----- आगच्छन्ति ।
4. भारतदेशः ----- इति कथ्यते ।

प्रश्न 6) कौष्ठकात् उचितं शब्दं चित्वा लिखत -

02

- 1) ----- चरतः। (अजा / अजे) 2) ----- अस्ति। (सूचिका / सूचिके)
3) ----- पठामि। (वयम् / अहम्) 4) ----- फलन्ति। (वृक्षाः / वृक्षान्)

प्रश्न 7) यथायोग्यं योजयत -

03

समुद्रतटः	-	ज्ञानाय भवति	-----
विद्या	-	प्रकाशाय	-----
दीपकः	-	पर्यटनाय	-----

प्रश्न 8) संख्यानां कृते संस्कृतपदं मञ्जूषातः चित्वा लिखत -

सप्त , दश , त्रयः , पंच , एका , नव

03

- i) 10. ----- ii) 01. ----- iii) 7. -----
iv) 03. ----- v) 09 ----- vi) 05 -----

प्रश्न 9) मञ्जूषातः अव्ययानाम् अर्थपदं चित्वा वाक्यानि पूरयत -

वहाँ , और , सब जगह , सुबह , कहाँ , यहाँ

03

- 1) सर्वत्र = ----- 2) तत्र = ----- 3) कुत्र = -----
4) च = ----- 5) प्रातः = ----- 6) अत्र = -----

प्रश्न 10) उचित - धातुरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत -

07

पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथम पुरुषः	हसति	-----	-----
मध्यम पुरुषः	-----	चलथः	चलथ
उत्तम पुरुषः	लिखामि	-----	-----
प्रथम पुरुषः	-----	गच्छतः	-----
मध्यम पुरुषः	क्रीडसि	-----	क्रीडथ
उत्तम पुरुषः	-----	हसावः	हसानः
उत्तम पुरुषः	पठिष्यति	-----	-----
मध्यम पुरुषः	खादिष्यसि	-----	खादिष्यथ
प्रथम पुरुषः	-----	भ्रमिष्यावः	-----

प्रश्न 11) उचित - शब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत -

06

विकृतिः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमा	-----	बालिके	-----
द्वितीया	लताम्	-----	लताः
तृतीया	बालकेन	-----	बालकैः
चतुर्थी	-----	देवाभ्याम्	-----
पंचमी	-----	पुष्पाभ्याम्	पुष्पेभ्यः
षष्ठी	फलस्य	-----	फलानाम्
सप्तमी	-----	फलयोः	-----
संबोधनम्	हे बालक !	हे ----- !	हे ----- !

निर्देश -

- (1) संपूर्ण प्रश्न-पत्र 'क' और 'ख' दो खण्डों में बँटा हुआ है।
- (2) प्रश्न-पत्र में प्रश्नों की कुल संख्या 10 है।
- (3) प्रश्नों के सभी उपभागों के उत्तर क्रमानुसार दीजिए।
- (4) वर्तनी संबंधी अशुद्धियों पर अंक काटे जाएँगे।

खण्ड 'क'

प्रश्न 1. निम्नलिखित बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर चुनकर लिखिए -

1x15=15

- (i) भाषा के कितने रूप होते हैं?
(क) एक (ख) दो (ग) तीन (घ) चार
- (ii) किस भाषा में प्रकट किए विचार अनंतकाल तक सुरक्षित रखे जा सकते हैं?
(क) लिखित भाषा (ख) मौखिक भाषा (ग) सांकेतिक भाषा (घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं
- (iii) हिन्दी भाषा की लिपि है -
(क) गुरुमुखी (ख) रोमन (ग) देवनागरी (घ) फारसी
- (iv) व्याकरण भाषा के कितने अंगों पर विचार करता है?
(क) दो (ख) चार (ग) पाँच (घ) तीन
- (v) मौखिक भाषा का सही उदाहरण है -
(क) पत्र (ख) कहानी लेखन (ग) भाषण (घ) निबंध लेखन
- (vi) इनमें से अयोगवाह को छोटिए -
(क) अ, आ (ख) उ, ऊ (ग) इ, ई (घ) अं, अः
- (vii) हिंदी वर्णमाला में स्वरों की संख्या कितनी है?
(क) नौ (ख) दस (ग) ग्यारह (घ) बारह
- (viii) व्यक्तिवाचक संज्ञा का सही उदाहरण है -
(क) ताजमहल (ख) पुरुष (ग) स्त्री (घ) सुन्दरता
- (ix) 'अभिनेता' शब्द का भाववाचक संज्ञा है -
(क) अभिनेत्री (ख) नेता (ग) अभिनय (घ) हीरो
- (x) 'अध्यापक' शब्द का स्त्रीलिंग रूप है -
(क) शिक्षिका (ख) अध्यापिका (ग) अध्यापकगण (घ) शिक्षक
- (xi) 'विदुषी' शब्द का पुल्लिंग रूप है -
(क) विद्वता (ख) विद्वान (ग) विदुर (घ) विदेश
- (xii) एकवचन का उदाहरण है -
(क) पुस्तक (ख) रूपये (ग) पंखे (घ) बातें
- (xiii) 'पाठक' शब्द का बहुवचन रूप होगा -
(क) पाठकें (ख) पाठ्यपुस्तक (ग) पाठकगण (घ) पठनीय
- (xiv) फूलों पर तितलियाँ बैठी हैं। (रेखांकित शब्द का कारक है)
(क) कर्ता (ख) अधिकरण (ग) कर्म (घ) अपादान
- (xv) वह कलम से लिखता है। (रेखांकित शब्द का कारक बताइए)
(क) करण (ख) संबंध (ग) संबोधन (घ) कर्ता

