



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI
ANNUAL EXAMINATION – 2020
SUBJECT – ENGLISH

Class : VI

Max. Marks : 80

Date : 20.02.2020

Time : 3 Hrs.

General Instructions :-

- Attempt all the questions in each section before going to the next section in the same order.
- All the answers must be correctly numbered and neatly written down.
- Do not copy the questions.
- The paper consists of 4 sections :

Section – A – Reading : 16 Marks

Section – B – Writing : 18 Marks

Section – C – Grammar : 16 Marks

Section – D – Literature : 30 Marks

SECTION A : READING (16 MARKS)

A.1. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow : (08 Marks)

1. The year 1911 was very significant for the Indian Cricket team. It was the first time in 1911 that the Indian team went for a cricket tour. The Indian team, led by the Maharaja of Patiala, Bhupinder Singh, went out to England. New to the game, the team could not do much. They played about twenty three matches, but won only two. Indian cricketers could not make great cricket scores, but came back, enriched with invaluable experience.
2. The year 1936 changed the way people began to view India vis-a-vis cricket. In 1936, it came to be recognized as the Test playing nation. The team worked hard learning and improving their skills for playing the game. Despite all trials, the team could not, however, reach a level where victory was guaranteed.
3. The face of Indian cricket changed forever in the year 1952. The year 1952 was marked by India's first test win. This memorable match was played in Madras. The team played against England. The winning story continued when India played another test series with Pakistan and New Zealand in 1956. Today the game is a household name and there is no looking back for the team.

Answer the following questions:

1. Why was the year 1911 significant for the Indian Cricket team? (01)
2. Who was the captain of the Indian team? (01)
3. What did the Indian cricketers bring with them from England tour? (01)
4. When did India become a Test playing nation? (01)
5. How did the team prepare for the game? (01)
6. Why is the year 1952 a memorable one? (01)
7. Find the word from the passage which means the same as 'important'. (para 1) (01)
8. Find the word from the passage which is the opposite of 'worthless'. (para 1) (01)

A.2 Read the poem and answer the questions that follow : (08 Marks)

CHERRY TREE

1. Eight years have passed
Since I placed my cherry seed in the grass,
"Must have a tree of my own," I said –
And watered it once and went to bed.
And forgot, but cherries have a way of growing
Though no one's caring very much or knowing.
And suddenly that summer, near the end of May,
I found a tree had come to stay.
2. It was very small, a few months' child
Lost in tall grass running wild.
Goats ate the leaves, grasscutter's scythe
Split it apart, the monsoon blight
Shrivelled the slender stem...Even so,
Next spring I watched three new shoots grow,
The young tree struggled, upwards thrust
Its arms in a fresh fierce need
For light and air and sun.

Contd...2

Answer the following questions:

1. When did the child plant the cherry seed? (01)
2. Why did the child plant a cherry seed? (01)
3. What did the child do before going to bed? (01)
4. What did the monsoon do to the tree? (01)
5. What did the child see in spring? (01)
6. Why did the tree raise its arms? (01)
7. How old was the cherry tree when the child found it? (01)
8. Find the word from the poem which means the same as 'thin', (stanza 2) (01)

SECTION B : WRITING (18 MARKS)

B.1 You are Vijay/Veena Singh of Class VI A. You have lost your pencil box in the library. Write a notice, to be put up on the school notice board, in not more than 50 words. (05)

B.2 You are Sandhya/Sohan. Recently your school took you to the Animal Care Home. You were pleasantly surprised to see the good treatment given to animals. Write a report for your school magazine in about 100 words. (05)

Injured dogs and cats – abandoned pets – all very well cared for – well equipped medical room– veterinary surgeon – green surroundings – family like environment – not kept in cages – enthusiastic volunteers – students learnt to help other and not harm animals.

B.3 You are Saket/Sarika. Imagine that you stay in a boarding school. Write a letter to your father informing him about the date when your summer break will start. (120 words). (08)

You can use the hints given below:

school closes from 1st May to 15th June – take me after school gets over – excited to come home – made plans for vacation – looking forward to meeting you – will go to Nainital – visit my old school – meet friends – ask mother to prepare my favourite food

OR

Based on the hints given below, write a story. Give a suitable title. (120 words)

donkey carrying salt – passes over a stream – falls down – salt dissolves in water – load becomes lighter – makes it a habit – the master discovers his trick – brings a load of cotton – donkey falls in the stream – cotton absorbs water – burden increases – never repeats the trick

SECTION C : GRAMMAR (16 MARKS)

C.1 Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions: (02)

(a) The boatman was rowing _____ the banks of the river.

- (i) along (ii) up (iii) down (iv) on

(b) The cinema hall is _____ MG Road.

- (i) through (ii) up (iii) in (iv) on

C.2 Choose the suitable conjunctions: (02)

(a) Sangeeta likes ice-cream _____ not cakes.

- (i) yet (ii) so (iii) but (iv) and

(b) Surabhi is smiling _____ she is happy.

- (i) yet (ii) but (iii) because (iv) or

C.3 Fill in the blanks with suitable adverbs: (02)

(a) I _____ agree with you on this.

- (i) quite (ii) very (iii) enough (iv) just

(b) She spoke _____ .

