

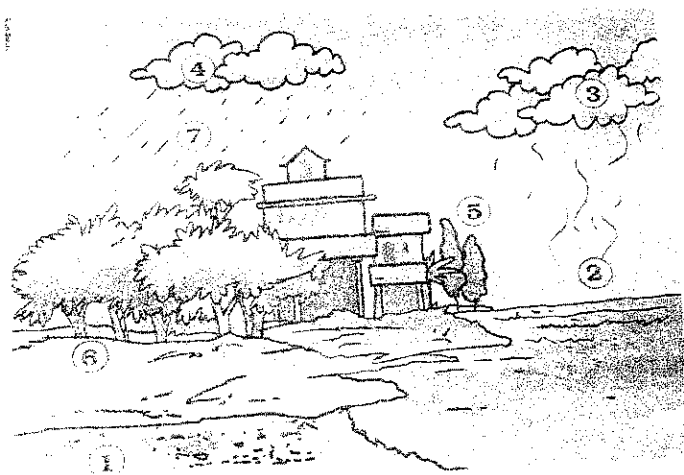
DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI
ANNUAL EXAMINATION (MODEL PAPER)
CLASS VII
SCIENCE

General instruction:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Question No.1 to 6 carries 1mark each.
- 3) Question No.7 to 15 carry 2 marks each.
- 4) Question No.16 to 27 carry 3 marks each.
- 5) Question No.28 to 31 carry 5 mark each.

-
- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) What is the function of root hair? | 1 |
| 2) Draw distance time graph for uniform motion. | 1 |
| 3) Name the material used to make material of element of heating devices. | 1 |
| 4) What are decomposers? | 1 |
| 5) Name two chemicals used to disinfect water. | 1 |
| 6) Name the product formed when magnesium react with water. | 1 |
| 7) Why when carbon dioxide is passed through lime water it turns milky? | 2 |
| 8) Write two difference between clinical and laboratory thermometer. | 2 |
| 9) Why should oil and fats be not released in the drain? Explain. | 2 |
| 10) Explain how forest prevents flood? | 2 |
| 11) Explain how increasing population leads to depletion of water table. | 2 |
| 12) What is an electromagnet? Write one use of electromagnet. | 2 |
| 13) What is the use of speedometer and odometer of the car? | 2 |
| 14) Define speed. Write its SI unit. A car travels 50km in 90min calculate speed in m/s. | 2 |
| 15) Name the type of seed dispersal in a) Maple b) Coconut c) Castor d) Xanthium | 2 |
| 16) What is inhalation and exhalation? Write the percentage of oxygen and carbon dioxide in inhale and exhaled air. | 3 |
| 17) Draw a well labelled diagram of human excretory system. Write the composition of human urine. | 3 |

- 18) Explain the process of fertilisation with the help of a well labelled diagram. 3
- 19) Name two plants which reproduce by spore formation. How this process of reproduction take place? 3
- 20) Name the type of motion which takes place in case of simple pendulum. Describe an activity to calculate time period of a simple pendulum. 3
- 21) I) Draw symbols used for following the electrical components,
 a) Battery b) switch ON position
 ii) What are an open and a closed circuit? 1+2
- 22) What is electric fuse? Why it is necessary in household electric circuit? Name the device which is now a day's replacing electric fuse. 3
- 23) I) Write four characteristic of image formed by a plane mirror.
 ii) Differentiate between real and virtual image. 2+1
- 24) Name the process 1, 2,3,4,5 & 6 of water cycle shown in figure.



- 3
- 25) Explain the following term a) infiltration b) aquifer c) drip irrigation. 3
- 26) Explain how forest is a 'dynamic living entity' full of life and vitality? 3
- 27) Write three ways by which we can practice a better housekeeping. 3
- 28) I) Write any three precaution we must take while handling clinical thermometer.
 ii) Describe an activity to show conduction of heat. Draw diagram also 3+2.
- 29) I) Name the mirror used as a rear view mirror in vehicles. Why plane mirror is not used for it?

ii) Write two differences between convex and concave lens.

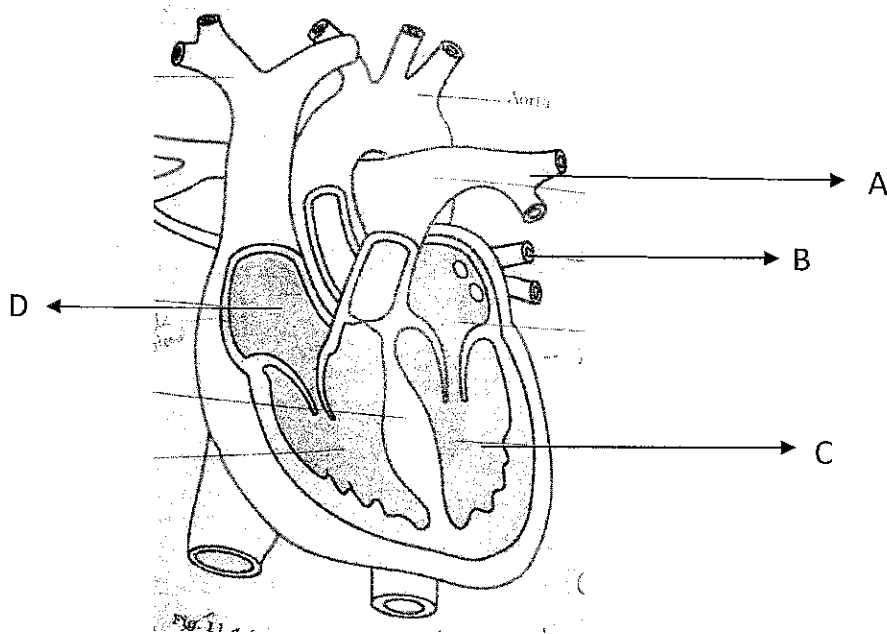
iii) A ball is at a distance of 5m in front of a plane mirror. How much will be the distance between the ball and his image. 2+2+1

30) I) Why during heavy exercise a person may have a muscle cramp? How we can get relief from muscle cramp?

