

**DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI (C.G.)**

DATE : 29-02-2016

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT II, 2016

Time : 3 Hours

CLASS : VI

ENGLISH

M.M : 80

**General Instructions :**

- Read the instructions carefully before answering the questions.
- Attempt all the questions in each section before going to the next section.
- All the answers must be correctly numbered and written neatly.
- For multiple choice questions, write only the answers along with the option numbers clearly.
- The paper consists of four sections :
  - Section A – Reading (16 marks)
  - Section B – Writing (18 marks)
  - Section C – Grammar (16 marks)
  - Section D – Literature (30 marks)

**SECTION A : READING**

**16 marks**

**A.1. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow :**

**8 marks**

- 1) The guinea pig (*Cavia porcellus*), also called the cavy, is a species of rodent. Despite their common name, these animals are not pigs, nor do they come from Guinea. They originated in the Andes, and studies show they are domesticated descendants of a closely related species of cavy and therefore do not exist naturally in the wild. The guinea pig plays an important role not only in the folk culture of many indigenous South American groups, especially as a food source, but also in folk medicine and in community religious ceremonies. Since the 1960s, efforts have been made to increase consumption of the animal outside South America.
- 2) In Western societies, the guinea pig has enjoyed widespread popularity as a household pet since its introduction by European traders in the 16th century. Their docile nature, their responsiveness to handling and feeding, and the relative ease of caring for them, continue to make the guinea pig a popular pet.
- 3) Biological experimentation on guinea pigs has been carried out since the 17th century. The animals were frequently used as a model organism in the 19th and 20th centuries, resulting in the epithet "guinea pig" for a test subject, but have since been largely replaced by other rodents such as mice and rats. They are still used in research, primarily as models for human medical conditions.

(Wikipedia)

**Answer the following questions :**

- i) The guinea pig \_\_\_\_\_ (1)
  - a) is a type of pig    b) comes from Guinea    c) is a type of rodent    d) is found in the wild
- ii) Guinea pig plays an important role in the folk culture of many - (1)
  - a) people of South America                      b) visitors to South America.
  - c) indigenous South American groups    d) South American Nationals.
- iii) In Western Societies, guinea pig has gained popularity as a- (1)
  - a) common animal                                  b) household pet
  - c) model organism                                  d) animal outside South America
- iv) Efforts have been made since the 1960s to increase consumption of guinea pig (1)
  - a) outside South America    b) South Africa    c) Andes    d) North America
- v) Who introduced this species of rodent in Western Societies in the 16th Century? (1)
- vi) What are the reasons to make guinea pig a popular pet? (1)
- vii) Guinea pigs do not exist naturally in the wild, why? (1)
- viii) Find a word from the above passage which means the same as the following: (1)

a person or animal that has come from a particular ancestor (para-1)

PTO



B3. You have recently been to your friend's home and stayed for a few days. After coming back write a letter to him mentioning-how you felt about the visit using the inputs given below. You are Sushman/Sushmita living at 24, Priyadarshini Colony, Raipur. (125 words) (8)

- family members quite hospitable
- mother soft hearted, took all possible care
- provided with delicious food
- father loving gentleman
- young sister lovable, knows music and dance, lot of amusement with her
- friend busy for me, looked after my comforts
- developed a deep affection
- I too invited him/her

(OR)

Using the inputs given below, write a report in about 100 words, for your school magazine, about the Road Safety Week celebrated in your school. (8)

- inaugurated by the principal
- celebrated for a week
- to make students aware about Road Safety
- need and methods to promote Road Safety
- various competitions organized (drawing, debate, quiz, exhibition)
- celebrated with great joy and enthusiasm

**SECTION C : GRAMMAR**

16 marks

For questions C.1 to C.4 choose the most appropriate answer from the given options :

Do as directed

C1. Complete the following sentences with appropriate nouns: (2)

- a) A \_\_\_\_\_ writes plays.  
i) poet ii) chemist iii) playwright iv) orator
- b) \_\_\_\_\_ make speeches.  
i) Chefs ii) Policeman iii) Sculptor iv) Orators

C2. Fill in the blanks with the correct tense of the verbs : (2)

- a) Be quiet! The baby is \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) sleeps ii) sleeping iii) slept iv) will sleep
- b) Rani does not \_\_\_\_\_ her toys  
i) break ii) breaks iii) broke iv) broken.

C3. Fill in the blanks with appropriate phrasal verbs: (2)

- a) Please \_\_\_\_\_ the lights as you leave this room.  
i) turn out ii) turn down iii) turn off iv) turn up
- b) We \_\_\_\_\_ a change of weather in March.  
i) look out ii) look up iii) look in iv) look for

C4. Complete the following sentences with appropriate question tags: (2)

- a) This is the best you can do, \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
i) can you? ii) can't you? iii) could you? iii) couldn't you?
- b) Toys are not very expensive here, \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
i) aren't they? ii) are they? iii) is it? iv) isn't it?

C5. Fill in the blanks with the correct degree of the indicated adjective : (2)

- a) Lead is \_\_\_\_\_ (heavy) than any other metal.
- b) Rose is the \_\_\_\_\_ (beautiful) among flowers.

C6. Complete the analogies: (2)

- a) Export is to \_\_\_\_\_ as out is to in.
- b) Hunger is to \_\_\_\_\_ as thirst is to drink.

**C7. Complete the following with suitable idioms:**

(2)

- a) My grandmother has something kind to say about everyone. She has a \_\_\_\_\_.
- b) Urbanisation and crime go \_\_\_\_\_.

**C8. Fill in the blanks with appropriate reflexive pronoun:**

(2)

- a) Sometimes, she washes the clothes \_\_\_\_\_.
- b) They found \_\_\_\_\_ in a deep dense forest.

**SECTION D : LITERATURE**

**30 marks**

**D1. Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow :**

**(3×3=9)**

I) 'I knew you'd do something foolish behind my back,' she scolded, 'You told me you'd got rid of that creature, and all the time you've been hiding it from me.'

- a) Who is the speaker? (1)
- i) Aunt Mabel ii) Grandfather iii) Grandmother iv) Author
- b) Which is the 'strange creature' referred to here? (1)
- i) parrot ii) tiger iii) squirrel iv) python
- c) Who were being scolded? (1)

II) 'Stop, stop! There is something you must know. Come back! (He stops in the doorway and shakes his head.)