- (i) soon (ii) well (iii) tomorrow (iv) everywhere

C.4 Choose the appropriate phrases: (02)

(a) We should _____ a little money every month.

- (i) set down (ii) set aside (iii) set up (iv) set in

(b) Ants store food before winter _____ .

- (i) Sets in (ii) sets out (iii) sets down (iv) sets up

- C.5** Identify and write the figure of speech: (02)
- (a) She falls like a tear from the eyes of a bride.
 (i) metaphor (ii) simile (iii) oxymoron (iv) repetition
- (c) He was a lion in the battle field.
 (i) simile (ii) repetition (iii) hyperbole (iv) metaphor
- C.6** Convert the following sentences into Indirect Speech: (02)
- (a) Harish said, "Why is Rama crying?"
 (b) Seema said, "I am unwell today."
- C.7** Convert the following sentences into Passive Voice: (02)
- (a) Veena did not write a poem.
 (b) The group was offering prayers.
- C.8 (a)** Write an Idiom for: (02)
- To eat a lot _____.
- (b)** Complete the following proverb:
 Every cloud _____.

SECTION D : LITERATURE (30 MARKS)

- D.1** Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow: (3x3=09)
- (I) The tree was older than the house, older than Grandfather, as old as Dehra Dun itself.**
- (a) Which tree has been mentioned here? (01)
 (b) What did the author like doing? (01)
 (c) Name the author of the lesson. (01)
- (II) Never let a thought shrivel and die
 For want of a way to say it
 For English is a wonderful game
 And all of you can play it.**
- (a) What is English? (01)
 (b) Why should one not let a thought shrivel and die? (01)
 (c) Name the poem. (01)
- (III) He does what he like with his spade, he soils his clothes with dust, nobody takes him to task if he gets baked in the sun or gets wet.**
- (a) Who does 'he' refer to? (01)
 (b) Why does the speaker want to be like 'him'? (02)
- D.2** Answer any three of the following questions in about 30-40 words each (2x3=06)
- (a) When does a kite look ragged?
 (b) How do desert animals survive without water?
 (c) Why was Rasheed upset?
 (d) What happened to the crow in the end?
- D.3** Answer any one of the following questions in about 75-80 words (05)
- What was the purpose of special days in Miss Beam's School?
- OR**
- "God lives in the heart of the Panch", the aunt said. What did she mean?
- D.4** Answer any one of the following questions in about 30-40 words each (2x3=06)
- (a) What did the stranger do with the banana that Ali Shar gave him?
 (b) Where did Ali Cogia keep his thousand pieces of gold?
 (c) Why was the camel afraid of man?
 (d) What advice was given to Ali Shar by his father?
- D.5** Answer any one of the following questions in about 75-80 words (04)
- How did the merchant cheat Ali Cogia?
- OR**
- What did the man do with the horse?





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सामान्य निर्देश :

- ❖ इस प्रश्न-पत्र के चार खण्ड हैं – क, ख, ग और घ। प्रश्नों की कुल संख्या 11 है।
- ❖ चारों खण्डों के प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।

खण्ड – 'क'

प्रश्न 01. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए –

1x5=05

हास्य का जीवन में बहुत महत्वपूर्ण स्थान है। जीवन में सुख कम हैं और दुःख ज़्यादा, किंतु जो व्यक्ति दुःखों में भी प्रसन्नचित्त रहता है, वही असली जिंदगी जीता है। उन्मुक्त हँसी मानसिक विकारों को दूर करती है। हँसने वाला व्यक्ति लोकप्रिय होता है। उनसे मिलना, बातचीत करना, साथ-साथ रहना सबको अच्छा लगता है। हँसने वाला व्यक्ति स्वयं तो प्रसन्नचित्त रहता ही है, औरों को भी प्रसन्न रखता है। हँसना स्वास्थ्यवर्धक होता है। खुलकर हँसने से फेफड़ों की शक्ति बढ़ती है। हँसने से रक्त के विकार दूर होते हैं और व्यक्ति स्वस्थ रहता है। हँसने से मानसिक उल्लास भी मिलता है। हँसते रहने और प्रसन्न रहने वाले व्यक्ति का व्यक्तित्व आकर्षक होता है और वह अनायास ही औरों का मित्र बन जाता है। प्रसन्न रहने वाला व्यक्ति मानसिक रूप से स्वस्थ रहता है। हँसने से कुंठा, निराशा, हतोत्साह जैसे मनोरोग उसके भीतर नहीं पनप पाते। हँसना जीवन को स्वस्थ व दीर्घायु बनाने के लिए संजीवनी के समान है, अतः स्वयं भी हँसो और दूसरों को भी हँसाओ। जयशंकर प्रसाद ने 'कामायनी' में इसीलिए कहा है-“औरों को हँसते देखो मनु, हँसो और सुख पाओ।”

- (i) असली जिंदगी कौन जीता है?
- (ii) हँसने से कौन-कौन से मनोरोग नहीं पनप पाते?
- (iii) खुलकर हँसने से किसकी शक्ति बढ़ती है?
- (iv) जयशंकर प्रसाद ने 'कामायनी' में क्या कहा है?
- (v) इस गद्यांश का एक उपयुक्त शीर्षक लिखिए।