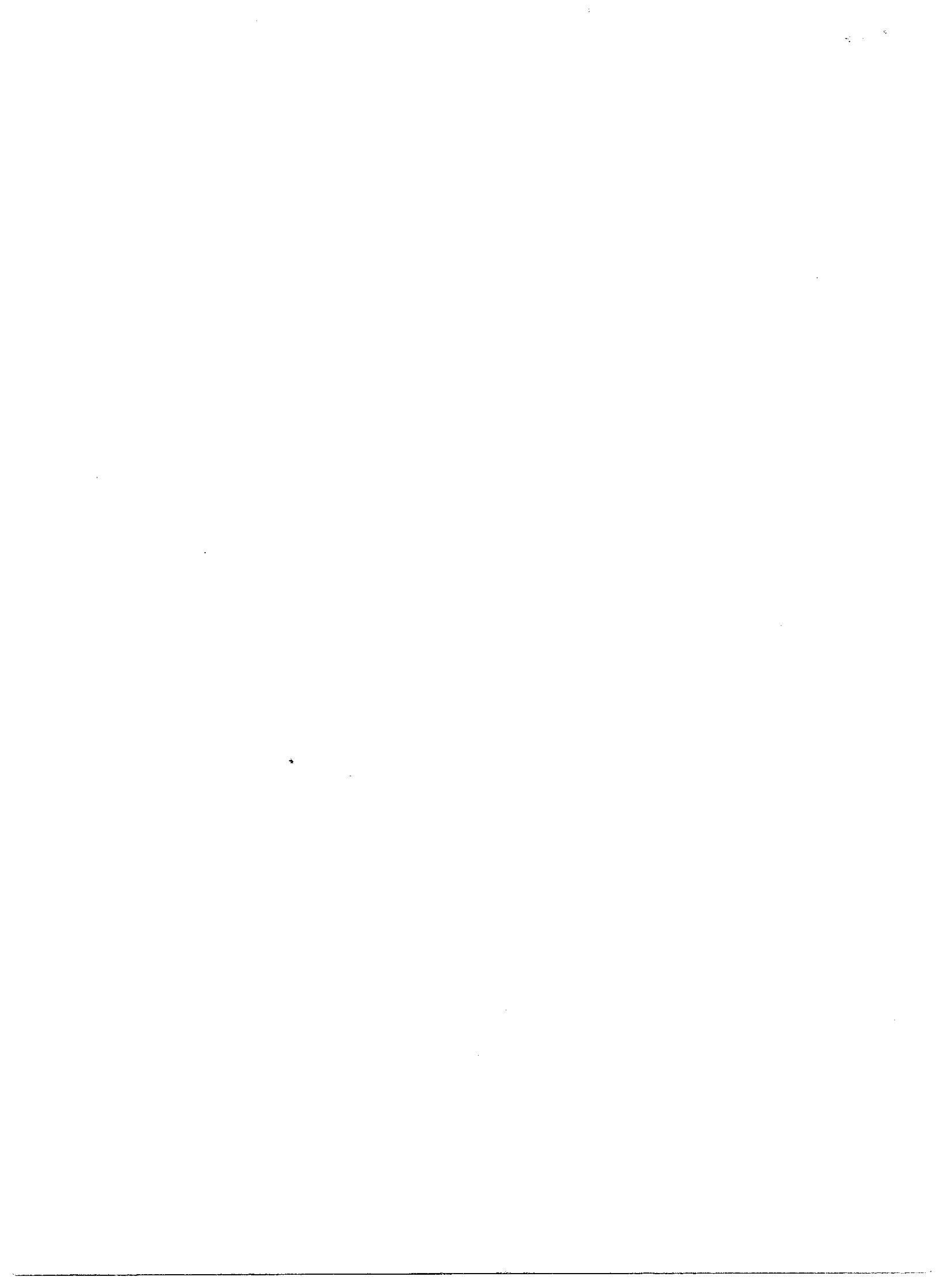
ii) Explain the process of breathing in cockroach.

31) I) differentiate between arteries and veins. (3 points)

ii) In the given diagram label the part A, B, C and D.



@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@



General Instructions :

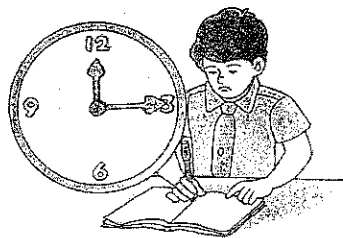
- Attempt all the questions in each section before going to the next section in the same order.
- All the answers must be correctly numbered and written neatly.
- Do not copy the questions.
- For multiple choice questions, option numbers should be clearly specified along with the answers.
- The paper consists of 4 sections:
 - Section A – Reading : 16 marks; Section B – Writing : 18 marks;
 - Section C – Grammar : 16 marks; Section D – Literature : 30 marks

SECTION – A [READING]**16 m**

A 1. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:

8 m**TIME MANAGEMENT**

- 1 We should find time to enjoy life as leisure time is equally important, but it is becoming difficult to find time for ourselves. Time is either utilized in doing never-ending school work or it is often wasted in watching TV serials which take us nowhere. It is said if you want any work to be done, give it to the busiest person and he will find time to do it. But the one who has hardly any work to do will not be able to complete the assigned task. It is the world's busiest people who are able to develop exciting careers and still have leisure, as they are the best time managers.
- 2 Every minute has to be managed, hence do not crawl out of bed, instead charge out ! If you get up on time, half the battle is already won. Organize yourself. Twenty minutes spent on organizing and planning your schedule will save you an hour. Maintain a diary. You cannot remember everything. Note down the important things and let your mind be free for some creative ideas. Discourage friends who drop in to find out about homework, when they themselves were present in the class. Protect yourself from every minute stealing interruptions and you will accomplish the best.
- 3 When one period is over it is always wise to open any textbook or go through your notebook and check if you have done your correction work. Why waste time in making noise ? Learn to work while waiting too. Making the best use of every moment doesn't mean pushing yourself relentlessly. Breaking up your routine can help you to work faster and better. Exercise can also clear your mind and relax your body.
- 4 By simply managing your time efficiently, you will reap the full benefits. So get up and organize yourself as that is the key to success. Hard work alone cannot help !



A 1. a) If you want any work to be done, give it to the

1



- | | | |
|---|--------------------------|---|
| i) Busiest person | iii) lazy person | |
| ii) Hard working person | iv) anyone | |
| b) Everything cannot be remembered so we should | | 1 |
| i) discuss with friends | iii) set an alarm | |
| ii) note down important things | iv) none of the above | |
| c) You should keep your mind free for | | 1 |
| i) watching T.V. | iii) creative ideas | |
| ii) meditation | iv) playing with friends | |
| d) You can reap full benefits by managing your time | | 1 |
| i) quickly | iii) slowly | |
| ii) relentlessly | iv) efficiently | |
| e) Why don't children find any time to enjoy? | | 1 |
| f) How can an hour be saved every day? | | 1 |
| g) Give two benefits of exercise. | | 1 |
| h) Find out a word from the passage which means the same as | | 1 |
| i) allocated (para 1) | | |

A 2. Read the poem carefully and answer the questions that follow:

8m

PAPER BOATS

1. Day by day I float my paper boats one by one down the running stream.
In big black letters I write my name on them and the name of the village where I live.
2. I hope that someone in some strange land will find them and know who I am.
I load my little boats with shiuli flower from our garden, and hope that these blooms of the dawn will be carried safely to land in the night.
3. I launch my paper boats and look up into the sky and see the little clouds setting thee white bulging sails.
I know not what playmate of mine in the sky sends them down the air to race with my boats!
4. When night comes I bury my face in my arms and dream that my paper boats float on and on under the midnight stars.
The fairies of sleep are sailing in them, and lading in their baskets full of dreams.

-Rabindranath Tagore

- | | | |
|---|------------|---|
| a) The poet floats his paper boats down the | | 1 |
| i) stream | iii) ocean | |
| ii) river | iv) sea | |



- b) The poet also wrote his name on the boat and 1
 i) the address iii) the name of his brother
 ii) the name of his village iv) the name of his house
- c) The poet hoped that someone in the strange land would find the 1
 i) Address and come to him iii) house
 ii) boats and know where he lived iv) address
- d) The fairies of sleep are sailing in the 1
 i) clouds iii) dreams
 ii) paper boats iv) none of these
- e) What did the poet load in the paper boats? 1
 f) What did the poet dream? 1
 g) Find the word from the poem which is opposite of 2
 i) dusk (stanza 2) ii) beasts (stanza 4)

SECTION – B [WRITING]

18m

- B 1. You are Mrinalini / Mrinal Sen , Activities Co-ordinator of J.M.D. Public School, Delhi. Your school is Organizing a Book Fair to promote the habit of reading among the students . Write a **notice** inviting students to visit the fair in their library periods. {50 words} 5
- B2. Write an advertisement for the sale of old computer in about 50 words. 5
- B3. Your school had recently celebrated Van Mahotsav. The celebrations included the following events: 8
- Tree plantation in and around the school.
 - Free distribution of saplings among the children.
 - An on-the-spot poster making competition on the importance of growing more trees.
- You are a reporter working for a newspaper. Using the information given above , write a newspaper report in about 125 words.