प्रश्न 2. निम्नलिखित बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर चुनकर लिखिए -

1x10=10

- (i) पुरुषवाचक सर्वनाम कितने प्रकार के होते हैं ?
(क) तीन (ख) चार (ग) पाँच (घ) छह
- (ii) जो डरेगा, सो मरेगा। (वाक्य में सर्वनाम भेद बताइए)
(क) पुरुष वाचक (ख) संबंध वाचक (ग) निश्चयवाचक (घ) अनिश्चयवाचक
- (iii) मुझे स्वयं वह काम देखना होगा। (रेखांकित सर्वनाम के भेद बताइए)
(क) प्रश्नवाचक (ख) संबंधवाचक (ग) निजवाचक (घ) निश्चयवाचक
- (iv) 'जीवन' शब्द का विलोम है -
(क) जन्म (ख) मृत्यु (ग) स्वर्ग (घ) अंत
- (v) 'कटु' शब्द का विलोम है -
(क) कठोर (ख) कोमल (ग) मधुर (घ) कटुता
- (vi) 'आग' का पर्यायवाची शब्द नहीं है -
(क) अनल (ख) अग्नि (ग) पावक (घ) अनिल

- (vii) 'कपड़ा' का पर्यायवाची शब्द है -
 (क) सदन (ख) परिधान (ग) मधुकर (घ) कंज
- (viii) चंद्रमा का पर्यायवाची शब्द है -
 (क) अंबर (ख) व्योम (ग) शशि (घ) विपिन
- (ix) 'अँगुली पर नचाना' मुहावरे का अर्थ है -
 (क) वश में करना (ख) बुरी तरह हराना (ग) जोखिम उठाना (घ) कुछ गड़बड़ होना
- (x) निम्नलिखित मुहावरों में से किसका अर्थ 'मार डालना' होता है ?
 (क) छक्के छुड़ाना (ख) दाँत खट्टे करना
 (ग) ईंट का जवाब पत्थर से देना (घ) काम तमाम करना

प्रश्न 3. सही कथन के सामने सही (✓) और गलत के सामने (✗) लिखिए -

5x1=5

- (क) संकेतों से भी विचारों का पूर्ण आदान-प्रदान हो जाता है। ()
 (ख) व्याकरण हमें भाषा का शुद्ध प्रयोग करना सिखाता है। ()
 (ग) अं और अः प्लुत स्वर कहलाते हैं। ()
 (घ) समुदायवाचक और द्रव्यवाचक संज्ञा जातिवाचक संज्ञा के अंतर्गत ही ले लिए गए हैं। ()
 (ङ) सर्वनाम के भेदों की संख्या चार (4) हैं। ()

प्रश्न 4. अर्धवार्षिक परीक्षा की तैयारी की जानकारी देते हुए अपने माता-पिता को पत्र लिखिए।

अथवा

अपनी बड़ी बहन की शादी में सम्मिलित होने के लिए अपने विद्यालय के प्रधानाचार्य को अवकाश के लिए प्रार्थना-पत्र लिखिए।

5

प्रश्न 5. निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक विषय पर लगभग 100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए -

5

- (क) पूर्णिमा का चाँद
 (ख) मीठी वाणी का महत्त्व
 (ग) जैसे ही मैं घर से निकला, वर्षा होने लगी।
 (घ) मेरा भारत महान

खण्ड 'ख'

प्रश्न 6. निम्नलिखित काव्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर चुनकर लिखिए -

1x5=5

एक से एक मिले तो कतरा, बन जाता है दरिया
 एक से एक मिले तो ज़र्रा, बन जाता है सेहरा
 एक से एक मिले तो राई, बन सकती है परबत
 एक से एक मिले तो ईसाँ, बस में कर ले किस्मत
 साथी हाथ बढ़ाना।

