



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

DATE : 15.09 .2021

MID TERM EXAMINATION (2021-22)

Time : 3 Hours

CLASS : VI

SUB. – MATHEMATICS

Max. Marks : 80

General Instructions:

- All questions are compulsory.
- The question paper consists of 30 questions divided into 4 sections : Section A, B, C and D. There are 30 questions in the question paper.
 - Section A contains 6 questions of 1 mark each.
 - Section B contains 6 questions of 2 marks each.
 - Section C contains 10 questions of 3 marks each.
 - Section D contains 8 questions of 4 marks each.
- There is no overall choice. However internal choice has been provided in two questions of 1 mark each, 2 questions of 2 marks each, 4 questions of 3 marks each and 3 questions of 4 marks each. You have to attempt only one of the alternatives in all such questions.
- Use of Calculator is not permitted.

SECTION : A

(1x6=6)

01. What is the face value of 7 in the numeral 3749 ?

OR

Which is the smallest whole number?

02. What is the identity number for addition ?

OR

Find the value of n when $n(3+2)=4 \times 3 + 4 \times 2$

03. What is the H.C.F. of two co-prime numbers.

04. Convert $\frac{35}{4}$ into a mixed numeral.

05. A line segment has how many end points ?

06. What is the complement of an angle of 75° ?

SECTION : B

(2x6=12)

07. Give the successor & predecessor of 428594.
08. Simplify using properties : $1075 + 199 + 25 + 1$
09. Write all factors of 30.

OR

Express 36 as a sum of Twin primes.

10. Simplify $5\frac{2}{7} \times 49$.

OR

Simplify $2\frac{1}{4} + 3\frac{3}{4}$.

11. Name two solids having only curved surface.
12. Through how many degrees does the minute hand of a clock turn in 15 minutes.

SECTION : C

(3x10=30)

13. Write number names according to the commas
(i) 39, 745 (ii) 1,27,286 (iii) 325,000,008

OR

Write the cubes and their values of the following numbers:

- (i) 3 (ii) 5 (iii) 7

Contd...2

14. Write down the value of
(i) $2^3 \times 5$ (ii) $3^2 \times 4^2$
15. Subtract and verify your result : $213540 - 34649$
OR
Divide by repeated subtraction $64 \div 8$
16. Use distributive property and find the value of : 996×285 .
17. Test whether 475618 is divisible by 11 using the test of divisibility.
OR
Find the Prime Factorisation of 42240
18. Find the HCF of 120, 144, 204.
19. Simplify : $12\frac{2}{7} \div 4\frac{3}{10}$.
20. Find n if $n \times \frac{11}{13} = \frac{55}{91}$.
21. Does a Hexagonal Prism satisfy the formula $E+2 = V+F$
OR
Make 4 points on paper so that no three of them are collinear.
22. How many degrees are there in
(a) Right angle (b) Straight angle (c) Complete angle

SECTION : D

(4x8=32)

23. Draw a number line and illustrate the following :
(a) $2+5 = 7$ (b) $8-3=5$
24. Divide by Division Algorithm and verify by multiplication.
 $75293 \div 195$
25. 3 bells toll at intervals of 9, 12 and 15 minutes. If they start tolling together after what time will they toll together again.
OR
The product of two numbers is 2560 and their LCM is 320. Find their HCF.
26. Mrs. Ram bought $\frac{2}{3}$ of a metre of nylon ribbon, $\frac{1}{3}$ metre of satin ribbon and $\frac{2}{3}$ metre of silk ribbon for her daughter. How many metres did she buy?
OR
 $\frac{1}{5}$ of the journey was done by car and $\frac{3}{5}$ of the journey on motor bike. What fraction of the journey still remains ?
27. Construct line segments AB and CD of lengths 2.5 cm and 4.7 cm respectively. Construct a line segment EF whose length is equal to the sum of their lengths.
28. Draw segments AB and CD of lengths 3.8 cm, 4.7 cm respectively. Construct a segment whose length is $3CD - AB$.
29. Write the supplements of the following angles
(a) 0° (b) 30° (c) 100° (d) 180°
OR
Through how many degrees does the hour hand turn in :
(a) 2 hours (b) 4 hours
30. Draw angles of 30° , 90° , 120°





DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

DATE : 24.09.2021

MID TERM EXAMINATION (2021-22)

Time : 3 Hours

CLASS : VI

SUB. – ENGLISH

Max. Marks : 80

General Instructions:

- Read the instructions carefully before answering the questions.
- Attempt all the questions in each section before going to the next section.
- All the answers must be correctly numbered and written neatly.
- For multiple choice questions, option numbers should be clearly specified along with the answers.
- The paper consists of 4 sections:
Section A – Reading: (16 marks) Section B – Writing: (18 marks)
Section C – Grammar: (16 marks) Section D – Literature: (30 marks)

SECTION : A (READING – 16 MARKS)

A.1 Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: (8)

