



**General Instructions:**

- Read the instructions carefully before answering the questions.
- Attempt all the questions in each section before going to the next section.
- All the answers must be correctly numbered and written neatly.
- For multiple choice questions, option numbers should be clearly specified along with the answers.
- The paper consists of 4 sections:

Section A – Reading : (16 marks)      Section B – Writing : (18 marks)  
Section C – Grammar : (16 marks)      Section D – Literature : (30 marks)

**SECTION – A : READING (16 Marks)**

**A.1 Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: (8)**

1. Walt Disney, father and a creator of children's one of the most favourite cartoon characters for children Mickey Mouse, and founder of the most fascinating amusement park (world) for children, Disneyland, was truly the greatest entertainer ever born. Walter Elias Disney well known as Walt Disney was born on December 5, 1901 in Chicago, Illinois, USA to Elias Disney who had German roots.
2. At the age of five, Walter got attracted towards drawing and sketching. He even sold some of them to his neighbours when he was about seven years old. When he was in a high school in Chicago, he joined an art academy to learn some more skills in drawing and fine-tune his art. At the age of 18, Walter moved to Kansas and started working as an advertising cartoonist. In 1920, while working, Walter developed his own style and method to represent the cartoons in such a way that they seemed to be alive (which is also called animation). With his new method, he developed a few animated series. His dream was to use his talent to get some business and make animated series or movies. So, he worked hard for three years and made a complete animated movie.
3. Walter came up with a cartoon character, Mickey Mouse in 1928, which he decided to keep as a central character in his animated series and movies. He created cartoons with Mickey Mouse. His first ever cartoon movie with Mickey was 'Plane Crazy' but was never released as it had no sound used in it. So, he created another cartoon movie 'Steamboat Willie, which became Mickey's debut cartoon movie.
4. On November 18, 1928, 'Steamboat Willie' (with sound) was premiered at the Colony Theatre in New York. Disney, who is considered one of the most influential people of 20th Century, biggest entertainer and public hero died on December 15, 1966.

**Answer the following questions**

- (a) Who was the creator of the famous cartoon character Mickey Mouse ?
- (b) When and where was Disney born?
- (c) What was he attracted towards at the age of five?
- (d) Why did he join an art academy?
- (e) What was the new style he developed in 1920?
- (f) Which was Walter's first ever cartoon movie with Mickey?
- (g) Where was 'Steamboat Willie' premiered?
- (h) Find out a word from the passage (**Paragraph - 4**) which means – 'the first showing of a film or a play'  
(i) entertainer      (ii) premiered      (iii) influential      (iv) public

**A.2 Read the poem carefully and answer the questions that follow: (8)**

**The Echoing Green**

1. The sun does arise,  
And make happy the skies.  
The merry bells ring  
To welcome the Spring.
2. The sky-lark and thrush,  
The birds of the bush,  
Sing louder around,  
To the bells' cheerful sound.
3. While our sports shall be seen  
On the Echoing Green.  
Old John, with white hair  
Does laugh away care,

4. Sitting under the oak,  
Among the old folk,  
They laugh at our play,  
And soon they all say.
5. 'Such, such were the joys.  
When we all girls & boys,  
In our youth-time were seen,  
On the Echoing Green.'

By William Blake

**Answer the following questions**

- (a) What makes the sky happy?  
(b) What purpose does the ringing of the merry bells serve in the poem?  
(c) Which are the two birds mentioned in the poem?  
(d) Who were sitting under the oak tree?  
(e) What are the old folk doing?  
(f) What reminds the old folk when they see the children at play?  
(g) Find a word in **stanza 2** which is the antonym of 'sad'.  
(h) Old John has  
(i) brown hair      (ii) white hair      (iii) no hair      (iv) black hair

**SECTION – B : WRITING (18 Marks)**

- B.1** You are Darshit / Darshita of class VI-A. You have lost your geometry box in the classroom. Probably, you have left it on your desk. Write a notice to be put up on the school notice board giving all the necessary details in about 50 words. (5)
- B.2** You are Mahesh/Mahima of class VI. Write a brief report to be published in the school magazine about the Special Assembly held in your school on the occasion of Makar Sankranti ( 75 - 80 words) . (5)
- B.3** You are Smith/Smitha. You recently won the Best Athlete Award on your school's Annual Sports Day. Using the points/hints given below write a letter to your elder sister sharing your feelings. (100-120 words) (8)

**Hints/points**

- extremely happy and excited
- won medals in different categories /events
- hard work and continuous practice paid off
- teachers and friends congratulated
- wish to keep up the good performance in future as well

**OR**

Write a short story based on the hints given below. Give a suitable title to it. (100-120 words)

Ramesh – a poor boy – good at drawing – found a pencil from garbage – came home – started drawing on paper – drew a frog – magic – a real frog out of paper – surprised – next he drew a bicycle – magic again – a beautiful bicycle in front of him – thought of helping others – made sketches of clothes, food, shoes etc. – helped other poor children – happy and satisfied.

**SECTION – C: GRAMMAR (16 Marks)**

- C.1 Fill in the blanks with appropriate coordinating conjunctions.** (2)
- (a) The bus arrived \_\_\_\_ the students got into it .  
(i) for      (ii) but      (iii) or      (iv) and
- (b) He is intelligent \_\_\_\_ careless.  
(i) nor      (ii) so      (iii) but      (iv) for
- C.2 Fill in the blanks with the present perfect tense of the verbs given in the brackets.** (2)
- (a) You \_\_\_\_\_ (never surprise) me with a gift.  
(i) has never surprised      (ii) have never surprised      (iii) had never surprised      (iv) have surprised
- (b) Joy \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) new books.  
(i) had bought      (ii) have bought      (iii) has bought      (iv) had brought
- C.3 Complete the analogies.** (2)
- (a) Angry is to calm as clean is to \_\_\_\_\_.  
(i) dirty      (ii) lost      (iii) neat      (iv) tidy
- (b) Air is to fly as water is to \_\_\_\_\_.  
(i) crawl      (ii) ship      (iii) boat      (iv) swim

- C.4 Identify the kind of adverb that are underlined in the following sentences (2)**
- (a) I shall wait for you outside.  
(i) adverb of manner (ii) adverb of time (iii) adverb of place (iv) none of the above
- (b) The shopkeeper greeted me cheerfully.  
(i) adverb of frequency (ii) adverb of manner (iii) adverb of degree (iv) interrogative adverb
- C.5 Change the following sentences into indirect speech. (2)**
- (a) Roshan said, "I have lived in France for three years".  
(b) The teacher said, "Madhu is working sincerely".
- C.6. Fill in the blanks with appropriate modals according to the clues given in the brackets. (2)**
- (a) \_\_\_\_\_ you open the door, please? (polite request).  
(b) You look tired. You \_\_\_\_\_ have some sleep.(advice)
- C.7 Change the following sentences to passive voice. (2)**
- (a) The tailor stitches the gown.  
(b) Grandma was narrating a story.
- C.8. (a) Write an idiom for: (2)**  
Feel that something is wrong
- (b) Complete the following proverb: (2)**  
Two heads \_\_\_\_\_ .