- (i) इस गीत के रचनाकार का क्या नाम है ?
 (क) प्रदीप जी (ख) साहिर लुधियानवी (ग) जावेद अख्तर (घ) केदारनाथ अग्रवाल
- (ii) 'साथी हाथ बढ़ाना' का अर्थ निम्नलिखित में से किस मुहावरे से स्पष्ट होता है ?
 (क) नौ दो ग्यारह होना (ख) होश उड़ना
 (ग) एक और एक मिलकर ग्यारह होना (घ) दाँत खट्टे करा
- (iii) 'ईसाँ' शब्द का प्रचलित रूप है -
 (क) ईश्वर (ख) पेड़ (ग) नदी (घ) इंसान
- (iv) प्रस्तुत गीत किसको संबोधित है ?
 (क) समस्त देशवासियों को (ख) नदियों को (ग) समुद्रों को (घ) पर्वतों को
- (v) गीत में आए 'सेहरा' शब्द का अर्थ है -
 (क) पगड़ी (ख) रेगिस्तान (ग) चट्टान (घ) हिमालय

प्रश्न 7. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर उसके नीचे लिखे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए –

हमारी यह धरती लगभग पाँच अरब साल पुरानी है। दो-तीन अरब साल तक इस धरती पर किसी प्रकार के जीव-जंतु नहीं थे। फिर करोड़ों साल तक केवल जानवरों और वनस्पतियों का ही इस धरती पर राज्य रहा। आदमी ने इस धरती पर कोई पाँच लाख साल पहले जन्म लिया। धीरे-धीरे उसका विकास हुआ। कोई दस हजार साल पहले आदमी ने गाँवों को बसाना शुरू किया। वह खेती करने लगा। वह पत्थरों के औजारों का इस्तेमाल करता था। फिर उसने ताँबे और काँसे के भी औजार बनाए।

- | | | |
|-----|---|---|
| (क) | पाठ और लेखक का नाम लिखिए। | 2 |
| (ख) | करोड़ों वर्षों तक इस धरती पर किसका राज्य रहा? | 1 |
| (ग) | आदमी ने गाँवों को बसाना कब शुरू किया? | 1 |
| (घ) | आदमी औजार के रूप में क्या इस्तेमाल करता था? | 1 |

प्रश्न 8. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर 30-40 शब्दों में लिखिए –

6x4=24

- (i) 'तुम्हें बताऊँगी कि हमारे समय और तुम्हारे समय में कितनी दूरी हो चुकी है'। – इस बात के लिए लेखिका क्या-क्या उदाहरण देती है?
- (ii) केशव ने श्यामा से चिथड़े, टोकरी और दाना-पानी मँगाकर कार्निंस पर क्यों रखे थे?
- (iii) पाठ में ऐसा क्यों कहा गया है कि अक्षरों की खोज के साथ एक नए युग की शुरुआत हुई?
- (iv) नंबर एक, नंबर दो और नंबर तीन अजनबी से निबटने के कौन से तरीके सुझाते हैं और क्यों?
- (v) 'सागर ने रस्ता छोड़ा, परबत ने सीस झुकाया' – साहिर ने ऐसा क्यों कहा है?
- (vi) 'रस उँडेलकर गा लेती है' पंक्ति का आशय स्पष्ट करो। साथ ही इस पंक्ति के पाठ का नाम बताइए।

प्रश्न 9. 'अनुमान एवं कल्पना' के आधार पर नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए—

3x2=6

- (i) अक्षरों के महत्त्व की तरह मनुष्य के जीवन में गीत, नृत्य और खेलों का क्या महत्त्व है? लिखिए।
- (ii) केशव और श्यामा की तरह क्या तुम्हें भी किसी नयी चीज या बात को लेकर कौतुहल महसूस हुआ है? लिखिए।
- (iii) पुराने जमाने में लोग यह क्यों सोचते थे कि अक्षरों और भाषा की खोज ईश्वर ने की थी? अनुमान लगाओ और बताओ।

प्रश्न 10. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के अति संक्षिप्त उत्तर लिखिए –

10x1=10

- (i) 'नासा' द्वारा भेजे गए अंतरिक्ष यान का क्या नाम था?
- (ii) अक्षरों की खोज के सिलसिले को शुरू हुए कितने साल हुए हैं?
- (iii) 'परबत' शब्द का प्रचलित रूप क्या है?
- (iv) 'वह घिड़िया जो' कविता के कवि का नाम बताइए।
- (v) 'बचपन' पाठ में किन दो शहरों का उल्लेख किया गया है?
- (vi) 'अदृश्य' शब्द से उपसर्ग एवं मूल शब्द अलग कीजिए।
- (vii) 'सूर्य+अस्त' शब्द के योग से बनने वाला शब्द लिखिए।
- (viii) 'हाथ साफ करना' मुहावरे का अर्थ लिखिए।
- (ix) हमारी धरती लगभग पाँच अरब साल पुरानी है। वाक्य में से विशेषण शब्द छाँटकर लिखिए।
- (x) नीचे दिए गए शब्दों में कौन सा शब्द संज्ञा है और कौन सा विशेषण, छाँटकर लिखिए –
प्रतिभाशाली – प्रतिभा

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI (C.G.)