OR

You are Ravin /Raveena Malhotra residing at 36A, Milandeep Apartment, New Delhi. The roads of your locality are not maintained properly ,localities face a lot of problem. Using the clues given below , write a letter to the Editor of 'The Times of India', expressing your concern in about 150 words. 8

Roads – full of pits – become nuisance – rainy days – water clogged - serious health risk – to residents- accidents – a commom problem- people get seriously injured- school children and aged people – at greater risk.



SECTION – C [GRAMMAR]

16m

C1. Fill in the blanks with correct analogies:

2

a) Brick is to home as oak is to _____

- i) wood ii) cedar iii) building iv) leaves

b) Thin is to slim as sad is to

- i) Unhappy ii) happy iii) miserable iv) worse

C2. Fill in the blanks with appropriate conjunctions:

2

a) I am dancing, _____ she is singing.

- i) yet ii) but iii) so iv) if

b) _____ she is poor, she is honest

- i) though ii) if iii) unless iv) or

C3. Choose the correct verb from the given options:

2

a) I _____ here since 2010.

- i) has been living ii) am living iii) is been living iv) have been living

b) I saw that two policemen _____ a thief.

- i) was chasing ii) were chasing iii) has chasing iv) are chasing

C4. Fill in the blanks that each sentence has in compliance to subject-verb agreement

2

a) Each man and women _____ rejoicing

- i) were ii) was iii) have iv) are

b) A number of migratory birds _____ coming to India during winter.

- i) is ii) was iii) are iv) has

C5. Write the meaning of the idioms given below:

2

i.) To hold one's tongue

ii.) To be up to one's ears

C6. Change the following sentences into passive voice :

2

a) She is reading a book.

b) Farmers had ploughed the field.



- C7. Rewrite the following sentences into indirect speech: 2
- a) Rani says to Sheela, "We went to Agra."
 b) Mayank said, "Sun gives us energy."

- C8. In the sentences below identify the type of sentences: 2
- a) Why was a large dam built there?
 b) Bravo! We have won the match.

SECTION D [LITERATURE]

30m

D1. Read the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow:

1. "When they returned , Nishad told me he'd been to see Mr.Nath and I felt most annoyed that I hadn't been there.
- a) Who has been referred as 'they' in the above lines? 1
 b) Where 'they ' have been? 1
 c) Why did Nishad go to Mr. Nath's house? 1

2. "Meadows have surprises

You can find them if you look,

Walk softly through the velvet grass

And listen by the brook.

- a) Name the poet of the above stanza. 1
 b) How is the grass described here and why? 1
 c) What do you mean by brook? 1
3. "But mother says that kind is good,
 And eats up insects for his food".
- a) What is mother referring to? 2
 b) Mention the poem from which the above extract has been taken. 1

D2. Answer **any three** of the following questions in about 30-40 words each: (2x3=6)

- a) What was the author 's opinion about Mr.Gessler as a bootmaker?
 b) "Trees are to make no shade in winter." What does this mean?
 c) How have advances in technology affected the game of cricket?
 d) Why does Mr. Wonka collect items from the oldest things.

D3. Answer **any one** of the following questions in about 75 words: 5

What are some of the things you should do to prevent a fire at home and in the school?

OR

In what condition did the author find the bicycle when he returned from the tool shed?



D4. Answer **any three** of the following questions in about 30-40 words each:

(2x3=6)

- a) What did Johnsy see when she looked out of the window?
- b) What did Jimmy do after being released from prison?
- c) Do you think the last leaf was Behram's masterpiece? Why?
- d) What are some of the things Major Talbot wrote in his memoir?

D5. Answer any **one** of the following questions in about 75 words:

4

Why did Jimmy go to Elmore? What happened to him there?

OR

'Behrman was a failure in art'. Explain.



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI (C.G.)

IInd TERM EXAMINATION, 2017-18

SUBJECT - MATHEMATICS

TIME: 3 HOURS

CLASS: - VII

SAMPLE PAPER

M.M: 80

General Instructions:-

- (i) All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) The question paper consist of 30 questions divided into four sections A, B, C and D.
- (iii) Section A contains 6 questions of one mark each.
- (iv) Section B contains 6 questions of two marks each.
- (v) Section C contains 10 questions of three marks each.
- (vi) Section D contains 8 questions of four marks each.

Section: - A

1. 5% of 775 is _____.
2. Two circles are congruent, if they have same _____.
3. Sum of the angles of a triangle is _____.
4. Three medians of a triangle meet at a point called the _____.
5. $(a+b)(a-b) =$ _____
6. _____

Section: - B

7. Draw a right angle $\angle AOB$ and bisect it.
8. Prove that a diagonal of a parallelogram divides it into two congruent triangles.
9. Draw a circle with centre O. Draw any chord AB. Draw $OL \perp AB$. Is $AL = BL$?
10. Expand: - $(x^2 + y)(x^2 - y)$.
11. Simplify: - $(2x+3)(3x-2) - (x-4)(2x+1)$.

12. Solve: - $5 + 2(x - 5) = 3(x - 2)$

SECTION: - C

13. Simplify: - $\left[\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^3 - \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^3 \right] \times 3^2$

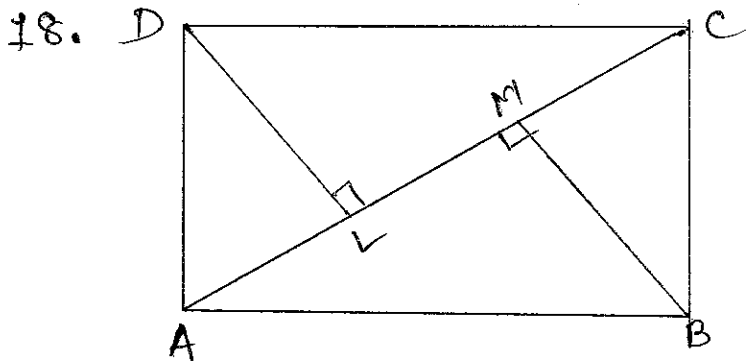
14. Express in scientific notation: -

$$32.5 \times 10^3 \times 1.2$$

15. At what rate percent will a principal triple itself in 16 years.

16. Find the diagonal of a square of side 12m, given $\sqrt{2} = 1.41$

17. One of the diagonals of a rhombus is equal to one of its sides. Find the angles of the rhombus.



ABCD is a rectangle.
DL and BM are perpendiculars on the diagonal AC. Prove that $DL = BM$.

19. Draw a line parallel to a given line through a point:
a) above it.
b) below it.

20. What type of a triangle is OAB, when O is the centre of a circle and AB is a chord.

21. Factorize: $ax + bx + ay + by$.

22. Simplify: $(a+3y)^2 - (a-3y)^2$

SECTION: -D

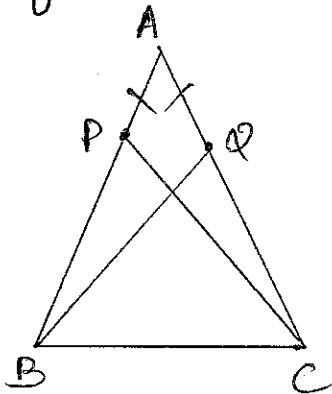
23. Compare using $>$ or $<$

9.4×10^{-3} , 6.2×10^{-2}

24. Sharma deposits a sum of ₹ 6000 in a bank, at 8% S.I. He withdraws ₹ 3000 at the end of two years. Find the amount at the end of 4 years.