- a) Who does 'He' refer to? (1)
- i) Poor Brother ii) Rich Brother iii) Old Beggar iv) Sea Captain
- b) Name the lesson from which the above lines are taken? (1)
- i) Travelling with Grandfather's Zoo ii) Zlata's Diary
- iii) The Tree Doctor iv) Why the Sea is Salt
- c) What does 'something' refer to? (1)

III) 'Fibs'? you think I'm telling you fibs'

I am only giving a modest account  
Of what these two eyes have seen'

- a) What does the word 'Fibs' mean? (1)
- i) truth ii) joke iii) story iv) lies
- b) Name the poet- (1)
- i) Gareth Owen ii) Raymond Wilson iii) Safdar Hashmi iv) Santhini Govindan
- c) What has been seen by the speaker? (1)

**D2. Answer any three of the following questions in about 30-40 words each:**

**2×3=6**

- a) How did Dr Yamano restore trees back to life?
- b) Do you think the name Patience Exhausted has any significance?
- c) How do people show their respect for trees in Japan?
- d) What amazed Watson about a shopping centre?

**D3. Answer any one of the following questions in about 75 -80 words:**

**(5)**

In what way did the shell, which was a perfect home, become an enormous and eternal burden for the snail?

**OR**

Zlata's family was closely knit and a happy one, Find instances of this from the diary.

**D4. Answer any three of the following questions in about 30 to 40 words each:**

**2×3=6**

- a) What made Ali Shar a poor man?
- b) Why did Ali Cogia wish to go to Mecca?
- c) How did the merchant cheat Ali Cogia?
- d) What was the dream that the duck had?

**D5. Answer any one of the following questions in about 70 to 80 words:**

**(4)**

Why was the camel afraid of man?

**OR**

How was Zumurrud received at the gate of the city and why?

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कक्षा : छठवीं  
दिनांक : 03.03.2016

समय : 3 घण्टे  
पूर्णांक : 90

**निर्देश :**

- क) प्रश्न पत्र दो खण्डों में बँटा हुआ है - 'क' और 'ख'।  
ख) दोनों खण्डों के प्रश्नों का उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।  
ग) यथासंभव प्रत्येक खण्ड के उत्तर क्रमानुसार दीजिए।  
घ) इस प्रश्न-पत्र में प्रश्नों की कुल संख्या 11 है।

**खण्ड - क**

1. निम्नलिखित बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर चुनकर लिखिए - (15X1=15)
- विशेषण जिस शब्द की विशेषता बताता है उसे कहते हैं -  
(क) संज्ञा (ख)सर्वनाम (ग) विशेष्य (घ) विशेषण
  - मुझे चार मीटर कपड़ा चाहिए। (वाक्य में विशेषण छाँटिए)  
(क) मुझे (ख) चार मीटर (ग) कपड़ा (घ) चाहिए
  - उसके पास बहुत पुस्तकें हैं। (वाक्य में विशेष्य होगा)  
(क) बहुत (ख) पास (ग) हैं (घ) पुस्तकें
  - 'दया' शब्द से बना विशेषण है -  
(क) दयालु (ख) निर्दयता (ग) दयाहीनता (घ) दयालुता
  - यह कुर्सी टूट गई है। रेखांकित विशेषण का भेद बताइए -  
(क) गुणवाचक (ख) परिमाण वाचक (ग) सार्वनामिक (घ) संख्यावाचक
  - कोष्ठक (:) में दिए गए विराम चिह्न का नाम बताइए -  
(क) योजक चिह्न (ख) विस्मयादिबोधक (ग) अर्धविराम (घ) पूर्ण विराम
  - उचित विराम चिह्न वाला वाक्य चुनिए -  
(क) हाय, मैं मर गया। (ख) हाय; मैं मर गया। (ग) हाय मैं मर गया! (घ) हाय! मैं मर गया।
  - 'भीड़-भाड़' शब्द में कौन सा विराम चिह्न का प्रयोग हुआ है ?  
(क) योजक चिह्न (ख) अपूर्ण विराम (ग) अल्प विराम (घ) पूर्ण विराम
  - वह बहुत कम खर्च करने वाला है। (रेखांकित वाक्यांश का एक शब्द होगा)  
(क) कजूस (ख) मक्खीचूस (ग) मितव्ययी (घ) फिजूलखर्ची
  - जो इस लोक में संभव न हों वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द है -  
(क) लौकिक (ख) अलौकिक (ग) यथासंभव (घ) स्वर्ग
  - 'कम बोलने वाला' वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द है -  
(क) मृदुभाषी (ख) वाचाल (ग) समझदार (घ) मितभाषी
  - 'जंगल' का पर्यायवाची शब्द नहीं है -  
(क) विपिन (ख) सदन (ग) अरण्य (घ) वन
  - 'नारी' का पर्यायवाची शब्द नहीं है -  
(क) तनया (ख) महिला (ग) स्त्री (घ) ललना
  - 'पुष्प' का पर्यायवाची शब्द है -  
(क) मधुप (ख) पटु (ग) प्रसून (घ) सर
  - 'पृथ्वी' का पर्यायवाची शब्द है -  
(क) वसुधा (ख) अचल (ग) दिवा (घ) गृह
2. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर चुनकर लिखिए - (10X1=10)
- 'कृतज्ञ' शब्द का विलोम शब्द है -  
(क) परोपकारी (ख) कृतघ्न (ग) दुराचारी (घ) कार्तिक
  - 'हिंसा' का विलोम शब्द है -  
(क) मार-काट (ख) शांति (ग) समझौता (घ) अहिंसा
  - 'साकार' का विलोम शब्द है -  
(क) निराकार (ख) परोपकार (ग) सरकार (घ) बेकार
  - 'उत्तर' शब्द का अनेकार्थक शब्द नहीं है -  
(क) दक्षिण (ख) जवाब (ग) एक दिशा (घ) बाद का
  - 'हरि' का अनेकार्थक शब्द नहीं है -  
(क) विष्णु (ख) जीवन (ग) साँप (घ) शेर
  - 'पानी' शब्द का अनेकार्थक शब्द है -  
(क) भोजन (ख) प्यास (ग) चमक (घ) संसार
  - 'दाँत खट्टे करना' मुहावरे का अर्थ है -  
(क) जोखिम उठाना (ख) मार डालना (ग) धोखा देना (घ) बुरी तरह हराना
  - 'फूला न समाना' मुहावरे का अर्थ है -  
(क) फूलकर कुप्पा हो जाना (ख) बहुत खुश होना (ग) मृत्यु को प्राप्त करना (घ) भाग्य पलटना
  - 'भक्खियाँ मारना' मुहावरे का अर्थ है -  
(क) मार डालना (ख) बेकार बैठना (ग) चुपचाप रहना (घ) मौत के घाट उतारना
  - 'हाथ मलना' मुहावरे का अर्थ है -  
(क) हाथ साफ करना (ख) नुकसान पहुँचाना (ग) पछताना (घ) डरकर भाग जाना
3. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में सही उत्तर के सामने (✓) और गलत उत्तर के सामने (×) का चिह्न लगाइए। (5X1=5)
- विशेषण के भेदों की संख्या चार है। ( )