Poisonous Snakes

1. India is often associated with frightening snakes, but in fact, Australia is one of the few places in the world that has more poisonous snakes than non-poisonous snakes. In fact, it has about 85 venomous species. India has many kinds of poisonous snakes of which about 10 are especially dangerous.
2. Poisonous snakes can be divided into four main groups: cobras; mambas and coral snakes; sea snakes; vipers and pit vipers. The king cobra is the largest poisonous land snake in the world. Its venom can kill an elephant. It is found in South East Asia, India and China.
3. All sea snakes are poisonous. Their venom is fifty times more potent than that of the king cobra. Snake venom is used to manufacture antidotes to treat persons bitten by poisonous snakes. Snake venom is also used in the manufacturing of other medicines.
4. The deadliest snakes in India are the common krait, banded krait, slender coral snake, Indian cobra, king cobra, hook nosed sea snake, Russel's viper, saw scaled viper and the bamboo pit viper. The king cobra is found mostly in the forests of the Western Ghats and the Northern Hills and sometimes found in Mangrove Swamps.

Choose the correct option.

1. Which of the following has more number of species of poisonous snakes than the others?
(a) India (b) Australia (c) China (d) Indonesia
2. Which of the following statements is NOT TRUE?
a) Sea snakes are more poisonous than king cobra.
b) King cobra is found in the forest of Northern Hills.
c) Poisonous snakes can be divided into ten main groups.
d) Some medicines are made with snake venom.
3. The largest poisonous land snake in the world is _____.
(a) mambas (b) viper (c) krait (d) king cobra
4. The _____ of king cobra can kill an elephant.
(a) venom (b) medicine (c) antidote (d) none of these
5. Snake venom is used to manufacture _____ to treat persons bitten by poisonous snakes.
(a) antibiotics (b) antivirals (c) antitoxins (d) antidotes
6. Which of the following is not a species of snakes?
(a) Russel's viper (b) Mangrove Swamps (c) common krait (d) bamboo pit viper
7. Find a word from the passage (para 1) which is the antonym of 'safe'.
8. Find a word from the passage (para 3) which means 'poison'.

Contd...2

A.2. Read the poem carefully and answer the questions that follow:

(8)

Dreams

1. I wish I could be a cook,
Turning the pages of my recipe book
Thinking and making food.
And eating half of it according to my mood.
2. I wish I could be a builder,
Building houses and flats for others
And as far as I am concerned,
I shall build a magnificent palace.
3. I wish I could be a toy maker,
Making different toys for others,
And as far as I am concerned,
I shall make a rabbit for me
4. I wish I could be a textile designer,
For shirts and trousers, I would be the maker,
I'd design fabulous clothes for others
Which could also be worn by me and my mother
But alas, these are all but dreams.

Choose the correct option.

1. The poetess would be turning the pages of her recipe book:
(a) because she wants to be a cook (b) to read interesting stories
(c) to read the process of making food (d) because she loves books
2. If the poetess became builder she would like to
(a) make delicious food (b) make toys (c) build a palace (d) design her own clothes
3. The poetess loves toys. It is clear from the fact that
(a) she wants to make a toy rabbit for herself (b) she doesn't want to make toys for others
(c) she wants to be only a toy maker (d) she is an adult
4. Which of the following pairs is not correct
(a) cook - recipe book (b) cook - food
(c) builder - houses and flats (d) textile designer - shirts and trousers
5. The poetess would like to design fabulous clothes if she could be a
(a) cook (b) builder (c) toy maker (d) textile designer
6. The poetess was actually _____.
(a) playing (b) thinking (c) dreaming (d) talking
7. Find a word in **stanza 4** which means 'marvellous'.
8. Find a word in **stanza 3** which is the antonym of 'same'.

SECTION : B (WRITING – 18 MARKS)

B.1. You receive a telephone call from your mother's office when she is not at home. You have the following conversation with the speaker. But you have to go for tuition class. So, you leave a message for your mother. Write the message within 50 words using the information given below. (5)

- Sohan : Hello!
- Mr. Verma : Hello! May I speak to Ms. Mehta, please?
I am Ajay Verma from the office.
- Sohan : Mom is not at home right now.
- Mr. Verma : In that case can you give her a message. It is urgent. Please tell her that the meeting fixed for tomorrow has been rescheduled. Ask her to check her mail as soon as possible for the details. Please don't forget to inform her.
- Sohan : Don't worry. I will tell her as soon as she returns.
- Mr. Verma : Thanks.

Contd...2

B.2. Write a short paragraph in about 100-120 words describing your favourite book. Include the following points: (5)

- Title of the book – Name of the author/publisher
- Type (fiction/poetry/religion/thriller/suspense etc)
- Content quality
- What was the best part in it?
- Why you like it?

B.3. You went on a school picnic with your classmates and teachers. You were very excited. Write a diary entry, in about 80-100 words, describing what you did there. Include the following points (8)

went to Maitri Bagh zoo – felt very excited – teachers also accompanied – played on the large ground – took packed food items – mother made sandwiches and cake – shared with friends – had lot of fun – visited zoo.

OR

Today when you reached home, you saw a new bicycle, which you had been wanting for a long time, standing at the gate. Using the given inputs, write a diary entry expressing your feelings in about 100-120 words.

saw it last week – wanted it desperately – father said to get good marks – told grandmother – saw it at gate today – was rakhi gift – showed to all my friends – took many rounds of the colony.