DATE : 12-09-2016

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT I, 2016

Time : 3 Hours

CLASS : VI

MATHEMATICS

M. M : 90

No. of Printed Pages : 2

General Instructions :

- (i) All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) The question paper consists of 31 questions divided into four sections A, B, C and D. Section A contains 4 questions of one mark each, Section B contains 6 questions of two marks each, Section C contains 10 questions of three marks each and Section D contains 11 questions of four marks each.
- (iii) Use of calculator is not permitted.

Section - A

(1×4=4)

1. Write in expanded notation. 7295
2. Find the value of y if $32.y = 64320$
3. Give any one example of twin primes.
4. Add : $\frac{5}{11}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$

Section - B

(2×6=12)

5. 4 kg sugar costs ₹ 200. Find the cost of 7 Kg of sugar.
6. Give one example each of sphere and cone.
7. Define supplementary angles. Give one example of pair of supplementary angles.
8. In the given diagram, find $\angle ABC$ & $\angle ACB$.



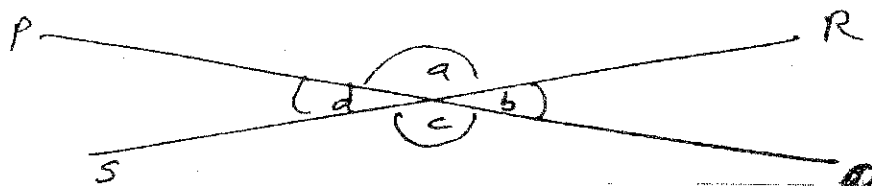
$\angle A = 70^\circ$ and ext $\angle ACD = 130^\circ$

9. Calculate 9×16^2
10. Simplify by using commutative law.
 $925 + 1222 + 75 + 678$

Section - C

(3×10=30)

11. Raja wants to cut as many pieces of ropes of equal length as he can from pieces that are 70 m, 98 m, and 56 m long. If he wants the pieces to be as long as possible and does not like to waste any rope, how long each piece should be?
12. A person completed $\frac{1}{3}$ of the journey by car and $\frac{4}{7}$ of journey by motorbike. What fraction of the journey still remains.
13. Five icecream cones cost ₹ 200. What is the amount paid by Nikita for 8 such cones?
If she has ₹ 80 only then how many cones can be bought?
14. Draw line segment $\overline{AB} = 4.5 \text{ cm}$, $\overline{CD} = 3.5 \text{ cm}$ construct $\overline{PQ} = \overline{AB} + \overline{CD}$
15. Name one linear pair and one pair of vertically opposite angles in the figure given below : Also calculate $a+b+c+d$



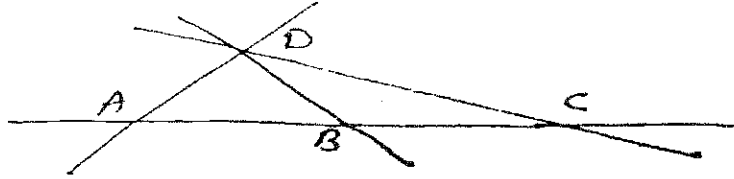
16. Check if the triangle can be drawn with sides 3,4,5. State the property used.
17. Find HCF of 144 and 632 by Euclid's algorithm.
18. Use distributive law and find the value of 10001×67

19. Write the squares of a) 14 b) 9 c) 11
 20. Rajeev bought sweets. He spent $\frac{3}{4}$ of his pocket money on them. If the sweets were bought for ₹ 600, how much money did he have originally?

Section - D

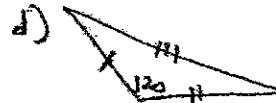
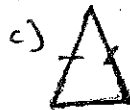
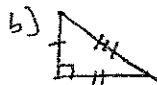
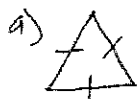
(4×11=44)

21. Draw any triangle ABC. Mention the sides opposite to $\angle A$, $\angle B$ and $\angle C$. Name 3 exterior angles of this triangle.
 22. Through how many degrees the minute hand of a clock turn in a) 20 minutes b) 45 minutes.
 23. In the given figure, name