- ii. दो शब्दों को आपस में जोड़ने के लिए प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न का प्रयोग किया जाता है। ( )
- iii. 'मौखिक' का विलोम शब्द 'लिखित' होता है। ( )
- iv. 'दाल में काला होना' मुहावरे का अर्थ 'जी ललचाना' होता है। ( )
- v. 'जो बिना वेतन के काम करे' इसका वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द 'अवैतनिक' होता है। ( )
4. अपने मित्र को पत्र लिखकर ग्रीष्मावकाश (गर्मी की छुट्टियों) में अपने यहाँ आने का निमंत्रण दीजिए। (5)
- अथवा
- अपने विद्यालय के प्रधानाचार्य को शुल्क-मुक्ति (फीस माफ) के लिए प्रार्थना-पत्र लिखिए।
5. निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक विषय पर लगभग 100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए - (5)
- (क) विज्ञान से लाभ और हानि (ख) मेरा प्रिय त्योहार : होली  
(ग) प्रदूषण: एक बड़ी समस्या (घ) स्वास्थ्य और व्यायाम
- खण्ड - ख**
6. निम्नलिखित काव्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर उसके नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर चुनकर लिखिए - (5X1=5)
- अपने कर से खिला, धुला मुख,  
धुल पोंछ, सज्जित कर गात,  
थमा खिलौने, नहीं सुनाती  
हमें सुखद परियों की बात!  
ऐसी बड़ी न होऊँ मैं  
तेरा स्नेह न खोऊँ मैं,  
तेरे अंचल की छाया में  
छिपी रहूँ निस्पृह, निर्भय,  
कहूँ-दिखा दे चंद्रोदय!
- i. उपर्युक्त कविता के कवि का नाम है -  
(क) भवानी प्रसाद मिश्र (ख) सुमित्रानंदन पंत (ग) महादेवी वर्मा (घ) नरेश मेहता
- ii. उपर्युक्त कविता के पाठ का नाम है -  
(क) मैं कभी न छोटी होऊँ (ख) बड़ी कभी न होऊँ मैं (ग) मैं सबसे छोटी होऊँ (घ) ऐसी बड़ी न होऊँ मैं
- iii. बड़ी हो जाने पर बच्ची को क्या खो जाने का डर है ?  
(क) पैसे (ख) मिठाई (ग) स्नेह (घ) सुख-सुविधा
- iv. इन पंक्तियों में छोटी बच्ची माँ से क्या दिखाने का अनुरोध करती है ?  
(क) चंद्रमा का उदय (ख) चंद्रमा का अस्त (ग) सूर्य का उदय (घ) सूर्यास्त
- v. निस्पृह, निर्भय शब्द का अर्थ है -  
(क) चाँद और सूरज (ख) प्रेम और घृणा (ग) इच्छारहित, निडर (घ) स्नेह और प्यार
7. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर उसके नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए -
- गाँधी ने देखा कि इंग्लैण्ड में ऊँचे घरानों में घरेलू नौकरों को परिवार का आदमी माना जाता था। एक बार एक अंग्रेज के घर से विदा लेते समय उन्हें यह देखकर खुशी हुई कि घरेलू नौकरों का उनसे परिचय नौकरों की तरह नहीं बल्कि परिवार के सदस्य के समान कराया गया। एक बार एक भारतीय सज्जन के यहाँ काफी दिनों तक ठहरने के बाद गाँधी जब चलने लगे तब उस घर के नौकरों से उन्होंने विदा ली और कहा, "मैं कभी किसी को अपना नौकर नहीं समझता, उसे भाई या बहन ही माना है और आप लोगों को भी मैं अपना भाई समझता हूँ।"
- i. पाठ और लेखक का नाम बताइए। (2)
- ii. किस देश में नौकरों को घर के सदस्य के रूप में स्वीकार किया जाता है ? (1)
- iii. गाँधीजी ने भारतीय सज्जन के घर से विदा लेते समय क्या कहा ? (2)
8. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 30-40 शब्दों में दीजिए - (6X4=24)
- i. 'अब और कितनी दूर चलना है, पर्णकुटी कहाँ बनाइएगा'— किसने किससे पूछा और क्यों ?
- ii. निबंध में लोकगीतों के किन पक्षों की चर्चा की गई है ? बिंदुओं के रूप में उन्हें लिखो।
- iii. लाखों करोड़ों वर्ष पहले हमारी धरती कैसी थी ?
- iv. जिन लोगों के पास आँखें हैं, वे सचमुच बहुत कम देखते हैं - हेलेन केलर को ऐसा क्यों लगता था ?
- v. लंदन में भोज पर बुलाए जाने पर गाँधी जी ने क्या किया ?
- vi. कविता में सबसे छोटे होने की कल्पना क्यों की गई है ?
9. 'अनुमान और कल्पना' के आधार पर नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो के ही उत्तर दीजिए - (3X2=6)
- i. ऐसे कामों की सूची बनाइए जिन्हें आप हर रोज कर सकते हैं।
- ii. आज आपने घर से आते हुए बारीकी से क्या-क्या देखा ? लिखिए।
- iii. कल्पना करके लिखिए कि यदि मकान अपने निर्माण की कहानी सुनाता तो क्या कहता ?
10. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के अति संक्षिप्त (एक वाक्य या एक शब्द में) उत्तर दीजिए - (5X1=5)
- i. 'जो देखकर भी नहीं देखते' पाठ के लेखक/लेखिका का नाम बताइए।
- ii. 'संसार पुस्तक है' पाठ में नेहरू जी ने किसको पत्र लिखा है ?
- iii. भोजपुरी में तीस-चालीस वर्षों से किस लोकगीत का प्रचार हुआ है ?
- iv. 'नौकर' पाठ में गाँधी जी के किस आश्रम का नाम आया है ?
- v. 'वन के मार्ग में' कविता के कवि का नाम लिखिए।
11. भाषा-अध्ययन पर आधारित निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर चुनकर लिखिए - (5X1=5)
- i. इनमें से कौन सा शब्द पुल्लिंग है ? (क) पतीला (ख) सेवा (ग) कालिख (घ) भराई
- ii. 'बारहमासा' गीत में साल के कितने महीनों का वर्णन होता है ? (क) तीन (ख) बारह (ग) नौ (घ) छः
- iii. 'पत्थर' शब्द में 'ईला' प्रत्यय लगने पर बनेगा - (क) पथरिला (ख) पत्थरईला (ग) पथरीला (घ) पत्थरीला
- iv. स्पर्श से संबंधित शब्द 'भुरभुरा' का सबसे उपयुक्त उदाहरण होगा - (क) शहद (ख) लोहा (ग) रूई (घ) रेत
- v. 'निर्धन' शब्द का अर्थ है - (क) मृत्यु (ख) नक्षत्र (ग) गरीब (घ) स्वर्ग





परीक्षार्थिनः नाम - ..... कक्षा/वर्गः ..... अनुक्रमाङ्कः .....