खण्ड – 'ख'

प्रश्न 02. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के निर्देशानुसार संक्षिप्त उत्तर दीजिए – (कोई 10)

1x10=10

- (i) 'पर्वत' शब्द के दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए।
- (ii) अनिल, समीर, बयार, पवन आदि शब्द किस शब्द के पर्यायवाची रूप हैं?
- (iii) 'जो दूर की सोचता हो' वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द लिखिए।
- (iv) 'कम बोलने वाला' वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द लिखिए।
- (v) 'फूला न समाना' मुहावरे का केवल अर्थ लिखिए।
- (vi) 'हाथ बँटाना' मुहावरे का वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए।
- (vii) 'दाल में काला होना' मुहावरे का केवल अर्थ लिखिए।
- (viii) 'सेवक' शब्द का विलोम लिखिए।
- (ix) 'अहिंसा' किस शब्द का विलोम है?
- (x) 'निंदा' शब्द का विलोम लिखिए।
- (xi) 'पत्र' शब्द के दो अनेकार्थक शब्द लिखिए।
- (xii) 'हरि' शब्द के दो अनेकार्थक शब्द लिखिए।

प्रश्न 03. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के निर्देशानुसार संक्षिप्त उत्तर दीजिए – (कोई 7)

1x7=07

- (i) माता-पिता की सेवा करना हमारा कर्तव्य है। (रेखांकित शब्द का विराम चिह्न बताइए)
- (ii) अरे तुम कब लौटे? (वाक्य में उचित विराम चिह्न लगाइए)
- (iii) आपके पिताजी दिल्ली से कब आए (उचित विराम चिह्न लगाइए)
- (iv) यह इस नगर की धर्मशाला है। (सर्वनाम रेखांकित कर भेद बताइए)
- (v) जो डरेगा, सो मरेगा। (केवल सर्वनाम रेखांकित करिए)
- (vi) मुझे स्वयं वह काम देखना होगा। (रेखांकित सर्वनाम का भेद बताइए)
- (vii) वह विशाल वृक्ष आम का है। (रेखांकित विशेषण का भेद बताइए)
- (viii) वह दो लीटर पेट्रोल लाया है। (विशेषण रेखांकित कर भेद बताइए।)
- (ix) 'कृपा' शब्द से विशेषण बनाइए।

प्रश्न 04. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के निर्देशानुसार संक्षिप्त उत्तर दीजिए – (कोई 8)

1x8=08

- (i) रामचरितमानस, पुरुष (संज्ञा के भेद बताइए)
- (ii) बुराईयाँ (संज्ञा के भेद लिखिए)
- (iii) अच्छा, अपना (भाववाचक संज्ञा बनाइए)
- (iv) युवक, शिष्या (लिंग पहचानिए)
- (v) सेवक, पुत्र (लिंग बदलिए)

- (vi) पाठकगण, विद्यार्थी (वचन पहचानिए)
- (vii) पुस्तक, आँख (वचन बदलिए)
- (viii) बच्चों ने चाकू से फल काटे। (रेखांकित शब्द का कारक भेद बताइए)
- (ix) बिल्ली कमरे में है। (रेखांकित शब्द का कारक भेद बताइए)
- (x) हे प्रभु! अब क्या करूँ। (कारक रेखांकित कर भेद बताइए)

खण्ड – 'ग'

प्रश्न 05. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर उनके नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए –

लोकगीत अपनी लोच, ताज़गी और लोकप्रियता में शास्त्रीय संगीत से भिन्न है। लोकगीत सीधे जनता के संगीत हैं। ये गीत घर, गाँव, जनता के हैं। इनके लिए साधना की जरूरत नहीं होती। त्योहारों और विशेष अवसरों पर ये गीत गाए जाते हैं। सदा से ये गाए जाते रहे हैं और इनको रचने वाले भी अधिकतर गाँव के ही लोग हैं। स्त्रियों ने भी इनकी रचना में विशेष भाग लिया है। ये गीत बाजों की मदद के बिना ही या साधारण ढोलक, झांझ, करताल, बाँसुरी आदि की मदद से गाए जाते हैं।

- (i) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश के पाठ एवं लेखक का नाम बताइए। (02)
- (ii) किन वाद्य-यंत्रों की सहायता से लोकगीत गाए जाते हैं? (01)
- (iii) लोकगीत शास्त्रीय संगीत से किन-किन बातों में भिन्न हैं? (01)
- (iv) लोकगीत कब गाए जाते हैं? (01)

प्रश्न 06. निम्नलिखित काव्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर उन पर आधारित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

अपने कर से खिला, धुला मुख
धूल पोंछ, सज्जित कर गात,
थमा खिलौने, नहीं सुनाती
हमें सुखद परियों की बात!

ऐसी बड़ी न होऊँ मैं
तेरा स्नेह न खोऊँ मैं,
तेरे अंचल की छाया में
छिपी रहूँ निस्पृह, निर्भय,
कहूँ – दिखा दे चंद्रोदय!