**SECTION – D : LITERATURE ( 30Marks)**

- D.1 Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow. (3x3=9)**
1. 'He does what he likes with his spade, he soils his clothes with dust, nobody takes him to task, if he gets baked in the sun or gets wet.'
- (a) Who does 'he' refer to?  
(b) What is 'he' doing?  
(c) Name the poem and the poet.
2. Words are the food and dress of thought  
They give it its body and swing  
And everyone's longing today to hear  
Some fresh and beautiful thing;
- (a) According to the poem, what are 'Words'?  
(b) What does everyone wish for?  
(c) Find a word from the extract which is the opposite of 'stale'.
3. 'Halfway up the tree I had built a crude platform where I would spend the afternoons when it was not too hot. I could read there propping myself up against the tree with a cushion from the living room.'
- (a) Who does 'I' refer to?  
(b) How did the speaker spend the afternoons?  
(c) Which tree is mentioned in the above extract?
- D.2 Answer any three of the following questions in about 30-40 words each. (2x3=6)**
- (a) What did the cobra and the mongoose do to show their readiness for the fight?  
(b) Explain the meaning of the underlined phrases from the poem 'The Quarrel'  
(i) And somehow, we fell out.  
(ii) The afternoon turned black.  
(c) Why was Rasheed upset?  
(d) What was the 'game' that every child in the school had to play?
- D.3 Answer any one of the following questions in about 75 words. (5)**
- Algu found himself in a tight spot. What was his problem?  
**OR**  
How do mongooses kill snakes?
- D.4 Answer any three of the following questions in about 30-40 words each. (2x3=6)**
- (a) How did the carpenter trap the lion?  
(b) What changes come in Ali Shar's life after he bought Zumurrud?  
(c) Where did Ali Cogia keep his thousand pieces of gold?  
(d) What was the dream that the duck had?
- D.5 Answer any one of the following questions in about 75 words. (4)**
- How did the young boy judge the case of Ali Cogia and the merchant?  
**OR**  
How did Zumurrud find Alishar?



## सामान्य निर्देश :

- (क) इस प्रश्न-पत्र के चार खण्ड हैं - क, ख, ग और घ।  
 (ख) इस प्रश्न-पत्र में प्रश्नों की कुल संख्या 11 हैं। चारों खण्डों के प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।

## खण्ड - 'क'

## प्रश्न 01. निम्नलिखित अपठित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए -

शिक्षा, मनुष्य को मस्तिष्क और शरीर का उचित प्रयोग सिखाती है। शिक्षा, मनुष्य को ज्ञान के अतिरिक्त गंभीर चिंतन भी प्रदान करती है। बेहतर शिक्षा से ही किसी राष्ट्र का भविष्य तय होता है। स्वतंत्र भारत का संपूर्ण दायित्व आज विद्यार्थियों के कंधों पर है क्योंकि आज जो विद्यार्थी हैं, वे ही कल भारत के नागरिक होंगे। अतएव विद्यार्थियों को चाहिए कि वे अपने भावी जीवन का निर्माण बड़ी सतर्कता और सावधानी के साथ करें। उन्हें प्रत्येक क्षण अपने राष्ट्र, उसकी उन्नति, अपने समाज, अपने धर्म, अपनी संस्कृति को अपनी आँखों के सामने रखकर उस शिक्षा की ओर अग्रसर होना चाहिए जिससे उनके जीवन से राष्ट्र को कुछ शक्ति प्राप्त हो सके। जो विद्यार्थी राष्ट्रीय दृष्टिकोण से अपने जीवन का निर्माण नहीं करते, वे राष्ट्र और समाज के लिए बोझ बन जाते हैं।

- (i) शिक्षा हमें क्या सिखाती है ? (1)  
 (ii) स्वतंत्र भारत का दायित्व किसके ऊपर है ? (1)  
 (iii) राष्ट्र को शक्तिशाली बनाने हेतु विद्यार्थियों का क्या कर्तव्य है ? (1)  
 (iv) किस प्रकार के विद्यार्थी राष्ट्र एवं समाज के लिए बोझ बन जाते हैं ? (1)  
 (v) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश का एक उचित शीर्षक लिखिए। (1)

## खण्ड - 'ख'

## प्रश्न 02. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के निर्देशानुसार उत्तर दीजिए -

- (i) लिंग बदलकर लिखिए - (कोई 2) (2)  
 (क) अध्यापक (ख) गायक (ग) कवयित्री  
 (ii) वचन बदलकर लिखिए - (कोई 2) (2)  
 (क) पुस्तकें (ख) पाठक (ग) आँख  
 (iii) विलोम शब्द लिखिए - (कोई 2) (2)  
 (क) युद्ध (ख) सौभाग्य (ग) स्वाधीन  
 (iv) दो-दो अनेकार्थक शब्द लिखिए - (कोई 2) (2)  
 (क) हरि (ख) पानी (ग) पत्र

## प्रश्न 03. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के निर्देशानुसार उत्तर दीजिए -

- (i) नीचे दिए गए मुहावरों के केवल अर्थ लिखिए - (कोई 2) (2)  
 (क) दाल में काला होना (ख) मक्खियाँ मारना (ग) फूला न समाना  
 (ii) नीचे लिखे वाक्यों में उचित विराम-चिह्न लगाकर पुनः लिखिए - (कोई 2) (2)  
 (क) वे लोग कहाँ चले गए (ख) अरे तुम कब लौटे ? (ग) मैं चिल्लाता रहा वे पीटते रहे।  
 (iii) निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में से विशेषण छाँटकर उनके भेद लिखिए - (कोई 2) (2)  
 (क) दो लड़के मेरे पास आए। (ख) उसके पास थोड़ा आटा है। (ग) मुझे काला घोड़ा पसंद है।  
 (iv) निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में से कारक छाँटकर उनके भेद भी लिखिए - (कोई 2) (2)  
 (क) वह अपनी माँ के लिए दवाई लाया। (ख) मोहन पुस्तक पढ़ रहा है।  
 (ग) घर में सब लोग उपस्थित हैं।