प्रश्नः 1. प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि मञ्जूषातः चित्वा लिखत । (05)

ललाटे, उत्सवप्रियः, वसन्तसमये, पथिकः, विस्तृतः

- (क) नीलाकाशः कीदृशः अस्ति ? .....
- (ख) अन्या मक्षिका कुत्र दशति ? .....
- (ग) मार्गे कः आगच्छत् ? .....
- (घ) अस्माकं भारतदेशः कीदृशः अस्ति ? .....
- (ङ) पिककाकयोः भेदः कदा भवति ? .....

प्रश्नः 2. पर्यायपदानि योजयत - (2½)

'अ'	'ब'	
हस्ते	शीघ्रम्	.....
सद्यः	अकस्मात्	.....
सहसा	पृथ्वीम्	.....
आकाशम्	करे	.....
धराम्	गगनम्	.....

प्रश्नः 3. मञ्जूषातः उपयुक्तानाम् पदानां प्रयोगेण रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत । (2½)

कथम्, विद्यालये, अपि, उद्यानेषु, कुत्र

- (क) जगन्नाथपुरी ..... अस्ति ?
- (ख) तव स्वास्थ्यं ..... अस्ति ?
- (ग) वयं ..... पठामः?
- (घ) ..... भ्रमराः गुञ्जन्ति ?
- (ङ) अहं पठामि, त्वम् ..... पठ ?

प्रश्नः 4. शुद्धकथनानां समक्षम् "आम्" इति अशुद्धकथनानां समक्षं "न" इति लिखत । (05)

- (क) दशबालकाः स्नानाय अगच्छन् । ( )
- (ख) सर्वे वाटिकायाम् अभ्रमन् । ( )
- (ग) ते वस्तुतः नव बालकाः एव आसन् । ( )
- (घ) कोऽपि पथिकः न आगच्छत् । ( )
- (ङ) ते सर्वे प्रहृष्टाः भूत्वा च गृहम् अगच्छन् ? ( )
- (च) काकः कृष्णः न भवति । ( )
- (छ) अस्माभिः प्रियं वक्ताव्यम् । ( )
- (ज) वसन्तसमये पिककाकयोः भेदः स्पष्टः भवति । ( )
- (झ) वैन्तेयः पशुः अस्ति । ( )
- (ञ) वचने दरिद्रता न कर्तव्या । ( )

प्रश्नः 5. अधोलिखितानि वाक्यानि घटनाक्रमानुसारं लिखत । (05)

- (क) अजीजः सरलः परिश्रमी च आसीत् .....
- (ख) एकदा सः गृहं गन्तुम् अवकाशं वाञ्छति । .....
- (ग) अजीजः पेटिकाम् आनयति । .....
- (घ) मक्षिके स्वामिनं दशतः ? .....
- (ङ) स्वामी अजीजाय अवकाशस्य पूर्णं धनं ददाति । .....

प्रश्न: 6. उदाहरणानुसारं निम्नलिखित-पदानि सम्बोधने परिवर्तयत ।

(05)

1. यथा : चन्द्रः – चन्द्र !  
क) शिष्यः ..... ख) गोपालः .....
2. यथा : बलिका – बालिके!  
क) प्रियंवदा ..... ख) लता .....
3. यथा : फलम् – फल!  
क) मित्रम् ..... ख) पुस्तकम् .....
4. यथा : रविः – रवे!  
क) मुनिः ..... ख) कविः .....
5. यथा : नदी – नदि!  
क) देवी ..... ख) मानिनी .....

प्रश्न: 7. मञ्जूषातः संख्यापदानि चित्वा लिखत ।

(05)

पञ्चविंशतिः, दश, पञ्चदश, विंशतिः, अष्ट, द्वाविंशतिः, द्वौ, सप्तदश, चत्वारः, द्वादश

- 10 ..... 25 .....
- 4 ..... 8 .....
- 12 ..... 20.....
- 22 ..... 2.....
- 15 ..... 17.....

प्रश्न: 8. "क्त्वा-तुमुन्" प्रत्यययोः उदाहरणानुसारं प्रयोगं कुरुत ।

(05)

धातवः	क्त्वा (त्वा)	तुमुन् (तुम्)
यथा : खेल	खेलित्वा	खेलितुम्
1. पद	.....	.....
2. हस्	.....	.....
3. चल	.....	.....
4. चर्	.....	.....
5. पत्	.....	.....

प्रश्न: 9. उचित-धातु-रूपैः रिक्तस्थानपूर्तिं कुरुत ।

(05)

पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथम-पुरुषः	खेलिष्यति	.....	.....
मध्यम-पुरुषः	.....	खादिष्यथः	.....
उत्तम-पुरुषः	.....	.....	धाविष्यामः
प्रथम-पुरुषः	गर्जति	.....	गर्जन्ति
मध्यम-पुरुषः	पतसि	.....	.....
उत्तम-पुरुषः	.....	हसावः	हसामः

प्रश्न: 10. उचित-शब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत ।

(05)

विभक्ति	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
प्रथमा	– मुनिः	.....	मुनयः
द्वितीया	– .....	मुनी	मुनीन्
तृतीया	– बालकेन	.....	बालकैः
चतुर्थी	– .....	मुनिभ्याम्	मुनिभ्यः
पंचमी	– बालकात्	.....	.....
षष्ठी	– .....	भान्दोः	भानूनाम्
सप्तमी	– बालिकायाम्	.....	.....
संबोधनम्	– .....	हे भानू!	हे भानवः !

LE EXAMEN 2015-16

LE FRANÇAIS

LA CLASSE - VI

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Sec \_\_\_\_\_

Roll No \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Inv. Sign \_\_\_\_\_

DURÉE 1 ½ hour

M.M 45

Q1

M-2x3=6

<u>Être</u>	<u>ALLER</u>

QII Quelle heure est-il ?

M-1x5=5

i) 9:45 —

\_\_\_\_\_

ii) 2:30 —

\_\_\_\_\_

iii) 3:50 —

\_\_\_\_\_

iv) 11:35 —

\_\_\_\_\_

v) 6:15 —

\_\_\_\_\_

III Translate the following sentences into English <sup>(2)</sup>  
M-1x5=5

i. Mardi, il joue au football.

---

ii) Les papiers sont blancs.

---

iii) Les citrons sont jaunes.

---

iv) Nous déjeunons à midi

---

v) Le Livre est noir.

---

IV Change the following Sentences from Singular  
to Plural :-

M-1x5=5

i) La robe est verte.

---

ii) Le crayon est mauve.

---

iii) La tasse est blanche.

