



General Instructions :

- Read the instructions carefully before answering the questions.
- Attempt all the questions in each section before going to the next section.
- All the answers must be correctly numbered and written neatly.
- For multiple choice questions, option numbers should be clearly specified along with the answers.
- The paper consists of 4 sections:
Section A – Reading: (16 marks) Section B – Writing: (18 marks)
Section C – Grammar: (16 marks) Section D – Literature: (30 marks)

Section – A : READING (16 Marks)

A.1 Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: (8)

Nawabi Glory

1. Hazarduari Palace, earlier known as the Bara Kothi, is located in the campus of Kila Nizamat in Murshidabad, West Bengal. It has 1000 doors as the name suggests. Out of them 900 are false. The false doors were meant to confuse intruders and catch them. The palace was built by architect Duncan MacLeod. The foundation stone was laid by Nawab Najim Humaun Jah.
2. Located on the banks of the Bhagirathi river, it has a grand staircase in the front façade, which is one of the largest staircases in India. A showcase of Indo-European architecture, the palace was the venue of durbars between the Nawabs and the Britishers.
3. The Durbar hall has a grand chandelier which was gifted to the Nawab by Queen Victoria. It also served as the residence of British officials of high rank. It has now been converted into a museum and it has a rich collection of Nawabi furniture, antiques and paintings.

Choose the correct option.

1. The palace was named Hazarduari, because:
(a) It was built in Murshidabad (b) It was designed by an architect
(c) It has 1000 doors (d) It has largest staircase
2. The purpose of the false doors was:
(a) To protect the remaining 100 doors (b) To confuse the intruders.
(c) To make the palace more beautiful. (d) To save wood and other material
3. The palace was built by
(a) Nawab Najim Hamaun Jah (b) Queen Victoria
(c) People of West Bengal (d) Duncan Mac Leod
4. The palace was built on the banks of the river
(a) Bhagirathi (b) Yamuna (c) Narmada (d) Kaveri
5. The grand staircase is special, because
(a) It is one of the largest staircases in India (b) It is located in the back facade
(c) It leads the visitors to the upper floor (d) It was the architect's dream come true
6. Presently, the palace is
(a) the venue of durbars between the Nawabs and the Britishers
(b) the residence of British officials
(c) in the hands of the British queen
(d) converted into a museum
7. Find a word from the passage (para 2) which means 'the front part of a building'.
8. Find a word from the passage (para 3) which is the antonym of 'modern'.

A.2. Read the poem carefully and answer the questions that follow: (8)

A Letter to Grown-ups

Dear Grown-ups

1. Please leave all the flowers there
And do not cut down the trees.
We need the trees to make fresh air
And flowers to feed the bees.

2. Please do not always use your car
To take you everywhere,
Because the fumes go very far
And heat the atmosphere.
3. Then soon the sun will be too hot
And all the plants will die.
So please get out and walk a lot
To see the clear blue sky.
4. Then we will run and jump and play
And grow up strong and tall.
Then we will be happy everyday
And we will thank you all.

Choose the correct option.

1. In this poem, the child poet is making an appeal to
(a) her teachers (b) her parents (c) all the elders (d) fellow children
2. The flowers should not be plucked, because
(a) they are beautiful (b) they feed the bees
(c) they are useful for future (d) they give fragrance
3. If we want to get fresh air
(a) we should cut the trees (b) we should use air conditions
(c) we should keep bees in the garden (d) we should save the trees
4. Too much use of vehicles like cars ----- the atmosphere
(a) cools (b) protects (c) heats (d) helps
5. One can enjoy the nature's beauty
(a) in books (b) on T,V shows (c) by moving around in a car (d) by going out for a walk
6. The poet and others will be thankful to all for
(a) protecting the environment (b) enjoying the clear blue sky
(c) growing up strong and tall (d) heating the atmosphere
7. Find a word in (stanza 1) which is the antonym of 'stale'.
8. Find a word in (stanza 2) which means 'smoke'.

Section – B: WRITING (18 Marks)

- B.1. You are Tanmay/Tanisha. You have lost your watch in the playground during recess. Write a notice to be put up on the school notice board giving all the necessary details in about 50 words. (5)
- B.2. You are Akshat/Akshita of class VI. Your school recently organised Poster Making Competition on 'Save Water'. Write a brief report to be published in the school magazine in about 80 - 100 words. (5)
- B.3. You are Kavi/Kavita. Your sister is staying in a boarding school. Write a letter to your sister advising her to do yoga and meditation in daily routine, outlining their benefits for a healthy mind and body. (120 words) (8)

Include the points given below:

- Breathing exercises
- Physically fit and mentally alert
- Meditation – increases the ability to stay cool and calm
- Remain active throughout the day
- Away from diseases
- Decreases stress level

OR

Write a short story based on the hints given below. Give a suitable title. (100-120 words)

A lion in jungle—asleep—a mouse came—began jumping—ran up and down lion's body—lion woke up—angry—placed his paw over mouse—mouse begged for mercy—promised to help lion someday—lion laughed—released mouse—some days later—hunters in the jungle—lion trapped in snare—the mouse saw—came—cut the ropes—lion free—thanked the mouse.