## प्रश्न 04. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के निर्देशानुसार उत्तर दीजिए -

- (i) वाक्यांशों के लिए एक शब्द लिखिए - (कोई 3) (3)  
 (क) जो दूर की सोचता हो। (ख) कम बोलने वाला  
 (ग) जो इस लोक में संभव न हो (घ) सब कुछ जानने वाला  
 (ii) दो-दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए - (कोई 3) (3)  
 (क) दिन (ख) पर्वत (ग) राजा (घ) पुष्प  
 (iii) सर्वनाम शब्द छाँटकर उनके भेद भी लिखिए - (कोई 3) (3)  
 (क) यह इस नगर की धर्मशाला है। (ख) मुझे स्वयं वह काम देखना होगा।  
 (ग) अभी-अभी कौन आया है ? (घ) जैसा करोगे, वैसा भरोगे।

प्रश्न 5. अधोलिखित काव्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए -

मैं सबसे छोटी होऊँ,  
तेरी गोदी में सोऊँ,  
तेरा अंचल पकड़-पकड़कर  
फिरूँ सदा माँ! तेरे साथ,  
कभी न छोड़ूँ तेरा हाथ!  
बड़ा बनाकर पहले हमको  
तू पीछे छलती है मात!  
हाथ पकड़ फिर सदा हमारे  
साथ नहीं फिरती दिन-रात

- (i) कवि और कविता का नाम लिखिए। (2)  
(ii) बालिका माँ के अंचल को क्यों नहीं छोड़ना चाहती? (2)  
(iii) बड़े हो जाने पर बालिका को किस बात का डर है? (1)

प्रश्न 6. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए -

मुझे फूलों की पंखुड़ियों की मखमली सतह छूने और उनकी घुमावदार बनावट महसूस करने में अपार आनंद मिलता है। इस दौरान मुझे प्रकृति के जादू का कुछ अहसास होता है। कभी, जब मैं खुशानसीब होती हूँ, तो टहनी पर हाथ रखते ही किसी चिड़िया के मधुर स्वर कानों में गूँजने लगते हैं। अपनी अँगुलियों के बीच झरने के पानी को बहते हुए महसूस कर मैं आनंदित हो उठती हूँ। मुझे चीड़ की फूँली पत्तियाँ या घास का मैदान किसी भी महँगे कालीन से अधिक प्रिय है। बदलते हुए मौसम का समाँ मेरे जीवन में एक नया रंग और खुशियाँ भर जाता है।

- (i) गद्यांश के पाठ एवं लेखिका का नाम लिखिए। (2)  
(ii) लेखिका को किसमें अपार आनंद मिलता है? (2)  
(iii) लेखिका जब खुशानसीब होती हैं तब वह क्या महसूस करती हैं? (1)

प्रश्न 7. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच के उत्तर लगभग 40-50 शब्दों में दीजिए - (5x4=20)

- (i) राजप्पा ने नागराजन का टिकट-अलबम अँगूठी में क्यों डाल दिया?  
(ii) 'कुछ खास तो नहीं'-हेलेन की मित्र ने यह जवाब किस मौके पर दिया और यह सुनकर हेलेन को आश्चर्य क्यों नहीं हुआ?  
(iii) गोल, चमकीला रोड़ा अपनी क्या कहानी बताता है?  
(iv) कविता में सबसे छोटे होने की कल्पना क्यों की गई है?  
(v) निबंध में लोकगीतों के किन पक्षों की चर्चा की गई है? बिंदुओं के रूप में उन्हें लिखिए।  
(vi) आश्रम में कॉलेज के छात्रों से गांधीजी ने कौन सा काम करवाया और क्यों?  
(vii) नगर से बाहर निकलकर दो पग चलने के बाद सीताजी की क्या दशा हुई?

प्रश्न 8. अनुमान एवं कल्पना के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किसी एक का (लगभग 30-40 शब्दों में) उत्तर दीजिए - (3)

- (i) माँ अपना एक दिन कैसे गुज़ारती हैं? कुछ मौकों पर जैसे मेहमानों के आ जाने पर, घर में किसी के बीमार पड़ जाने पर या त्योहार के दिन माँ की दिनचर्या पर क्या फ़र्क पड़ता है? सोचो और लिखो।  
(ii) ऐसे 6 से 8 कामों की सूची बनाओ जिन्हें तुम हर रोज़ खुद करते हो।

प्रश्न 9. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं सात प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए - (7x1=7)

- (i) 'पतीला' शब्द स्त्रीलिंग है अथवा पुल्लिंग? लिखिए।  
(ii) 'वन के मार्ग में' पाठ के कवि का नाम लिखिए।  
(iii) बालिका कविता के अंत में अपनी माँ से क्या दिखाने का अनुरोध करती है?  
(iv) 'लोक' शब्द में गीत शब्द जुड़कर लोकगीत बना है। इसी तरह एक नया शब्द बनाइए।  
(v) 'रस' शब्द में ईला प्रत्यय जोड़कर शब्द बनाइए।  
(vi) 'निधन' और 'निर्धन' शब्दों के केवल अर्थ लिखिए।  
(vii) लोकगीत पाठ में मैथिल कोकिल के नाम से किस कवि के नाम का उल्लेख है?  
(viii) गांधी जी के आश्रम का नाम बताइए। (नौकर पाठ के आधार पर)  
(ix) मसूरी भारत के किस प्रांत (राज्य) का शहर है?

प्रश्न 10. अपने विद्यालय में आयोजित अंतरविद्यालयीय कविता पाठ प्रतियोगिता में आपने प्रथम पुरस्कार प्राप्त किया है। इसकी जानकारी देते हुए अपनी बड़ी बहन को पत्र लिखिए। (5)

अथवा

अपने बड़े भाई के विवाह में सम्मिलित होने के लिए अपने विद्यालय के प्रधानाचार्य को अवकाश के लिए प्रार्थना-पत्र लिखिए।

प्रश्न 11. निम्नलिखित विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर लगभग 80 से 100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए - (5)

- (i) मेरा भारत महान (ii) प्रातःकाल का दृश्य  
(iii) प्रदूषण की समस्या (iv) रंगो का त्योहार : होली



दिल्ली - पब्लिक- स्कूल , भिलाईनगरम्

वार्षिकी परीक्षा 2022-23

संस्कृतम्

कक्षा - षष्ठी

दिनाङ्कः- 17-02-2023

समयः - 1:30 होरा

पूर्णाङ्कः 40

नाम \_\_\_\_\_

कक्षा /वर्गः \_\_\_\_\_

अनुक्रमाङ्कः \_\_\_\_\_

1. मञ्जूषापदसहायतया प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत - (कोई 04) 1X4=04