Section – C : GRAMMAR (16 Marks)

C.1. Identify the kinds of sentences. (2)

(a) The river flows through the green valley.

- (i) Imperative (ii) Interrogative (iii) Assertive (iv) Exclamatory

(b) Can you place the chair beside the window?

- (i) Assertive (ii) Exclamatory (iii) Imperative (iv) Interrogative

C.2. Choose the correct option for the underlined verb. (2)

(a) The tailor embroidered the dress with ornamental designs.

- (i) Transitive verb (ii) Intransitive verb (iii) Non-finite verb (iv) None of these

(b) The candle burnt brightly.

- (i) Intransitive verb (ii) Non-Finite verb (iii) Transitive (iv) all of these

C.3. Complete the sentences choosing the correct verbs. (2)

(a) The teacher, along with the students _____ to come to the assembly hall.

- (i) are (ii) has (iii) have (iv) am

(b) Each of the girls _____ well.

- (i) are singing (ii) were singing (iii) sing (iv) sings

C.4 Choose the abstract nouns of the following words from the given option (2)

(a) repeat

- (i) repetition (ii) repetition (iii) repetition (iv) repetition

(b) judge

- (i) judging (ii) judgement (iii) judged (iv) judges

C.5. Fill in the blanks with suitable reflexive pronouns. (2)

a) They went to the picnic _____.

b) She ate the whole cake _____.

C.6. Pick out adjectives in the following sentences. (2)

(a) The sly fox jumped on the chicken. (adjective of quality)

(b) There has not been sufficient rain this year. (adjective of quantity)

C.7. Fill in the blanks with appropriate forms of the verbs given in the brackets. (2)

- (a) A nurse _____ (bring) a little baby to the park. (simple past)
(b) I think the Conservatives _____ (win) the next election. (simple future)

C.8. Fill in the blanks with suitable collective nouns (2)

- (a) An _____ of fruit trees.
(b) A _____ of savages.

SECTION : D – (LITERATURE 30MARKS)

D.1. Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow. (3x3=9)

1. 'How bright on the blue
Is a kite when it's new!
With a dive and a dip
It snaps its tail'.

- (a) How does a kite look like in the sky?
(b) Name the poet.
(c) Find out a word from the extract which is the opposite of the word 'old'

2. 'Patrick got his A's; his classmates were amazed; his teachers smiled and were full of praise.'

- (a) Why were Patrick's classmates amazed?
(b) What was the reaction of the teachers?
(c) Name the lesson from which the above extract is taken.

3. 'The afternoon turned black,
Then suddenly my brother
Thumped me on the back,
And said, "Oh, come along!"

- (a) Why was the afternoon black?
(b) Who took the initiative to end the quarrel?
(c) The word 'thumped' means?

D.2. Answer any three of the following questions in about 30-40 words each. (2x3=6)

- (a) Why did the Dog serve the Lion for a long time?
(b) What is a house made of?
(c) How did Taro's father show his happiness after drinking 'sake'?
(d) What was Patrick's wish?

D.3. Answer any one of the following questions in about 75 words. (5)

Why did the Emperor reward Taro ?

OR

Who did the Dog finally choose as his master and why?

D.4. Answer any three of the following questions in about 30-40 words each. (2x3=6)

- (a) Why did the king put an end to the visits between Land Abdulla and Sea Abdulla?
(b) What made the ox jealous of the ass?
(c) How did Abdulla of land meet Abdulla of Sea?
(d) What was vizier afraid of?

D.5. Answer any one of the following questions in about 75 words. (4)

What did the cock tell the dog?

OR

Describe the scene that Abdulla of Land saw at the bottom of the sea.





DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

DATE : 22.09 .2021

MID TERM EXAMINATION (2021-22)

Time : 3 Hours

CLASS : VI

SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE

Max. Marks : 80

General Instructions:

1. There are 31 questions . All are compulsory.
2. Question No.1 to 14 are very short answer questions of 1 marks each.
3. Question No.15 to 26 are short answer questions of 3 marks each.
4. Question No.27 to 30 are long answer questions of 5 marks each.
5. Question No.31(a) is a map based question. 31(b) – Diagram.

- Q1. Who are archaeologists? [1]
- Q2. Which Harappan town in Gujarat was divided into three parts? [1]
- Q3. In which Harappan city, the Great Bath has been found? [1]
- Q4. What are inscriptions? [1]
- Q5. Which animal skeletons have been commonly found in the Megalithic burials? [1]
- Q6. Which planet is known as the“Earth’s Twin”? [1]
- Q7. What is a galaxy? [1]
- Q8. What is the value of the Prime meridian? [1]
- Q9. What is Geoid? [1]
- Q10. What are the total numbers of longitudes marked on the globe? [1]
- Q11. Who wrote the book named ‘Discovery of India’? [1]
- Q12. What is stereotype? [1]
- Q13. In which form of government, a king has absolute powers to run the country? [1]
- Q14. What is ‘government’? [1]
- Q15. Name any three languages in which manuscripts (Hand written old books) were written in the past. [3]
- Q16. Write any three probable reasons for the decline of the Harappan cities. [3]
- Q17. Name the four Vedas. Which is the oldest Veda? [2+1]
- Q18. What are Megaliths? Write any two features of the Megalithic burials. [1+2]
- Q19. What does the constitution say with regard to equality? (any three points) [3]
- Q20. What is Universal Adult Franchise? [3]
- Q21. Differentiate between Monarchy and Democracy. [3]
- Q22. What is prejudice? Write any two things for which we can be prejudiced about. [1+2]
- Q23. Why do we see only one side of the moon always? [3]
- Q24. Write the latitudinal value of – The Equator, the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic Capricorn. [1+1+1]
- Q25. Differentiate between rotation and revolution (any three points). [3]
- Q26. Differentiate between the Summer and Winter Solstice (any three points). [3]
- Q27. How did our country get its name India and Bharat? [5]