Contd...3

Section – C : GRAMMAR (16 Marks)

C.1. Fill in the blanks with appropriate coordinating conjunctions. (2)

- (a) You must apologise _____ you will be dismissed.
(i) so (ii) but (iii) or (iv) and
- (b) The weather was fine _____ the sea was calm.
(i) and (ii) so (iii) but (iv) yet

C.2. Fill in the blanks with the past continuous tense of the verbs given in the brackets. (2)

- (a) The boys _____ (make) a noise when the teacher entered the classroom.
(i) was making (ii) were making (iii) has been making (iv) have been making
- (b) A strange figure _____ (follow) him.
(i) had been following (ii) have been following (iii) were following (iv) was following

C.3. Choose the appropriate modals from the following options. (2)

- (a) _____ you buy me some woollens, please?
(i) can (ii) could (iii) shall (iv) should
- (b) _____ God bless you with peace and contentment!
(i) will (ii) would (iii) may (iv) might

C.4 Identify the kinds of sentences (2)

- (a) Put this notice on the notice board.
(i) assertive (ii) imperative (iii) negative (iv) interrogative
- (b) What a nuisance it is!
(i) exclamatory (ii) declarative (iii) imperative (iv) interrogative

C.5. Change the following sentences into indirect speech. (2)

- (a) Margaret said, "I have finished my work".
- (b) Suresh said, "Anuj is working independently".

C.6. Pick out adverbs in the following sentences. (2)

- (a) The sage advised the king wisely. (adverb of manner)
- (b) The meeting will take place tomorrow. (adverb of time)

C.7. Change the following sentences to passive voice. (2)

- (a) The doctor gave the medicine.
- (b) The Principal is delivering a speech.

C.8. (a) Write an idiom for: (2)

- to lead a life of misery
- (b) Complete the following proverb:
Birds of a _____ .

Section – D : LITERATURE (30Marks)

D.1. Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow. (3x3=9)

1. 'There is nothing to hurry him on, there is no road he must take, no place he must go to, no time when he must come home'.

- a) Who does 'he' refer to?
b) What is 'he' doing?
c) Name the poet.

2. 'They had seen these preparations for battle, and had settled on the cactus to watch the outcome. Had they been content only to watch, all would have been well with both of them'.

- a) Who are 'they' in the above lines?
- b) What were they watching?
- c) Name the lesson from which the above extract is taken.

3. 'The real aim of this school is not so much to teach thought as to teach thoughtfulness—kindness to others, and being responsible citizens. Look out of the window a minute, will you?'

- a) Who is the speaker of the above lines?
- b) Who does 'you' refer to ?
- c) What was the real aim of this school?

D.2. Answer any three of the following questions in about 30-40 words each. (2x3=6)

- a) Give the meaning of the following lines from the poem 'The Quarrel'.
 - 1. Thumped me on the back
 - 2. One thing led to another
- b) Why do you think the writer visited Miss Beam's school?
- c) In the poem 'Beauty' how does the poet hear the beauty?
- d) What did the myna do finally?

D.3. Answer any one of the following questions in about 75 words. (5)

Describe Kalpana Chawla's first mission in space?

OR

How does the hump of the camels help them to survive when there is no water?

D.4. Answer any three of the following questions in about 30-40 words each. (2x3=6)

- a) Where did Ali Cogia keep his thousand pieces of gold?
- b) What does the word 'Zumurrud' mean? Why did she go to Ali Shar?
- c) What according to the schoolmaster were contents of the letter?
- d) Why did Ali Cogia wish to go to Mecca and what preparations did he make for himself?

D.5. Answer any one of the following questions in about 75 words. (4)

What advice was given to Ali Shar by his father?

OR

What preparations did the illiterate schoolmaster did before opening the school?





दिल्ली पब्लिक स्कूल, भिलाई

दिनांक - 04.03.2022

वार्षिक परीक्षा, 2021-22

समय - 3 घण्टे

कक्षा - छठवीं

विषय - हिन्दी

पूर्णांक - 80

सामान्य निर्देश :

- (क) इस प्रश्न-पत्र के चार खण्ड हैं - क, ख, ग और घ।
(ख) इस प्रश्न-पत्र में प्रश्नों की कुल संख्या 18 है। चारों खण्डों के प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।

खण्ड - 'क'

प्रश्न 01. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए -

महावीर स्वामी के बचपन का नाम वदर्धमान था। उनके पिता का नाम सिद्धार्थ और माता का नाम मिशाल देवी था। वे बचपन से ही अत्यंत गंभीर रहते थे क्योंकि समाज में प्रचलित ढोंग, अंधविश्वास, ऊँच-नीच की भावना और जीव-हत्या उन्हें बेचैन करती थी। यज्ञ के नाम पर पशुओं की हत्या से भी परेशान थे। तीस वर्ष की आयु में वे घर-बार छोड़कर शांति की खोज में निकल पड़े। शांति और सत्य की खोज के लिए उन्होंने तपस्या का मार्ग अपनाया। बारह वर्षों की कठिन तपस्या के पश्चात् उन्हें ज्ञान प्राप्त हुआ। उसके बाद वे 'महावीर' कहलाए। उन्होंने जिस धर्म का प्रचार किया वह जैन धर्म के नाम से जाना जाता है। उनकी मुख्य शिक्षा थी कि अहिंसा व्रत का पालन करो और किसी का दिल मत दुखाओ। जैन धर्म मानने वालों को उन्होंने मुख्य रूप से दो बातों का पालन करने का निर्देश दिया-दूसरों के अपराध क्षमा कर दो और विनयशील बनो।