वसन्तसमये, पथिकः, प्रियं, ललाटे, नौकाभिः

क. जनाः काभिः जलविहारं कुर्वन्ति ? \_\_\_\_\_

ख. मार्गं कः आगच्छत् ? \_\_\_\_\_

ग. अन्या मक्षिका कुत्र दशति ? \_\_\_\_\_

घ. पिककाकयोः भेदः कदा भवति ? \_\_\_\_\_

ङ. अस्माभिः किं वक्तव्यम् ? \_\_\_\_\_

2. मञ्जूषातः उचितं विलोमपदं चित्वा लिखत - ½ X 6 = 3

सेवकः, नेतुम्, प्रविशति, नीचैः, दुःखितः, मूर्खः,

क) चतुरः \_\_\_\_\_ ख) आनेतुम् \_\_\_\_\_ ग) निर्गच्छति \_\_\_\_\_

घ) स्वामी \_\_\_\_\_ ङ) प्रसन्नः \_\_\_\_\_ च) उच्चैः \_\_\_\_\_

3. यथायोग्यं योजयत - (कोई 04) ½ X 4 = 2

समुद्रतटः जानाय \_\_\_\_\_

क्रीडनकम् पोषणाय \_\_\_\_\_

दुग्धम् प्रकाशाय \_\_\_\_\_

दीपकः पर्यटनाय \_\_\_\_\_

विद्या खेलनाय \_\_\_\_\_

4. मञ्जूषातः शब्दान् चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - ½ X 6 = 3

कृत्वा, गृहीत्वा, गणयित्वा, श्रुत्वा, दृष्ट्वा, तीर्त्वा

(क) ते बालकाः \_\_\_\_\_ नद्याः उत्तीर्णाः ।

(ख) पथिकः बालकान् दुःखितान् \_\_\_\_\_ अपृच्छत् ।

(ग) पुस्तकानि \_\_\_\_\_ विद्यालयं गच्छ ।

(घ) पथिकस्य वचनं \_\_\_\_\_ सर्वे प्रमुदिताः गृहम् अगच्छन् ।

(ङ) पथिकः बालकान् \_\_\_\_\_ अकथयत् दशमः त्वम् असि ।

(च) मोहनः कार्यं \_\_\_\_\_ गृहं गच्छति ।

5. मञ्जूषातः समानार्थकानि पदानि चित्वा लिखत - ग्रन्थे , गरुडः, परिश्रमेण, कथने  $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

क. वचने -----

ग. पुस्तके -----

ख. वैनतेयः -----

घ. उद्यमेन -----

6. शुद्धकथनानां समक्षम् (✓) इति अशुद्धकथनानां समक्षं (X) कुरुत -  $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

(क) दशबालकाः स्नानाय अगच्छन् ।

(ख) ते सुखिताः तूष्णीम् अतिष्ठन् ।

(ग) एकः बालकः नद्यां मग्नः ।

(घ) बालकः स्वं न अगणयत् ।

7. धातुं प्रत्ययं च संयोज्य वियोज्य वा लिखत - (कोई 03)  $1 \times 3 = 03$

क) पठ्+क्त्वा = ----- ख) पत् + क्त्वा = -----

ग) खादित्वा = ----- + क्त्वा घ) धावित्वा = ----- + -----

8. संख्यानां कृते उचितसंस्कृतपदं लिखत - (कोई 06)  $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 03$

सप्त, द्वाविंशतिः, दश, एकः, त्रयः, पञ्चविंशतिः, चत्वारः, षोडश

क) 10 . ----- ख) 01.-----

ग) 22.----- घ) 25 . -----

ङ) 03 ----- च) 16 -----

छ) 04. ----- ज) 07 -----

9. मञ्जूषातः उचित-अर्थं चित्वा लिखत -  $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 03$

(अद्य, श्वः, शनैः, कुत्र, प्रातः, सदा,)

क) हमेशा ----- ख) कहाँ -----

ग) धीरे ----- घ) आज -----

ङ) कल ----- च) सुबह -----

10. संस्कृतभाषायाम् अनुवादं कुरुत - (कोई - 3)  $1 \times 3 = 03$

क) मैं पढ़ता हूँ । -----

ख) वे सब खेलते हैं । -----

ग) तुम लिखते हो । -----

घ) वह दौड़ेगा । -----

ङ) तुम सब हँसोगे। -----

11) पाठ्यपुस्तकात् श्लोकद्वयं लिखत - (कोई दो श्लोक लिखें )

1 x 2 = 2

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12) उचित - धातुरुपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - (कोई 10)

½ X 10 = 05

पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमपुरुषः	_____	पठतः	_____
मध्यमपुरुषः	लिखसि	_____	लिखथ
उत्तमपुरुषः	खेलामि	_____	खेलामः
प्रथमपुरुषः	_____	धावतः	_____
मध्यमपुरुषः	हससि	_____	हसथ
उत्तमपुरुषः	भ्रमामि	भ्रमावः	_____
प्रथमपुरुषः	_____	गर्जिष्यतः	गर्जिष्यन्ति
मध्यमपुरुषः	गमिष्यसि	_____	गमिष्यथ
उत्तमपुरुषः	_____	हसिष्यावः	_____

13) उचित - शब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत । (कोई 10)

½ X 10 = 05

विभक्तिः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमाविभक्तिः	_____	_____	मुनयः
द्वितीयाविभक्तिः	भानुम्	भानू	_____
विभक्तिः	बालिकया	_____	_____
	_____	बालकाभ्याम्	_____
	पुष्पात्	_____	पुष्पेभ्यः
	य	_____	पुष्पाणाम्
		बालकयोः	_____
		_____ !	हे बालकाः !





Name :

Roll No.:

## DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

DATE : 03.03.2023

ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2022 – 2023

Time : 3 Hrs.

CLASS : VI

SUBJECT – SCIENCE

Max. Marks : 80

**General Instructions-**

- There are 38 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
- Q. No. 1 to 10 are **Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)** of 1 mark each.
- Q. No. 11 to 16 are, **very short answer type questions** of 1 mark each.
- Q. No. 17 to 25 are, **short answer type questions** of 2 marks each.
- Q. No. 26 to 34 are, **short answer type questions** of 3 marks each.
- Q. No. 35 is a **paragraph-based question** of 4 marks.
- Q. No. 36 to 38 are **long answer type questions** of 5 marks each.
- There are internal choices in Q. No. 25, 34 and all questions of 5 marks.