- (i) उपर्युक्त पद्यांश के पाठ एवं लेखक का नाम बताइए। (02)
- (ii) बालिका को बड़ी हो जाने पर किन बातों का डर सता रहा है? (02)
- (iii) अंत में बच्ची माँ से क्या दिखाने का अनुरोध करती है? (01)

प्रश्न 07. निम्नलिखित में से किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर 30-40 शब्दों में दीजिए।

4x5=20

- (i) राजप्पा ने नागराजन का टिकट-अलबम अँगीठी में क्यों डाल दिया?
- (ii) 'प्रकृति का जादू' किसे कहा गया है ?
- (iii) लाखों-करोड़ों वर्ष पहले हमारी धरती कैसी थी?
- (iv) कविता में सबसे छोटे हाने की कल्पना क्यों की गई है?
- (v) निबंध में लोकगीतों के किन पक्षों की चर्चा की गई है? बिन्दुओं के रूप में लिखो।
- (vi) गांधीजी ने श्रीमती पोलक के बच्चे का दूध कैसे छुड़वाया?
- (vii) नगर से बाहर निकलकर दो पग चलने के बाद सीता की क्या दशा हुई?

प्रश्न 08. अनुमान और कल्पना के आधार पर निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक प्रश्न का उत्तर दीजिए।

03

- (i) गांधीजी इतना पैदल क्यों चलते थे? पैदल चलने के क्या लाभ हैं? लिखिए।
- (ii) माँ अपना एक दिन कैसे गुजारती है? कुछ मौकों पर उनकी दिनचर्या बदल जाया करती है जैसे - मेहमानों के आ जाने पर, घर में किसी के बीमार पड़ जाने पर या त्योहार के दिन। इन अवसरों पर माँ की दिनचर्या पर क्या फर्क पड़ता है?

प्रश्न 09. नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के अति संक्षिप्त उत्तर दीजिए – (कोई सात)

1x7=07

- (i) 'संसार पुस्तक हैं' पाठ में किसने, किसको पत्र लिखा?
- (ii) गांधीजी के आश्रम का क्या नाम था?
- (iii) 'वन के मार्ग में' पाठ के कवि का नाम बताइए।
- (iv) 'जो देखकर भी नहीं देखते' पाठ की विधा का नाम बताइए।
- (v) 'जहर' शब्द में 'ईला' प्रत्यय जोड़कर शब्द बनाइए।
- (vi) 'पतीला' और 'सेवा' शब्द में से स्त्रीलिंग, पुल्लिंग छाँटिए।
- (vii) 'बारहमासा' गीत में कितने महीनों का वर्णन होता है?
- (viii) 'ग्रह' और 'गृह' शब्दों के अर्थ बताइए।

खण्ड – 'घ'

प्रश्न 10. अपने जन्मदिन के अवसर पर मित्र को निमंत्रण-पत्र लिखिए।

05

अथवा

उचित कारण बताते हुए विद्यालय के प्रधानाचार्य को शुल्क-मुक्ति हेतु आवेदन-पत्र लिखिए।

05

प्रश्न 11. निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक विषय पर अनुच्छेद लिखिए। (लगभग 100 शब्दों में)

- (i) प्रदूषण की समस्या
- (ii) विज्ञान से लाभ और हानि
- (iii) व्यायाम से लाभ
- (iv) रंगों का त्योहार – होली





दिल्ली-पब्लिक-स्कूल, भिलाईनगरम्

वार्षिकी-परीक्षा - 2020

विषयः - संस्कृतम्

कक्षा - षष्ठी

दिनांकः 17.02.2020

पूर्णाङ्कः 40

समयः - 1: 30 होरा

परीक्षार्थिनः नाम - कक्षा/वर्गः अनुक्रमाङ्कः

वीक्षकस्य हस्ताक्षरम्

1. प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि एकपदेन लिखत - (केवलं 03) 1x3=03

- (क) अस्माभिः किं वक्तव्यम्? _____
- (ख) पुष्पोत्सवः केन नाम्ना प्रसिद्धः अस्ति? _____
- (ग) मार्गे कः आगच्छत् ? _____
- (घ) अजीनः गृहं गन्तुं किं वाञ्छति ? _____

2. मञ्जूषातः समानार्थकानि पदानि चित्वा लिखत - 1/2x4=02

ग्रन्थे, कोकिलः, गरुडः, कथने

- (क) वचने _____ (ख) वैनतेयः _____
- (ग) पुस्तके _____ (घ) पिकः _____

3. मञ्जूषातः शब्दान् चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - 1/2x6=03

गणयित्वा, श्रुत्वा, दृष्ट्वा, कृत्वा, गृहीत्वा, तीर्त्वा

- (क) ते बालकाः _____ नद्याः उत्तीर्णाः ।
- (ख) पथिकः बालकान् दुः खितान् _____ अपृच्छत् ।
- (ग) पुस्तकानि _____ विद्यालयं गच्छ ।
- (घ) पथिकस्य वचनं _____ सर्वे प्रमुदिताः गृहम् अगच्छन् ।
- (ङ.) पथिकः बालकान् _____ अकथयत् दशमः त्वम् असि ।
- (च) मोहनः कार्यं _____ गृहं गच्छति ।