- (क) गद्यांश का उचित शीर्षक लिखिए। (1)
(ख) महावीर स्वामी बचपन में गंभीर क्यों रहते थे? (1)
(ग) शांति और सत्य की खोज के लिए उन्होंने कौन-सा मार्ग चुना? (1)
(घ) महावीर स्वामी ने कौन-सा धर्म चलाया? (1)
(ङ) उस धर्म के मानने वालों की महावीर स्वामी ने किन दो बातों का पालन करने का निर्देश दिया? (1)

खण्ड - 'ख'

निर्देश के अनुसार उत्तर लिखिए -

- प्रश्न 02 वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द लिखिए - (कोई 3) (3)
(i) कम बोलने वाला (ii) साथ में काम करने वाला
(iii) आँखों के सामने होने वाला (iv) जो दूर की सोचता हो
- प्रश्न 03 निम्नलिखित शब्दों के दो-दो पर्यायवाची लिखिए - (कोई 3) (3)
(i) पर्वत (ii) बिजली (iii) वायु (iv) पृथ्वी
- प्रश्न 04 निम्नलिखित शब्दों के दो-दो अनेकार्थक लिखिए - (कोई 3) (3)
(i) उत्तर (ii) बल (iii) जड़ (iv) पानी
- प्रश्न 05 विलोम शब्द लिखिए - (कोई 3) (3)
(i) साकार (ii) मान (iii) शुद्ध (iv) सज्जन
- प्रश्न 06 लिंग बदलिए - (कोई 3) (3)
(i) गायक (ii) वीर (iii) युवक (iv) सेवक
- प्रश्न 07 बहुवचन लिखिए - (कोई 2) (2)
(i) परीक्षा (ii) गुरु (iii) रास्ता
- प्रश्न 08 नीचे दिए गए वाक्यों में से सर्वनाम शब्द छँटकर उनके भेद भी लिखिए - (कोई 2) (2)
(i) जो जैसा करेगा, वह वैसा फल ही पाएगा। (ii) पिताजी से कोई मिलने आया है।
(iii) यह मेरी दीदी है।
- प्रश्न 09 निम्नलिखित शब्दों से विशेषण बनाइए - (कोई 2) (2)
(i) भूगोल (ii) कठिनाई (iii) पर्वत
- प्रश्न 10. नीचे लिखे वाक्यों में उचित विराम-चिह्न लगाइए - (कोई 2) (2)
(i) अरे तुम कब लौटे (ii) उसने रात दिन मेहनत की
(iii) 15 अगस्त 1947 को भारत आज़ाद हुआ
- प्रश्न 11 (क) निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक मुहावरे का अर्थ लिखिए - (1)
(i) दाँत खट्टे करना (ii) बाल-बाल बचना
(ख) मुँह में पानी भर आना (केवल वाक्य प्रयोग कीजिए) (1)

खण्ड - 'ग'

प्रश्न 12. अधोलिखित काव्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए - (2+2+1=5)

अपने कर से खिला, धुला मुख,
धूल पोंछ, सज्जित कर गात,
थमा खिलौने, नहीं सुनाती
हमें सुखद परियों की बात!
ऐसी बड़ी न होऊँ मैं।
तेरा स्नेह न खोऊँ मैं,
तेरे अंचल की छाया में
छिपी रही निस्पृह निर्भय,
कहूँ-दिखा दे चंद्रोदय!

- (क) कवि और कविता का नाम लिखिए।
(ख) बालिका को माँ के अंचल में क्या अहसास होता है ?
(ग) माँ बालिका को किसकी कहानी सुनाती है ?

प्रश्न 13. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए -

आश्रम के लिए बाहर बने कुएँ से पानी खींचने का काम भी वे रोज करते थे। एक दिन गांधीजी कुछ अस्वस्थ थे और चक्की का आटा पीसने के काम में हिस्सा बँटा चुके थे। उनके एक साथी ने उन्हें थकावट से बचाने के लिए अन्य आश्रमवासियों की सहायता से सभी बड़े-छोटे बर्तनों में पानी भर डाला। गांधीजी को यह बात पसंद नहीं आई, मन में कुछ ठेस भी लगी। उन्होंने बच्चों के नहाने का एक टब उठा लिया और कुएँ से उसमें पानी भरकर टब को सिर पर उठाकर आश्रम में ले आए।

- (क) गद्यांश के पाठ एवं लेखक का नाम लिखिए। (2)
(ख) गांधी जी रोज क्या काम करते थे ? (1)
(ग) गांधी जी को थकावट से बचाने के लिए उनके एक साथी ने क्या किया ? (2)