- Q.1 Carbohydrates can be tested by using (01)  
(a) caustic soda (b) iodine (c) copper sulphate (d) Fehling's solution
- Q.2 Lead of a pencil is (01)  
(a) an insulator (b) a conductor (c) a semiconductor (d) None of these
- Q.3 Boojho comes across an animal having a streamlined and slippery body. What is the habitat of the animal? (01)  
(a) Water (b) Grassland (c) Desert (d) Mountain
- Q.4 Wind does not help in the movement of (01)  
(a) firki (b) weather cock (c) ceiling fan (d) sailing yacht
- Q.5 Two metre is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ cm. (01)  
(a) 200 (b) 2000 (c) 20 (d) 20000
- Q.6 Which is a natural magnet? (01)  
(a) Bakelite (b) Haemetite (c) Copper (d) Magnetite
- Q.7 Paheli is running short of connecting wires. To complete an electric circuit, she may use a (01)  
(a) glass bangle (b) thick thread (c) rubber pipe (d) steel spoon
- Q.8 Shadow of an object is always (01)  
(a) blue (b) black (c) red (d) None of these
- Q.9 Which of the following component of air is present in the largest amount in the atmosphere? (01)  
(a) Nitrogen (b) Oxygen (c) Water vapour (d) Carbon dioxide
- Q.10 A freely suspended magnet always points in the (01)  
(a) upside down (b) East – West direction  
(c) North – South direction (d) any direction by chance
- Q.11 Define measurement. (01)
- Q.12 What is a habitat? Give one example. (01)
- Q.13 Define mirror. (01)
- Q.14 Name the component of air used by green plants to make their food. (01)
- Q.15 Name any two sources of protein. (01)
- Q.16 Why should an electrician use rubber gloves while repairing an electric switch at your home? Explain. (01)
- Q.17 What are nutrients? Give two examples. (02)
- Q.18 Why do earthworms come out of the soil during rainy season? (02)
- Q.19 What are the different methods by which animals reproduce? Give an example of each. (02)
- Q.20 How do magnets lose their magnetic property? (02)
- Q.21 While measuring the length of a knitting needle, the reading of the scale at one end is 4.0 cm and at the other end is 44.1 cm. What is the length of the needle? (02)
- Q.22 What is the difference between biotic and abiotic components? Give examples. (02)
- Q.23 What are the things required to create a shadow? (02)
- Q.24 What is the purpose of using an electric switch? Name two electrical gadgets that have switches built into them. (02)
- Q.25 Write about the following gases in one or two lines. (02)  
(a) Nitrogen (b) Oxygen
- OR**
- What are the usages of windmill? (Any two points)
- Q.26 What do the various nutrients do for our body? (03)  
(a) Carbohydrates (b) Proteins (c) Vitamins

Contd...2

- Q.27 (i) Why should we not breathe through our mouth? (03)  
(ii) Why do mountaineers carry oxygen cylinders with them?
- Q.28 How have the camels adapted themselves to live in a desert ? (Any three points) (03)
- Q.29 (i) How can you witness a solar eclipse using a pinhole camera? (03)  
(ii) In a completely dark room, if you hold up a mirror in front of you, will you see a reflection of yourself in the mirror? Give reasons.
- Q.30 (i) What are the two parts of measurement? (03)  
(ii) What do you mean by rectilinear motion? Give two examples.
- Q.31 (i) Why does a lump of cotton wool shrink in water? (03)  
(ii) What is the composition of air?
- Q.32 (i) Write any two properties of a magnet. (03)  
(ii) Where are poles of a bar magnet located?
- Q.33 Write an activity to test the presence of fats in food. Draw diagram also. (03)
- Q34. Explain by giving two examples where an object undergoes two types of motions at the same time. (03)

**OR**

Write the similarities and differences between the motion of a bicycle and a ceiling fan that has been switched on.

- Q.35 **Read the following paragraph and answer the following questions. (Any four)** (04)

According to Greek legend, magnetism was first discovered by a shepherd named Magnes, who lived in Magnesia, Greece. Magnes was herding his sheep through the mountains. Suddenly he noticed the iron tip of his stick and nails in his sandals got stuck to a rock. It was later discovered that the said rock had magnetic properties. The stone was named magnetite, named so after the shepherd.

Ancient Chinese sailors used magnets for navigation. People from Ancient Egypt started using magnets to play tricks, by making objects of worship float in mid-air by proper positioning of magnets. The emperor from China used magnets to save his palace by constructing gates made of loadstone. The amours made of metal got attracted to the magnetic gates and prevented them from going any further.

Magnets are a big part of our everyday lives. From our cars to computers, to the great earth we walk every day, magnets are everywhere. Some farmers give their cows a magnet to swallow. This small magnet attracts nails and wire a cow accidentally eats. Without the magnets, the metal would pass through the cow's stomach and damage the cow's other organs. Breakfast cereal often contains iron. Some cereals contain enough iron that its pieces are attracted to a magnet. Cranes use huge electromagnets to pick up scrap metal in junkyards. Electromagnets use electricity to create their power of magnetism. They can be turned on and off when the electricity is turned on and off. Powerful electromagnets are used in high-speed trains, called Maglev trains. These trains will float over its track, reducing friction and allowing the train to run very efficiently. Many roller coasters use electromagnets to push the cars along the tracks.

- (i) Name the country in which magnet was discovered.  
(ii) How ancient Chinese sailors used magnets?  
(iii) Write two uses of electromagnets.  
(iv) Why some farmers give their cow a magnet to swallow?  
(v) Name the shepherd who discovered the magnet? (05)
- Q.36 (i) What is adaptation? What is its importance? (05)  
(ii) List the common characteristics of the living things.(Any two points)  
(iii) How are trees adapted to conditions prevailing in mountain regions? (Any two points)

**OR**

- (i) What are the different types of adaptations found in aquatic plants? (Any two points)  
(ii) How is cactus adapted to survive in a desert?
- Q.37 (i) What are luminous objects? Name two man – made luminous objects. (05)  
(ii) Write an activity to prove that light travels in a straight line. Draw diagram also.

**OR**

- (i) Describe an activity with the help of diagram to show that a mirror changes the direction of light that falls on it.  
(ii) What are transparent objects? Give two examples.
- Q.38 (i) With the help of diagram describe the structure of an electric cell. (05)  
(ii) Why electricity cannot flow in an open circuit?  
(iii) Define filament of a bulb.

**OR**

- (i) Why are electric wires used at homes are covered with plastic?  
(ii) Distinguish between conductors and insulators.  
(iii) Define electric circuit.