---

iv) Jeudi, il joue du violon.

---

v) Samedi, vous mangez au restaurant.

---

②

IV Translate the following sentence into French

M-1x5=5

i) It's hot in summer

---

ii) what is your name?

---

iii) This is an easier.

---

iv) My pen is of red colour.

---

v) My father is a doctor.

---

V Answer the following questions :-

1x5=5

i) Il y a combien de mois dans une année?

---

ii) En quel mois sommes nous?

---

iii) Combien de genoux avons-nous?

---

iv) Combien de mains avez-vous?

---

v) Combien de têtes as-tu?

---

## VI

La famille de Philippe

Je m'appelle Philippe. J'ai quinze ans. J'habite à Pondicherry en Inde. Je vais à l'école. Je parle tamoul et français. J'ai une sœur. Elle est jeune et jolie. Elle s'appelle Maria. J'ai un frère, il s'appelle Louis. Il est méchant. Ma mère a 35 ans. Elle est jeune. Elle est professeur. Mon père est Médecin. Il a 40 ans. J'aime ma famille.

Key words :- Tamoul - Tamil, Méchant - naughty  
professeur - professor, Jeune - young, Aimer -  
 to like, parler - to speak, Médecin - doctor.  
Langue - language, Nord - north.

Q Answer the following Questions - from the passage (M-1x3=3)

i. Quel âge a - Philippe ?

---

(ii) Il parle quelle langue ?

---

(iii) Quel âge a la mère de Philippe ?

---

Dites vrai ou faux (True and false) M- $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

- i.) Ma Mère est Médecin - ( )  
 ii.) Ma sœur est méchant - ( )  
 iii.) J'aime ma famille - ( )  
 iv.) J'ai six ans - ( )

VII Fill the blanks in verbs (Manger, Jouer, Avoir)  
M-1x5=5

- i) Il \_\_\_\_\_ du piano  
ii) Nous \_\_\_\_\_ du gâteau  
iii) Elle \_\_\_\_\_ au tennis avec sa ami  
iv) Ils \_\_\_\_\_ au football  
v) Vous \_\_\_\_\_ une fourchette?

VIII Use possessive adjectives in the following fill ups  
(Ma, Mes, ton, tes) M-1x4=4

- i) C'est \_\_\_\_\_ cousin.  
ii) Ce sont \_\_\_\_\_ grand-parents  
iii) C'est \_\_\_\_\_ grandmère  
iv) Ce sont \_\_\_\_\_ soeurs.





**DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI (C.G.)**

DATE : 08-03-2016

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT II, 2016

Time : 3 Hours

CLASS : VII

MATHEMATICS

M.M : 90

**General Instructions –**

- All Questions are compulsory.
- The question paper consists of 34 questions, divided into 4 sections A,B,C and D.  
Section A comprises of 8 questions of 1 mark each.  
Section B comprises of 6 questions of 2 marks each.  
Section C comprises of 10 questions of 3 marks each.  
Section D comprises of 10 questions of 4 marks each.
- Question numbers 1- 8 in Section A are multiple choice questions, where you are to select one correct option out of given four.
- There is no overall choice. However internal choices have been provided in one question of 2 marks, three questions of 3 marks each and two questions of 4 marks each. You have to attempt only one of the alternatives in all such questions.
- Use of calculator is not permitted.

**SECTION A**

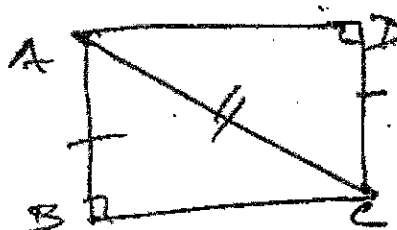
(1×8=8)

- 15% of a number is 60. What is the number?  
(a) 400 (b) 300 (c) 200 (d) 600
- Two triangles are said to be congruent if :  
(a) They are equal in area (b) they coincide exactly by placing one over the other  
(c) their angles are equal (d) None of these
- The point of concurrence of altitudes of a triangle is called \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) Centroid (b) Orthocentre (c) Circumcentre (d) incentre
- When the non-parallel sides of the trapezium are equal in length, it called a/an  
(a) Rectangle (b) rhombus (c) isosceles trapezium (d) None of these
- The distance travelled by a wheel in one revolution is equal to its  
(a) diameter (b) semi-circle (c) circumference (d) None of these
- Which of the following equals  $\frac{36a^7}{-12a^3}$  ?  
(a)  $3a^{10}$  (b)  $-3a^4$  (c)  $3a^2$  (d)  $-3a^5$
- $x$  decreased by 30 is the same as 14 decreased by 3 times  $x$ . The value of  $x$  is :  
(a) 11 (b) 16 (c) 15 (d) 19
- The chord of the circle which passes through the centre is called its  
(a) circumference (b) diameter (c) radius (d) arc

**SECTION B**

(2×6=12)

- Factorize :  $49 - 64x^2$
- If twice a positive integer is less than 50, by 12, what is the integer?
- Find the hypotenuse of a right triangle of sides 12 cm and 5 cm.
- Name the following quadrilaterals :  
a) All the sides are equal and one angle is  $90^\circ$   
b) Diagonals bisect each other at  $90^\circ$  and an angle is  $90^\circ$   
c) The diagonals are equal and adjacent sides are unequal.  
d) The diagonals are unequal and adjacent sides are equal
- State the reason by which the two triangles are congruent.



- Deepak bought a transistor radio for ₹ 360 and sold it for ₹ 405. Find the profit percent.  
(OR)  
Rahim bought an old typewriter for ₹ 760 and sold it for ₹ 722. Find the loss percent.

**SECTION C**

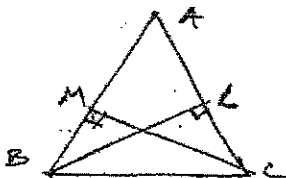
(3×10=30)

- 15) Draw an angle of  $45^\circ$  by bisecting a right angle.  
 16) Find the simple interest on ₹ 1800 for 3 years at 9% per annum. Find the amount also.  
 (OR)  
 Find the simple interest on ₹ 1680 for  $1\frac{1}{2}$  years at 4% half yearly.  
 17) The ratio of the two sides of a parallelogram is as 5:2. The perimeter is 168 cm. Find the sides of the parallelogram.

- 18) a) Solve :  $\frac{15x}{4} - \frac{11}{3} = \frac{23}{6}$     b) Factorize :  $8x^4 - 6x^3 + 2x^2$   
 (OR)  
 a) Solve  $4x - 3(x - 2) = 9$     b) Factorize :  $9y^2 - 6y^3 + 12y^4$

- 19) The length and breadth of a rectangle are 8 cm and 6 cm. Find the length of its diagonal.  
 20) In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $BL \perp AC$  and  $CM \perp AB$  and  $BL = CM$

Prove that  $\triangle ABC$  is isosceles.