प्रश्न 14. अनुमान एवं कल्पना के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किसी एक का (लगभग 30-40 शब्दों में) उत्तर दीजिए-(3)

- (क) राजप्पा अलबम के जलाए जाने की बात नागराजन को क्यों नहीं कह पाता है ? अगर वह कह देता तो क्या कहानी के अंत पर कुछ फ़र्क पड़ता ? कैसे ?
(ख) हर चीज़ के निर्माण की एक कहानी होती है, जैसे मकान के निर्माण की कहानी, कुर्सी, गद्दे, रजाई के निर्माण की कहानी हो सकती है। कल्पना करो यदि रसगुल्ला अपने निर्माण की कहानी सुनाने लगे तो वह किस प्रकार अपनी कहानी सुनाएगा ? अपने शब्दों में लिखिए।

प्रश्न 15. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच के उत्तर लगभग 40-50 शब्दों में दीजिए - (5x4=20)

- (i) लेखक ने राजप्पा के टिकट इकट्ठा करने की तुलना मधुमक्खी से क्यों की ?
(ii) 'जिन लोगों के पास आँखे हैं, वे सचमुच बहुत कम देखते हैं'-हेलेन केलर को ऐसा क्यों लगता था ?
(iii) लाखों-करोड़ों वर्ष पहले हमारी धरती कैसी थी ?
(iv) कविता में 'ऐसी बड़ी न होऊँ मैं' क्यों कहा गया है ? क्या तुम भी हमेशा छोटे बने रहना पसंद करोगे ?
(v) गांधी जी ने श्रीमती पोलक के बच्चे का दूध कैसे छुड़वाया ?
(vi) लेखक ने 'प्रकृति के अक्षर' किन्हें कहा है ?

प्रश्न 16. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं सात प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए - (7)

- (i) 'जो देखकर भी नहीं देखते' पाठ के लेखक/लेखिका का नाम बताइए।
(ii) 'दिन' और 'दीन' शब्दों का केवल अर्थ लिखिए।
(iii) 'चमक' शब्द में ईला प्रत्यय जोड़कर विशेषण बनाइए।
(iv) 'सेवा' शब्द स्त्रीलिंग है अथवा पुल्लिंग ?
(v) 'टिकट अलबम' पाठ गद्य की कौन-सी विधा है ?
(vi) नागराजन की बहन का नाम बताइए।
(vii) मसूरी और इलाहाबाद भारत के किन प्रांतों के शहर हैं ?
(viii) रंगाई शब्द किस क्रिया से बनी है ?

खण्ड - 'घ'

प्रश्न 17. विद्यालय में जूडो-कराटे/कुंग-फू के प्रशिक्षण की सुविधाएँ उपलब्ध कराने का आग्रह करते हुए विद्यालय के प्रधानाचार्य को पत्र लिखिए। (5)

अथवा

अपने विद्यालय में आयोजित अंतरविद्यालयी कविता प्रतियोगिता में प्रथम पुरस्कार प्राप्त करने पर अपनी बहन को पत्र लिखिए।

प्रश्न 18. निम्नलिखित विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर लगभग 100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद-लेखन कीजिए- (5)

- (क) प्रातःकाल का दृश्य (ख) स्वदेश-प्रेम
(ग) प्रदूषण की समस्या (घ) रंगों का त्योहार : होली



दिल्ली - पब्लिक- स्कूल , भिलाईनगरम्
वार्षिकी परीक्षा
संस्कृतम्

समय: - 1:30 होरा

पूर्णाङ्कः: 40

नाम _____ कक्षा /वर्गः _____ अनुक्रमाङ्कः _____ वीक्षकस्य हस्ताक्षरम् _____

कक्षा - षष्ठी

दिनांक:- 23-02-2022

1. मञ्जूषापदसहायता प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत -

प्रियं, पथिकः, अवकाशं, ललाटे

1X4=04

क. अजीजः गृहं गन्तुं किं वाञ्छति ? _____

ख. मार्गं कः आगच्छत् ? _____

ग. अन्या मक्षिका कुत्र दशति ? _____

घ. अस्माभिः किं वक्तव्यम् ? _____

2. मञ्जूषातः उचितं विलोमपदं चित्वा लिखत - (कोई 4)