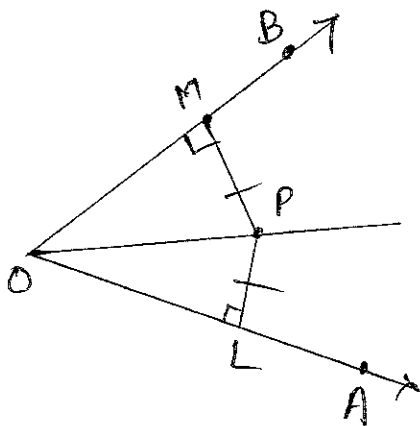
25. If a principal doubles itself in 16 years at a certain rate of interest, how many times itself will it become in 8 years?

26.



In $\triangle ABC$, $AB = AC$. P is a point on AB and Q on AC such that $AP = AQ$. Prove that $CP = BQ$.

27.



P is a point in the interior of $\angle AOB$. $PL \perp OA$ and $PM \perp OB$. $PL = PM$. Prove that ray OP bisects $\angle AOB$.

28. A man goes 8 km towards East and then 6 km towards North. How far is he from the starting point?

29. Factorize: - a) $18m^2 + 6m^3 - 4m^4$
b) $5b^2y + 2by$

30. A number consist of 2 digits. The digit in the unit's place is 4 more than that in the ten's place. If we reverse the digits, the difference is 10 more than the number. Find the number.

_____ X

||
20/12/17.

दिल्ली-पब्लिक-स्कूल, भिलाईनगरम्
(आदर्श प्रश्न-पत्रिका) वार्षिकी परीक्षा-2018

कक्षा - सप्तमी

विषय: - संस्कृतम्

पूर्णाङ्कः - 40

परीक्षार्थिनः नाम कक्षा/वर्गः अनुक्रमाङ्कः

प्र. 01 गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत।

पुसा एकस्मिन् वृक्षे एका चटका प्रतिवसति स्म। कालेन तस्याः सन्ततिः जाता। एकदा कश्चित् प्रमतः गजः तस्य वृक्षस्य अधः आगत्य तस्य शाखां शुण्डेन अत्रोटयत्। चटकायाः नीडं भुवि अपतत्। तेन अण्डानि नष्टानि। अथ सा चटका व्यलपत्। तस्याः विलापं श्रुत्वा काष्ठकूटः नाम खगः दुःखेन ताम् अपृच्छत्-भद्रे! त्वम् किमर्थम् विलपसि ?" इति।

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत-

1x2=02

(i) कस्याः नीडम् भुवि अपतत् ?

(ii) चटका कुत्र प्रतिवसति स्म ?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत-

02

(क) गजः केन शाखाम् अत्रोटयत् ?

उत्तर

(ख) काष्ठकूटः चटकाम् किम् अपृच्छत् ?

उत्तर

प्र. 02 मञ्जूषातः पदानि चित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत।

04

मञ्जूषा

मेघनादः, आर्यभट्टः,

धरणी, अनारिकायाः,

(i) शून्यस्य प्रतिपादनं कः अकरोत् ?

.....

(ii) कस्याः महती जिज्ञासा भवति ?

.....

(iii) उदिते सूर्ये का विहसति ?

.....

(iv) मक्षिकायाः मित्रं कः आसीत् ?

.....

प्र. 03 रेखाङ्कितपदानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कृत्वा पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत।

04

मञ्जूषा

कः, कदा, किमर्थम्, कस्य

(i) मन्त्री सेतोः उद्घाटनार्थम् आगच्छति।

.....

(ii) संस्कृते ज्ञानविज्ञानयोः निधिः सुरक्षितोऽस्ति।

.....

(iii) सङ्गणकस्य कृते संस्कृतभाषा सर्वोत्तमा।

.....

(iv) धावनसमये अश्वः किमपि न खादति।

.....

Contd...2'

प्र. 04 मञ्जूषातः क्रियापदानि चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत।

मञ्जूषा

अनयत् अत्रोटयत्, गमिष्यति, करिष्यामि

- (i) तृषार्तः गजः जलाशयं ।
(ii) गजः शुण्डेन शाखाम् ।
(iii) मार्गे स्थितः अहमपि शब्दं ।
(iv) काष्ठकूटः तां मक्षिकायाः समीपम् ।

प्र. 05 विलोमपदानि योजयत।

- (i) उच्चैः - शोकः
(ii) पर्याप्तम् - अवनतः
(iii) उन्नतः - क्षिप्रम्
(iv) हर्षः - अपर्याप्तम्
(v) नूतनम् - नीचैः
(vi) मन्दम् - पुरातनम्

प्र. 06 उदाहरणानुसारं 'स्म' शब्दं योजयित्वा भूतकालिक-क्रियां रचयत।
यथा अपठत्- पठति स्म।

- (i) अवदत् - (ख) अहसत् -
(ii) अनयत् - (ख) अपृच्छत् -

प्र. 07 मञ्जूषातः अव्ययपदानि चित्वा लिखत-

मञ्जूषा

अधुना, मा, तदा, प्रातः

- (i) यदा मेघाः गर्जन्ति मयूराः नृत्यन्ति।
(ii) संस्कृतपरीक्षा भवति।
(iii) खगाः कूजन्ति।
(iv) असत्यं वदतु।

* प्र. 08 मञ्जूषापदसहायतया अङ्कानां स्थाने संस्कृतपदानि लिखत।

मञ्जूषा

सप्तविंशतिः, चतुस्त्रिंशत्, द्वा
पञ्च अष्टचत्वारिंशत्, त्रयश्चत्वारिंशत्

- (i) 10 (ii) 43
(ii) 48 (iv) 27
(v) 34 (ii) 05

* प्र. 09 समुचित-उपपदविभक्तिपदैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत।

- (i) उभयतः वृक्षाः सन्ति। (नद्याः/नदीम्)
(ii) बहिः देवालयः अस्ति। (नगरात्/नगरस्य)
(iii) छात्राः अन्तः पठन्ति। (कक्षायाः/कक्षाभिः)
(iv) अलम् (विवादात्/विवादेन)

प्र. 10 धातुं प्रत्ययं च योजयित्वा उदाहरणानुसारेण लिखत-

(i) पठ् + क्तवतु =

(ii) सेव् + क्तवतु =

(ii) वि + हस् + ल्यप् =

(iv) आ + नी + ल्यप् =

★ प्र. 11 उचित-शब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत।

04

विभक्तिः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमा	.....	मातरौ	मातरः
द्वितीया	राजात्म	.....	राज्ञः
तृतीया	.....	आवाभ्याम्	अस्माभिः
चतुर्थी	लतायै	.....	लताभ्यः
पंचमी	.....	नदीभ्याम्	नदीभ्यः
षष्ठी	मातुः	.....	मातृणाम्
सप्तमी	देवे	देवयोः	.....
सम्बोधनम्	हे पितः!	हे पितरौ!	.....

★ प्र. 12 उचित-धातुरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत।

05

पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमः	पिबति	.....	.....
मध्यमः	.....	नमथः	.....
उत्तमः	पश्यामि	.....	.....
प्रथमः	.....	करिष्यतः	.....
मध्यमः	दास्यसि	.....	दास्यथः
उत्तमः	स्थास्यामि	स्थास्यावः	.....