- 21) Factorize :  $x^4 - y^4$ . Write the identity used.  
 (OR)  
 Factorize :  $36p^2 - 60p + 25$ .

- 22) Draw an equilateral  $\triangle$  of side 4.5 cm.  
 23) Draw a circle of radius 5 cm. Name the centre as O. Draw any chord AB. Draw  $OL \perp AB$ .  
 24) Ramesh saves of ₹ 1050 every month from his salary. If he spends 86% every month, find his monthly salary.

**SECTION D**

(4×10=40)

- 25) Draw a line AB, parallel to a given line CD, through a point 'P' above it. (Use compass)  
 26) The C.P. of a shirt is ₹ 36. The seller wishes to make a profit of 15%. He decides to give a discount of 10%. What is the marked price?

(OR)

Marked price of an article is ₹ 320. Due to off-season, a discount is given and it is sold for ₹ 288. Find the discount percent.

- 27) Draw a triangle  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $AB = 7$  cm,  $\angle A = 110^\circ$  and  $\angle B = 30^\circ$  and locate circumcentre.

(OR)

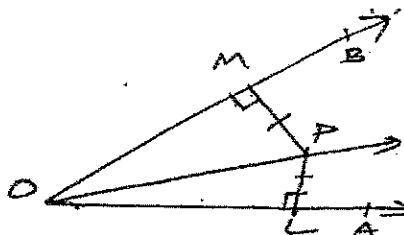
Draw a  $\triangle PQR$ ,  $PQ = 5.5$  cm,  $PR = 6.2$  cm and  $\angle A = 50^\circ$  and locate in centre.

- 28) The angles of a triangle are such that the largest is twice as big as the smallest and the third angle is  $8^\circ$  greater than the smallest. Find the angles.  
 29) Solve :  $\frac{7x}{3} - \frac{x-1}{4} = \frac{13}{12}$   
 30) The angles of a quadrilateral are in the ratio 3:4:5:6. Find the angles.

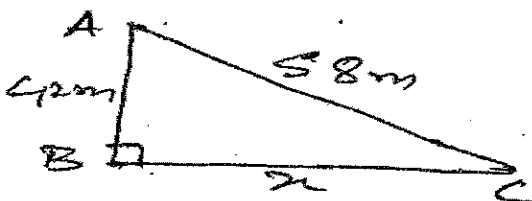
- 31) P is a point in the interior of  $\angle AOB$ .

$PL \perp OA$ , and  $PM \perp OB$ .  $PL = PM$ .

Prove that ray OP bisects  $\angle AOB$ .



- 32) Har Prasad sells a bicycle for ₹ 248 and loses 7%. How much shall he have gained or lost had it been sold for 280?  
 33) One of the diagonals of a rhombus is equal to one of its sides. Find the angles of the rhombus.  
 34) a) Find x



- b) The diagonal of a rectangular field is 25m. Its length is 24 m. Find its breadth.

DATE : 08-03-2016

CLASS : VI

SCIENCE

M.M. : 90

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- The question paper comprises 2 sections A & B. You are to attempt both sections.
- All questions are compulsory.
- There is no overall choice. However, internal choice has been provided in all the five questions of five marks category. Only one option in such questions is to be attempted.
- All Questions of Section 'A' & Section 'B' are to be attempted separately.
- Q.No. 1 to 3 in Sec. 'A' are 1 mark questions. These are to be answered in one word or one sentence each.
- Q.No. 4 to 7 are 2 marks questions, to be answered in about 30 words.
- Q.No. 8 to 19 are 3 marks questions, to be answered in about 50 words.
- Q.No. 20 to 24 are 5 marks questions, to be answered in about 70 words each (Each question is having an internal choice).
- Q.No. 25 to 42 in Sec. 'B' are multiple choice questions (MCQ). Each question is a 1 mark question. You are required to choose one most appropriate response, out of 4 options provided to you.

SECTION – A

- 1) Define evaporation. 1
- 2) State any two uses of electricity. 1
- 3) What is adaptation? 1
- 4) How are plants adapted to conditions prevailing in mountain regions. (any two). 2
- 5) Why do mountaineers carry oxygen cylinders while climbing high mountains? 2
- 6) Explain why a burning candle stops burning after some time when covered with an inverted glass jar? 2
- 7) The handles of tools like screwdrivers & pliers used by electrician for repair work usually have plastic or rubber covers on them. Can you explain why? 2
- 8) How are clouds formed? 3
- 9) What is air? State the composition of air. Write any two properties of air. 3
- 10) (a) Why should we breathe only through the nose & not through the mouth? 3  
(b) State any two uses of windmills.
- 11) (a) List any two characteristics of living organisms. 3  
(b) Differentiate between biotic and abiotic components of the environment. Give two examples of each.
- 12) (a) What is a habitat? 3  
(b) How aquatic plants are adapted to survive in water? (any two)
- 13) (a) What is meant by periodic motion? Give two examples. 3  
(b) Why standard units are used in measurement. What is the SI unit of length?
- 14) How an open circuit is different from a closed circuit? Draw a labelled diagram of both the circuits. 3
- 15) (a) Differentiate between natural and artificial magnets. Name any two shapes of artificial magnets. 3  
(b) State any two uses of air.
- 16) How are camels adapted to live in deserts? (any three points). 3
- 17) (a) List any two harmful effects of using plastics. 3  
(b) Suppose you want to dry your school uniform quickly. Would spreading it near anghiti or heater help? If yes, how?
- 18) (a) List any two conditions necessary for the formation of a shadow. 3  
(b) To clean their spectacles, people often breathe out on glasses to make them wet. Explain why the glasses become wet.
- 19) (a) What is meant by vermi composting? 3  
(b) Differentiate between biodegradable & non-biodegradable garbage? Give one example of each type.
- 20) (a) Define circular motion. Give one example of circular motion. 3  
(b) Write one similarity and one difference between the motion of a bicycle and a ceiling fan that has been switched on.  
(c) The distance between two stations of Delhi Metro is 2.460 km. Express this distance in 'm' & 'cm'  
(OR)  
(a) A student lives at a distance of 2280 m from the school. Express this distance in km.  
(b) How will you measure the length of a line segment using a scale?  
(c) Why can a pace or a footstep not be used as a standard unit of length? 5
- 21) (a) What are luminous objects? Name one man made & one naturally occurring luminous object. 5  
(b) Describe an activity to prove that light travels in a straight line. (Diagram required).  
(OR)  
(a) What is reflection of light? 5  
(b) What are transparent objects? Give two examples.  
(c) Describe an activity to show that a mirror changes the direction of light that falls on it. (no diagram)

- 22) a) What is an electric switch?  
 b) Why electric wires at home are covered with plastic.  
 c) Describe the structure of an electric cell.