आगच्छति, श्वेतः,

½ X 4 = 2

क) सार्थकः _____ ख) कृष्णः _____

सुप्तस्य, उक्तम्, निरर्थकः

ग) अनुक्तम् _____ घ) गच्छति _____ ङ) जागृतस्य _____

3. मञ्जूषातः समानार्थकानि पदानि चित्वा लिखत -

1X4=04

क. वचने _____

ख. वैनतेयः _____

ग. पुस्तके _____

घ. उद्यमेन _____

ग्रन्थे, गरुडः, परिश्रमेण, कथने

4. शुद्धकथनानां समक्षम् (✓) इति अशुद्धकथनानां समक्षं (X) कुरुत -

½ X 4 = 2

(क) एकः बालकः नद्यां मग्नः ।

(ख) ते सुखिताः तूष्णीम् अतिष्ठन् ।

(ग) कोऽपि पथिकः न आगच्छत् ।

(घ) सर्वे वाटिकायाम् अभ्रमन् ।

5. मञ्जूषातः शब्दान् चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत -

½ X 6 = 3

गणयित्वा, श्रुत्वा, दृष्ट्वा, कृत्वा, गृहीत्वा, तीर्त्वा

(क) ते बालकाः _____ नद्याः उत्तीर्णाः ।

(ख) पथिकः बालकान् दुःखितान् _____ अपृच्छत् ।

(ग) पुस्तकानि _____ विद्यालयं गच्छ ।

(घ) पथिकस्य वचनं _____ सर्वे प्रमुदिताः गृहम् अगच्छन् ।

(ङ) पथिकः बालकान् _____ अकथयत् दशमः त्वम् असि ।

(च) मोहनः कार्यं _____ गृहं गच्छति ।

6. धातुं प्रत्ययं च संयोज्य वियोज्य वा लिखत - (कोई 03)

1X3=03

क) पठ्+क्त्वा = _____ (पठित्वा / पठक्त्वा) ख) हस् + क्त्वा = _____ (हस्त्वा/ हसित्वा)

ग) चलित्वा = _____ + क्त्वा (चलि / चल) घ) धावित्वा = धाव् + _____ (क्त्वा / त्वा)

7. संख्यानां कृते उचितसंस्कृतपदं लिखत - (कोई 08)

½ X 8 = 04

क) 01 . _____ ख) 05. _____ ग) 07. _____

घ) 03 . _____ ङ) 02 _____ च) 09 _____

छ) 04. _____ ज) 08 _____ झ) 10 _____

-- 1/2 --

8. सूक्तिस्तबक-पाठात् श्लोकद्वयं लिखत - (कोई 02)

1x2 = 02

9. हिन्दीशब्दानां कृते मञ्जूषातः उचित-संस्कृत-अव्ययपदं चित्वा लिखत -

½ X 6 = 03

(अद्य, ह्यः, पुनः, तदा, कदा, एकदा)

क) फिर से ----- ख) तब ----- ग) एक बार -----

घ) आज ----- ङ) कल ----- च) कब -----

10. हिन्दीभाषातः संस्कृतभाषायाम् अनुवादं कुरुत - (कोई - 3)

1 X 3 = 03

क) वह पढ़ता है । ----- घ) वह दौड़ेगा । -----

ख) मैं खेलूँगा । ----- ङ) तुम सब चलोगी । -----

ग) फल गिरेगा । ----- च) हम सब लिखते हैं । -----

11. उचित - धातुरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - (कोई 10)

½ X 10 = 05

पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमपुरुषः	पठति	-----	पठन्ति
मध्यमपुरुषः	-----	लिखथः	-----
उत्तमपुरुषः	खेलामि	खेलावः	-----
प्रथमपुरुषः	धावति	-----	-----
मध्यमपुरुषः	-----	हसथः	हसथ
उत्तमपुरुषः	भ्रमामि	भ्रमावः	-----
प्रथमपुरुषः	-----	-----	गर्जिष्यन्ति
मध्यमपुरुषः	गमिष्यसि	-----	गमिष्यथ
उत्तमपुरुषः	-----	भ्रमिष्यावः	भ्रमिष्यामः

12. उचित - शब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत । (कोई 10)

½ X 10 = 05

विभक्तिः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमाविभक्तिः	भानुः	-----	भानवः
द्वितीयाविभक्तिः	मुनिम्	मुनी	-----
तृतीयाविभक्तिः	पुष्पेण	-----	पुष्पैः
चतुर्थीविभक्तिः	-----	पुष्पाभ्याम्	-----
पंचमीविभक्तिः	बालिकायाः	-----	बालिकाभ्यः
षष्ठीविभक्तिः	-----	बालिकयोः	बालिकानाम्
सप्तमीविभक्तिः	-----	बालकयोः	-----
संबोधनम्	हे बालक !	हे ----- !	हे ----- !



General Instructions :

- All questions are compulsory.
- The question paper consists of 30 questions divided into 4 sections : Section A, B, C and D.
- There are 30 questions in the question paper.
 - Section A contains 6 questions of 1 mark each.
 - Section B contains 6 questions of 2 marks each.
 - Section C contains 10 questions of 3 marks each.
 - Section D contains 8 questions of 4 marks each.
- There is no overall choice. However, internal choice has been provided in two questions of 1 mark each, 2 questions of 2 marks each, 4 questions of 3 marks each and 3 question of 4 marks each.
- Use of Calculator is not permitted.
- Drawings are not to the scale.

SECTION : A (1x6=6)

01. What is the opposite of 300 Km. NORTH of Delhi ?
02. Give any one example of monomial.
03. What is the measure of right angle?

OR

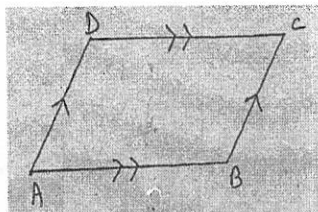
- What is the measure of straight angle?
04. Name the triangle whose all the sides are equal.