4. अधोलिखितानां पदानां समुचितान् अर्थान् मेलयत - 1/2x6=03

क	ख	क	उत्तराणि	ख
हस्ते	अकस्मात्	_____	_____	_____
सद्यः	पृथ्वीम्	_____	_____	_____
सहसा	गगनम्	_____	_____	_____
धनम्	शीघ्रम्	_____	_____	_____
आकाशम्	करे	_____	_____	_____
धराम्	द्रविणम्	_____	_____	_____

5. तत्समशब्दान् चित्वा लिखत - 1/2x4=02

कपोतः, मयूरः, मातुलः, कोकिलः

- (1) मामा _____ (2) मोर _____
- (3) कोयल _____ (4) कबूतर _____

6. स्वपाठ्यपुस्तकात् श्लोकद्वयं लिखत (कोई भी 2 श्लोक) 02

1. _____
- _____
2. _____
- _____

7. मञ्जूषातः उचितम् अव्ययपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - 1/2x4=02

इव, एव, च, उच्चैः

- (क) बालकाः बालिकाः _____ क्रीडाक्षेत्रे क्रीडन्ति । (ख) मेघाः _____ गर्जन्ति ।
- (ग) बकः हंसः _____ श्वेतः भवति । (घ) सत्यम् _____ नयते ।

8. समुचितपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत -

$\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 02$

- (क) _____ कच्छपाः भ्रमन्ति। (तडागे / तडागाय)
 (ख) _____ सैनिकाः सन्ति। (शिविरस्य / शिविरे)
 (ग) यानानि _____ चलन्ति। (राजमार्गे / राजमार्गम्)
 (घ) बालाः _____ क्रीडन्ति। (क्रीडाक्षेत्रात् / क्रीडाक्षेत्रे)

9. संख्यानां कृते उचितसंस्कृतपदानि मञ्जूषातः चित्वा लिखत- (केवलं 06)

$\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 03$

विंशतिः , त्रयः , नव , सप्त , द्वाविंशतिः , चतुर्विंशतिः , पञ्च , पञ्चदश

- (क) 09 _____ (ख) 03 _____ (ग) 24 _____
 (घ) 07 _____ (ङ.) 05 _____ (च) 20 _____
 (छ) 15 _____ (ज) 22 _____

10. हिन्दीभाषातः संस्कृतभाषायाम् अनुवादं कुरुत - (केवलं 04)

$1 \times 4 = 04$

- (क) वे सब खेलेंगे। _____
 (ख) मैं पढ़ूँगा। _____
 (ग) वह हँसेगा। _____
 (घ) बालक दौड़ेगा। _____
 (ङ.) तुम चलते हो। _____
 (च) हम सब खाते हैं। _____

11. प्रकृति-प्रत्यययोः संयोजनं वियोजनं वा कुरुत - (केवलं 04)

$1 \times 4 = 04$

- (क) चल् + क्त्वा = _____ (ख) पठ् + तुमुन् = _____
 (ग) पतित्वा = _____ + _____ (घ) खेलितुम् = _____ + _____
 (ङ.) धाव् + क्त्वा = _____

12. उचित-धातुरुपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - (केवलं 10)

$\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 05$

पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमपुरुषः	धावति	_____	_____
मध्यमपुरुषः	_____	हसथः	_____
उत्तमपुरुषः	_____	_____	लिखामः
प्रथमपुरुषः	_____	_____	पठिष्यन्ति
मध्यमपुरुषः	पतिष्यसि	_____	_____
उत्तमपुरुषः	_____	हसिष्यावः	_____

13. उचित-शब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत - (केवलं 10)

$\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 05$

विभक्तिः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमा	_____	मुनी	मुनयः
द्वितीया	बालकम्	_____	_____
तृतीया	_____	बालकाभ्याम्	_____
चतुर्थी	बालिकायै	_____	बालिकाभ्यः
पञ्चमी	लतायाः	लताभ्याम्	_____
षष्ठी	रामस्य	_____	रामाणाम्
सप्तमी	_____	रामयोः	रामेषु
सम्बोधनम्	हे बालक!	_____	_____

अथवा (OR)

तत्-पुल्लिङ्ग-शब्दरूपं लिखत - (केवलं 10)

$\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 05$

विभक्तिः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमा	सः	_____	_____
द्वितीया	_____	_____	तान्
तृतीया	_____	ताभ्याम्	_____
चतुर्थी	तस्मै	_____	_____
पञ्चमी	_____	_____	तेभ्यः
षष्ठी	_____	तयोः	_____



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI
ANNUAL EXAMINATION – 2020
SUBJECT – MATHEMATICS

Class : VI

Date : 24.02.2020

Max. Marks : 80

Time : 3 Hrs.

General Instructions :

- All the questions are compulsory.
- The question paper consists of 30 questions divided into 4 sections : A, B, C and D.
 - Section 'A' comprises of 6 questions of 1 mark each.
 - Section 'B' comprises of 6 questions of 2 marks each.
 - Section 'C' comprises of 10 question of 3 marks each.
 - Section 'D' comprises of 8 questions of 4 marks each.
- An internal choice has been provided into two questions of 1 mark each, two question of 2 marks each, four questions of 3 marks each and three questions of 4 marks each.