(3/3)

★ - प्रथमसत्रस्य 207. (08 अंकाः) पाठ्यक्रमः (व्याकरणधारितः) वार्षिक-परीक्षायां प्रश्न्यते।



दिल्ली पब्लिक स्कूल, भिलाईनगरम्

द्वितीय-सत्रीय-अभ्यास पत्रम्

संस्कृतम्

कक्षा - षष्ठी

दिनांक: -

पूर्णाङ्कः

नाम:-----

कक्षा /वर्गः-----

अनुक्रमाङ्कः-----

प्रासाङ्कः-----

प्रश्न 1 - प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि मञ्जूषातः चित्वा लिखत - दश, ऑक्टोबर-मासे, चतुरः, वसन्तसमये, उत्सवप्रियः, मङ्गिका

- (क) पुष्पोत्सवस्य आयोजनं कदा भवति ? ----- 1X6=6
- (ख) अस्माकं भारतदेशः कीदृशः अस्ति ? -----
- (ग) ललाटे का दशति ? -----
- (घ) कति बालकाः स्नानाय अगच्छन् ? -----
- (ङ) स्वामी मूर्खः आसीत् चतुरः वा ? -----
- (च) पिककाकयोः भेदः कदा भवति ? -----

प्रश्न 2) शुद्धकथनानां समक्षम् (✓) इति अशुद्धकथनानां समक्षं (X) इति चिह्नं कुरुत - 1/2X6=3

- (क) कोऽपि पथिकः न आगच्छत् । (ख) सर्वे वाटिकायाम् अभ्रमन् ।
- (ग) ते वस्तुतः दृष्ट्वा बालकाः एव आसन् । (घ) बालकः स्वं न अगणयत् ।
- (ङ) एकः बालकः नद्यां मग्नः । (च) ते दुःखिताः तूष्णीम् अतिष्ठन् ।

प्रश्न 3) मञ्जूषातः उपयुक्तानाम् अव्ययपदानां प्रयोगेण रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - अत्रैः, कदा, कुत्र, खूब, किम्

- (क) जगन्नाथपुरी ----- अस्ति ? (घ) त्वं ----- पुरीं गमिष्यसि ? 1/2X5=2.5
- (ख) मेघाः ----- गर्जन्ति । (ङ) सत्यम् ----- जयते ।
- (ग) वर्षाकाले मयूराः ----- कुर्वन्ति ?

प्रश्न 4) श्लोकांशान् योजयत - 1/2X5=2.5

- | क | ख | उत्तराणि |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| 1) तस्मात् प्रियं हि वक्तव्यं | अ) सर्वे तुष्यन्ति जन्तवः | ----- |
| 2) गच्छन् पिपीलको याति | ब) जीवने यो न सार्थकः | ----- |
| 3) प्रियवाक्यप्रदानेन | क) को भेदः पिककाकयोः | ----- |
| 4) किं भवेत् तेन पाठेन | ङ) योजनानां शतान्यपि | ----- |
| 5) काकः कृष्णः पिकः कृष्णः | इ) वचने का दरिद्रता | ----- |

प्रश्न 5) धातुं प्रत्ययं च योजयित्वा लिखत - 1/2X8=4

यथा - पठ्+क्त्वा = पठित्वा, पठ्+तुमुन् = पठितुम्

- 1) खेल् + तुमुन् ----- 2) हस् + क्त्वा ----- 3) चल + क्त्वा -----
- 4) धाव् + तुमुन् ----- 5) चर् + तुमुन् ----- 6) पठ् + क्त्वा -----
- 7) खाद् + क्त्वा ----- 8) गर्ज् + तुमुन् -----

प्रश्न: 6 अ) कोष्ठकेषु प्रदत्तशब्देषु समुचितपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत -

1/2X6=3

- (क) सैनिकः सन्ति । (त्रिविधः/त्रिकिरः) (ख) मीनाः वसन्ति । (सरोवरे / सरोवरात्)
(ग) जनाः पुष्पाणि अर्पयन्ति । (मन्दिरेण/मन्दिरे) (घ) खगाः निवसन्ति । (नीडानि / नीडेषु)
(ङ) छात्राः प्रयोगं कुर्वन्ति । (प्रयोगशालायाम्/प्रयोगशालाः) (च) पुष्पाणि विकसन्ति । (उद्यानस्य/ उद्याने)

प्रश्न: 7. ब) मञ्जूषातः उचितं विलोमपदं चित्वा लिखत -

प्रविशति , सेवकः , मूर्खः , नेतुम् , नीचैः , दुःखितः

1/2X6=3

- (क) चतुरः (ख) आनेतुम् (ग) निर्गच्छति
(घ) स्वामी (ङ) प्रसन्नः (च) उच्चैः

प्रश्न 8) संख्यानां कृते संस्कृतपदं मञ्जूषातः चित्वा लिखत -

एकं, पञ्चदश , अष्ट, दश , पंचविंशतिः , द्वादश

1/2X6=3

- क) 15. ख) 10. ग) 25.
घ) 01. ङ) 08. च) 12.

प्रश्न 9) उचितं समानार्थक - पदं चित्वा लिखत -

1/2X4=2

- क) वचने (कथने / कथानके) ख) वैनतेयः (गरुडः / कपोतः)
ग) पुस्तके (पुरस्कारे / ग्रन्थे)
घ) पिकः (कोकिलः / काकः)

प्रश्न 10) उचित - धातुरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत -

1/2X12=6

पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमपुरुषः	हसिष्यति	-----	हसिष्यन्ति
मध्यमपुरुषः	-----	चलिष्यथः	चलिष्यथ
उत्तमपुरुषः	पठिष्यामि	-----	-----
प्रथमपुरुषः	-----	गमिष्यतः	-----
मध्यमपुरुषः	क्रीडिष्यसि	-----	क्रीडिष्यथ
उत्तमपुरुषः	-----	हसिष्यावः	हसिष्यामः
प्रथमपुरुषः	पठति	-----	-----
मध्यमपुरुषः	खादसि	-----	खादथ
उत्तमपुरुषः	-----	भ्रमावः	भ्रमावः

प्रश्न 11) उचित - शब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत -

1/2X10=5

विभक्तिः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमा	-----	तौ	-----
द्वितीया	तम्	-----	तान्
तृतीया	भानुना	-----	भानुभिः
चतुर्थी	मुनये	-----	-----
पंचमी	-----	लताभ्याम्	लताभ्यः
षष्ठी	देवस्य	-----	देवानाम्
सप्तमी	तस्याम्	-----	तासु
संबोधनम्	हे देवते !	हे ----- !	हे लता !

समय - 3 घंटे
कक्षा - सातवीं

विषय - हिन्दी

पूर्णांक - 80

खण्ड 'क'

प्र. 1. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़कर नीचे (5)

लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए -

डेंगू एक वायरस से होता है। यह मच्छरों के द्वारा फैलता है। डेंगू मादा एडीज इजिप्टी मच्छरों के कारण से होता है। इस रोग में तेज बुखार के साथ शरीर में से रक्तस्राव होता है। डेंगू को ब्रेक-बोन के नाम से भी जाना जाता है। डेन-1, डेन-2, डेन-3 और डेन-4 डेंगू के वायरस हैं।

प्र. 1. डेंगू किसके कारण फैलता है? (1)

प्र. 2. यह किस मच्छर से होता है तथा इस रोग (2)
के लक्षण क्या हैं?