OR

- Name the triangle whose all the sides are different.
05. In a circle if radius is 5 cm, find diameter.
 06. 1 metre = cm.

SECTION : B (2x6=12)

07. Name two pairs of parallel lines in this parallelogram ABCD.



08. What percent is 40 minutes of one day?

OR

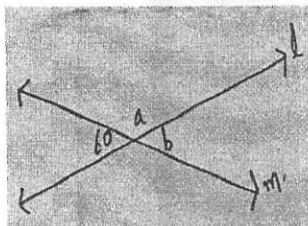
Mohini spent 60% of her ₹ 15,000, pocket money. Find how much she spent during her shopping?

09. Simplify : $1^2 + 2^2$
10. Simplify : $3+4 (y+5)$

OR

$a(b+c) + b (a+c)$

11. Find measure of angle a and b in the figure
(l and m are two intersecting lines).



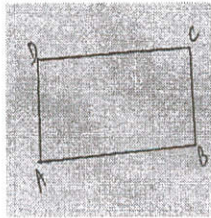
12. If the angles of a triangle LUX are 40° , 40° and 100° , then write the name of this triangle according to its sides and also according to angles.

SECTION : C (3x10=30)

13. Construct angle of 60° using ruler & compass.
- OR
- Construct angle of 90° using ruler & compass.

:: 2 ::

14. If length of Rectangle ABCD is 20cm and Area is 300 cm^2 . Find its width and also find its perimeter.



15. If Principal = 500, time = 2 years, $R\% = 10\%$. Find simple interest and also AMOUNT.

16. Simplify : $(2 \times 3) + (4 \times 5) - 26 =$

OR

Simplify : $(16 - 9) \cdot [10 + 2 \times 3] =$

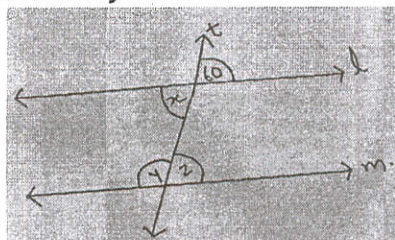
17. Solve for x . $2x + 3 = 5$. Also check your answer

OR

Solve for x $\frac{x}{2} + 3 = \frac{x}{3} + 4$

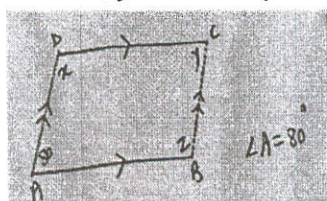
18. Through how many degrees hour hand of a clock turn in 3 hours?

19. l and m are parallel lines. Find x, y and z .



OR

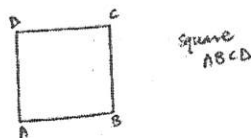
Find x, y and z . ($DC \parallel AB$ and $BC \parallel AD$)



$\angle A = 80^\circ$

20. Construct the perpendicular and bisector of $AB = 6 \text{ cm}$. (Show Arcs, labelling etc.)

21. Find area of square ABCD whose perimeter is 40 cm.



22. Check if it is possible to draw triangle with sides 5 cm, 6cm, 7 cm. (No construction).

SECTION : D ($4 \times 8 = 32$)

23. In a school, 40% girls and total strength of school is 2000. Find number of BOYS and GIRLS.

OR

Raja saves 20% of his salary. His total salary is ₹ 90,000. Find his savings & also expenditure.

24. Draw any triangle ABC. Draw a perpendicular from A on BC.

25. Simplify : $\frac{18 + (6 \div 2)}{9 + (3 \times 2)} =$

OR

Simplify : $\frac{-8 \cdot [6 - (+1)]}{(140 \div 7) \div 5} =$

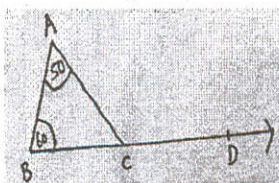
26. If $a=2, b=3, c=4$. Find value of $ab+bc+ac =$

- 27 (a) Find complement of angle $70^\circ =$

- (b) Find supplement of angle $130^\circ =$

(2+2)

- 28.



$\angle A = 50^\circ$ $\angle B = 60^\circ$. Find ext $\angle ACD$ and interior $\angle ACB$. (mention properties).

29. Draw any acute angle and draw/construct another angle equal to the first angle.

30. Find the cost of tiling the floor of a Hall whose length=30 m and width 20 m. at ₹ 100 per metre square.

OR

Find the cost of fencing a rectangular lawn of length 120 m and 80 m width at ₹ 50 per metre.





DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

DATE : 25.02.2022
CLASS : VI

ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2021-22
SUBJECT – SCIENCE

Time : 3 Hrs.
Max. Marks : 80

General Instructions :

- All questions are compulsory.
- Question No. 1 – 6 carry 1 mark.
- Question No. 7 – 15 carry 2 marks each.
- Question No. 16 – 27 carry 3 marks each.
- Question No. 28 – 31 carry 5 marks each.