OR

Which language was used in the Rigveda and how many years ago was the Rigveda composed? Mention three gods who are regarded especially important in the Rigvedic hymns.

[1+1+3]

Contd...2

Q28. Write any five special features of the Harappan cities. [5]

OR

Explain Houses, drains and streets of the Harappan cities. [5]

Q29. Name all the eight planets of our Solar system. Which planet is the nearest to the Sun and how much time does it take to complete one round along its orbit? [4+½+½]

OR

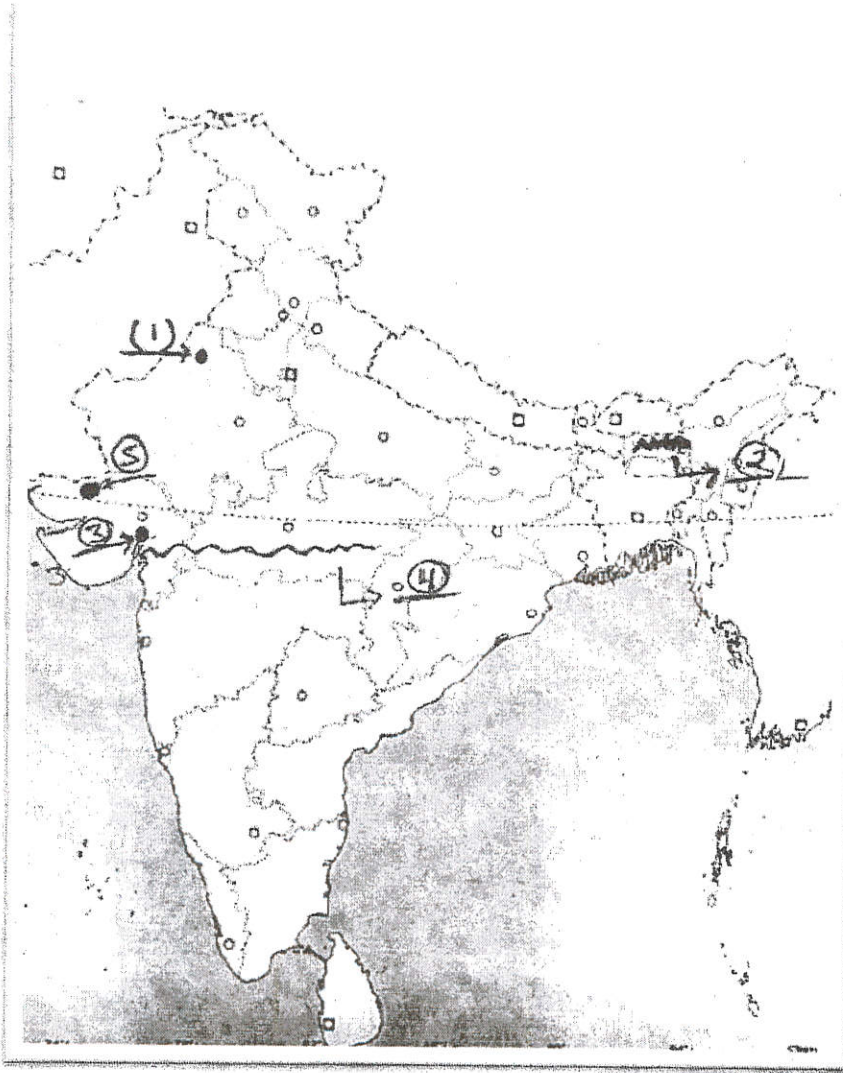
What is a Leap year and how is it caused? When will we have the next leap year? [4+1]

Q30. How is India a country of many diversities? Write any three differences between Kerala and Ladakh. [2+3]

OR

List any five ways in which you think the government affects your daily life. (5 works of government) [5]

Q31(a). Five items as 1,2,3,4 &5 have been marked on the political map of India printed in the question paper. Identify them & Write their names in your answer sheet. 1,5 and 3 are Harappan cities & 2- Hills & 4 is a river. [5]



Q31(b). Draw a neat and labelled diagram of Day and Night on the Earth due to rotation. [5]



दिल्ली पब्लिक स्कूल, भिलाई

दिनांक - 20.09.2021
कक्षा - छठवीं

अर्धवार्षिक परीक्षा, 2021-22
विषय - हिंदी

समय - 3 घण्टे
पूर्णांक - 80

निर्देश :

1. सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।
2. प्रश्नों के उपभागों के उत्तर क्रमशः दीजिए।
3. प्रश्न-पत्र चार खण्डों में विभक्त है। खण्ड क, ख, ग और घ।
4. प्रश्नों की कुल संख्या 10 है।

खण्ड - क

प्रश्न 1. निम्नलिखित अपठित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के सटीक उत्तर दीजिए -
हास्य का जीवन में बहुत महत्वपूर्ण स्थान है। जीवन में सुख कम हैं और दुःख ज्यादा, किंतु जो व्यक्ति दुःखों में भी प्रसन्नचित्त रहता है, वही असली जिंदगी जीता है। हँसने वाला व्यक्ति लोकप्रिय होता है। उससे मिलना, बातचीत करना, साथ-साथ रहना सबको अच्छा लगता है। हँसने वाला स्वयं तो प्रसन्नचित्त रहता ही है, औरों को भी प्रसन्न रखता है। हँसना स्वास्थ्यवर्धक होता है। खुलकर हँसने से फेफड़ों की शक्ति बढ़ती है। हँसने से रक्त के विकार दूर होते हैं और व्यक्ति स्वस्थ रहता है। प्रसन्न रहने वाला व्यक्ति मानसिक रूप से स्वस्थ रहता है और वह अनायास ही औरों का मित्र बन जाता है। कुंठा, निराशा, हतोत्साह जैसे मनोरोग उसके भीतर पनप नहीं पाते। हँसना जीवन को स्वस्थ एवं दीर्घायु बनाने के लिए संजीवनी के समान है। जयशंकर प्रसाद ने 'कामायनी' में इसीलिए कहा है - "औरों को हँसते देखो मनु, हँसो और सुख पाओ।"
(5x1=5)

- (i) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश का उचित शीर्षक लिखिए।
- (ii) इस जीवन में असली जिंदगी कौन जीता है ?
- (iii) हँसने के कोई चार लाभ इस गद्यांश के आधार पर बताइए।
- (iv) प्रसन्नचित्त व्यक्ति में कौन से मनोरोग नहीं पनप पाते ?
- (v) जयशंकर प्रसाद ने कामायनी में क्या संदेश दिया है ?

खण्ड - ब

प्रश्न 2. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर निर्देशानुसार दीजिए - (कोई पंद्रह) (15x1=15)

- (i) भाषा के दोनों रूपों के नाम लिखिए।
- (ii) व्याकरण भाषा के जितने अंगों पर विचार करता है उनके नाम लिखिए।
- (iii) किस भाषा में प्रकट किए गए विचार अनंतकाल तक सुरक्षित रखे जा सकते हैं।
- (iv) बातचीत और पत्र भाषा के किस रूप के अंतर्गत आते हैं ? बताइए।
- (v) भाषा की छोटी-से-छोटी इकाई क्या कहलाती है ? लिखिए।
- (vi) हिंदी भाषा की लिपि का नाम बताइए।
- (vii) हिंदी वर्णमाला में स्वरों की संख्या कितनी है ? केवल संख्या लिखिए।
- (viii) मूल या ह्रस्व स्वरों की संख्या चार हैं। उनके नाम लिखिए।
- (ix) इनमें से ह्रस्व और दीर्घ स्वर छाँटिए। इ, ए
- (x) पुरुष, रामचरितमानस (संज्ञा भेद लिखिए)
- (xi) बुढ़ापा और बीमारी सभी पर आते हैं। (कोई एक संज्ञा रेखांकित कर उसके भेद लिखिए)
- (xii) समुदायवाचक और द्रव्यवाचक संज्ञाएँ किस संज्ञा के ही अंतर्गत ले लिए गए हैं ? बताइए।
- (xiii) मित्र, अच्छा (भाववाचक संज्ञा बनाइए)
- (xiv) हिमालय, सुगंध (लिंग पहचानकर उसके भेद लिखिए)
- (xv) अध्यापक शब्द का स्त्रीलिंग रूप लिखिए।
- (xvi) पुस्तक, पंखे (वचन पहचानकर उसके भेद लिखिए)
- (xvii) विद्यार्थी शब्द का वचन बदलकर उसे लिखिए।

प्रश्न 3. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के निर्देशानुसार उत्तर दीजिए -

- (i) नीचे दिए गए शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखिए - (कोई तीन) (3x1=3)
(क) अनुकूल (ख) आस्तिक (ग) एकता (घ) उदय
- (ii) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के दो-दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखें - (कोई तीन) (3x1=3)
(क) आँख (ख) गणेश (ग) चंद्रमा (घ) अमृत

(iii) निम्नलिखित मुहावरों में से प्रथम तीन मुहावरों के केवल अर्थ लिखिए और अंतिम मुहावरे का अर्थ लिखकर वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए – (4x1=4)

- (क) अँगुली पर नचाना (ख) अपना सा मुँह लेकर रह जाना (ग) छक्के छुड़ाना
(घ) आकाश पाताल का अंतर (इस मुहावरे का वाक्य प्रयोग भी करें)