SECTION – A

Choose the correct option:

(1x6=06)

- Q.01** The absolute value of -7 is :
(a) -7 (b) -6 (c) 7 (d) 4
- Q.02** Ratio of ₹ 3 to 80 paise is :
(a) 3:80 (b) 30:8 (c) 30:80 (d) 3:8
- Q.03** In a class, 25% are girls. The % of boys is
(a) 60 (b) 70 (c) 75 (d) 65
- Q.04** Solve : $2x - 24 = 4$, $x =$
(a) 14 (b) 12 (c) -14 (d) 28

OR

The sum of a number and 15 is 25. The number is :

- (a) 10 (b) 12 (c) 5 (d) 15
- Q.05** A diameter of a circle :
(a) equals a radius (b) is twice the radius (c) is thrice the radius
- Q.06** The distance of every point on the circle from its centre equals :
(a) a diameter (b) a chord (c) the radius (d) Semi circle

OR

If radius is 5 cm of a circle, the length of the longest chord that can be drawn = cm.

SECTION – B

(2X6=12)

- Q.07** Find the area of a square whose perimeter is 48 m.
- Q.08** Draw a segment of length 6 cm and bisect it perpendicularly.
- Q.09** **Simplify :-** $7a^2 - 5b^2 + 20ab - a^2$
- OR**
- What is the difference between $7x^2 + y^2$ and $3y^2 - 4x^2$
- Q.10** If eggs are bought at ₹ 10 for 14 and sold at ₹ 8 for 12, find the gain percent.
- Q.11** Anil borrowed ₹ 5600 for 6 months at $4\frac{1}{2}\%$. How much must he pay to clear off the debt?

OR

A man's net income, after paying income tax at 20% is ₹ 55, 640. Find his gross income.

- Q.12** **Simplify :-** $64 - (7 + 3) \times 5$

SECTION – C

(3x10=30)

- Q.13** From the sum of 17 and -12, subtract 38.

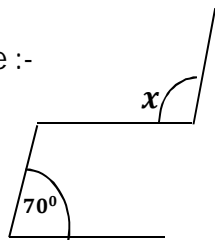
OR

Name the predecessor and successor of -300.

- Q.14** The area of a rectangular plot is 1280 sq.m. If its length is 40 m, find its breadth and perimeter.
- Q.15** Draw a circle and any four radii. Are they of the same length?
- Q.16** Find the number of tiles required to fit in the floor, in the shape of a square of side 12m, if each tile is a square of 15 cm.

Contd...2

Q.17 Find x in the given figure :-



Q.18 Add the following expression:-

$$a^2; 2a^2 - 5ab; c^2 - ab$$

OR

Find the expression which when added to $7x^2 + y^2$, gives $10x^2$.

Q.19 Solve and check your answer :- $4x - 3 = 2x + 7$

Q.20 Ram obtained 30 marks out of 40 in mathematics. Find the percentage of marks obtained by Ram in mathematics.

OR

Allowing a discount of 12%, the price of a washing machine is ₹ 6160. What is the original price?

Q.21 4 Kg. of sugar cost ₹ 52, find the cost of 9 kg. of sugar.

OR

Express the speed of 200 m in 20 secs. as km. per hour.

Q.22 Find :- (a) $|-7-2| + |5-8|$ (b) $|-7| + |-2| + |0|$

SECTION – D

(4x8=32)

Q.23 A hall is 15 m long and 12 m broad. Find the cost of tiling its floor at ₹ 20.50 per sq.m.

Q.24 Draw a triangle and bisect the 3 sides of each. What is the conclusion?

OR

Draw a triangle and bisect the three angles. What is the conclusion?

Q.25 A rich man donated ₹ 40,000 to provide money for scholarships. The sum was invested at 12% p.a. How many scholarships can be paid out of interest, if the value of each scholarship is ₹ 100 per month?

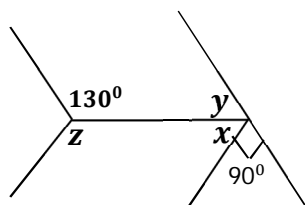
Q.26 Draw a rectangle whose adjacent sides are 5 cm and 4 cm.

OR

Draw a square each of whose sides is 6.5 cm.

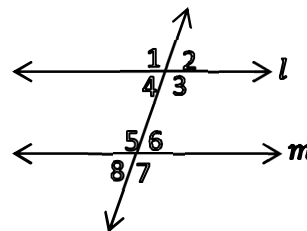
Q.27 If $a = 2, b = 3, c = -1$, find the value of :
(a) $a + b - 2c$ (b) $a^2 + b^2 + c^2$

Q.28 Find the angles x, y, z in the given figure :-



OR

If l and m are parallel lines. $\angle 2 = 70^\circ$ find the measure of the remaining angles, by using properties of special pairs of angles.



Q.29 Find the value of :-

(a) $4 + \{16 - 3(15 - 12) - 4\}$

(b) $[7 - (-9)] \times 9 \div (-3)$

Q.30 Find how many times a bicycle wheel of diameter 63 cm revolves, while the bicycle goes 1.98 km.