- Q.01 What is magnetite? [01]
- Q.02 What are clouds? [01]
- Q.03 Which gas in the atmosphere is essential for respiration? [01]
- Q.04 Why burning of leaves is harmful? [01]
- Q.05 You accidentally dropped your favourite toy and broke it. This is a change you did not want. Can this change be reversed? [01]
- Q.06 What type of motion is exhibited by the motion of a pendulum? [01]
- Q.07 What are magnetic materials? Give two examples. [02]
- Q.08 What is water vapour? [02]
- Q.09 What do you mean by units of measurement? [02]
- Q.10 Why can a pace or a footstep not be used as a standard unit of length? [02]
- Q.11 A drawing sheet changes when you draw a picture on it. Can you reverse this change? [02]
- Q.12 Which kind of garbage is not converted into compost by the red worms? [02]
- OR
- If you and your friends are given the choice of eating in a plastic plate or a banana leaf platter at a party, which one would you prefer and why?
- Q.13 Write two usage of windmill. [02]
- OR
- What makes the windmill rotate?
- Q.14 How do magnets lose their magnetic properties? (Any 4 points) [02]
- Q.15 What is a terminal? [02]
- OR
- When is an electric circuit said to be closed?
- Q.16 What is landfill? How is it used for making parks and playground? [03]
- Q.17 What is composting? What are the types of composting? [03]
- OR
- What are the harmful effects of plastics? (Any 3 points)
- Q.18 What is ground water? How do we draw this ground water? [03]
- Q.19 Draw a well labelled diagram of water cycle. [03]
- Q.20 How is smoke produced? What does it contain? [03]
- OR

Q.23 List three activities that are possible due to the presence of air. [03]

OR

What is the composition of air?

Q.24 How do plants lose water? [03]

Q.25 Answer in one word of the following : [03]

- (a) Name one biodegradable material.
- (b) A magnet has two poles. Agree/Disagree.
- (c) Name a device that is used to either break the electric circuit or to complete it.
- (d) Structure in red worms which helps them in grinding food.
- (e) An electric cell has four terminals. Agree/Disagree.
- (f) In which direction, a freely suspended magnet orients themselves.

Q.26 What is the correct way of storing magnets? [03]

Q.27 (a) Why are electric wires used at homes are covered with plastic? [03]

(b) Why electricity cannot flow in an open circuit?

Q.28 (a) Write three differences between reversible and irreversible change. [05]

(b) How is the iron blade of the tool used for digging the soil is fixed in the wooden handle?

OR

(a) What are the changes that appear in an incense stick when it is burnt? Is it a reversible change?

(b) How does a blacksmith change a piece of iron into different tools?

(c) State whether the following changes are reversible or irreversible with reasons.

- (i) Photosynthesis of a plant.
- (ii) Dissolving of salt in water.

Q.29 (a) The height of a person is 1.75 m. Express it into cm and mm. [05]

(b) What are the S.I. units of length, mass and time?

(c) What are the two parts of measurement?

OR

(a) Give two examples where an object undergoes two types of motions at the same time.

(b) The distance between Sarika's home and her school is 5250 m. Express this into km.

Q.30 (a) How can we minimize the use of plastics? (Any 3 points) [05]

(b) Do you think it is better to use compost instead of chemical fertilizers? Why?

(c) Give an example in which packaging could have been reduced?

OR

(a) What do you do with the left over food at home?

(b) Write a story on how packaging increases the amount of garbage.

(c) Is it possible to reduce the problems related to disposal of garbage? (Any 2 points)

Q.31 (a) What is rainwater harvesting? [05]

(b) Describe any two methods of rainwater harvesting.

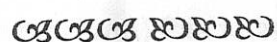
(c) Draw the diagram of roof top harvesting.

OR

(a) What is hail?

(b) What happens when it rains heavily?

(c) Describe briefly how clouds are formed?





DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

DATE : 02.03.2022
CLASS : VI

ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2021-22
SUBJECT – SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time : 3 Hrs.
Max. Marks : 80

General instructions:

- There are 31 questions. All questions are compulsory
- Marks of each questions are indicated against it.
- Questions from Sl. No. 1 to 14 are very short questions. Each question carries 1 mark. Questions from Sl. No. 15 to 26 are short questions of 3 marks each.
- Questions from 27 to 30 are long questions of 5 marks each.
- Question No. 31 (a) & (b) is a map-based questions. 5 marks History and 5 marks Geography.
- (Note 2 separate maps to be used.)