- a) 3 collinear points, b) 3 concurrent lines c) names of three triangles in the above figure
 d) any 2 intersecting lines
24. The ratio of income to expenditure of a person is 10:7. If his income is ₹ 180000/- per month then find his monthly savings.
 25. PVR theatre has 200 balcony seats and 500 ground floor seats. At a show $\frac{1}{4}$ of balcony and $\frac{3}{10}$ of ground floor seats were occupied. How many total seats were empty?
 26. Simplify :

$$\left[\left\{ \frac{19 \times 7}{7} + (11 \times 8) - 88 \right\} \right] \div 19$$
27. Check if 3285 is divisible by 15 or not.
 28. A room 10 m, 8 cm long and 7 m, 80 cm broad. It is to be paved with square tiles of same size. Find the least possible number of such tiles.
 29. Divide by division algorithm and verify by multiplication. $47325 \div 104$
 30. Write in the simplest form.
 a) 34 minutes to 2 hours.
 b) 16 weeks to 2 years.
31. Classify the following triangles based on their sides and angles without actual measurement.



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI (C.G.)

DATE : 21-09-2016

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT I, 2016

Time : 3 Hours

CLASS : VI

SCIENCE

M.M : 90

No. of Pages Printed : 3

General Instructions :

- 1) Question paper comprises of 2 sections 'A' and 'B'. You are to attempt both
- 2) All the questions are compulsory.
- 3) All questions of section A & Section B are to be attempted serially.
- 4) Question No. 1-3 in Section A are 1 mark questions.
- 5) Question No. 4-7 are 2 marks questions.
- 6) Question No. 8-19 are 3 marks questions.
- 7) Question No. 20-24 are 5 marks questions & alternate choices are given in each question.
- 8) Question No. 25-42 in Section B are multiple choice questions and each question is of one mark.

SECTION – A

1. Name two plants which are used as vegetables. 1
2. Name the nutrients that are called energy giving foods? 1
3. Define Ginning. What do we obtain after ginning? 1
4. What are deficiency diseases? Give any one example. 2
5. How do aquatic plants and animals survive in water? 2
6. How does a blacksmith change a piece of Iron into different tools? 2
7. How does an earthworm fix parts of its body to the ground? 2
8. What are herbivores carnivores and omnivores? Write one example of each. 3
9. How can you test presence of proteins in food? 3
10. Which instruments are used to make yarn from fibres? Draw diagram of any one of them. 3
11. What is lustre? Why do some metals often lose their shine and appear dull? 3
12. Write an activity to show that paper can be made translucent. Can light pass through translucent paper? 3
13. What is saturated solution? How can you prepare a saturated solution? 3
14. What is threshing? What are the different methods used in threshing? 3
15. What are the changes that occur in incense sticks when it is burnt? Can the change be reversed? 3
16. What are the differences between reversible and irreversible changes? Give one examples for each type. 3
17. What are transpiration and photosynthesis?
Name the part of the plant which perform these two processes? 3
18. Name the two types of roots found in plants. Also state the difference between them. 3
19. What enables the birds to fly? Give three points to support your answer. 3
20. What is balanced diet? Suggest at least three methods in cooking where nutrients are not lost.
(OR) 5
What are ingredients? Write the ingredients used to make Idli. Name one ingredient which is used in most of the dishes.
21. Which part of plants is used to obtain 5
a) Cotton fibres
b) Jute fibres
Explain the process of making yarn from fibres.
(OR)
Explain how fabric is made from yarn? Name the instruments used in making fabric.
22. How will you obtain clear liquid from a sample of muddy water. Draw diagram of the process involved. 5
(OR)
Why do we need to separate different components of a mixture? State how pebbles and stones are removed from sand.

23. Write an activity to show that stem conducts water. Write any two functions of stem.

(OR)

Name the parts of plants involved in sexual reproduction. Enlist all its parts and state their function in reproduction.

24. What is a joint? Name any four different joints and their location in our body?

(OR)

How is the body of fish adapted to swim in water? Explain with the help of a diagram.

SECTION – B

(Write the correct options along with the answer)

25. Which of the following is not an animal source? 1

- a) Paneer b) Milk c) Curd d) Chapatti

26. Which disease is caused due to deficiency of Iodine? 1

- a) Rickets b) Goitre c) Beri-Beri d) Scurvy

27. Iodine solution is used to test one of the following components of food. The component is – 1

- a) Starch b) Protein c) Fats d) Vitamin D

28. Which of the following is a man-made fibre? 1

- a) Jute b) Cotton c) Wool d) Nylon

29. Which of the following part of Jute plant is used to obtain Jute fibre? 1

- a) Flower b) Root c) Stem d) Leaf

30. Which of the following is not soluble in water? 1

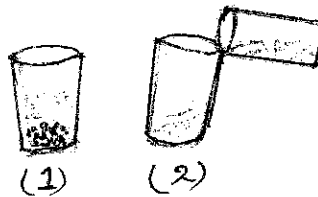
- a) Copper sulphate b) Salt c) Sugar d) Chalk Powder