OR

The diameter of the earth from pole-to-pole is approximately 12670 km. Find circumference of the earth through the poles. (Use $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)





DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI
ANNUAL EXAMINATION – 2020
SUBJECT – SCIENCE

Class : VI

Date : 02.03.2020

Max. Marks : 80

Time : 3 Hrs.

General Instructions :

- Questions No. 1 – 6 carry 1 mark.
 - Questions No. 7 – 15 carry 2 marks each.
 - Question No. 16 – 27 carry 3 marks each.
 - Question No. 28 – 31 carry 5 marks each.
-

- Q.01** Can all changes be reversed? (01)
- Q.02** What do you mean by streamlined shape? (01)
- Q.03** How many limbs are there in a cockroach? (01)
- Q.04** Explain the reason why rats/snakes live in burrow found in desert during day time. (01)
- Q.05** Name the invention that introduced a new source of power in the 19th Century. (01)
- Q.06** Which type of motion is exhibited by ants? (01)
- Q.07** How does an earthworm fix parts of its body to the ground? (02)
- Q.08** Why do we need standard unit of measurement? What are the S.I. unit of length, mass and time? (02)
- Q.09** What is the need of using an electric switch? (02)
- Q.10** If you take out a cooled bottle of water from a refrigerator and keep it on a table. After some time you will notice a puddle of water around it. Explain why? (02)
- Q.11** A drawing sheet changes when you draw a picture on it. Can you reverse this change? (02)
- Q.12** What are the three things required to create a shadow? (02)

OR

Write one difference between a transparent and an opaque object. Give two examples of each.

- Q.13** It was observed that a pencil sharpener gets attracted by both the poles of a magnet although its body is made of plastic. Name a material that might have been used to make some part of it. (02)

OR

How magnets lose their magnetic properties?

- Q.14** Do you think it is better to use compost instead of chemical fertilisers? Explain. (02)
- Q.15** What is acclimatisation? Give an example. (02)

OR

What are prey and predator? Give an appropriate example of each.

- Q.16** Where do we find natural pinhole camera? In a completely dark room, if you hold up a mirror in front of you. Will you see a reflection of yourself in the mirror? Explain. (03)
- Q.17** What do you do with the left over food at home? (03)

OR

What is landfill? How it is used for making parks and playground?

- Q.18** How is a compass used to find directions? (03)
- Q.19** Describe and draw the structure of an electric cell. (03)
- Q.20** How do plants and animals help each other in the exchange of gases? (03)

OR

What are the different uses of air?

- Q.21** Write two similarities and two differences between the motion of a bicycle and a ceiling fan that has been switched on. (03)
- Q.22** What is the ground water? How is soil recharged? How can we draw ground water? (03)
- Q.23** What is an adaptation? Mention four adaptive features found in mountain region plants. (03)

OR

Write any six characteristics of living organisms (No description).

Contd...2

Q.24 Melting of wax can be reversed whereas burning of candle cannot be reversed. Explain. (03)

Q.25 Answer in one word of the following : (03)

- (a) Hard structure that forms the skeleton.
- (b) Helps in the movement of body on contraction and relaxation.
- (c) Bones that join the chest bone at one end and to the backbone at the other end.
- (d) Framework of bones which give shape to our body.
- (e) Joint where our neck joins the head.
- (f) Part of the skeleton that forms the earlobe.

Q.26 Briefly describe any three characteristics of living things. (03)

Q.27 How can you minimise over use of plastics and deal with garbage? (Any six) (03)

Q.28 (i) What is rain water harvesting? (05)

(ii) Describe any two methods of rain water harvesting.

(iii) Draw the diagram of roof top harvesting.

OR

(i) What is the role of precipitation?

(ii) Describe briefly how clouds are formed?

(iii) Draw the diagram of water cycle.

Q.29 (i) What do you mean by rectilinear motion? Give two examples. (05)

(ii) While measuring a length of a knitting needle, the reading of the scale at one end is 3 cm and at the other end is 33.1 cm. What is the length of the needle?

OR

(i) Define periodic motion. Give two examples.

(ii) How will you measure the length of a line segment by using a scale?

Q.30 (i) What is reflection? Explain with examples. (05)

(ii) Describe an activity to show that mirror changes the direction of light that falls on it. (No diagram)

OR

(i) What are shadows and how they are formed?

(ii) Describe an activity to prove rectilinear propagation of light.

Q.31 (i) What happens when magnets are not stored properly? What is the correct method to store a bar magnet and a horse shoe magnet?

(ii) Name the different types of magnet. Draw the diagram also. (05)

OR

(i) How is a compass used to find directions?

(ii) You are given an iron strip. How will you make it into a magnet? Draw the necessary diagram.





DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI
ANNUAL EXAMINATION – 2020
SUBJECT – SOCIAL SCIENCE

Class : VI

Date : 22.02.2020

Max. Marks : 80

Time : 3 Hrs.

General Instructions :-

- There are 31 questions. All are compulsory.
- Questions 1 to 14 are very short answer questions of 1 mark each.
- Questions 15 to 26 are short answer questions of 3 marks each.
- Questions 27 to 30 are long answer questions of 5 marks each.
- Question 31 is a map based question. Please tie the maps inside your main answer script.
- Marks are also indicated against each question. Write answer as per marks.