**General Instructions:**

- There are 31 questions. All are compulsory.
- Questions 1 to 14 are very short questions of 1 mark each.
- Questions 15 to 26 are short answer questions of 3 marks each.
- Questions 27 to 30 are long answer questions of 5 marks each.
- Question 31 is a map based question. You have to tie the maps inside your main answer script.
- Marks are also indicated against each question. Write answers as per marks.

- Q.01 In which place of Bihar did the Buddha attain enlightenment? (1)
- Q.02 What was the capital of Ashoka's empire? (1)
- Q.03 Which spice was known as black gold because of its high value in the Roman Empire? (1)
- Q.04 Who composed the famous Tamil epic, the Silappadikaram? (1)
- Q.05 Name the capital of the Pallavas. (1)
- Q.06 Which continent is also referred to as an island Continent? (1)
- Q.07 In which continent is the world's longest mountain range located? (1)
- Q.08 Which planet is considered as the 'Earth's twin'? (1)
- Q.09 Which strait separates Sri Lanka from India? (1)
- Q.10 What is the southern most range of the Himalayas called? (1)
- Q.11 How many levels of panchayats are there in the Panchayati Raj System? (1)
- Q.12 Which Revenue officer is also called Lekhpal or Village office in some states? (1)
- Q.13 Which government institution issues licence to open permanent shops in the market in cities? (1)
- Q.14 What are the elected members in the Municipal Corporation called? (1)
- Q.15 Describe the ways in which the Buddha tried to spread his message to the people. (3)
- Q.16 What were the problems that Ashoka wanted to solve by introducing dhamma? (3)
- Q.17 What is Sangam Literature? (3)
- OR**
- What are Punch-marked coins? (3)
- Q.18 Why were the ordinary people attracted to Bhakti? (3)
- OR**
- What are the Puranas? What do they contain? (1+2)
- Q.19 Write any three functions of the Gram Panchayat. (3)
- OR**
- What are the sources of fund for the Panchayat? (3)
- Q.20 Write any three works of the Patwari. (3)
- Q.21 Name any three departments of Municipal Corporation. (3)
- Q.22 In what ways is a permanent Job different from a casual Job? (3)
- Q.23 Why do we see only one side of the moon always? (3)

- Q.24** What are the five major oceans? Which ocean is named after a country? (2½ +½)
- Q.25** What is a delta? Name the delta formed by the Ganga and the Brahmaputra. (2+1)
- Q.26** Draw a neat and labelled diagram of the layers of the Atmosphere. (3)
- Q.27** What were the contributions of Aryabhata in Science and Astronomy? (Any five points) (5)
- OR**
- What are epics? Name two famous Sanskrit epics of India and their authors. In which epic is the Bhagwat Gita included? (2+2+1)
- Q.28** Who wrote a prashasti in praise of Samudragupta? How did it describe the policy of Samudragupta towards other rulers? (1+4)
- OR**
- How was Ashoka's empire ruled? (Any five points) (5)
- Q.29** What is atmosphere? Name the main layers of atmosphere. Which gas helps in the growth of living organisms? (2+2 ½+½)
- OR**
- Describe the locational setting of India. (5)
- Q.30** Write any five works done by the Municipal Corporation? (5)
- OR**
- How is the Gram Panchayat formed? What is the Gram Sabha? (3+2)
- Q.31** On the given map of India, mark the following :- (5)
- (a) History (Any five)**
- |                   |                 |              |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| (a) Ujjain        | (b) Pataliputra | (c) Ajanta   |
| (d) Mahabalipuram | (e) Delhi       | (f) Vallabhi |
- (b) Geography (Any five)** (5)
- |                         |                                 |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (a) The Deccan Plateau  | (b) The Great Indian desert     |
| (c) The Himalayas       | (d) The Eastern Coastal Plains  |
| (e) Lakshadweep Islands | (f) Andaman and Nicobar Islands |



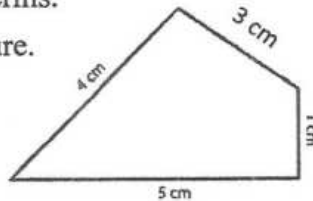
**General Instructions :**

- All questions are compulsory.
- The question paper consists of 30 questions divided into 4 sections A, B, C and D.  
Section A contains 6 questions of 1 mark each.  
Section B contains 6 questions of 2 marks each.  
Section C contains 10 questions of 3 marks each.  
Section D contains 8 questions of 4 marks each.
- There is no overall choice. However, internal choice has been provided in two questions of 1 mark each, 2 questions of 2 marks each, 4 questions of 3 marks each and 3 questions of 4 marks each.
- Use of calculator is not permitted.
- Drawings are not to the scale.

**SECTION – A**

(1x6=6)

01. What is the measure of a straight angle.
02. Write opposite for “A loss of ₹ 700”.  
**OR**  
In the pair (-11, 10) which number lies to the right of the other on the number line.
03. Express  $\frac{38}{9}$  as a mixed fraction.
04. Write “six hundred point eight” as a decimal.  
**OR**  
Write 0.75 as a fraction in lowest terms.
05. Find the perimeter of the given figure.



06. There are 5 cadets in ‘n’ number of rows. What is the rule which gives number of cadets.

**SECTION – B**

(2x6=12)

07. Find the number of right angles turned through by the hour hand of a clock when it goes from 2 to 8.
08. What fraction of an hour is 40 minutes?  
**OR**  
Find  $4\frac{2}{5} - 2\frac{1}{5}$ .
09. Write the following decimals in words  
(a) 108.56 (b) 5.008
10. Find the perimeter of a regular hexagon with each side measuring 8 m.  
**OR**  
A piece of string is 30 cm long. What will be the length of each side if the string is used to form an Equilateral triangle.
11. Give expressions for (a) 7 subtracted from p.  
(b) -p divided by 5
12. Give two equivalent ratios of 6:4

**SECTION – C**

(3x10=30)

13. Draw any line segment say  $\overline{AB}$ . Take any point C lying in between A and B. Measure the lengths of AB, BC and AC. Is  $AB=AC+CB$ ?
14. Represent the integers +5, -1 and -6 on a number line.
15. Find the sum of -312, 39 and 192.

**OR**

Write all the integers between the given pair -4 and 4.

8 Pages

(6)

:: 2 ::

16. Solve :  $4\frac{2}{3} + 3\frac{1}{4}$

17. Siya read 25 pages of a book containing 100 pages. Riya read  $\frac{2}{5}$  of the same book. Who read less.

OR

Find the equivalent fraction of  $\frac{3}{5}$  having

- (a) Denominator 20
- (b) Numerator 9
- (c) Denominator 30

18. Ravi purchased 5 kg 400 g of rice, 2 kg 200 g of sugar and 10 kg 850 g of flour. Find the total weight of his purchases.