5

(OR)

- a) Differentiate between conductors and insulators. Give two examples of each.  
 b) Describe an activity to show how switch works? (Diagram required).
- 23) a) Write any two properties of a magnet.  
 b) What happens when magnets are not stored properly?  
 What is the correct method to store magnets?  
 c) How is a compass used to find directions?

5

(OR)

- a) When do magnets lose their properties?  
 b) Describe an activity to find out the poles of a magnet. (Diagram required).
- 24) a) What is water cycle? Draw a labelled diagram of water cycle.  
 b) What is ground water?  
 c) List any two ways by which water can be conserved at home.

(OR)

- a) What is rain water harvesting? Explain the two methods of rain water harvesting.  
 b) When does drought occur?

5

**SECTION – B**

(Write the correct option along with the answer)

- 25) Which one of the following is not a terrestrial habitat? 1  
 a) soil b) grasslands c) ocean d) desert
- 26) In a cactus plant, photosynthesis is carried out by its : 1  
 a) stem b) modified leaves c) roots d) flowers
- 27) Which of the following types of motion is not exhibited by the earth moving around the sun? 1  
 a) circular b) rotational c) rectilinear d) periodic
- 28) A distance of 2.5 m is not equal to : 1  
 a) 250 cm b) 2500 mm c) 0.025 km d) 0.0025 km
- 29) Periodic motion is used to measure : 1  
 a) Position b) time interval c) distance d) height
- 30) Which of the following is not a good conductor of electricity? 1  
 a) Iron b) Eraser c) Graphite d) Gold
- 31) Which of the following option is correct if a magnet is cut into two pieces? 1  
 a) 

N	S
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N	S
---	---

      b) 

N	S
---	---

S	N
---	---

  
 c) 

N	N
---	---

S	S
---	---

      d) 

S	S
---	---

N	N
---	---
- 32) Magnetite, an iron ore, is \_\_\_\_\_ 1  
 (a) An electromagnet (b) An artificial magnet (c) A natural magnet (d) Not a magnet
- 33) Water is essential because it is used 1  
 a) to generate electricity (b) to run steam engines (c) sustain life (d) all of these
- 34) Which of the following gas is released by animals during respiration? 1  
 a) oxygen b) nitrogen c) argon d) carbondioxide
- 35) The gas which supports burning is 1  
 a) Oxygen b) Nitrogen c) Argon d) Carbondioxide
- 36) The loss of water from the leaves of plants as water vapour through the stomata is called : 1  
 a) respiration b) evaporation c) translocation d) transpiration
- 37) The process of changing of water vapour into liquid form is called – 1  
 a) evaporation b) sublimation c) precipitation d) condensation
- 38) Which of the following are translucent objects 1  
 a) air and glass                                      b) butter paper and clouds  
 c) clouds and aluminium sheets      d) air and muddy water
- 39) When electricity passes through a bulb, it gives off? 1  
 a) heat b) light c) both d) none
- 40) Burning plastic causes – 1  
 a) Water pollution b) Air pollution c) Noise pollution d) Sound pollution
- 41) Which one is non-biodegradable – 1  
 a) Leather belt b) Cowdung cakes c) thin gold foil d) thick cardboard sheet
- 42) We can use magnet to separate 1  
 a) Rubber bands from pieces of Aluminium foil      b) Pieces of copper wire from soil  
 c) Steel pins from sand                                      d) Steel bottle caps from iron filings

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BHILAI (C.G.)  
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT - II, 2016

DATE : 10-03-2016

Time : 3 Hours

CLASS : VI

SOCIAL SCIENCE

M.M : 90

General Instructions :

- The question paper has 43 questions and all the questions are compulsory.
- Marks are indicated against each question.
- Questions from S.No.1 to 20 are Multiple choice questions (MCQs) carrying 1 mark each. Each MCQ is provided with four alternatives. Write the correct alternative in your answer book.
- Question No. 42 & 43 are map based questions. Each carries 5 marks. Attach the map inside your answer book

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1. 'Satyakama Jabala', was named after his mother, the slave woman \_\_\_\_\_ (1)  
(a) Gargi (b) Jabali (c) Kisagatomi (d) None of these
2. 'Vardhamana Mahavira', left home at the age of \_\_\_\_\_. (1)  
(a) forty (b) thirty (c) twenty (d) fifty
3. The author of 'Arthashastra' is (1)  
(a) Chandragupta Maurya (b) Chanakya (c) Bindusara (d) None of these
4. In Tamil region, ordinary ploughmen were known as (1)  
(a) Vellalar (b) Uzhavar (c) Kadaisiyar (d) None of these
5. In the northern part of the country the village headman was known as \_\_\_\_\_ (1)  
(a) Sarpanch (b) Grama Bhojaka (c) Grihapatis (d) All of these
6. 'Satavahanas' became powerful in \_\_\_\_\_ India. (1)  
(a) Western (b) Eastern (c) Northern (d) Southern
7. 'Abhijnana Shakuntalam' was written by (1)  
(a) Ashvaghosa (b) Kalidasa (c) Harishena (d) None of these
8. \_\_\_\_\_ are grand, long compositions, about heroic men and women, and include stories about Gods. (1)  
(a) Inscriptions (b) Epics (c) Puranas (d) All of these
9. \_\_\_\_\_ is recognised as the author of the Sanskrit 'Ramayana'. (1)  
(a) Valmiki (b) Vyasa (c) Kalidasa (d) All of these
10. The solid portion of the earth is called \_\_\_\_\_. (1)  
(a) Lithosphere (b) Hydrosphere (c) Atmosphere (d) Biosphere
11. The depth of 'Mariana Trench' is \_\_\_\_\_ mts. (1)  
(a) 11,022 mts (b) 11,023 mts (c) 11,000 mts (d) None of these
12. The wearing away of the earth's surface is called (1)  
(a) weathering (b) erosion (c) deposition (d) All of these
13. 'Mt. Kilimanjaro' in Africa is an example of (1)  
(a) Fold Mountain (b) Block Mountain (c) Volcanic Mountain (d) All of these
14. The peninsula is a piece of land that is surrounded by water on \_\_\_\_\_ sides. (1)  
(a) Two sides (b) Three sides (c) One side (d) All of these
15. The river Narmada falls into \_\_\_\_\_ sea. (1)  
(a) Bay of Bengal (b) Arabian Sea (c) Indian Ocean (d) None of these
16. 'Monsoon' is taken from 'Arabic' word \_\_\_\_\_. (1)  
(a) Mausim (b) Mausin (c) Mausam (d) None of these
17. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a sum of money that people pay to the government for the services the government provides. (1)  
(a) Payment (b) Loan (c) Tax (d) All of these