प्र. 3. डेंगू के कितने वायरस हैं? सबके नाम बताइए। (2)

खण्ड 'ख' (व्याकरण)

प्र. 2. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के संक्षिप्त उत्तर दीजिए - (15)

- (i) तत्सम शब्द किसे कहते हैं?
- (ii) लुप्त शब्द का एक उदाहरण दीजिए -
- (iii) शब्द की परिभाषा लिखिए।
- (iv) संकर शब्द का एक उदाहरण दीजिए।
- (v) यौगिक शब्द का एक उदाहरण दीजिए।
- (vi) उद्गरण चिह्न का एक उदाहरण दीजिए।
- (vii) 'जो थोड़ा ही जानता है' वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द लिखिए।
- (viii) 'एडी थोड़ी का जोर लगाना' मुहावरे का अर्थ लिखिए।
- (ix) 'बहुत परिश्रम करना' के लिए उपयुक्त मुहावरा लिखिए।
- (x) सकर्मक क्रिया का एक उदाहरण दीजिए।
- (xi) क्रिया की परिभाषा लिखिए।



XII. वह चुपके-चुपके खा रहा था (क्रिया विशेषण) (2)

छाँटकर भेद लिखिए।

XIII. कालवाचक क्रिया विशेषण का उदाहरण दीजिए।

XIV. मेरे घर के सामने पार्क है (संबंधबोधक छाँटिए)

XV. कम और कुछ शब्दों के तद्भव रूप लिखिए।

प्र. 3. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए (10)

- (i) 'नीचे' तथा 'पीछे' शब्दों का संबंधबोधक के रूप में प्रयोग कीजिए।
- (ii) 'नूतन' तथा 'सज्जन' शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखिए।
- (iii) 'नीर' तथा 'नीडु' शब्दों के अलग-अलग कर्ण लिखिए।
- (iv) 'दिन' तथा 'दूध' के दौ-दौ पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए।
- (v) क्रिया की परिभाषा लिखिए।

खण्ड - 'ग' (पाठ्य-पुरतक से)

प्र. 4. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के संक्षिप्त उत्तर दीजिए - (7)

- (i) 'चिटिया की बच्ची' कहानी के लेखक का नाम लिखिए।
- (ii) सावन के महीने में मीरा को किसके जाने का आकांक्ष होने लगता था।
- (iii) 'गंध' शब्द से दो शब्द बनाइए।
- (iv) वर्षा ऋतु से सम्बन्धित दो हिन्दी महीनों के नाम लिखिए।
- (v) कृष्ण को गिरधर क्यों कहा जाता है?
- (vi) वीर कुंवर सिंह ने सोनपुर के मैले का उपयोग किस रूप में किया।
- (vii) 'सिंहासन' शब्द का सन्धि-विच्छेद कीजिए।

प्र. 5. निम्नलिखित काव्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए - (5)

जब किसी ढब से निकल तिनका गया

तब 'समझ' ने यों मुझे ताने दिए

रेठता क्यों तू किसलिये इतना रहा

एक तिनका है बहुत तेर लिये



- (i) कवि एवं कविता का नाम लिखिए। (2) (3)
- (ii) कवि की 'समझ' ने कवि को क्या ताने दिए? (2)
- (iii) 'ढुब' शब्द का अर्थ लिखिए। (1)

प्र. 6. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़कर नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए -

देखने में रक्त लाल प्रव के समान दिखता है, किंतु इससे सुधमदर्शी द्वारा देखें तो यह भानुमती के फिटारे से कम नहीं। मोटे तौर पर इसके दो भाग होते हैं। एक भाग वह जो तरल है जिसे हम प्लाज्मा कहते हैं। दूसरा, वह जिसमें छोटे-बड़े कई तरह के कण होते हैं -- कुछ लाल, कुछ सफेद और कुछ ऐसे जिनका कोई रंग नहीं, जिन्हें विंबाणु कहते हैं। ये कण प्लाज्मा में तैरते रहते हैं।

- (i) गद्यांश के पाठ एवं लेखक का नाम लिखिए। (2)
- (ii) मोटे तौर पर रक्त के कितने भाग होते हैं और (2)
- (iii) 'भानुमती का फिटारा' मुद्दावरे का वाक्य बनाइए। (1)

प्र. 7. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 50-60 शब्दों में दीजिए। (कुछ पाँच)

- (i) पेट में कीड़े क्यों हो जाते हैं? इनसे कैसे बचा जा सकता है?
- (ii) किन बातों से ज्ञात होता है कि माधवदास का जीवन सम्पन्नता से भरा था और किन बातों से ज्ञात होता है कि वह सुखी नहीं था?
- (iii) अंख में लिनका पड़ने के बाद धमण्डी की क्या दशा हुई?
- (iv) खानपान में बदलाव के क्या फायदे हैं? फिर लेखक इस बदलाव को लेकर चित्रित क्यों हैं?
- (v) मीरा मीरनी के नाम किस आधार पर रखे गए?
- (vi) मीरा को सावन का महीना मनभावने क्यों लगाने लगा?
- (vii) वीर कुंवरसिंह के व्यक्तित्व की मूर्त को न ही सी विशेषताओं ने आपको प्रभावित किया

प्र. 8 अनुमान एवं कल्पना पर आधारित आधारित (3)
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दो - (कोई एक)

(i) सन् 1857 में अंगरेजों का पक्ष 12 वर्ष के शासन
तो क्या करते ?

(ii) पास्ट प्लूट के लाभ और हानि बताइए

प्र. 8. अनुमान और कल्पना से सम्बन्धित निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किसी एक का उत्तर 30 से 40 शब्दों में लिखिए -

(i) सन् 1857 में अगर आप 12 वर्ष के होते तो क्या करते ?

(ii) प्लास्ट प्लूट के लाभ और हानि बताइए ।

प्र. 9. मित्र के कक्षा में असफल हो जाने पर उसे सात्वना देने हुए पत्र लिखिए ।

अथवा
मुद्दले की सजाई के सम्बन्ध में स्वास्थ्य-अधिकारी को पत्र लिखिए ।

प्र. 10. दिए गए संकेत बिंदुओं के आधार पर लगभग 100 शब्दों में कोई एक अनुच्छेद लिखिए -

(क) प्रदूषण की समस्या

- प्रदूषण का अर्थ
- प्रदूषण के कारण
- प्रदूषण के दुष्भाव
- प्रदूषण को रोकने के उपाय
- उपसंहार

(ख) समय का महत्व

- वीता समय लौट कर नहीं आता
- एक एक क्षण उसको उपयोग सात्वता की कुंजी
- उपसंहार

(ग) देश-प्रेम

- देश से स्वात्मिक प्रेम
- मातृभूमि माँ के समान
- राष्ट्रीय एकता के लिए आवश्यक
- उपसंहार



दिल्ली-पब्लिक-स्कूल, भिलाईनगरम्
(आदर्श प्रश्न-पत्रिका) वार्षिकी परीक्षा-2018

कक्षा - सप्तमी

विषय: - संस्कृतम्

पूर्णाङ्कः - 40

परीक्षार्थिनः नाम कक्षा/वर्गः अनुक्रमाङ्कः

प्र. 01 गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत।

पुरा एकस्मिन् वृक्षे एका चटका प्रतिवसति स्म। कालेन तस्याः सन्ततिः जाता। एकदा कश्चित् प्रमतः गजः तस्य वृक्षस्य अधः आगत्य तस्य शाखां शुण्डेन अत्रोटयत्। चटकायाः नीडं भुवि अपतत्। तेन अण्डानि नष्टानि। अथ सा चटका व्यलपत्। तस्याः विलापं श्रुत्वा काष्ठकूटः नाम खगः दुःखेन ताम् अपृच्छत्-भद्रे! त्वम् किमर्थम् विलपसि ?" इति।

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत-

1x2=02

(i) कस्याः नीडम् भुवि अपतत् ?

(ii) चटका कुत्र प्रतिवसति स्म ?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत-

02

(क) गजः केन शाखाम् अत्रोटयत् ?

उत्तर

(ख) काष्ठकूटः चटकाम् किम् अपृच्छत् ?

उत्तर

प्र. 02 मञ्जूषातः पदानि चित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत।

मञ्जूषा

मेघनादः, आर्यभटः, धरणी, अनारिकायाः,

(i) शून्यस्य प्रतिपादनं कः अकरोत् ?