OR

Find the sum of  $27.076 + 0.55 + 0.004$

19. Two sides of a triangle are 12 cm and 14 cm. The perimeter of the triangle is 36 cm. What is its third side?

20. Form three expressions using  $y$ , 2 and 7. Every expression must have  $y$  in it. Use only two number operations.

21. There are 20 girls and 15 boys in a class.

- (a) What is the ratio of number of girls to the number of boys?
- (b) What is the ratio of number of girls to the total number of students in the class?

22. With the same centre  $O$ , draw two circles of radii 4 cm and 2.5 cm.

OR

Draw any line segment  $\overline{AB}$ . Mark any point  $M$  on it. Through  $M$ , draw a perpendicular to  $\overline{AB}$  (Use ruler and compasses).

SECTION - D

(4x8=32)

23. Name the types of following triangles.

- (a)  $\triangle ABC$  with  $AB=8$  cm,  $AC=7$ cm and  $BC=6$ m.
- (b)  $\triangle PQR$  such that  $PQ=QR=PR=5$ cm.
- (c)  $\triangle DEF$  with  $m\angle D = 90^\circ$ .
- (d)  $\triangle XYZ$  with  $m\angle y = 90^\circ$  and  $XY = YZ$

OR

Explain what a diagonal is ? Draw a rough sketch of a pentagon and draw its diagonals. How many diagonals a pentagon has?

24. Use number line and add the integers :  $(-2) + 8 + (-4)$

OR

Find : (a)  $35 - (20)$       (b)  $(-15) - (-18)$       (c)  $(-7) - 8 - (-25)$

25. Anu and Sonu have bookshelves of the same size partly filled with books. Anu's shelf is  $\frac{5}{6}$  th full and Sonu's shelf is  $\frac{2}{5}$  th full. Whose bookshelf is more full and by what fraction?

26. Ramesh spent ₹ 85.75 for maths book and ₹ 62.60 for science book. Find the total amount spent by Ramesh?

27. Find the cost of fencing a rectangular park of length 175 m and breadth 125 m at the rate of ₹ 12 per m.

28. In a year, Seema earns ₹ 1,50,000 and saves ₹ 50,000. Find the ratio of  
(a) Money that Seema earns to the money she saves.  
(b) Money that she saves to the money she spends.

OR

Cost of a dozen pencils is ₹ 180 and cost of 8 ball pens is ₹ 56. Find the ratio of the cost of a pencil to the cost of ball pen.

29. Draw  $\overline{AB}$  of length 7.8 cm and find its Axis of Symmetry.

30. Construct the following angles using ruler and compasses.

- (a)  $120^\circ$
- (b)  $135^\circ$



**Q1. Fill in the blanks (one mark each) (5)**

- a. The button used to enlarge the active application window is called \_\_\_\_\_ button.
- b. The SQRT function returns the \_\_\_\_\_ of the given number.
- c. \_\_\_\_\_ module helps us to preview the animation created.
- d. A good flowchart will use \_\_\_\_\_ symbol.
- e. The \_\_\_\_\_ statement is user to display output.

**Q2. TRUE or FALSE (one mark each) (5)**

- a. INPUT statement is used to take values from the user.
- b. Algorithm and Flowchart are the same thing.
- c. We cannot create Bar chart in Calc.
- d. We can not add animation effects in Tupi 2D software.
- e. Kubuntu is a popular variant of Ubuntu operating system.

**Q3. MCQ's (Multiple Choice Questions) (one mark each) (10)**

- I. Which of the setting is used to change the location of the dock.  
(a) Background (b) appearance (c) power (d) display
- II. Which of these option is not present in the settings dialog box?  
(a) Sound (b) power (c) output (d) date & time
- III. The cell address in the formula is known as \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Range (b) Cell reference (c) Mixed reference (d) none of these
- IV. In the \_\_\_\_\_ chart bars are placed horizontally.  
(a) Bar (b) column (c) Area (d) Line
- V. The Animation, News and Player button are located on the \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Menu bar (b) Workspace (c) Modules tab (d) None of these
- VI. Which of the following options is used to exit the Tupi 2D window?  
(a) File→Quit (b) File→Exit (c) File→Close (d) None of these
- VII. A flowchart is a graphical representation of a/an \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Program (b) algorithm (c) symbol (d) none of these
- VIII. A computer programmer draws a \_\_\_\_\_ before writing a computer program.  
(a) Chart (b) Flowchart (c) Scenery (d) Syntax
- IX. Which key is used to run a program in BASIC-256?  
(a) Enter (b) F5 (c) F10 (d) F12
- X. Which of the following is an operator in BASIC-256?  
(a) \$ (b) # (c) ! (d) ^

**Q4. Very short answer type questions (4 \* 2 marks each) (8)**

- 1. What is algorithm?
- 2. What is animation?
- 3. What is cell referencing?
- 4. What is the use of control buttons?

**Q5. Short answer type questions (4 \* 3 marks each) (12)**

- 1. Write the steps to open setting dialog box.
- 2. What do you mean by Formula? Explain with example.
- 3. What is meant by Flowchart?
- 4. Define any one component of the Basic-256 environment

**Q6. Long answer type questions (2 \* 5 marks each) (10)**

- 1. Describe the use of Process and Input / Output box in a flowchart?
- 2. Differentiate between Column Chart and Bar Chart.



Name of the student: \_\_\_\_\_

Class/Sec. \_\_\_\_\_ Roll No. \_\_\_\_\_

Invigilator's Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Marks obtained : \_\_\_\_/50

**Note :**

- The question paper consists of 2 pages.
- There are 50 questions.
- Each question carries 1 mark each.