① Social  
② Hindi  
③ English  
④ Maths  
⑤ French - ②  
⑥ Computer  
⑦ Sanskrit  
⑧ Science

18. Above the 'Panchayat Samiti' is the \_\_\_\_\_. (1)  
(a) Gram Panchayat (b) Zila Parishad (c) Gram Sabha (d) None of these
19. Another name of 'Patwari' is (1)  
(a) Lekhpal (b) Station Officer (c) Secretary (d) All of these
20. The Hindu Succession Amendment Act (New law for women) was passed in the year (1)  
(a) 2006 (b) 2005 (c) 2004 (d) All of these
21. Write any two means adopted by Ashoka to spread the message of Dhamma. (2)
22. What do you mean by 'punch marked coins'? (2)
23. Make a list of occupations of the people who lived within the Mauryan empire. (2)
24. What is 'natural vegetation'? (2)
25. Mention the four factors affecting the climate of a place. (2)
26. What is 'Panchayati Raj System'? (2)
27. Name any four departments of the Municipal Corporation. (2)
28. Write the features of three local assemblies mentioned in the 'Pallava inscription'. (3)
29. Mention any three features of 'Arikamedu' that made it famous in history. (3)
30. Why is the Biosphere important for living organisms? (3)
31. Why are the river plains thickly populated? (3)
32. How are the mountains useful to man? (3)
33. Define : a) Isthmus b) Strait c) Peninsula ((1+1+1=3)
34. Draw a neat and labelled diagram of a 'Block Mountain'. (3)
35. How is the 'Gram Panchayat' formed? (3)
- (OR)
- What are the sources of funds for the 'Panchayat'?
36. Write about the work of 'Tehsildar'. (3)
37. List three ways in which the work of the Municipal Corporation affects the life of city-dwellers. (3)
38. What are the differences between those who sell on the streets and those in the markets? (3)
39. In what ways is a permanent and regular job different from a casual job? Discuss. (3)
40. Write the contributions of Aryabhata in the field of astronomy and mathematics. (5)
41. Write the teachings of the Buddha. (5)
- (OR)
- What are the features of Bhakti?
42. **Mark the following geographical features on the physical map of India.** (1×5=5)  
a) Vindhya Range b) Deccan Plateau c) Eastern Ghats  
d) Western Ghats e) River Narmada
43. **Mark the following places on the political map of India.** (1×5=5)  
a) Kalinga b) Girnar c) Bharuch d) Sanchi e) Arikamedu

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**Q A. Answer the following briefly–**

**1x9=9**

- i) What do you understand by Spreadsheet?
- ii) Give an example to show the use of INPUT command in BASIC, for more than one variable.
- iii) What do you understand by the term hardware?
- iv) Explain the use of INT function with an example.
- v) What do you understand by E-waste ?
- vi) What for CLS command is used in BASIC?
- vii) What is the extension of a BASIC program file?
- viii) Mention the use of Magnetic Stripe Reader.
- ix) Write the use of Scanner.

**Q B. Answer the following questions -**

**5x2=10**

- i) Write a program in BASIC to print 1<sup>st</sup> ten odd numbers.
- ii) Answer the following questions based on the worksheet given below –

	A	B	C	D	E	F
<b>Pocket Money Account</b>						
1	Monthno	Name of the Month	Toys	Stationery	Canteen	Total
2	1	January	90	78	95	
3	2	February	90	78	90	
4	3	March	45	55	45	
5	4	April	60	65	60	
6	5	May	76	76	76	
7	6	June	80	86	80	
8	7	July	23	46	68	
9	8	August	45	76	50	
10	9	September	65	49	70	
11	10	October	75	80	80	
12	Maximum					
13	Average					

- i) Write formula to get the maximum amount of Toys.
- ii) Write formula to get maximum amount for Canteen.
- iii) Write formula to get the maximum amount for Stationery.
- iv) Write formula to get total amount of Pocket Money obtained by the student in cell F2.
- v) Write formula to calculate Average Pocket money for Toys

**Q C. Answer the following -**

**2x3=6**

- i) Write a program in BASIC to accept the number of girls and boys in the class and display total number of students.
- ii) Explain following devices with their usage-
  - a. Printer
  - b. Keyboard
  - c. Plotter

**Q D. Select the best suitable answer for the following (MCQ) -**

**1x20=20**

1. Maximum value can be obtained in Calc using function –
  - a. Maximum( )
  - b. MAX( )
  - c. High( )
  - d. Greatest( )

2. \_\_\_\_\_ key is used to execute the program in BASIC –  
 a. F9      b. F2      c. F5      d. Shift +F5
3. \_\_\_\_\_ command is used for looping –  
 a. FOR...NEXT      b. DELAY      c. REM      d. None of these
4. The color code for Blue is –  
 a. 0      b. 7      c. 1      d. 5
5. \_\_\_\_\_ command allows to print on a specific position on the screen-  
 a. DRAW      b. Color      c. LOCATE      d. all
6. \_\_\_\_\_ command in BASIC delays the execution of program statements-  
 a. DELAY      b. STOP      c. END      d. None
7. OMR stands for –  
 a. Optical Mark Reader      b. Optical Menu Reading  
 c. Opaque Mark Reader      d. None of these
8. By default Calc automatically creates \_\_\_\_\_ no. of worksheets –  
 a. 2      b. 3      c. 4      d. 5
9. \_\_\_\_\_ command is used for drawing a circle in BASIC-  
 a. CIRCLE      b. LINE      c. PSET      d. None of these
10. \_\_\_\_\_ function gives Random value –  
 a. INT( )      b. RND( )      c. REM      d. MAX( )
11. OCR stands for -  
 a. Optical Character Reader      b. Optical Char Recogniser  
 c. Optical Character Router      d. None of these
12. Scanner is an \_\_\_\_\_ device –  
 a. Input      b. Output      c. both      d. None
13. \_\_\_\_\_ is the device used for getting graphical output on paper –  
 a. Printer      b. Plotter      c. both      d. None
14. Function used for adding numbers in BASIC program is –  
 a. ADD( )      b. SUM( )      c. both      d. None
15. To set a point on screen \_\_\_\_\_ command is used in BASIC –  
 a. PSET      b. DRAW      c. LOCATE      d. Pixel
16. A device used for modulation is –  
 a. Modem      b. Scanner      c. Plotter      d. None
17. Microphone is an \_\_\_\_\_ device  
 a. Input      b. Output      c. Both      d. None of these
18. BASIC programming language was designed by –  
 a. John George      b. William      c. Samuel      d. Richard
19. We can give \_\_\_\_\_ no of arguments in MAX( ) function.  
 a. 30      b. 25      c. 20      d. 255
20. Mouse is an –  
 a. Input Device      b. Output Device      c. Both      d. None