31. Which of the following material is soft? 1

- a) Diamond b) Sponge c) Wood d) Iron

32. Which process of separation is shown by the diagram? 1

- a) 1 is decantation, 2 is sedimentation
b) 1 is filtration, 2 is sedimentation
c) 1 is sedimentation, 2 is decantation
d) Both are sedimentation



33. Which of the following will you use to remove the undesirable sand particles from wheat grains? 1

- a) Sieve b) Strainer c) Thresher d) Filter paper

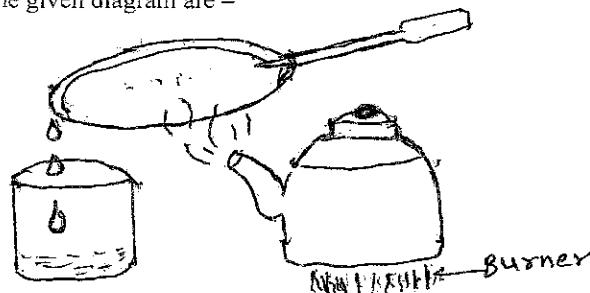
34. Burning of a candle is an example of – 1

- a) Physical change b) Chemical change c) Reversible change d) Both (a) and (b)

35. Which of the following changes can be reversed? 1

- a) Melting of ice b) Burning of paper c) Change of milk to curd d) Cutting of paper

36. Processes involved in the given diagram are – 1



- a) Evaporation and filtration b) Sedimentation and decantation
c) Evaporation and condensation d) Sieving and Condensation

37. Which of the following is an irreversible change? 1
a) Stretching of rubber band b) Growth of a baby
c) Formation of vapour on heating water d) Dissolving salt in water
38. Ovary is found in which part of flower? 1
a) Stigma b) Anther c) Stamen d) Pistil
39. Small bead like structures inside the ovary are called – 1
a) Ovules b) Pollens c) Petals d) Sepals
40. Which of the following represents the stalk of a leaf? 1
a) Pedical b) Petal c) Petiole d) Lamina
41. Cockroaches have – 1
a) 1 pair of leg b) 2 pair of legs c) 3 pair of legs d) 4 pair of legs
42. The shape of fishes which helps it to move in water is – 1
a) flat b) conical c) round d) streamlined

DATE 17.09.2016
CLASS – VI

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI
I TERMINAL EXAMINATION - 2016
SUBJECT – SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time : 3 Hour
Max. Marks : 90

General Instructions:

- The question paper has 43 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
- Marks are indicated against each question.
- Questions from serial number 1-20 are multiple choice questions (MCQ) of 1 mark each. Every MCQ is provided with four alternatives. Write the correct alternative in your answer book.
- Question number 43 is a map question of 5 marks. After completion, attach the map inside your answer book.

-
- (1) The Latin word 'manu' means :
(a) foot (b) hand (c) mind (d) eye 1
- (2) In Hunsgi, tools were made of
(a) Stone (b) limestone (c) wood (d) metal 1
- (3) Pit houses were made at
(a) Burzahom (b) Mehrgarh (c) Mahagara (d) Hallur 1
- (4) The Great Bath has been discovered at
(a) Lothal (b) Harappa (c) Mohenjodaro (d) Kalibangan 1
- (5) Imamgaon is situated on the river –
(a) Ghod (b) Bhima (c) Son (d) Narmada 1
- (6) One-sixth of the produce was taken as tax from
(a) farmers (b) hunter-gatherers (c) crafts-persons (d) traders 1
- (7) On the banks of which river did Alexander's troops stop?
(a) Indus (b) Ganga (c) Narmada (d) Beas 1
- (8) The book "The Discovery of India" was written by
(a) M.K. Gandhi (b) Jawaharlal Nehru (c) B.R. Ambedkar (d) Indira Gandhi 1
- (9) is known as the leader of the Dalits
(a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (b) Guru Teg Bahadur (c) Dr. Bhim Rao Ambedkar (d) Sardar Ballabh Bhai Patel 1
- (10) The term suffrage means.....
(a) right to vote (b) right to go anywhere in the country (c) right to livelihood (d) none of the above 1
- (11) The leader of the African National Congress was
(a) Nalson Mandela (b) Vinni Mandela (c) Yasar Arafat (d) Kofi Annan 1
- (12) In India, the government is elected for the period of.....
(a) Two years (b) three years (c) five years (d) six years 1
- (13) The government also works at local level. Here, local level means.....
(a) Village (b) town (c) locality (d) all of these 1
- (14) The term "Blue Planet" indicates the presence of
(a) land (b) water (c) oxygen (d) all of these 1
- (15) The heat zone with the coldest climate is
(a) the torrid zone (b) the northern temperature zone (c) the frigid zone (d) either of the temperature zones 1
- (16) The earth completes one revolution in
(a) 366 days (b) 370 days (c) 365 ¼ days (d) 366 ¼ days 1