- Q.01 Which language was used by Buddha to communicate with ordinary people ? (1)
- Q.02 Which Gana did Gautam Buddha belonged to ? (1)
- Q.03 Name a famous book that contains Chanakya's ideas. (1)
- Q.04 Who was supported by a wise man named Kautilya ? (1)
- Q.05 In which city is the Iron pillar of Mehrauli located ? (1)
- Q.06 Name the largest planet in the solar system. (1)
- Q.07 Which colour is used to represent mountains on a Map ? (1)
- Q.08 Which gas is responsible for Global Warming ? (1)
- Q.09 Name the Indian Islands located in the Arabian Sea. (1)
- Q.10 Name the strait that separates India from Srilanka. (1)
- Q.11 Who calls the meeting of Gram Sabha and Gram Panchayat ? (1)
- Q.12 What are the members of Panchayat called ? (1)
- Q.13 Who does the work of measuring land and keeping land records ? (1)
- Q.14 Who is responsible for replacing the street lights of a city ? (1)
- Q.15 What do Puranas contain ? (3)
- Q.16 Write any three characteristic features of the earliest Hindu Temples. (3)
- Q.17 What were the problems that Ashoka wanted to solve by introducing Dhamma ? (3)
- OR
- How did Kalinga war changed the life of Ashoka ? (3)
- Q.18 What were the questions that the Upanishadic thinkers wanted to answer ? (3)
- OR
- Describe the ways in which Buddha tried to spread his message to the people. (3)

Contd...2

- Q.19 Why is Earth called a unique planet ? (3)
OR
How does a planet differ from a star ? (3)
- Q.20 What are the three main components of a Map ? (3)
- Q.21 Why is Biosphere important for living organisms ? (3)
- Q.22 Why do large number of people live in the Northern plains ? (3)
- Q.23 What are the functions of Gram Panchayat ? (3)
OR
What are the three levels of Panchayati Raj System ? (3)
- Q.24 Who is the Secretary of the Gram Sabha ? What are its functions ? (1+2=3)
- Q.25 How do women benefit under the New Law ? (3)
- Q.26 Name any three important departments of Municipal Corporation. (3)
- Q.27 What were the means adopted by Ashoka to spread the message of Dhamma ? (5)
OR
Explain the Administration of Ashoka. (5)
- Q.28 Write about the contribution of Aryabhata. (5)
OR
Define Epics. Name any four famous Epics along with their composers. (1+1+1+1+1=5)
- Q.29 What is Panchayati Raj System ? What are the sources of fund or income for a Gram Panchayat ? (2+3=5)
OR
Who is a Municipal Councillor ? List any 3 ways in which the work of Municipal Corporation affects the life of a city dweller. (2+3=5)
- Q.30 Draw a neat and labelled diagram of 'The Biosphere'. (5)
- Q.31 (a) Locate the following places on Political Map of India. (History) (any 5) (5)
(i) Delhi
(ii) Pataliputra
(iii) Ujjain
(iv) Valabhi
(v) Mahabalipuram
(vi) Amaravati
- (b) Locate the following on the given Political map of India. (Geography) (any 5) (5)
(i) The Himalayas
(ii) The Northern Plains
(iii) The Deccan Plateau
(iv) The Thar Desert
(v) The West Coast Plain
(vi) Andaman & Nicobar Islands



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI

DATE : 23.02.2022

ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2021-22

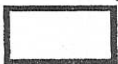



Time : 1½ Hrs.

CLASS : VI

SUBJECT – INFORMATION AND
COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

Max. Marks : 50

Q1. Select the best suitable answer from the given below- (1x10=10)

- Which of the following cell references can be included in absolute cell reference –
a. K13 b. K\$13 c. \$K\$13 d. None
- The cell address in formula is known as –
a. Range b. Cell reference c. Mixed reference d. None
- Which of the following option is used to exit the Tupi 2D software-
a. File→Quit b. File→Close c. File→Exit d. File→Return
- Symbol of input/output box in flowchart is –
a.  b.  c.  d. 
- A flowchart is a graphical representation of –
a. Program b. Symbol c. Assembly language d. Algorithm
- _____ is the third generation programming language-
a. High – level language b. Assembly language c. Machine Language d. None
- Which key is used to run a program in BASIC-256?
a. F5 b. F10 c. Enter d. F12
- A variable that contains a whole number is called –
a. Real number b. Integer c. String d. None
- Which of the following is used to hold values in Scratch?
a. Block b. Operators c. Variables d. Sprites
- Which type of operators are used to compare two variables?
a. Mathematical b. Relational c. Logical d. None

Q2. State True/False -

(1x5=5)

- We can perform comparison operation in Scratch.
- All the blocks in Scratch are of the same colour.
- Input statement is used to take values from the user.
- Assembly language is a First generation Language.
- High-Level languages are machine independent.

Q3. Fill in the blanks –

(1x5=5)

- An _____ is a collection of steps in a sequential manner.
- A good flowchart will use _____ symbols.
- _____ module helps us to preview the created animation.
- _____ is used to manage the frames and layers in Tupi 2D.
- The SQRT() function returns the _____ of the given number.

Q4. Answer the following questions in brief -

(2x4=8)

- Name any two blocks of sensing category.
- What is meant by flowchart?
- What is animation?
- Define Legend.

Q5. Answer the following -

(3x4=12)

- What is the use of LEN() function?
- Name any three components of the Tupi 2D interface.
- What is variable?
- What is the use of Exposure sheet panel in Tupi 2D?

Q6. Answer the following – (any 2)-

(2x5=10)

- What do you mean by Formula in Calc ? Explain with examples.
- What is the difference between HLL and LLL?
- Write whether the given variable names are valid or invalid?
a. _mybook b. @Tushar c. palak123 d. cost e. sum