- South West Africa is now called as \_\_\_\_\_
- This is not capable of being broken down by organisms into inorganic compounds. \_\_\_\_\_
- First to dissect a human body. \_\_\_\_\_
- Persia is now called as \_\_\_\_\_
- It is the ideal habitat for the great one – horned rhinos in Assam. \_\_\_\_\_
- It has transformed the world because it provides easy access to information from all over the world at any time. \_\_\_\_\_
- Largest inhabited castle \_\_\_\_\_
- Suspended Particulate Matter that leads to lung cancer. \_\_\_\_\_
- This invention helps us to build and repair things \_\_\_\_\_
- It helps us in saving lives, preventing infections and curing several diseases. \_\_\_\_\_

- |                   |                            |                      |            |               |
|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|------------|---------------|
| a. Windsor Castle | b. Non-biodegradable       | c. Tools             | d. SPM.    | e. Antibiotic |
| f. Iran           | g. Kaziranga National Park | h. Andreas Vesalius. | i. Namibia | j. Internet   |

**CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION:**

- Which method of treatment uses flower extracts and pleasant-smelling botanical oils such as rose, lemon and lavender?  
a. Physiotherapy    b. Chemotherapy    c. Aromatherapy    d. Neurotherapy
- Which form of Yoga inculcates the principle of controlled breathing?  
a. Pranayama    b. Shiatsu    c. Kapalbharti    d. None of these
- "A single step for a man, a giant leap for mankind." These famous words were said by –  
a. John F Kennedy    b. Neil Armstrong    c. Lord Byron    d. Socrates
- "A child is the father of man." These famous words were said by –  
a. William Wordsworth    b. John F Kennedy    c. Neil Armstrong    d. Socrates
- It is a rear weather phenomenon. In which the cooler air is trapped near the earth's surface by warmer air above. This fills the Grand Canyon in the USA with dense white fog at the end of November each year.  
a. Temperature Inversion    b. Welo Opal    c. Pingo    d. Natural Arch
- The hero is an orphan, born in a workhouse and maltreated by his master, Bumble. Unhappy there, he runs away to London where he meets Artful Dodger and joins a pickpocket gang led by Fagin. He is then kidnapped by a gang. At the end, he finally finds the family he had wished for. The author of this book is-  
a. Jonathan Swift    b. J K Rowling    c. Lewis Carroll    d. Charles Dickens
- It is a giant natural balancing rock in Mahabalipuram near Chennai (Tamil Nadu). Its diameter is 5 metres. It stands on a smooth slope.  
a. Krishna's butter ball    b. Ajanta    c. Kumbhalgarh    d. Ellora
- The Indian flag is hoisted here every year, to celebrate India's Independence Day.  
a. Hawa Mahal, Rajasthan    c. Red Fort, New Delhi  
b. Agra Fort, Agra (U.P.)    d. Golconda Fort, Hyderabad
- A French chemist, he devised the first vaccine for humans, thereby saving millions of lives by long term prevention of diseases. He developed vaccines for anthrax, chickenpox, cholera and rabies.  
a. Andrea Vesalius    b. Edward Jenner    c. Louis Pasteur    d. William Harvey
- An Indian tennis player known for her powerful forehand ground strokes, she is the Indian flag bearer at the world tennis circuit.  
a. Sania Mirza    b. Mary Kom    c. Saina Nehwal    d. Mitali Raj



21. It is a mound of earth-covered ice, found in the Arctic and subarctic regions. It can reach up to 70 meters in height and up to 600 meters in diameter. 
  - a. Temperature Inversion
  - b. Welo Opal
  - c. Pingo
  - d. Natural Arch
22. It was the capital of the Mughal Empire for a short time. 
  - a. Hawa Mahal, Rajasthan
  - b. Agra Fort, Agra (U.P.)
  - c. Red Fort, New Delhi
  - d. Golconda Fort, Hyderabad
23. Which therapeutic practice involves inserting very fine needles into the skin to stimulate specific points in the body? 
  - a. Accupuncture
  - b. Reiki
  - c. Tai- chi
  - d. Neurotherapy
24. 'Phulkari' embroidery belongs to which state? 
  - a. Bihar
  - b. Gujrat
  - c. Punjab
  - d. Odisha
25. It is the symbol of ancient Greece and a temple of Greek goddess Athena whom the people of Athens consider their protector. 
  - a. Kukulkan Pyramid
  - b. Eiffel Tower
  - c. Roman Colosseum
  - d. Partheon
26. This village in Ahmed Nagar district, Maharashtra, is famous for the fact that no house in the village has doors. Despite this, no theft was reported in this village until 2010. 
  - a. Shani Shinganapur
  - b. Cherrapunji
  - c. Azamgarh
  - d. Aurnagabad

**FILL IN THE BLANKS**

27. This Handicraft means 'sewing **with gold**' \_\_\_\_\_
28. The paintings in these 600 caves are about 9,000 years old, making them the oldest paintings in the world \_\_\_\_\_
29. It is the global icon of Australia, a multi – venue performing arts centre. It provides over 1,500 performances each year, attended by approximately 1.2 million people. \_\_\_\_\_
30. It is the largest single stone staute. \_\_\_\_\_
31. She is the author of Harry Potter Series \_\_\_\_\_
32. It is the biggest stadium in the world (can accommodate 1,14,000 spectators). \_\_\_\_\_
33. He is one of the greatest batsmen in the history of cricket, leading run – scorer and century maker in Tests and ODI. He is the first player to score a double century in the history of ODI cricket. He is also known as the Little Master or Master Blaster. \_\_\_\_\_
34. It is the tallest building (828 m high) \_\_\_\_\_
35. What kind of coat can only be put on when wet? \_\_\_\_\_
36. What gets wetter and wetter, the more it dries? \_\_\_\_\_
37. The shortest complete sentence in English Language \_\_\_\_\_
38. A word in English language with only one vowel that occurs six times. \_\_\_\_\_
39. The only word in English Language with three consecutive sets of double letters. \_\_\_\_\_
40. What building has the most stories? \_\_\_\_\_
41. The longest English word without any vowel \_\_\_\_\_
42. What can travel around the world while staying in a corner? \_\_\_\_\_
43. Name the author of the book Alice in Wonderland. \_\_\_\_\_

**SOLVE THE FOLLOWING**

44.  $10 \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 4 \\ \hline 20 \\ \hline \end{array} 8$        $6 \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 2 \\ \hline 18 \\ \hline \end{array} 6$        $12 \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 8 \\ \hline ? \\ \hline \end{array} 10$       Ans. ....
45.  $\begin{array}{|c|} \hline 12 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$        $\begin{array}{|c|} \hline 16 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline 16 \\ \hline \end{array}$        $\begin{array}{|c|} \hline 20 \\ \hline 10 \\ \hline 20 \\ \hline \end{array}$        $\begin{array}{|c|} \hline 10 \\ \hline 4 \\ \hline ? \\ \hline \end{array}$       Ans. ....

**CURRENT AFFAIRS**

46. Name the President of India. \_\_\_\_\_
47. Which country won the FIFA world Cup in 2022? \_\_\_\_\_
48. Name the Chief minister of Chhattisgarh \_\_\_\_\_
49. When is International Yoga Day celebrated? \_\_\_\_\_
50. How many Vande Bharat trains are running in India? \_\_\_\_\_