(ii) कस्याः महती जिज्ञासा भवति ?

(iii) उदिते सूर्ये का विहसति ?

(iv) मक्षिकायाः मित्रं कः आसीत् ?

प्र. 03 रेखाङ्कितपदानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कृत्वा पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत।

04

मञ्जूषा

कः, कदा, किमर्थम्, कस्य

(i) मन्त्री सेतोः उद्घाटनार्थम् आगच्छति।

(ii) संस्कृते ज्ञानविज्ञानयोः निधिः सुरक्षितोऽस्ति।

(iii) सङ्गणकस्य कृते संस्कृतभाषा सर्वोत्तमा।

(iv) धावनसमये अश्वः किमपि न खादति।

Contd...2'

प्र. 04 मञ्जूषातः क्रियापदानि चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत।

मञ्जूषा

अनयत् अत्रोटयत्, गमिष्यति, करिष्यामि

- (i) तृषार्तः गजः जलाशयं ।
(ii) गजः शुण्डेन शाखाम् ।
(iii) मार्गे स्थितः अहमपि शब्दं ।
(iv) काष्ठकूटः तां मक्षिकायाः समीपम् ।

प्र. 05 विलोमपदानि योजयत।

- (i) उच्चैः - शोकः
(ii) पर्याप्तम् - अवनतः
(iii) उन्नतः - क्षिप्रम्
(iv) हर्षः - अपर्याप्तम्
(v) नूतनम् - नीचैः
(vi) मन्दम् - पुरातनम्

प्र. 06 उदाहरणानुसारं 'स्म' शब्दं योजयित्वा भूतकालिक-क्रियां रचयत।
यथा अपठत्- पठति स्म।

- (i) अवदत् - (ख) अहसत् -
(ii) अनयत् - (ख) अपृच्छत् -

प्र. 07 मञ्जूषातः अव्ययपदानि चित्वा लिखत-

मञ्जूषा

अधुना, मा, तदा, प्रातः

- (i) यदा मेघाः गर्जन्ति मयूराः नृत्यन्ति।
(ii) संस्कृतपरीक्षा भवति।
(iii) खगाः कूजन्ति।
(iv) असत्यं वदतु।

* प्र. 08 मञ्जूषापदसहायतया अङ्कानां स्थाने संस्कृतपदानि लिखत।

मञ्जूषा

सप्तविंशतिः, चतुस्त्रिंशत्, द्शः
पञ्च अष्टचत्वारिंशत्, त्रयश्चत्वारिंशत्

- (i) 10 (ii) 43
(ii) 48 (iv) 27
(v) 34 (ii) 05

* प्र. 09 समुचित-उपपदविभक्तिपदैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत।

- (i) उभयतः वृक्षाः सन्ति। (नद्याः/नदीम्)
(ii) बहिः देवालयः अस्ति। (नगरात्/नगरस्य)
(iii) छात्राः अन्तः पठन्ति। (कक्षायाः/कक्षाभिः)
(iv) अलम् (विवादात्/विवादेन)

प्र. 10 धातुं प्रत्ययं च योजयित्वा उदाहरणानुसारेण लिखत-

(i) पठ् + क्तवतु =

(ii) सेव् + क्तवतु =

(ii) वि + हस् + ल्यप् =

(iv) आ + नी + ल्यप् =

* प्र. 11 उचित-शब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत।

04

विभक्तिः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमा	.....	मातरौ	मातरः
द्वितीया	शजानम्	.....	शजानः
तृतीया	.....	आवाभ्याम्	अस्माभिः
चतुर्थी	लतायै	.....	लताभ्यः
पंचमी	.....	नदीभ्याम्	नदीभ्यः
षष्ठी	मातुः	.....	मातृणाम्
सप्तमी	देवे	देवयोः	.....
सम्बोधनम्	हे पितः!	हे पितरौ!	.....

* प्र. 12 उचित-धातुरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत।

05

पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमः	पिबति	.....	.....
मध्यमः	.....	नमथः	.....
उत्तमः	पश्यामि	.....	.....
प्रथमः	.....	करिष्यतः	.....
मध्यमः	दास्यसि	.....	दास्यथः
उत्तमः	स्थास्यामि	स्थास्यावः	.....

(3/3)

* - प्रथमसत्रस्य 207. (08 अंकाः) पाठ्यक्रमः (व्याकरणाधारितः) वार्षिक - परीक्षायां प्रश्न्यते।



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI
ANNUAL EXAMINATION (MODEL PAPER)
CLASS VII
SCIENCE

General instruction:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Question No.1 to 6 carries 1mark each.
- 3) Question No.7 to 15 carry 2 marks each.
- 4) Question No.16 to 27 carry 3 marks each.
- 5) Question No.28 to 31 carry 5 mark each.

-
- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) What is the function of root hair? | 1 |
| 2) Draw distance time graph for uniform motion. | 1 |
| 3) Name the material used to make material of element of heating devices. | 1 |
| 4) What are decomposers? | 1 |
| 5) Name two chemicals used to disinfect water. | 1 |
| 6) Name the product formed when magnesium react with water. | 1 |
| 7) Why when carbon dioxide is passed through lime water it turns milky? | 2 |
| 8) Write two difference between clinical and laboratory thermometer. | 2 |
| 9) Why should oil and fats be not released in the drain? Explain. | 2 |
| 10) Explain how forest prevents flood? | 2 |
| 11) Explain how increasing population leads to depletion of water table. | 2 |
| 12) What is an electromagnet? Write one use of electromagnet. | 2 |
| 13) What is the use of speedometer and odometer of the car? | 2 |
| 14) Define speed. Write its SI unit. A car travels 50km in 90min calculate speed in m/s. | 2 |
| 15) Name the type of seed dispersal in a) Maple b) Coconut c) Castor d) Xanthium | 2 |
| 16) What is inhalation and exhalation? Write the percentage of oxygen and carbon dioxide in inhale and exhaled air. | 3 |
| 17) Draw a well labelled diagram of human excretory system. Write the composition of human urine. | 3 |

दिल्ली-पब्लिक-स्कूल, भिलाईनगरम्
(आदर्श प्रश्न-पत्रिका) वार्षिकी परीक्षा-2018

कक्षा - सप्तमी

विषय: - संस्कृतम्

पूर्णाङ्कः - 40

परीक्षार्थिनः नाम कक्षा/वर्गः अनुक्रमाङ्कः

प्र. 01 गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत।

पुरा एकस्मिन् वृक्षे एका चटका प्रतिवसति स्म। कालेन तस्याः सन्ततिः जाता। एकदा कश्चित् प्रमतः गजः तस्य वृक्षस्य अधः आगत्य तस्य शाखां शुण्डेन अत्रोटयत्। चटकायाः नीडं भुवि अपतत्। तेन अण्डानि नष्टानि। अथ सा चटका व्यलपत्। तस्याः विलापं श्रुत्वा काष्ठकूटः नाम खगः दुःखेन ताम् अपृच्छत्-भद्रे! त्वम् किमर्थम् विलपसि ?" इति।

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत-

1x2=02

(i) कस्याः नीडम् भुवि अपतत् ?

(ii) चटका कुत्र प्रतिवसति स्म ?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत-

02

(क) गजः केन शाखाम् अत्रोटयत् ?

उत्तर

(ख) काष्ठकूटः चटकाम् किम् अपृच्छत् ?

उत्तर

प्र. 02 मञ्जूषातः पदानि चित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत।

मञ्जूषा

मेघनादः, आर्यभटः,

धरणी,

अनारिकायाः,

(i) शून्यस्य प्रतिपादनं कः अकरोत् ?

(ii) कस्याः महती जिज्ञासा भवति ?