- (17) Which one of the following is not a component of map?
 (a) direction (b) symbol (c) scale (d) distance 1
- (18) Full moon night occurs once every
 (a) day (b) 15 days (c) 20 days (d) month 1
- (19) Brown colour is used for showing
 (a) water bodies (b) plateaus (c) plains (d) mountains 1
- (20) The time-difference between Greenwich and India is
 (a) nil (b) 3 hours (c) 5 hours 30 minutes (d) 12 hours 30 minutes 1
- (21) Name the sources to know history, with suitable examples. 2
- (22) Explain the "pressure flaking" technique of making stone tools by the early man. 2
- (23) "Very little agriculture is possible in Ladakh, why? 2
- (24) What do you mean by "prejudice"? Give one example. 2
- (25) What is meant by solar system? 2
- (26) What are parallels of latitude and meridians of longitude? 2
- (27) Why did people who grew crops have to stay in the same place for a long time? 2
- (28) In what ways was the city of Dholavira different from other Harappan cities? 3
- (29) What do you mean by "megaliths"? What were the chief features of these burials? 3
- (30) Why did the rulers of Mahajanapadas start collecting taxes? Write down the tax paid by the farmers. 3
- (31) How did our country get its name "India"? 3
- (32) Write three dissimilarities between Kerala and Ladakh. 3
- (33) What do you mean by "stereotype"? How does stereotype stop us from looking at each person as a unique individual? 3
- (34) What was the 'suffrage movement'? What did it accomplish? 3
- (35) What are the various ways in which people participate in the process of government? 3
- (36) What is an "equinox"? 3
- (37) How do the symbols help in reading maps? 3
- (38) How does a planet differ from a star? 3
- (39) Differentiate between standard time and local time. 3
- (40) Explain the house-pattern and drainage-system of the Harappan cities. 5
- (41) Name two gods mentioned in the Rigveda. In what ways are the books we read today different from the Rigveda? 5
- OR**
- Why do we study history? List two major differences between manuscripts and inscriptions.
- (42) Draw a neat and labelled diagram of the revolution of the earth and the seasons. 5
- OR**
- Draw a neat and labelled diagram of important latitudes and heat zones of the earth.
- (43) Mark the following places on the political map of India: 5
- (i) Chirand (ii) Mahagara (iii) Daojali Hading (iv) Hallur (v) Paiyampalli
- *****

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI (C.G.)

DATE : 06-09-2016

FIRST TERMINAL EXAMINATION, 2016

Time : 1½ hrs.

CLASS : VI

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

M.M. : 100

NAME :

ROLL NO.

CLASS/SEC

INVIGILATOR'S SIGNATURE _____

General Instructions :

- All the questions are compulsory.
- Each question carries one mark.
- 90 questions from the text book.
- 10 questions are based on current affairs.

I) Name the rivers on which the following cities are located :

(1×10=10)

Cities	Rivers
1. Ahmedabad.	_____
2. Kanpur	_____
3. Jabalpur	_____
4. Vijayawada	_____
5. Badrinath	_____
6. New Delhi	_____
7. Surat	_____
8. Nasik	_____
9. Tiruchirapalli	_____
10. Kolkata	_____

II) Name the following superlatives of the world using the Help Box

(1×15=15)

1. The lowest river	_____
2. The deepest point	_____
3. The coldest continent	_____
4. The highest mountain peak	_____
5. The biggest ocean	_____
6. The deepest lake	_____
7. The biggest river	_____
8. The largest fresh water lake	_____
9. The longest river	_____
10. The highest water fall	_____
11. The rarest mineral	_____
12. The highest lake	_____
13. The longest salt lake	_____
14. The largest island	_____
15. The largest desert	_____

Sahara, Angel Falls, Painite, Mariana French, Jordan River, lake Baikal, Pacific Ocean, Antartica, Amazon River, Nile River, Ojos del Salado, Lake Superior, Greenland, Mount Everest, Caspian Sea

III) Name the places where the following institutes are located :

(1×12=12)

1. Hindustan Aeronautics Ltd.	_____
2. Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd.	_____
3. Tata Iron and Steel Company.	_____
4. Air Force Training Centre	_____
5. Indian Military Academy	_____

7. Institute of Paper Technology _____
8. National Dairy Research Institute _____
9. National School of Drana _____
10. National Environmental Engineering Research Institute _____
11. Central Institute of Fisheries Technology _____
12. Institute of Jute Technology _____