खण्ड – ग

प्रश्न 4. निम्नलिखित पठित पद्यांश को पढ़कर उसके नीचे दिए गए सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए –

वह चिड़िया जो –
कंठ खोलकर
बूढ़े वन बाबा की खातिर
रस उँडेलकर गा लेती है –
वह छोटी मुँह बोली चिड़िया
नीले पंखोवाली मैं हूँ
मुझे विजन से बहुत प्यार है।

- (i) इस कविता के कवि का नाम बताइए। (1)
(ii) चिड़िया अपने मधुर कंठ से किस तरह और किसके लिए गाती है ? (2)
(iii) 'मुँहबोली' और 'विजन' शब्द का अभिप्राय (अर्थ) बताइए। (2)

प्रश्न 5. निम्नलिखित पठित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए –

हमारी यह धरती लगभग पाँच अरब साल पुरानी है। दो – तीन अरब साल तक इस धरती पर किसी प्रकार के जीव-जंतु नहीं थे। फिर करोड़ों साल तक केवल जानवरों और वनस्पतियों का ही इस धरती पर राज्य रहा। आदमी ने इस धरती पर कोई पाँच लाख साल पहले जन्म लिया। धीरे-धीरे उसका विकास हुआ। कोई दस हजार साल पहले आदमी ने गाँवों को बसाना शुरू किया।

- (i) इस गद्यांश के पाठ व लेखक का नाम बताइए। (2)
(ii) आदमी ने इस धरती पर कब जन्म लिया ? उसने गाँवों को बसाना कब शुरू किया ? (2)
(iii) करोड़ों साल तक इस धरती पर किसका राज्य रहा ? (1)

प्रश्न 6. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 30-40 शब्दों में लिखिए –(5x4=20)

- (i) लेखिका बचपन में इतवार की सुबह क्या-क्या करती थी ?
(ii) बचपन पाठ से पता करके लिखो कि लेखिका को चश्मा क्यों लगाना पड़ा ?
(iii) केशव ने श्यामा से चिथड़े, टोपी और दाना-पानी मँगाकर कार्निंस पर क्यों रखे थे ?
(iv) पाठ में ऐसा क्यों कहा गया है कि अक्षरों की खोज के साथ एक नए युग की शुरुआत हुई।
(v) श्यामा और केशव ने अंडों की रक्षा की या नादानी ? विस्तार से उत्तर दीजिए।
(vi) आशय स्पष्ट कीजिए – “ रस उँडेलकर गा लेती है ”

प्रश्न 7. अनुमान और कल्पना से संबंधित किसी एक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 30-40 शब्दों में दीजिए। (3)

- (i) अपने बचपन की कोई मनमोहक घटना याद करके विस्तार से लिखो।
(ii) अक्षरों के महत्त्व के साथ ही मनुष्य के जीवन में गीत, नृत्य और खेलों का भी महत्त्व है। बताइए।

प्रश्न 8. निम्नलिखित अति संक्षिप्त प्रश्न व भाषा की बात का निर्देशानुसार उत्तर दीजिए –(कोई सात) (7x1=7)

- (i) 'वह चिड़िया जो' कविता में चिड़िया को जिन चीजों से प्यार था, उनमें से किसी दो के नाम लिखिए।
(ii) 'बचपन' पाठ की विधा बताइए।
(iii) 'नादान दोस्त' पाठ के लेखक का नाम बताइए।
(iv) 'प्रागैतिहासिक' शब्द का अर्थ बताइए।
(v) 'नादान दोस्त' पाठ में किस मौसम का वर्णन किया गया है ?
(vi) कुछ बच्चे आ रहे हैं । (रेखांकित विशेषण का भेद बताइए)
(vii) अदृश्य और अपरिचित शब्दों में से उपसर्ग और मूल शब्द अलग-अलग करके लिखिए।
(viii) अनुचित शब्द में से उपसर्ग और मूल शब्द अलग कीजिए।

प्रश्न 9. निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक (Only One) विषय पर लगभग 100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए – (5)

- (i) मीठी वाणी बोलिए (ii) पूर्णिमा का चाँद
(iii) मेरा विद्यालय (iv) जैसे ही मैं घर से निकला/निकली वर्षा होने लगी

प्रश्न 10. अपने विद्यालय के प्रधानाचार्य को तीन दिनों के अवकाश हेतु प्रार्थना-पत्र लिखिए। (5)

अथवा (OR) कोई एक

कोरोना संक्रमण से बचने के उपायों की चर्चा करते हुए अपने मित्र/सहेली को एक पत्र लिखिए।



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

DATE : 17.09 .2021

MID TERM EXAMINATION (2021-22)

Time : 1 ½ Hours

CLASS : VI

**Sub. : INFORMATION AND
COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (ICT)**

Max. Marks : 50

Multiple Choice Questions:

(1x10=10)