-
- | | | |
|------|---|-------------|
| Q.01 | Who was the last and 24 th tirthankara of the Jainas? | (01) |
| Q.02 | Whose ideas were written down in the Arthashastra? | (01) |
| Q.03 | What was the capital of Vajji Gana? | (01) |
| Q.04 | Which rulers were known as lords of the dakshinapatha? | (01) |
| Q.05 | Who is recognized as the author of the sanskrit Ramayana? | (01) |
| Q.06 | Which is the largest continent? | (01) |
| Q.07 | What is the name of the highest plateau in the world? | (01) |
| Q.08 | Which strait separates Sri Lanka from India? | (01) |
| Q.09 | Which place in Meghalaya receives the world's highest rainfall? | (01) |
| Q.10 | Which two major rivers fall into the Arabian Sea? | (½+½ = 01) |
| Q.11 | Who organizes the collection of land revenue from farmers in India? | (01) |
| Q.12 | Which panchayat makes developmental plans at the district level? | (01) |
| Q.13 | What are the elected members of the Municipal Corporation called? | (01) |
| Q.14 | Who regulates urban markets in our country and decides that on which day the market has to remain closed? | (01) |
| Q.15 | What were the questions that the Upanishadic thinkers wanted to answer? | (03) |
| Q.16 | How did the Kalinga War change Ashoka's mind? | (03) |
| Q.17 | What were punch marked coins? | |
| | OR | (03) |
| | What do the Puranas contain? | |
| Q.18 | Write any three features of Bhakti. | |
| | OR | (03) |
| | What is Sangam Literature? | |
| Q.19 | Write any three works of the Gram Panchayat? | |
| | OR | (03) |
| | What are the sources of funds for the Gram Panchayat? | |
| Q.20 | Which was the new law made in 2005? How have women benefitted under the new law? | (1+2) |
| Q.21 | Differentiate between the Permanent Job and the Causal Job. | (03) |

- Q.22** Give a brief idea about the apartheid laws followed earlier in South Africa. (03)
- Q.23** Define (1+1+1)
- (a) Isthmus
 - (b) Global Warming
 - (c) Climate
- Q.24** Which countries share land boundaries with India? (03)
- Q.25** Differentiate between Evergreen forests and Deciduous forests. (03)
- Q.26** Draw a neat and labelled diagram of Volcanic Mountain. (03)
- Q.27** How was Ashoka's empire ruled? (05)
- OR**
- What were Shrenis? What were their functions?
- Q.28** Write the main teachings of the Mahavira. (05)
- OR**
- Write the main teachings of the Buddha.
- Q.29** How are mountains useful to us? (05)
- OR**
- Name the major Continents of the earth. Which two continents lie entirely in the southern hemisphere?
- Q.30** What is the Gram Sabha? Who is a Panchayat Secretary & what are his works? (05)
- OR**
- What is the Panchayati Raj System? What are the 3 levels of the Panchayati Raj System?
- Q.31** Locate the following places on the given maps of India: (1x5=05)
- (a) History (Any five)**
- (a) Mathura
 - (b) Bharuch
 - (c) Arikamedu
 - (d) Nalanda
 - (e) Madurai
 - (f) Aihole
- (b) Geography (Any five)** (1x5=05)
- (a) The Satpura Range
 - (b) The Eastern Ghats
 - (c) The Great Himalayas
 - (d) The Kaveri River
 - (e) Lakshadweep Islands
 - (f) The Great Indian Desert





DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI
ANNUAL EXAMINATION – 2020
SUBJECT INFORMATION AND
COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

Class : VI
Date : 14.02.2020

Max. Marks : 30
Time : 1½ Hrs.

Q.1 Fill in the blanks with the correct words -

(1x3=03)

- (a) The first page of a website is called its page.
- (b) tween is used to stretch an object at an angle.
- (d) A is the basic unit of animation.

Q.2 Answer the following-

(2x3=06)

- (a) Name any two ways of creating animation in Tupi.
- (b) What does FPS stand for? What is its significance in an animation?
- (c) Differentiate between Ce and Bcc email message options.

Q.3 Answer the following with suitable example where needed-

(3x3=09)

- (d) What information is provided by the last two or three letters of the domain name?
- (e) What is the difference between "Open" and "Open Recent" options?
- (f) What are the full forms of ISP, MODEM and URL.

Q.04 Answer the following - (Any 3)

(4x3=12)

- (f) Write full forms of the following also explain what they stand for –
(ii) .mil (ii) .jP (iii) .gov (iv) .com
- (g) Name the menu that has options for “Zoom In” and “Zoom-out”. Also write the keyboard shortcut for “Zoom-In”, “Zoom-out” and “Hand” tools.
- (h) Which tab has the option to play the movie in Tupi? Also name the component of Tupi window that has layers. Also name the bar that has buttons for “Scenes Manager” and “Exposure Sheet”.
- (i) Name the bar that has File, Edit and Import menus. Also name the three modules available in the Tupi workspace.
- (j) Mention any two formats in which images can be saved in GIMP. Which resolution is the best for display on computer screen? Name the two rulers in GIMP that help you to position things accurately.