Karnal, Dehradun, Bengaluru, Kochi, Pune, Kolkata, New Delhi, Bhopal, Nagpur, Ambala, Jamshedpur, Saharanpur

IV) Answer the following questions :

(1×8=8)

1. Name the only bird which hunts by its sense of smell. _____
2. Name the only dog with a blue tongue _____
3. Name the founder of Missionaries of Charity. _____
4. Name the only mammal that cannot walk backwards. _____
5. Name the fish that can blink both the eyes. _____
6. Name the only dog that cannot bark _____
7. Name the animal whose ears are located on the front legs _____
8. Name the only bird which can rotate its head to 270 degrees. _____

V) Read the sobriquets and tick (✓) the correct names :

(1×10=10)

- 1) Saint of the gutters
a) Florence Nightingale b) Mother Teresa c) Sarojini Naidu
- 2) Lady with the Lamp
a) Sarojini Naidu b) Florence Nightingale c) Mother Teresa
- 3) Anna
a) C.N. Annadurai b) Jawaharlal Nehru c) Annapurna
- 4) Rajaji
a) C. Rajagopalachari b) V.P. Singh c) R.P. Singh
- 5) Man of Blood and Iron
a) Bismarck b) C.N. Annadurai c) Jayaprakash Narayan
- 6) Loknayak
a) Lalu Prasad Yadav b) CN Annadurai c) Jayaprakash Narayan
- 7) Deshbandhu
a) BR Das b) CR Das c) BR Chopra
- 8) Bard of Avon
a) Jayaprakash Narayan b) Issac Newton c) William Shakespeare
- 9) Mahamana
a) Madan Mohan Malaviya b) Bismarck c) Mahatma Gandhi
- 10) Frontier Gandhi
a) Mahatma Gandhi b) Jawaharlal Nehru c) Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan

VI) Write the gestures of the following flowers :

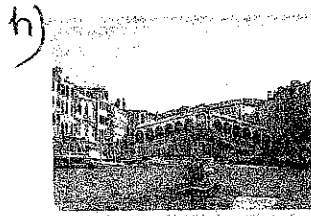
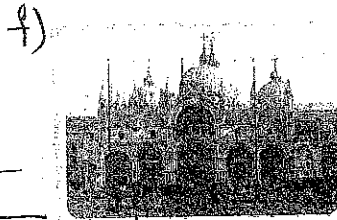
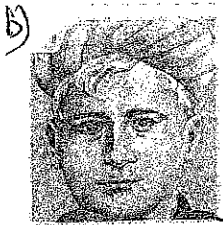
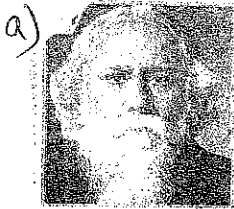
(1×5=5)

1. Yellow Rose _____
2. Tulip _____
3. Daisy _____
4. Daffodil _____
5. Freesia _____

Respect, innocence, trust, friendship, flower of love and luck

VII) Recognise the following pictures and write their names in the space provided :

(1×8=8)



VIII) Name the remedy for various diseases of the medicinal plants given below :

(1×10=10)

Medicinal Plant	Remedy for
1) Neem	_____
2) Rauwolfia	_____
3) Vasaka	_____

- 4) Amla _____
- 5) Isabgol _____
- 6) Tulsi _____
- 7) Eucalyptus _____
- 8) Cinchona _____
- 9) Poppy _____
- 10) Ephedra _____

IX Fill in the blanks with the correct options given in the help box :

(1×12=12)

Mandolin, Shehnai, Tabla, Violin, Sarangi, Dentists, Santoor, Mandolin, Two lives, Malgudi Days, Dieticians, Aeronautical

- 1. Pt. Shiv Kumar Sharma _____
- 2. U. Srinivas _____
- 3. N. Rajam _____
- 4. Ram Narayan _____
- 5. Pt. Ravi Shankar _____
- 6. Ustad Zakir Hussain _____
- 7. Ustad Bismillah Khan _____
- 8. Diet _____
- 9. Vikram Seth _____
- 10. R.K. Narayan _____
- 11. Aircrafts _____
- 12. Teeth _____

X) Name the following questions on current events :

(1×10=10)

- 1) Name the Chief Minister of Chhattisgarh. _____
- 2) When do we celebrate 'Earth Day'? _____
- 3) Which planet is known as 'Red Planet'? _____
- 4) Name the child artist who played Mowgli in 'The Jungle Book'. _____
- 5) Name the city where the first underwater restaurant of India located. _____
- 6) Name the waterfall of Jagdalpur. _____
- 7) When was 'Swachh Bharat Abhiyan' started? _____
- 8) Which country hosted the 'Rio Olympics'? _____
- 9) Write the full form of ATM _____
- 10) When do we celebrate 'International Yoga Day'? _____