1. MS Word is an example of
a. System Software b. Application Software c. Operating System d. All of these
2. Which type of computer operates by measuring instead of counting?
a. Digital b. Hybrid c. Analog d. None of these
3. Which of these options is not present in the Settings dialog box?
a. sound b. power c. output d. date & time
4. What is the collective name given to Minimize, Maximize and Close buttons of an application window?
a. control buttons b. active buttons c. common buttons d. default buttons
5. Animation is used to hold the of audience.
a. attendance b. attention c. absence d. arrival
6. Which of the following commands is used to add an audio in a slide?
a. Insert → audio or video b. Slide → Audio or Video c. Slide → Audio d. None of these
7. Which of the following features is used to locate a word in a document?
a. find b. search c. replace d. goto
8. A Watermark in a document can be.....
a. an image b. symbols c. text d. all of these
9. Format menu includes formatting elements such as
a. text wrap b. column width c. merging cells d. all of these
10. Vertical divisions are called
a. rows b. columns c. both a and b d. None of these

Fill in the Blanks:

(1x5=5)

1. A is a collection of different worksheets.
2. A slide can contain text, graphics and
3. Header is placed at the top of a
4. The button used to enlarge the active application window is called button.
5. CAD is an example of.....

Write 'T' for true and 'F' for False

(1x5=5)

1. Virus scanner is used to scan only folders for virus.
2. Background is used to change the appearance of the desktop.
3. Press the Enter key to remove an audio or video clip from the slide.
4. Object option is used to add mathematical equation in a document.
5. The default row height is 0.75 cm.

Long answer questions:

1. What is minicomputer? (2)
2. What is slide transition. (2)
3. What is formatting? (2)
4. What is spreadsheet? (2)
5. Name any five components of an active application window. (3)
6. Write the steps to change date of computer system. (3)
7. Write the steps to apply cell borders. (3)
8. Write the steps to use the Find & Replace feature. (3)
9. How do you add an animation to your presentation? (5)
10. What is system software? What are the different types of system software. (5)





दिल्ली-पब्लिक-स्कूल, भिलाईनगरम्
अर्द्धवार्षिकी परीक्षा (2021-22)
विषय: संस्कृतम्

समय: सार्धैक-होरा
पूर्णाङ्कः-40

कक्षा-षष्ठी
दिनाङ्कः:17.09.2021

नाम..... कक्षा/वर्गः अनुक्रमाङ्कः
वीक्षकस्य हस्ताक्षरम्

1. पदानि संयोज्य वाक्यानि रचयत- (उचित पदों को जोड़कर वाक्य बनाइए-) (1x5=5)

- (क) गजाः - नृत्यन्ति
(ख) सिंहौ - गायति
(ग) गायकः - पठतः
(घ) बालकौ - चलन्ति
(ङ) मयूराः - गर्जतः

2. मञ्जूषातः कर्तृपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत- (1x5=5)

लेखिका, बालकः, सिंहाः, त्रिचक्रिका, पुष्पमालाः

- (क) सन्ति।
(ख) पश्यति।
(ग) लिखति।
(घ) गर्जन्ति।
(ङ) चलति।

3. मञ्जूषातः क्रियापदानि चित्वा वाक्यानि पूरयत- (1x5=5)

पठसि, गच्छावः, क्रीडथः, लिखामि, पश्यथ

- (क) त्वं
(ख) आवां
(ग) यूयं
(घ) अहं
(ङ) युवां

4. सः, तौ, ते, इत्येतेभ्यः उचितं सर्वनामपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत- (1x5=5)

- (क) गजाः चलन्ति। चलन्ति।
(ख) छात्रौ पठतः। पठतः।
(ग) वानराः क्रीडन्ति। क्रीडन्ति।
(घ) गायकः गायति। गायति।
(ङ) मयूराः नृत्यन्ति। नृत्यन्ति।

5. सङ्ख्यानां कृते मञ्जूषातः उचितं संस्कृतपदं चित्वा लिखत- (½ x8=4)

सप्त , दश , चत्वारः , द्वौ , त्रयः , षड् , अष्ट , नव

(क) 2 (ख) 7 (ग) 9 (घ) 6

(ङ) 4 (च) 10 (छ) 8 (ज) 3

6. अधोलिखितशब्दानां कृते मञ्जूषातः उचित-संस्कृत-अव्ययपदं चित्वा लिखत- (कोई-3) (1x3=3)

तत्र , च , प्रातः , अत्र

(क) यहाँ (ग) और

(ख) वहाँ (घ) सुबह

7. उचित-धातुरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत- (कोई-10) (½x10=5)

	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमपुरुषः	पठति	.....	.....
मध्यमपुरुषः	.....	चलथः	.....
उत्तमपुरुषः	खादामि	.....	.....
प्रथमपुरुषः	.....	धावतः	.....
मध्यमपुरुषः	पतसि	.....	पतथ
उत्तमपुरुषः	.....	क्रीडावः	.....

8. उचितशब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत- (कोई-10) (½x10=5)

	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमा	बालिका	.....	.....
द्वितीया	.....	बालिके	बालिकाः
तृतीया	बालकेन	.....	.....
चतुर्थी	बालकाय	.....	बालकेभ्यः
पञ्चमी	बालकात्	बालकाभ्याम्	.....
षष्ठी	.....	पुष्पयोः	पुष्पाणाम्
सप्तमी	पुष्पे	.....	.....
सम्बोधनम्	हे पुष्प!	.....	.....