(iii) उदिते सूर्ये का विहसति ?

(iv) मक्षिकायाः मित्रं कः आसीत् ?

प्र. 03 रेखाङ्कितपदानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कृत्वा पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत।

04

मञ्जूषा

कः, कदा, किमर्थम्, कस्य

(i) मन्त्री सेतोः उदघाटनार्थम् आगच्छति।

(ii) संस्कृते ज्ञानविज्ञानयोः निधिः सुरक्षितोऽस्ति।

(iii) सङ्गणकस्य कृते संस्कृतभाषा सर्वोत्तमा।

(iv) धावनसमये अश्वः किमपि न खादति।

Contd...2'

प्र. 10 धातुं प्रत्ययं च योजयित्वा उदाहरणानुसारेण लिखत-

(i) पठ् + क्तवतु =

(ii) सेव् + क्तवतु =

(ii) वि + हस् + ल्यप् =

(iv) आ + नी + ल्यप् =

* प्र. 11 उचित-शब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत।

04

विभक्तिः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमा	.....	मातरौ	मातरः
द्वितीया	शजानम्	.....	शजानः
तृतीया	.....	आवाभ्याम्	अस्माभिः
चतुर्थी	लतायै	.....	लताभ्यः
पंचमी	.....	नदीभ्याम्	नदीभ्यः
षष्ठी	मातुः	.....	मातृणाम्
सप्तमी	देवे	देवयोः	.....
सम्बोधनम्	हे पितः!	हे पितरौ!	.....

* प्र. 12 उचित-धातुरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत।

05

पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमः	पिबति	.....	.....
मध्यमः	.....	नमथः	.....
उत्तमः	पश्यामि	.....	.....
प्रथमः	.....	करिष्यतः	.....
मध्यमः	दास्यसि	.....	दास्यथः
उत्तमः	स्थास्यामि	स्थास्यावः	.....

(3/3)

* - प्रथमसत्रस्य 207. (08 अंकाः) पाठ्यक्रमः (व्याकरणधारितः) वार्षिक - परीक्षायां प्रश्न्यते।

MODEL PAPER

Sub-SOCIAL SCIENCE

CLASS-VII

General Instruction:

- The question paper has 32 questions.All questions are compulsory.
- Marks for each question are indicated against the question.
- Question no.31 and 32 are map questions of 5 marks each.Tie the maps in your main answer sheet.

1. What is a 'Shikhara'?	1
2. In which region the shepherd tribe of 'Gaddis' lived?	1
3. What were the caravans of the 'Banjaras' called ?	1
4. What do you mean by the term 'hagiography' ?	1
5. Who was the revenue minister of 'Akbar'?	1
6. Which are the two factors on which the growth of vegetation mostly depends?	1
7. Define the term 'transhumance'.	1
8. Why the 'Prairies' are called as the "Granaries of the world"?	1
9. What are the two types of deserts found in the world?	1
10. Name the cheapest means of transport for carrying heavy and bulky goods over long distances.	1
11. What do you mean by the term 'equality'?	1
12. Define 'Censorship'.	1
13. What do you mean by "Putting-out-system"?	1
14. What is the full form of 'TMS' ?	1
15. Why did the Mughals emphasise their Timurid and not their Mughal descent?	3
16. Why was it important for the Mughals to recruit mansabdars from diverse backgrounds and not just Turanis and Iranis?	3
17. Why did conquerors try to control the temple of 'Jagannatha' at Puri?	3
18. How did a temple communicate the importance of a king?	3
19. Name three types of rocks with examples.	3
20. Explain the three broad categories of natural vegetation?	3
21. What are the uses of rocks?	3
22. Write in brief about the climate of the 'Velds'.	3
23. What provisions of equality are given in the constitution of India?	3
24. What do you understand by social advertisement ? Give two examples.	3
25. 'Buying and selling can take place without going to a marketplace.' Explain this statement with the help of examples.	3
26. Describe the conditions of employment as well as the wages of workers in the garment exporting	

factory. 3

27. What were the major ideas expressed by Kabir? How did he express these? 5

OR

What were the major teachings of Baba Guru Nanak?

28. In what ways was the history of the Gonds different from that of the Ahoms? Were there any similarities? 3+2

29. Write some important features of the Amazon basin. 5

30. What is the mass media? Why does mass media need a lot of money? 3+2

31. Locate and label the followings on the political map of India: 5

- a) Narsi Mehta(Gujarat) b) Chaitanya(West Bengal) c) Shankardev(Assam) d) Puri
- e) Lucknow

32. Mark the following airports and sea ports on the given map of the world. 5

- a) Cape Town b) Sydney c) Tokyo d) Buenos Aires e) Chennai

Instructions :-

Class - VII

- (1) All the questions are Compulsory
- (2) Questions from Serial No. 1 to 14 are very short type.
- (3) Questions from Serial No. 15 to 26 are short questions of 3 marks each.
- (4) Questions 27 to 30 are long questions of 5 marks each.
- (5) Question no. 31 is a map question of 5 marks from History and 5 marks from Geography.

- (1) Who wrote the book 'Akbar Nama' ? (1)
- (2) Name the queen of Asha Katanga who bravely fought with the Mughals and preferred to die rather than surrender. (1)
- (3) Who started the construction of the Qutb Minar? (1)
- (4) Who was the propounder of the doctrine of Vishistadvaita ? (1)
- (5) What was Rajasthan called in the British India ? (1)
- (6) Name the thinnest layer of the Earth. (1)
- (7) What is the staple food of the Amazon basin ? (1)
- (8) Which regions are known as the 'orchards of the world' ? (1)
- (9) Name the highest roadways present in the Himalayan Mountains. (1)
- (10) Name the rivers that drain the Velds. (1)
- (11) Name the autobiography of Omprakash Valmiki. (1)
- (12) What do you mean by 'Media' ? (1)
- (13) Name the largest cloth market of Tamil Nadu. (1)

- (14) What is meant by the expression 'power over the ballot box'? (1)
- (15) How was the relationship between the mansabdar and jagirdars in the Mughal Empire? (3)
- (16) What changes took place in the Varna based society in the Medieval India? (3)
- (17) Which rocks are formed from molten magma? Define Sedimentary and Metamorphic rocks. (1+2)
- (18) When was the Civil Rights Act framed in the USA? What do you mean by the Universal Adult Franchise? (1+2)
- (19) What is Manipularalam? Name a book written in that language. (1+2)
- (20) Write the main teachings of Kabir. (3)
- (21) What were the main elements of a Mughal Chahar bagh gardens? (3)
- (22) Why were temples built in Bengal? (3)
- (23) How does advertising affect issues of equality in a democracy? (3)
- (24) Why do people go to a weekly market? Give three reasons. (3)

(25) Mention the uses of- Coniferous forests; (3)

(26) Draw a neat and labelled diagram of- 'interior of the earth'. (3)

(27) What were the features of temples of- Bengal? (5)

(28) What were the main policies of Akbar to strengthen his rule? (5)

OR

What were the main teachings of- the Sufis? (5)

(29) How are extrusive and intrusive rocks formed (5)

OR

Describe about the climate of the velds and the Prairies (5)

(30) What are the provision of equality given in the Constitution? Which article abolishes Untouchability? (5)

OR

What is Media? What is an Independent Media? (5)

(31) On the given maps, mark the following: (5+5=10)

- (a) History - (1) Region of Kabir (2) Delhi
(3) Kingdom of the Ahom
(4) Ajmer (5) Puri

(b) Geography - (1) Amazon Basin

(2) Ladakh

(3) Sahara desert

(4) Airport - London

(5) Seaport - Cairo