9. हिन्दीवाक्यानां संस्कृते अनुवादं कुरुत- (कोई-3) (1x3=3)

(क) वह पढ़ता है।

(ख) तुम हँसते हो।

(ग) मैं खेलता हूँ।

(घ) तुम दोनों चलते हो।



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

DATE : 27.09 .2021

MID TERM EXAMINATION (2021-22)

Time : 3 Hours

CLASS : VI

SUBJECT : SCIENCE

Max. Marks : 80

General Instructions:

- There are 31 questions. All are compulsory.
- Marks of each question are indicated against the question.
- Questions from Sl. No. 1 to 6 are very short answer questions. Each question carries 1 mark.
- Questions from Sl. No. 7 to 15 carries 2 marks each.
- Questions from Sl. No. 16 to 27 are short answer questions. Each question carries 3 marks.
- Questions from Sl. No. 28 to 31 are long answer questions, that carry 5 marks each.

- Q.01 Which part of skull bones are movable? [01]
- Q.02 An essential food is provided by bees. What is it? [01]
- Q.03 A vitamin which is prepared in our body using the presence of sunlight. Name it. [01]
- Q.04 Name the process which is used to separate cotton fibres from the seeds. [01]
- Q.05 Write two names of liquid which are insoluble in water. [01]
- Q.06 Paheli had brought a new bottle of pickle from the market. She tried to open the metal cap to taste it but could not do so. She then took a bowl of hot water and immersed the upper end of the bottle in it for 5 minutes. She could easily open the bottle now. Can you give the reason for this? [01]
- Q.07 What are herbivores? Give two examples. [02]
- Q.08 What is a balanced diet? [02]
- Q.09 Name two gases that dissolve in water. [02]
- Q.10 How does a blacksmith change a piece of iron into different tools? [02]
- Q.11 How is fibre made from jute plant? [02]
- Q.12 What are the changes that occur in the incense stick when it is burnt? Is it a reversible change? [02]

OR

What happens if we take some wax in a pan and heat it? What kind of change is this?

- Q.13 What are the functions of leaves? (any two points) [02]

OR

Name the male reproductive part of a flower. What are its parts?

- Q.14 How did early man cover his body before fibres were discovered? [02]
- Q.15 What are the functions of ribs? (any two points) [02]

OR

What are the functions of spine? (any two points)

- Q.16 (a) What are deficiency diseases? [03]
- (b) Name the nutrients which mainly give energy to our body.
- Q.17 How will you test the presence of fats in the food material? (activity form) [03]

OR

How will you test the presence of starch in the given food sample? (activity form)

- Q.18 What are the main functions of a human skeleton? (any three points) [03]

Contd...2

Q.19 (a) Explain the process of making yarn from fibre. [03]

(b) What kind of climate and soil does the cotton plant require to give a good yield?

Q.20 How is the iron blade of the tool used for digging the soil fixed in the wooden handle? [03]

OR

How is the iron rim fixed on wooden wheel of a cork?

Q.21 What are the functions of stem? (any three points) [03]

Q.22 (a) A drawing sheet changes when you draw a picture on it. Can you reverse this change? [03]

(b) What are reversible changes? Give two examples.

Q.23 (a) What are opaque objects? Give two examples. [03]

(b) What is lustre? Give two examples of materials which have lustre?

Q.24 State whether the following changes are reversible or irreversible. [03]

(a) Burning of paper (b) Digestion of food (c) Melting of ice-cream

(d) Ripening of fruit (e) Boiling of water (f) Dissolving sugar into water

Q.25 What are herbs, shrubs and trees? Give one example of each. [03]

Q.26 Explain the structure of ball and socket joint. Give two examples of such joint in the human body. What kind of movement such a joint allows? [03]

Q.27 (a) From where do we get food? [03]

(b) What are sprouted seeds?

(c) What is the meaning of the term edible? Give one example.

Q.28 (a) Write a short note on pelvic bones. [05]

(b) Why can our elbow not move backwards?

(c) Give three adaptations of a bird that help them fly.

OR

(a) What is a joint? Name the different types of joints.

(b) Cockroaches can walk and climb as well as fly in the air. Which part of their body helps them to climb, walk and fly?

Q.29 (a) What are parallel and reticulate venation? Give one example of each. [05]

(b) Draw neatly labelled diagrams of tap and fibrous roots.

OR

(a) Write an activity to show that stem conducts water.

(b) Draw a leaf and label any four parts.

Q.30 (a) How are materials grouped? [05]

(b) What are hard and soft materials? Give one example of each.

(c) What are irreversible changes? Give one example.

OR

(a) What role does water play in the functioning of our body?

(b) How do aquatic plants and animals survive in water?

(c) Why do metals often lose their shine and appear dull?

Q.31 (a) Name the part of the plant which produces its food. Name the process. [05]

(b) State the role of roughage in our diet.

(c) Name two sources of Vitamin C.

OR

(a) Name the diseases caused by the deficiency of following nutrients in our diet.

(i) Vitamin D (ii) Vitamin A (iii) Iodine (iv) Iron

(b) Name two items that are made from coconut fibre.

(c) What are the two main process of making fabrics from yarns?